Assignment - 10 Socket

Programming - File Transfer (Multiple Clients)

K.CHARAN 2023000608

File Transferring for Multiple Clients in Socket Programming includes:

Server

- Listens for incoming client connections.
- Uses multithreading to handle multiple clients concurrently.
- Sends a requested file to the connected client.

Client

- Connects to the server.
- Requests a file from the server.
- Receives and saves the file locally.

Server code:

```
ServerFileTransfer.py > .
     import socket
      def handle_client(conn, addr):
         print(f"New connection from {addr}")
              filename = conn.recv(1024).decode()
              print(f"Client {addr} requested file: {filename}")
                 with open(filename, 'rb') as file:
                     data = file.read()
                     conn.sendall(data)
                 print(f"File '{filename}' sent to {addr}")
                conn.sendall(b"ERROR: File not found")
                 print(f"File '{filename}' not found for {addr}")
              print(f"Connection with {addr} closed.")
         server_socket = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
          server_socket.bind((host, port))
          server_socket.listen(5)
         print(f"Server started on {host}:{port}... Waiting for clients.")
              conn, addr = server_socket.accept()
              thread = threading.Thread(target=handle client, args=(conn, addr))
             thread.start()
      start_server()
```

Clint Code:

```
ClintFileTransefer.py
                                                                                                          □ …
ClintFileTransefer.py > ...
       import socket
       def request_file(filename, host='127.0.0.1', port=12345):
            client_socket = socket.socket(socket.AF_INET, socket.SOCK_STREAM)
            client_socket.connect((host, port))
print(f"Connected to server at {host}:{port}")
            client_socket.sendall(filename.encode())
            with open(f"received_{filename}", 'wb') as file:
                    data = client_socket.recv(1024)
                     if not data:
                         break
                     file.write(data)
            print(f"File '{filename}' received successfully.")
       client_socket.close()
file_to_request = input("Enter the filename to download: ")
       request_file(file_to_request)
```

Its Works like:

Server Side

- 1. Creates a TCP socket and binds it to a port.
- 2. Waits for incoming client connections.
- 3. When a client connects:

Spawns a new thread using threading. Thread (target=handle client, args=(conn, addr)).

This allows handling multiple clients simultaneously.

- 4. Receives the filename from the client.
- 5. Checks if the file exists:
 - If found, reads and sends the file.
 - If not, sends an error message.

Client Side

- 1. Connects to the server.
- 2. Sends the filename it wants to download.
- 3. Receives the file and saves it locally.
- 4. Handles errors if the file is not found.

OUTPUT:

