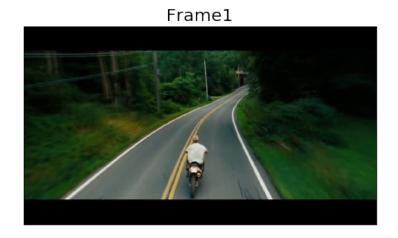
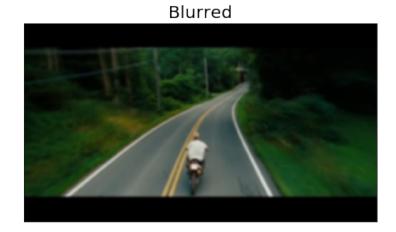
## **Problem 1**

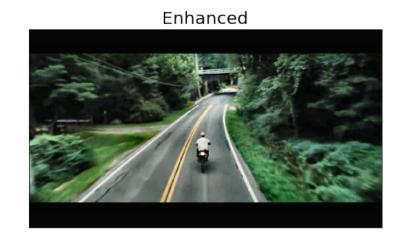
```
In [27]:
import cv2
import pylab
import imageio
from PIL import Image, ImageEnhance
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
filename = 'movie.mp4'
vid = imageio.get reader(filename, 'mp4')
image1 = vid.get_data(10)
blur = cv2.GaussianBlur(image1,(15,15),cv2.BORDER DEFAULT)
image2 = vid.get data(100)
clahe = cv2.createCLAHE(clipLimit=3., tileGridSize=(8,8))
lab = cv2.cvtColor(image2, cv2.COLOR BGR2LAB)
l, a, b = cv2.split(lab)
12 = clahe.apply(1)
lab = cv2.merge((12,a,b))
enhanced = cv2.cvtColor(lab, cv2.COLOR LAB2BGR)
image3=vid.get data(287)
edges = cv2.Canny(image3,100,200)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(16,16))
plt.subplot(321)
plt.imshow(image1)
plt.title("Frame1", fontsize=20), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
plt.subplot(322)
plt.imshow(blur)
plt.title("Blurred", fontsize=20), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
plt.subplot(323)
plt.imshow(image2)
plt.title("Frame2", fontsize=20), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
plt.subplot(324)
plt.imshow(enhanced)
plt.title("Enhanced", fontsize=20), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
plt.subplot(325)
plt.imshow(image3)
plt.title("Frame3",fontsize=20), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
plt.subplot(326)
plt.imshow(edges)
```

plt.title( Canny Edge , fontsize=20), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([]) plt.show()

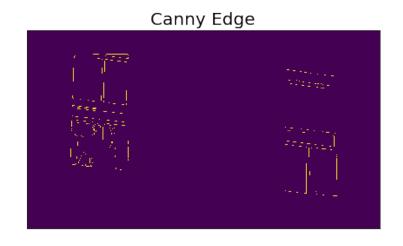












In [ ]:

# **Problem 2**

### In [28]:

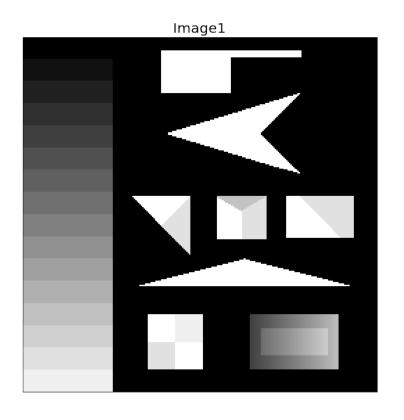
```
import cv2
import numpy as np
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
from skimage import io
```

