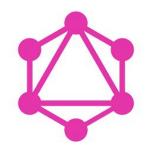


Software Engineering Services



GraphQL. Production experience and pitfalls

Anton Chernov



Hi there. I'm Anton Chernov

D1 G1

Contact Information:

Email: chernov.anton.dev@gmail.com

AGENDA

- 1. GraphQL. What is it?
- 2. History
- 3. Design
- 4. How to start
- 5. Production experience
- 6. Summarize

What is GraphQL?

It's a query language for client-server communication

```
query {
    user {
         id
         name
JSON: {
  "data": {
       "user": {
           "id": "2001",
           "name": "Tom"
```

→ First was Facebook

Prototype

$$0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0$$

Feb 2012

Initial development



Production Use



Evolution



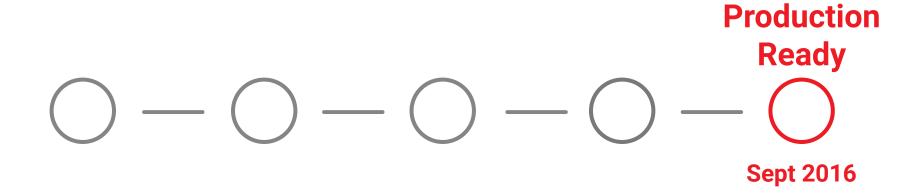


Redesign









IMPLEMENTATIONS





















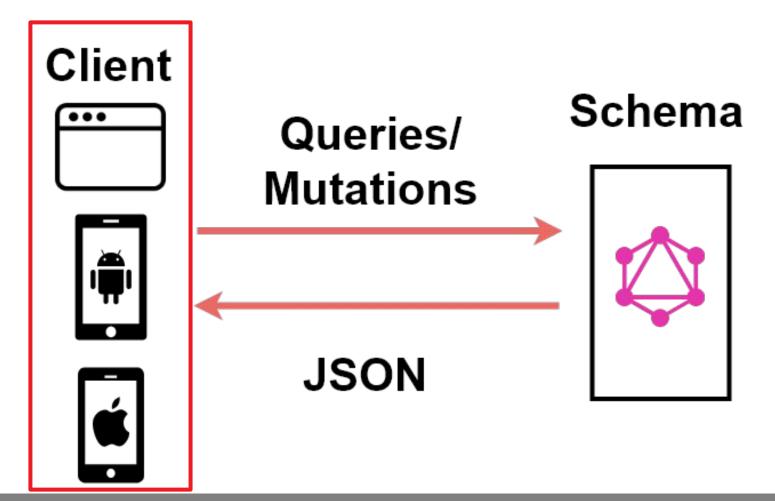




DESIGN

→ Big picture

CLIENT



CLIENT

- apollo-client
- apollo-ios
- apollo-android

relay (relay modern)





Client Schema Queries/ **Mutations JSON**

ENDPOINT

GRAPHQL

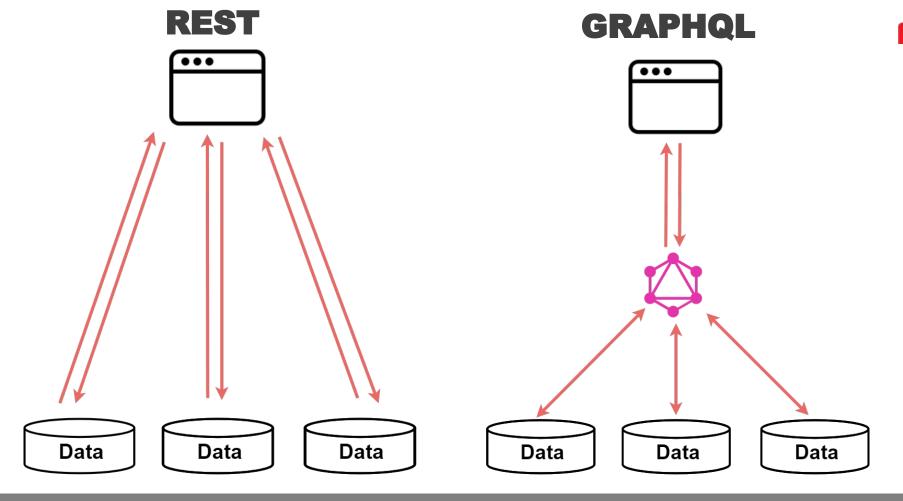
http://myapi/graphql?query={me{name}}

REST

http://myapi/hero

http://myapi/friend

http://myapi/what_else_i_need_to_provide_to_client



QUERIES

Request

```
query {
   user {
       id
       name
       createdAt
```

Response

```
"data": {
   "author": {
       "id": 9722695,
       "name": "Tom",
       "createdAt": "2014-11"
```

Request

```
query {
   user {
       id
       name
       createdAt
       posts(first: 2) {
           title
```

Response

```
"data": {
   "author": {
       "id": 9722695,
       "name": "Tom",
       "createdAt": "2014-11-13T16",
       "posts": [
           { "title": "Graphql" },
           { "title": "Awesome" }
```

