Quiz #7: Recommendation Systems 1) (6 pts) Given 300,000 news articles, the first task is to a) divide the articles into several categories, b) Name: randomly select one category and then divide the selected category into several categories. Articles within the same category should have similar semantically (e.g., sports vs. politics). Briefly describe how TF-IDF can be used to achieve this task. Your description should start from reading the files. (3 pts) Now that you have the TF-IDF results, briefly describe how you can build a user profile (i.e., content-based recommendation) and use MinHash and LSH to recommend articles for the user. You should discuss how the choices of b and r would affect your recommendation results (3 pts) (a) [1 Point]) Read the news article and tokenize them item peropiles of the articles using TF-IDF [IPOINT] @ Construct @ Remove most frequent words and stop-words © Concentrate on Useful words with high TF-10F scores.

a) Use these words to best characterise the topic of the document cosure distance/ sacraed sim to measure similarity [I POINT] (3) Using DE divide into Several categories whe sports, news de. Then we sports to differentiate between goy tennis protball etc. 1) Constant Use proples by creating voilor with same components that describe Users Andrews 2) Find similar users/items by creating minhash signatures from TF-1DF We LSH-to find the similarity by creating bands and placing term Identify in which bucket we book for tems that have small distance from 2) (1pt) Briefly explain one advantage and one disadvantage of using Decision Trees for finding recommendations compared to using the Cosine Distance. Advantage - more accurate and works on small detects problem size disadvantage - Consider different predicates / complex combination 3) (3 pts) What are the two common evaluation metrics of recommendation systems discussed in the article "Recommender Systems, Prem Melville and Vikas Sindhwani, Encyclopedia of Machine Learning, 2010" in addition to Precision, Recall, and AUC? The main difference between the two evaluation metrics is that one of them emphasizes on a type of error. What is that type of error? Adsilute Error (MAE) Commonly used metric Mean W most [2 POINTS] Squared Error (RMSE) Mean

more emphasis on larger absolute access errors. [POINT] RMSE puts

[0.5]

[o.57

- (5) une a prediction heuristie Estimate degree to which a user would prefer an item by computing would prefer an item by computing would prefer and item possible.
 - 6 Idea of LSH is to oreduce complexity of comparing large number of pairs. So bands and nows help in this trade of as hashing samples is less costly.

POINT]

Just Warn

() you have n>>b, maker distinular paire even more dissimilar reduces False positive and increase false Negative

-> If you have b>>91, Is

reduces False Negative and increase false Positive

Jank	base base	· FP	FN	ar descript	1. S. C.	part Office
açı ,	trong Turning.	ile.	They	By to refi	7, 10	Levin iti
	In not pure	hary Lim	1	Harman Jones		one hard to

moter to decree some that will be closed for their many and and and their many than

you seemed and list on small adapte or blan ing

with the direct of towarder of health problems of complete and with more

the transfer of the months and the state of the state of

sort to morth used in sie in the to

everen from ed ago, linete

and morning on the her see see chards

The support support of the support