Rust110题总结

Intro.1

fn main() {

    println!("Hello {}!","babe");

}

加“babe”

Variable1

fn main() {

    let x = 5;

    println!("x has the value {}", x);

}

第二行 x=5前面补全 加上let

Variable2

fn main() {

    let x=5;

    if x == 10 {

        println!("x is ten!");

    } else {

        println!("x is not ten!");

    }

}

fn main() {

    let x: i32=5;

    println!("Number {}", x);

}

注意输入的格式“x:i32=5”

fn main() {

    let  mut x :i64 = 3;

    println!("Number {}", x);

    x = 5; // don't change this line

    println!("Number {}", x);

}

先申明mut x

fn main() {

    let number = "T-H-R-E-E"; // don't change this line

    println!("Spell a Number : {}", number);

    let mut number:i64 = 3; // don't rename this variable

    println!("Number plus two is : {}", number + 2);

}

要说明let number：i64