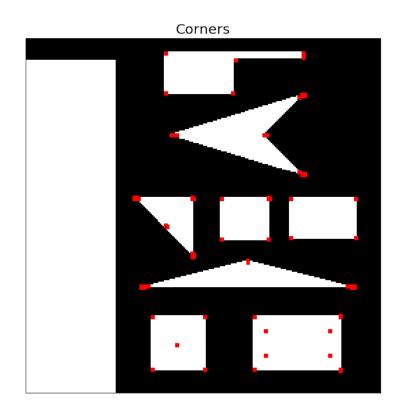
```
In [29]:
one=io.imread('1.gif')
three=io.imread('3.gif')
In [30]:
one = np.float32(one)
dst1 = cv2.cornerHarris(one, 2, 3, 0.1)
dst1 = cv2.dilate(dst1,None)
In [31]:
two=io.imread('2.gif')
two = np.float32(two)
dst = cv2.cornerHarris(two,2,3,0.1)
dst = cv2.dilate(dst,None)
In [32]:
oneDots = cv2.cvtColor(one,cv2.COLOR GRAY2RGB)
oneDots[dst1>0.0001*dst1.max()]=[0,0,255]
In [33]:
twoDots = cv2.cvtColor(two,cv2.COLOR GRAY2RGB)
twoDots[dst>0.01*dst.max()]=[0,0,255]
```

#### In [34]:

```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(20,20))
plt.subplot(121)
plt.imshow(one, cmap='gray')
plt.title("Image1",fontsize=20), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
plt.subplot(122)
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(oneDots, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.title("Corners",fontsize=20), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
plt.show()
```

Clipping input data to the valid range for imshow with RGB data ([0..1] for floats or [0..255] for integers).





#### In [35]:

```
image=three.copy()
three = np.float32(three)
dst3 = cv2.cornerHarris(three,2,3,0.1)
dst3 = cv2.dilate(dst3,None)
```

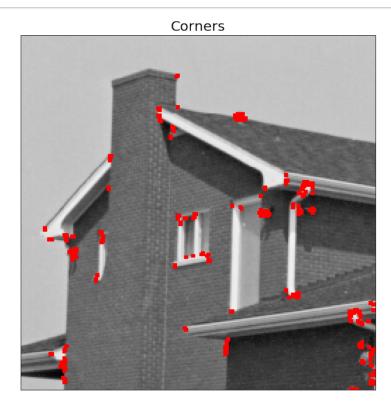
#### In [36]:

```
threeDots = cv2.cvtColor(image,cv2.COLOR_GRAY2RGB)
threeDots[dst3>0.01*dst3.max()]=[0,0,255]
```

#### In [37]:

```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(20,20))
plt.subplot(121)
plt.imshow(image, cmap='gray')
plt.title("Image3",fontsize=20), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
plt.subplot(122)
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(threeDots, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.title("Corners",fontsize=20), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
plt.show()
```





#### In [38]:

```
two=io.imread('2.gif')
```

#### In [39]:

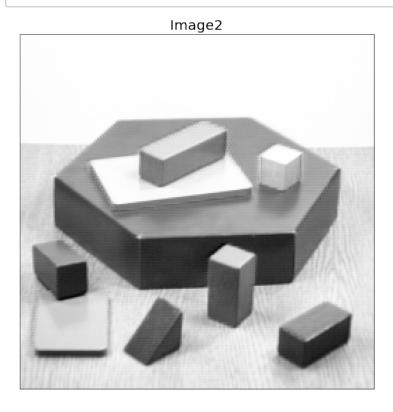
```
img=two.copy()
two = np.float32(two)
dst2 = cv2.cornerHarris(two,2,3,0.01)
dst2 = cv2.dilate(dst2,None)
```

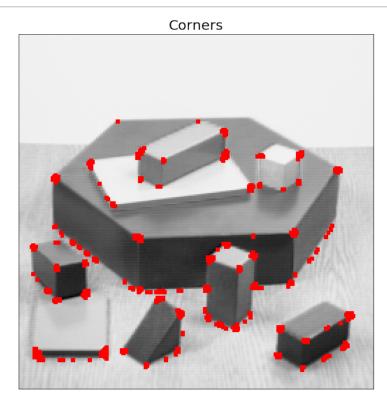
#### In [40]:

```
twoDots = cv2.cvtColor(img,cv2.COLOR_GRAY2RGB)
twoDots[dst2>0.01*dst2.max()]=[0,0,255]
```