MUTATIONS

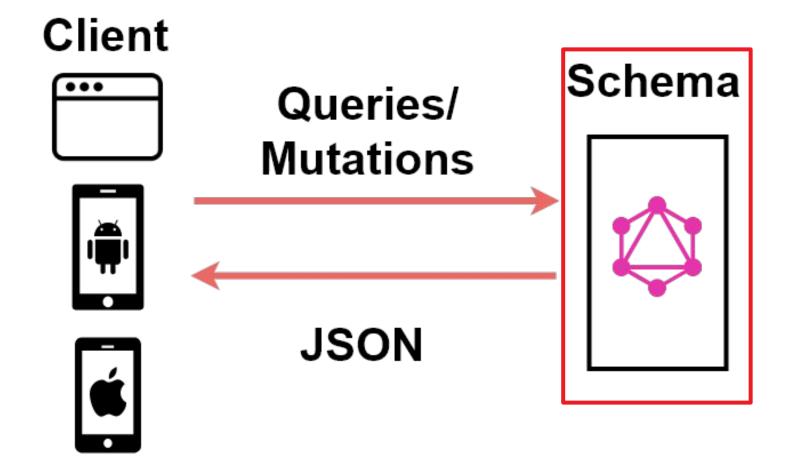
Mutation

```
mutation ($post: PostInput!) {
   addPost(post: $post) {
       post {
           id
           title
```

Response

```
"data": {
   "post": {
       "id": "1234",
       "title": "New post!"
```

SCHEMA



Root types

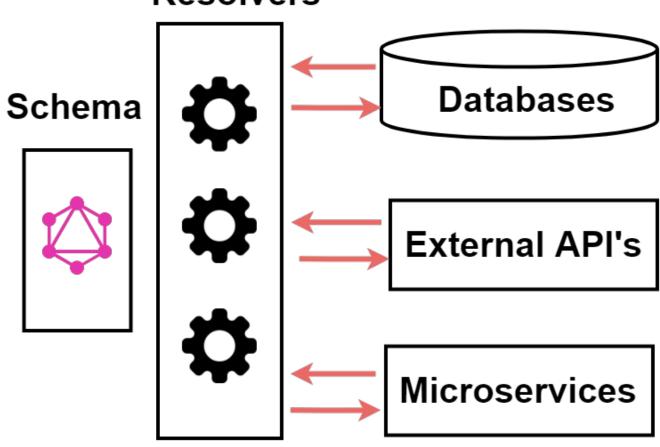
```
type Query {
   posts: [Post]
   author(id: Int!): Author
type Mutation {
   upvotePost(postId: Int!): Post
```

Types

```
type Author {
   id: Int!
  firstName: String
  lastName: String
   posts: [Post]
type Post {
   id: Int!
   title: String
   author: Author
   votes: Int
```

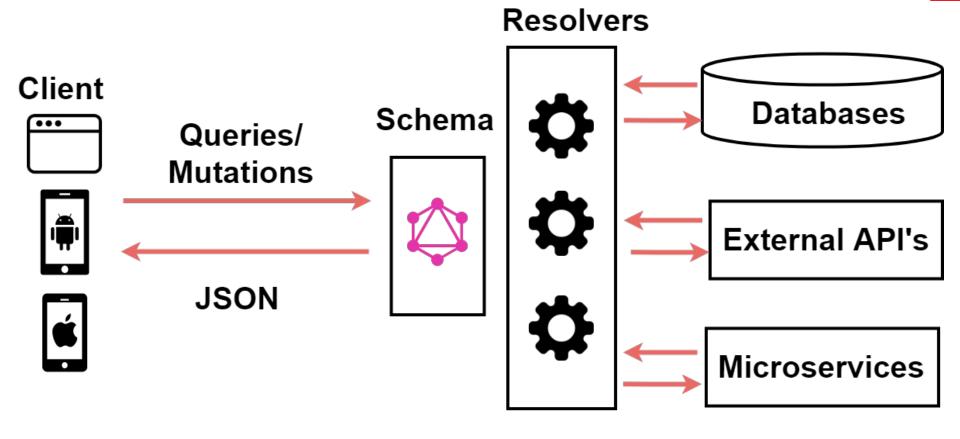
RESOLVERS

Resolvers



Resolvers

```
Author: {
Query: {
                                                 posts: author =>
   posts: () =>
                                                    Post.findByAuthor(author.id),
       Post.findAll(),
                                             },
   author: (_, {id}) =>
       Author.find(id),
                                             Post: {
},
                                                author: post =>
Mutation: {
                                                    Author.findByPost(post.id),
  upvotePost: ( , {postId}) => {
                                             },
      const post = Post.upvotePost(postId);
      return post;
  },
```



DOCUMENTATION

```
query {
   __schema {
       ...schema
   full schema
   ...types
   ...queries
   ...mutations
```

```
query {
                     altair.sirmuel.design
   __schema {
        ...schema
   full schema
    ...types
    ...queries
    ...mutations
```

