

1) 20 pts

Mark the following statements as **TRUE** or **FALSE**. No need to provide any justification.

[**TRUE/FALSE**]

Let A and B be decision problems. If A is polynomial time reducible to B and B is in NP-Complete, then A is in NP.

[**TRUE/FALSE**]

In a network with source s and sink t where each edge capacity is a positive integer, there is always a max s-t flow where the flow assigned to each edge is an integer.

[**TRUE/FALSE**]

Let ODD denote the problem of deciding if a given integer is odd. Then ODD is polynomial time reducible to 3-SAT.

[**TRUE/FALSE**]

Not every decision problem in P has a polynomial time certifier.

[**TRUE/FALSE**]

The set of all vertices in a graph is a vertex cover.

[**TRUE/FALSE**]

A minimum spanning tree of a connected undirected graph remains being a minimum spanning tree even if each edge weight is doubled.

[**TRUE/FALSE**]

A minimum spanning tree of a bipartite graph is not necessarily a bipartite graph.

[**TRUE/FALSE**]

Dijkstra's algorithm can always find the shortest path between two nodes in a graph as long as there is no negative cost cycle in the graph.

[**TRUE/FALSE**]

Given a binary max heap of size n , the complexity of finding the smallest number in the heap is $O(\log n)$.

[**TRUE/FALSE**]

Given a graph $G=(V,E)$ and an approximation algorithm that solves the vertex cover problem in G with an approximation ratio r , then this algorithm can also provide a solution to the independent set of G with the same approximation ratio r .