#### In [41]:

```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(20,20))
plt.subplot(121)
plt.imshow(img, cmap='gray')
plt.title("Image2",fontsize=20), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
plt.subplot(122)
plt.imshow(cv2.cvtColor(twoDots, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB))
plt.title("Corners",fontsize=20), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
plt.show()
```





## **Problem 3**

```
In [42]:
import cv2
from pylab import *
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
flower = cv2.imread("sunflowers.jpg",0)
from scipy import ndimage
from scipy.ndimage import filters
from scipy import spatial
k = 1.414
sigma = 1.0
flower = flower/255.0
def LoG(sigma):
    #window size
    n = np.ceil(sigma*6)
    y,x = np.ogrid[-n//2:n//2+1,-n//2:n//2+1]
    y filter = np.exp(-(y*y/(2.*sigma*sigma)))
    x_{\text{filter}} = \text{np.exp}(-(x*x/(2.*sigma*sigma)))
    final filter = (-(2*sigma**2) + (x*x + y*y)) * (x filter*y filter) * <math>(1/(2*np))
    return final filter
```

#### In [43]:

```
def LoG_convolve(img):
    log_images = []
    for i in range(0,9):
        y = np.power(k,i)
        sigma_1 = sigma*y
        filter_log = LoG(sigma_1)
        image = cv2.filter2D(img,-1,filter_log)
        image = np.pad(image,((1,1),(1,1)),'constant')
        image = np.square(image)
        log_images.append(image)
    log_image_np = np.array([i for i in log_images])
    return log_image_np
log_image_flower = LoG_convolve(flower)
```

#### In [44]:

```
print(log_image_flower.shape)
```

```
(9, 359, 330)
```

```
In [45]:
def detect blob(log image np):
    co ordinates = []
    (h,w) = flower.shape
    for i in range(1,h):
        for j in range(1,w):
            slice img = log image np[:,i-1:i+2,j-1:j+2]
            result = np.amax(slice img)
            if result >= 0.03:
                z,x,y = np.unravel index(slice img.argmax(),slice img.shape)
                co_ordinates.append((i+x-1,j+y-1,k**z*sigma))
    return co ordinates
Fco ordinates = list(set(detect blob(log image flower)))
In [46]:
def blob overlap(blob1, blob2):
    n \dim = len(blob1) - 1
    root ndim = sqrt(n dim)
    r1 = blob1[-1] * root ndim
    r2 = blob2[-1] * root_ndim
    d = sqrt(np.sum((blob1[:-1] - blob2[:-1])**2))
    if d > r1 + r2:
        return 0
    elif d \le abs(r1 - r2):
        return 1
    else:
        ratio1 = (d ** 2 + r1 ** 2 - r2 ** 2) / (2 * d * r1)
        ratio1 = np.clip(ratio1, -1, 1)
        acos1 = math.acos(ratio1)
        ratio2 = (d ** 2 + r2 ** 2 - r1 ** 2) / (2 * d * r2)
        ratio2 = np.clip(ratio2, -1, 1)
        acos2 = math.acos(ratio2)
    a = -d + r2 + r1
    b = d - r2 + r1
    c = d + r2 - r1
    d = d + r2 + r1
```

area = (r1 \*\* 2 \* acos1 + r2 \*\* 2 \* acos2 -0.5 \* sqrt(abs(a \* b \* c \* d)))