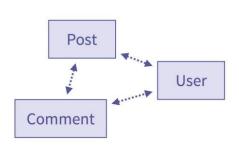
HOW TO START

→ Some advice

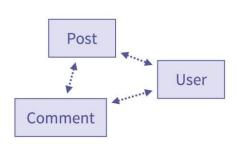
TOO MUCH FEATURES



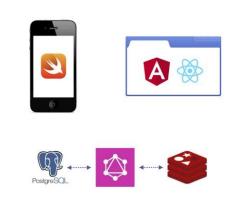
START GRADUALLY



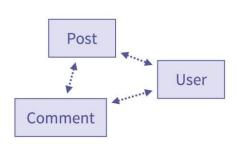
1. Design API Schema



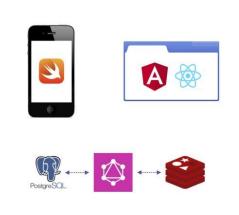
1. Design API Schema



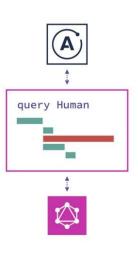
2. Build UI and Backend



1. Design API Schema



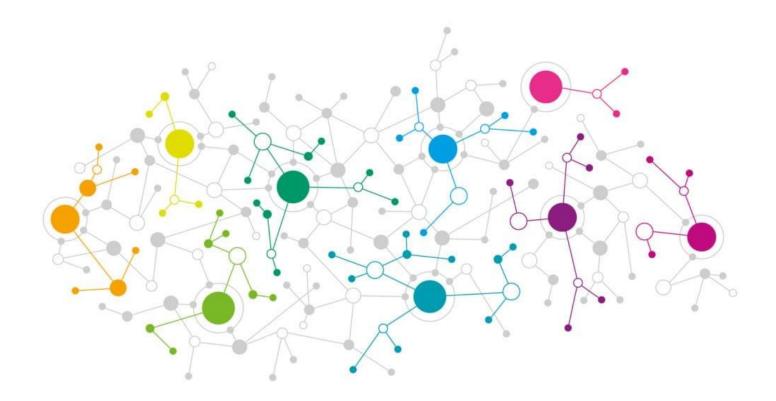
2. Build UI and Backend



3. Run in production

Think in graphs, not endpoints

ONE BIG GRAPH



ONE BIG GRAPH

```
type Query {
   search(query: Sring): Search
type Search {
   id: ID
   title: String,
   results(first: Int, after: ID): [Node]
   suggestedSearches(first: Int, after: ID): [Search]
```

DESCRIBE DATA, NOT VIEW

Habrahabr





Habrahabr is a Russian collaborative blog with elements of social network about IT, Computer science and anything related to the Internet, owned by Thematic Media. Habrahabr was founded in June 2006. Wikipedia

Type of site: Blog

Date launched: May 26, 2006 Available in: Russian Language

Owner: Thematic Media

People also search for

View 5+ more







LENTA.RU

Lenta.ru

Feedback

```
search {
   url
   title
   subTitle
   imageUrl
   description
   metaInfo {
       label
       value
   relatedSearches ...
```

Habrahabr





Habrahabr is a Russian collaborative blog with elements of social network about IT, Computer science and anything related to the Internet, owned by Thematic Media. Habrahabr was founded in June 2006. Wikipedia

Type of site: Blog

Date launched: May 26, 2006 Available in: Russian Language

Owner: Thematic Media

People also search for

View 5+ more







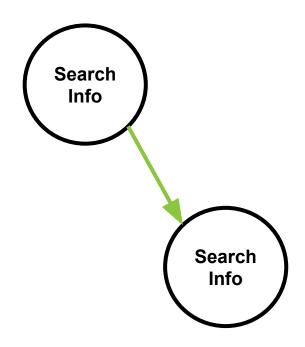
LENTA.RU

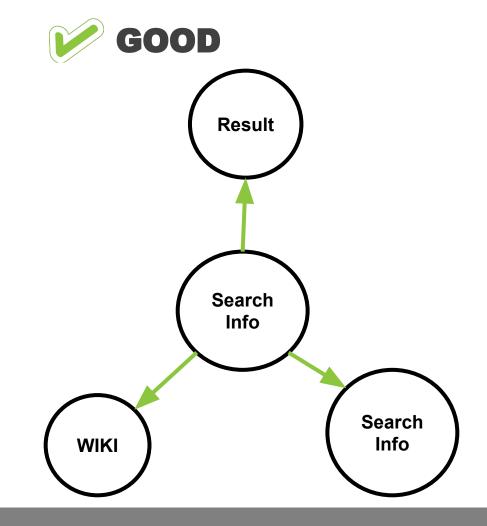
Lenta.ru

Feedback

```
search {
   info {
       ur1
       title
       subTitle
       imageUrl(size: "MEDIUM")
  wiki {
       description
       metaInfo {
           label
           value
   relastedSearches(first: 4) ...
```







DESCRIBE DATA

1. How version 2 will look like?

DESCRIBE DATA

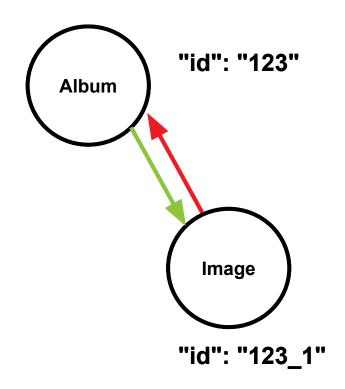
- 1. How version 2 will look like?
- 2. Will it work for new clients?

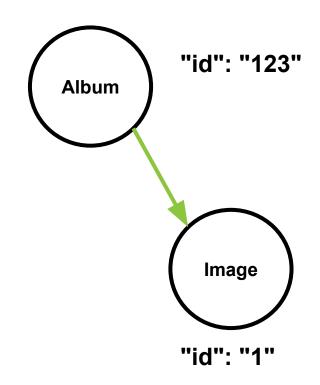
DESCRIBE DATA

- 1. How version 2 will look like?
- 2. Will it work for new clients?
- 3. What if implementation changes?









NAME MATTERS

BAD NAMES

```
type Mutation {
    saveJob(saveJob: SaveJobInputObject!): SaveJobPayload!
    updateJob(updateJob: UpdateJobInputObject!): UpdateJobPayload!
    createJob(createJob: CreateJobInputObject!): CreateJobPayload!
}
```

BAD NAMES

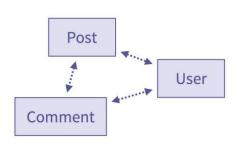
```
type Mutation {
   saveJob(saveJob: SaveJobInputObject!): SaveJobPayload!
   updateJob(updateJob: UpdateJobInputObject!): UpdateJobPayload!
   createJob(createJob: CreateJobInputObject!): CreateJobPayload!
```



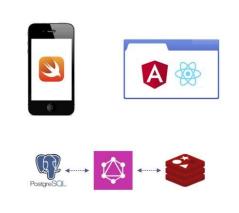
```
type Mutation {
    likeJob(jobId: ID!): JobPayload!
    updateJob(job: jobInput!): JobPayload!
    createJob(job: jobInput!): JobPayload!
}
```



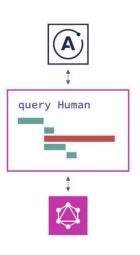
```
type Mutation {
    saveJob(saveJob: SaveJobInputObject!): SaveJobPayload!
    updateJob(updateJob: UpdateJobInputObject!): UpdateJobPayload!
    createJob(createJob: CreateJobInputObject!): CreateJobPayload!
}
```



1. Design API Schema



2. Build UI and Backend



3. Run in production

THIN LAYER

IN THEORY

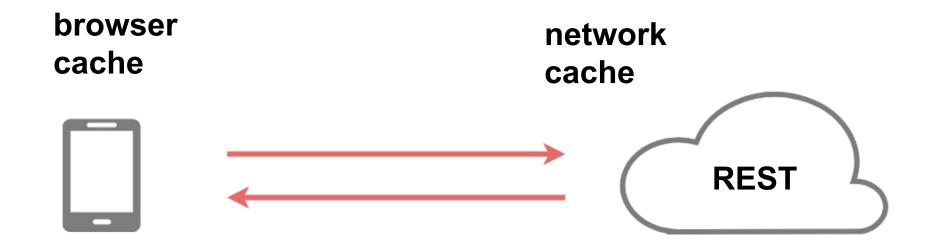
- No caching
- No authentication
- No authorization
- One dummy endpoint

REALITY

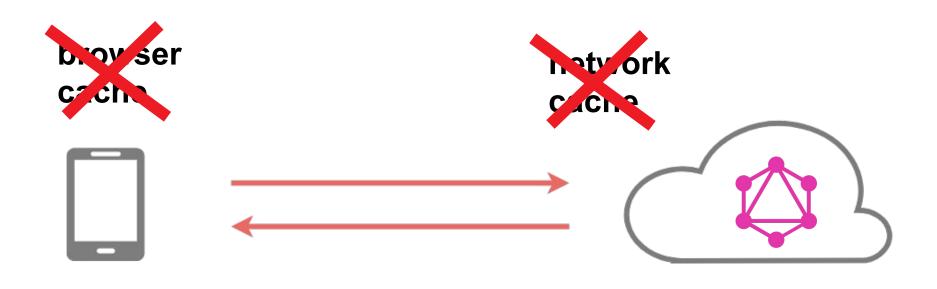


CACHING

HTTP CACHING

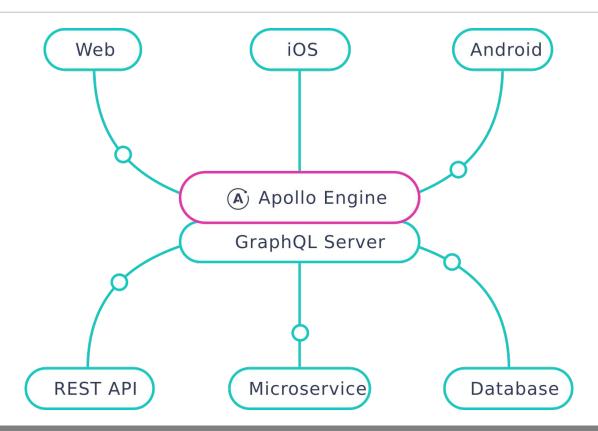


HTTP CACHING



Apollo Engine

Apollo Engine



Apollo Engine

- Error tracking
- Query caching
- Field-level schema analysis
- Improved tracing

CACHE OPTIONS

- Apollo Engine
- In memory stores

CACHE OPTIONS

- Apollo Engine
- In memory stores

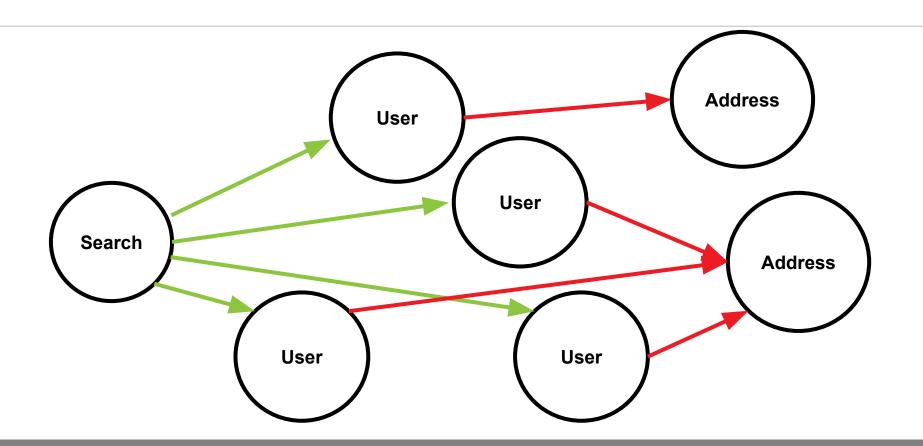






N + 1 PROBLEM

N+1 PROBLEM



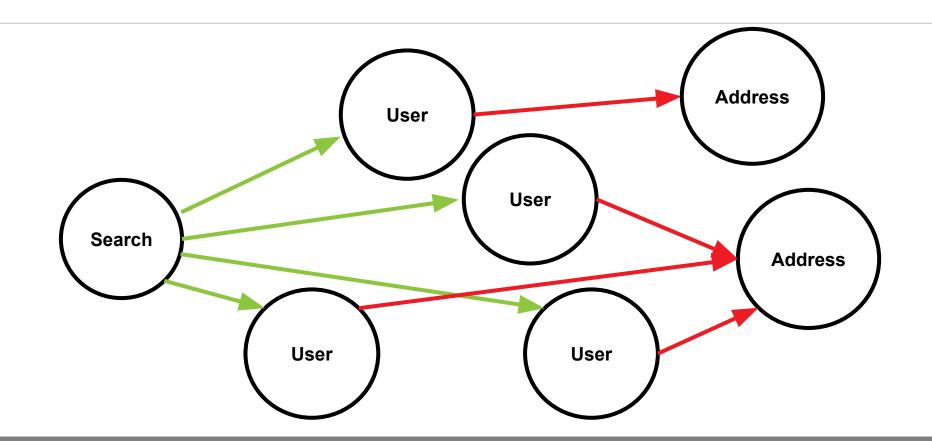
Query

```
query GetUsersList {
   userList {
       id
       address {
           id
           streetName
```

Resolvers

```
Query: {
   userList: (root) => {
       return User.all()
User: {
   address: (user) => {
       return Address.fromId(user.addressId)
```

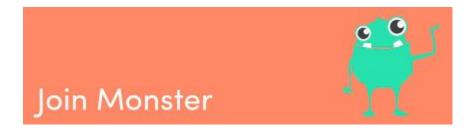
N+1 PROBLEM



CACHE OPTIONS

- Apollo Engine
- In memory stores
- GraphQL to SQL





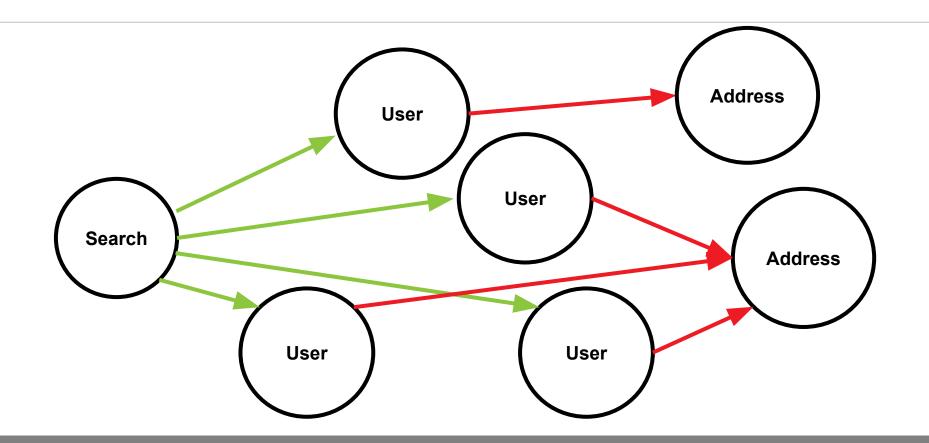
CACHE OPTIONS

- Apollo Engine
- In memory stores
- GraphQL to SQL
- Data Loaders

DATA LOADER

- Caching of similar requests
- Batching of single item request to grouped requests

N+1 PROBLEM



GRAPHQL IS NULL FIRST

DEALING WITH NULLS

Null is default

DEALING WITH NULLS

- Null is default
- Hard to evolve your schema

NULL IS DEFAULT

```
type User {
                         type User {
                            name: String!
   name: String
```

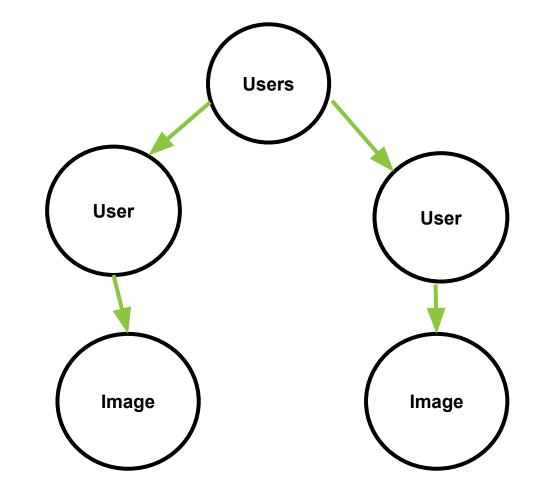
NULL IS DEFAULT

```
type User {
                     type User {
  name: String!
                        name: String
```

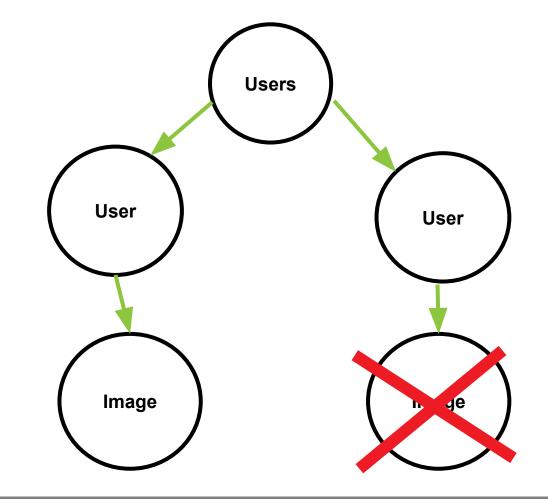
DEALING WITH NULLS

- Null is default
- Hard to evolve your schema
- Small failures have an outsized impact

```
type User {
   id: Int!
   name: String
   imageURL: String
type Query {
   users: [User]
```



```
type User {
   id: Int!
   name: String
   imageURL: String
type Query {
   users: [User]
```

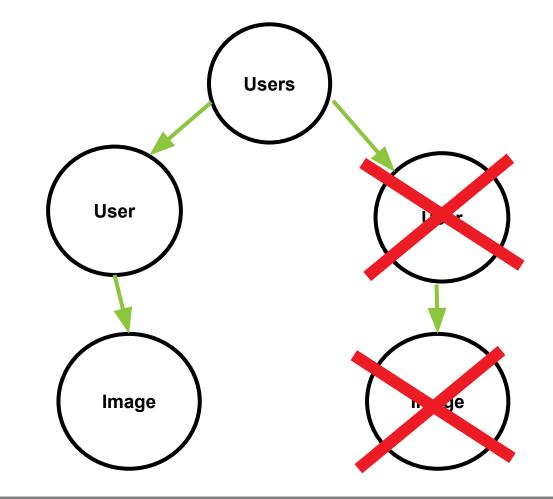


```
type User {
   id: Int!
   name: String
   imageURL: String
type Query {
   users: [User]
```

Response

```
"users": [
       "id": 1,
       "name": "Sara Smith",
       "imageURL": null
       "id": 2,
       "name": "John Smith",
       "imageURL": "image-2.jpeg"
```

```
type User {
   id: Int!
   name: String
   imageURL: String!
type Query {
   users: [User]
```

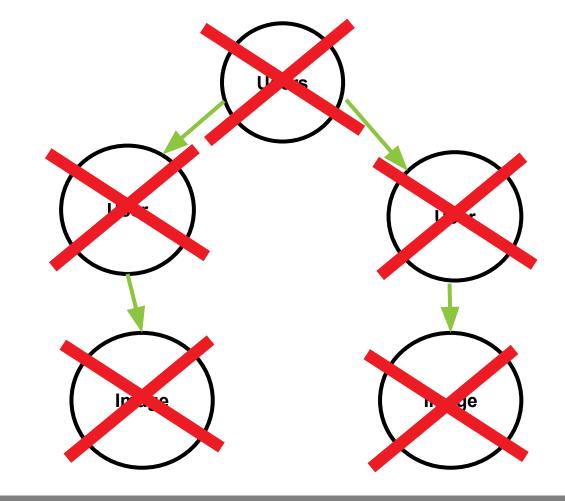


```
type User {
   id: Int!
   name: String
   imageURL: String!
type Query {
   users: [User]
```

Response

```
"users": [
   null,
       "id": 2,
       "name": "John Smith",
       "imageURL": "image-2.jpeg"
```

```
type User {
   id: Int!
   name: String
   imageURL: String!
type Query {
   users: [User!]
```



```
type User {
   id: Int!
   name: String
   imageURL: String!
type Query {
   users: [User!]
```

Response

"users": null

ERROR HANDLING

ERROR HANDLING

• 401 is null

```
type User {
   id: Int!
   name: String
   imageURL: String!
   myComments: [Comment]
}
```

Response

```
"user": {
    "id": 9722695,
    "name": "Tom",
    "imageUrl": "image-2.jpeg",
    "myComments": [...]
}
```

```
type User {
   id: Int!
   name: String
   imageURL: String!
   myComments: [Comment]
}
```

Response

```
"user": {
    "id": 9722695,
    "name": "Tom",
    "imageUrl": "image-2.jpeg",
    "myComments": null
}
```

ERROR HANDLING

- 401 is null
- Client errors as part of payload



```
data {
   user { #succeeds
       name
   jobSearch { #fails
       results
errors {
   message
```



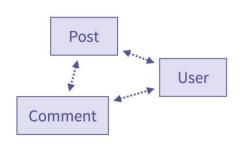
```
data {
   user { #succeeds
       name
   jobSearchPayload { #fails
       error {
           message
       jobSearch {
           results
```

ERROR HANDLING

- 401 is null
- Client errors as part of payload
- Other errors should be sanitized

100

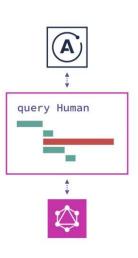
GRAPHQL DEVELOPMENT



1. Design API Schema



2. Build UI and Backend



3. Run in production

PROTECT GRAPHQL SCHEMA

Timeout

SECURITY

103

- Timeout
- Maximum Query Depth

MAXIMUM QUERY DEPTH

```
query IAmEvil {
   author(id: "abc") {
       posts {
           author {
               posts {
                   author {
                       posts {
                           author {
                                # that could go on as deep as the client wants!
```

- Timeout
- Maximum Query Depth
- Query Complexity

QUERY COMPLEXITY

```
query {
    author(id: "abc") { # complexity: 1
        posts(first: 5) {# complexity: 5

        title # complexity: 1
    }
}
```

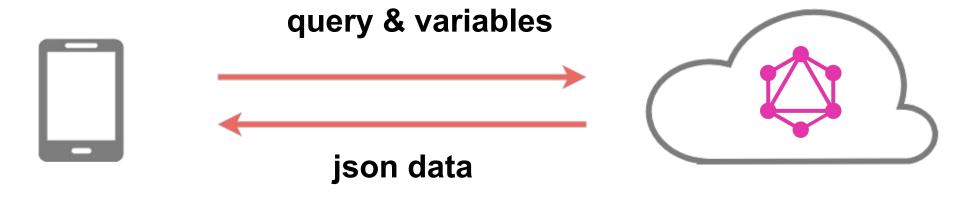
```
query {
   author(id: "abc") { # complexity: 1
   posts { # complexity: ?
       title # complexity: 1
   }
}
```

- Timeout
- Maximum Query Depth
- Query Complexity
- Throttling (requests per minute)

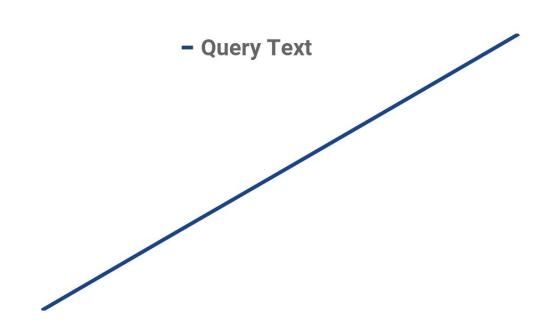


PERSISTED QUERIES



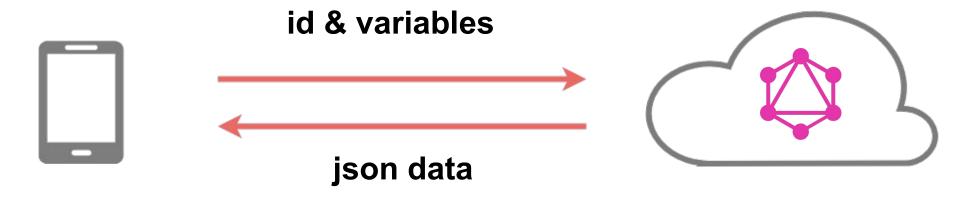




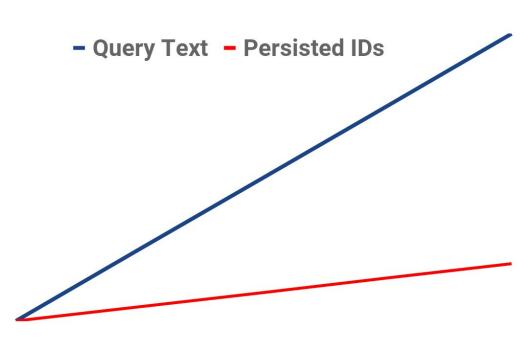


Product Complexity





Query Size / Upload Time



Product Complexity

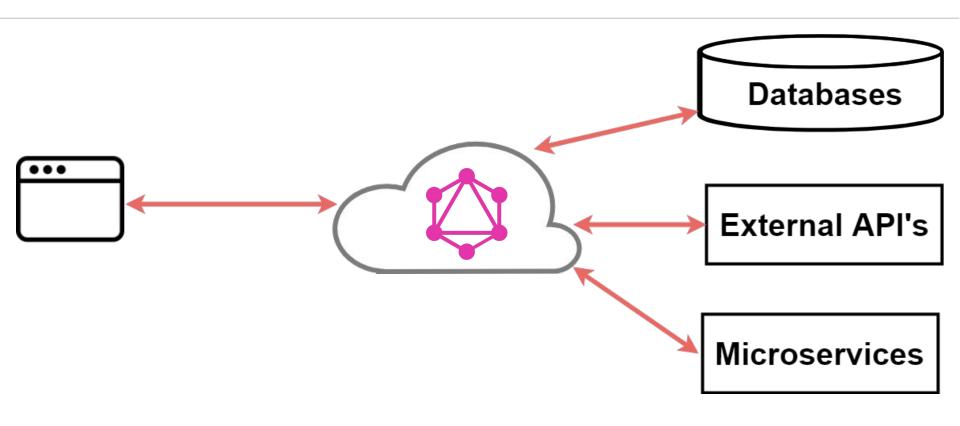
1. Resolve security problems

- 1. Resolve security problems
- 2. Optimize upload time

- 1. Resolve security problems
- 2. Optimize upload time
- 3. Debugging

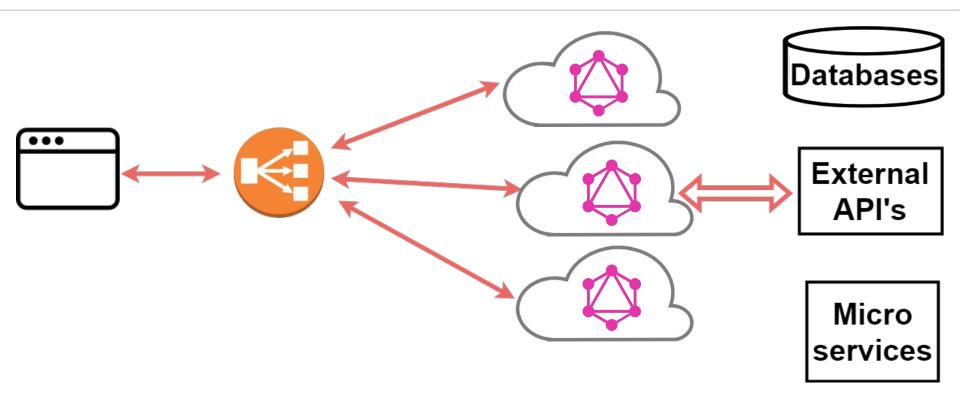
- 1. Resolve security problems
- 2. Optimize upload time
- 3. Debugging
- 4. Supported by Apollo

MICROSERVICES & SCALABILITY



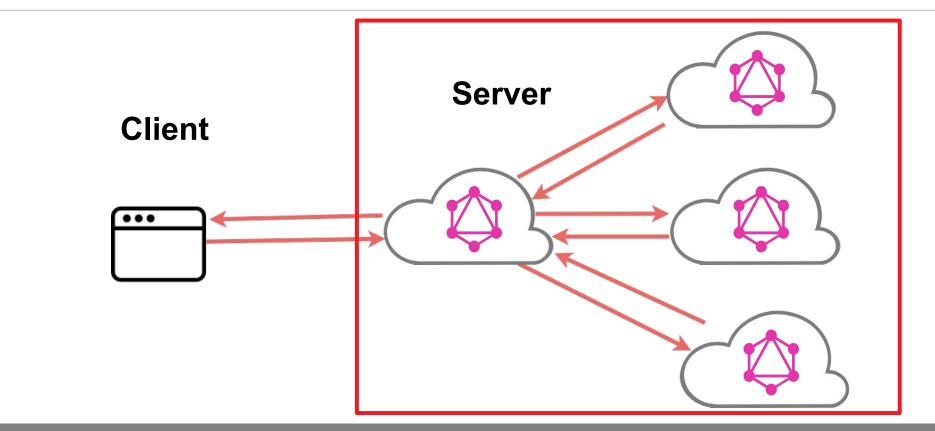
SCALABILITY



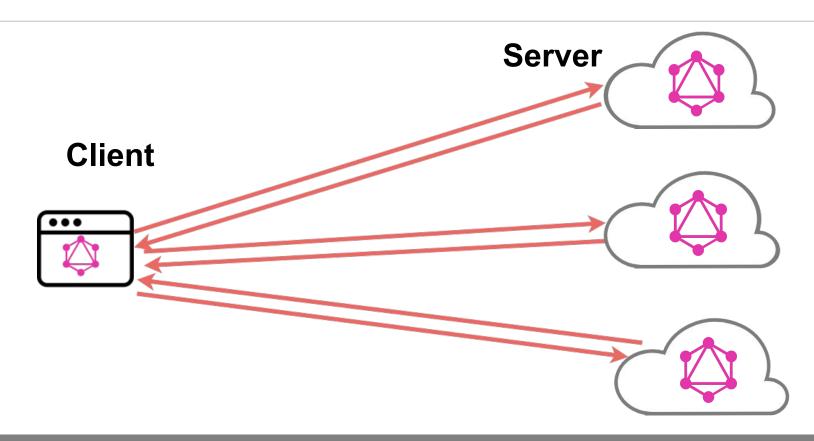


GOOD ARCHITECTURE





COMPROMISE ARCHITECTURE



GRAPHQL is not replacement

GRAPHQL is alternative

DO YOU REALLY NEED IT?

→ Ask yourself

1. REST is great for service communication

- 1. REST is great for service communication
- 2. Versionizing

- 1. Rest is great for service communication
- 2. Versionizing
- 3. Pulling part of fields

PART OF FIELDS

FIELDS

GET /articles?fields[articles]=title,body

GET /frankcarter?fields=id,name,picture

GET /users/uploads?fields=entry(title,gd:comments,yt:statistics)

CUSTOM QUERIES

GET /Airports?\$filter=contains(Location/Address, 'San Francisco')

- 1. Rest is great for service communication
- 2. Versionizing
- 3. Pulling part of fields
- 4. Resources

WHEN USE GRAPHQL

- 1. Medium or big command
- 2. Two or more clients
- 3. Reduction in data volume
- 4. Standard way to expose data and operations
- 5. Community and ecosystem of libraries

Users





























END OF THE STATUS QUO

We finally have alternative to REST



Resources

- graphql.org
- www.apollographql.com
- facebook.github.io/relay
- github.com/facebook/dataloader
- join-monster.readthedocs.io
- <u>altair.sirmuel.design</u>

Thank you!

→ Questions?