**return** area/(math.pi \* (min(r1, r2) \*\* 2))

def redundancy(blobs array, overlap):

```
tree = spatial.cKDTree(blobs_array[:, :-1])
    pairs = np.array(list(tree.query pairs(distance)))
    if len(pairs) == 0:
        return blobs_array
    else:
        for (i, j) in pairs:
            blob1, blob2 = blobs_array[i], blobs_array[j]
            if blob overlap(blob1, blob2) > overlap:
                if blob1[-1] > blob2[-1]:
                    blob2[-1] = 0
                else:
                    blob1[-1] = 0
    return np.array([b for b in blobs_array if b[-1] > 0])
Fco_ordinates = np.array(Fco_ordinates)
Fco ordinates = redundancy(Fco ordinates, 0.5)
In [47]:
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(20,20))
nh,nw = flower.shape
count = 0
ax.imshow(flower, cmap='gray',interpolation='nearest')
for blob in Fco ordinates:
    y,x,r = blob
    c = plt.Circle((x, y), r*1.414, color='red', linewidth=1.5, fill=False)
```

 $sigma = blobs_array[:, -1].max()$ 

ax.add patch(c)

ax.plot()

plt.show()

distance = 2 \* sigma \* sqrt(blobs\_array.shape[1] - 1)

### Sunflowers

plt.title("Sunflowers", fontsize=35), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])





```
In [ ]:
butterfly = cv2.imread("butterfly.jpg",0)
butterfly = butterfly/255.0
log image butterfly = LoG convolve(butterfly)
def detect blob(log image np):
    co ordinates = []
    (h,w) = butterfly.shape
    for i in range(1,h):
        for j in range(1,w):
            slice img = log image np[:,i-1:i+2,j-1:j+2] \#9*3*3 slice
            result = np.amax(slice img)
            if result >= 0.03:
                z,x,y = np.unravel index(slice img.argmax(),slice img.shape)
                co ordinates.append((i+x-1,j+y-1,k**z*sigma))
    return co_ordinates
Bco ordinates = list(set(detect blob(log image butterfly)))
Bco ordinates = np.array(Bco ordinates)
Bco ordinates = redundancy(Bco ordinates, 0.5)
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(20,20))
nh,nw = butterfly.shape
count = 0
ax.imshow(butterfly, cmap='gray',interpolation='nearest')
for blob in Bco ordinates:
    y,x,r = blob
    c = plt.Circle((x, y), r*1.414, color='red', linewidth=1.5, fill=False)
    ax.add patch(c)
ax.plot()
plt.title("Butterfly",fontsize=35), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
```

plt.show()

```
In [ ]:
einstein = cv2.imread("einstein.jpg",0)
einstein = einstein/255.0
log image einstein = LoG convolve(einstein)
def detect blob(log image np):
    co ordinates = []
    (h,w) = einstein.shape
    for i in range(1,h):
        for j in range(1,w):
            slice img = log image np[:,i-1:i+2,j-1:j+2]
            result = np.amax(slice img)
            if result >= 0.03:
                z,x,y = np.unravel index(slice img.argmax(),slice img.shape)
                co ordinates.append((i+x-1,j+y-1,k**z*sigma))
    return co ordinates
Eco ordinates = list(set(detect blob(log image einstein)))
Eco ordinates = np.array(Eco ordinates)
Eco ordinates = redundancy(Eco ordinates, 0.5)
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(20,20))
nh,nw = einstein.shape
count = 0
ax.imshow(einstein, cmap='gray',interpolation='nearest')
for blob in Eco ordinates:
    y,x,r = blob
```

c = plt.Circle((x, y), r\*1.414, color='red', linewidth=1.5, fill=False)

plt.title("Einstein", fontsize=35), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])

ax.add patch(c)

ax.plot()

plt.show()

```
In [ ]:
fishes = cv2.imread("fishes.jpg",0)
fishes = fishes/255.0
log image fishes = LoG convolve(fishes)
def detect blob(log image np):
    co ordinates = []
    (h,w) = fishes.shape
    for i in range(1,h):
        for j in range(1,w):
            slice img = log image_np[:,i-1:i+2,j-1:j+2]
            result = np.amax(slice img)
            if result >= 0.03:
                z,x,y = np.unravel index(slice img.argmax(),slice img.shape)
                co ordinates.append((i+x-1,j+y-1,k**z*sigma))
    return co ordinates
fishco ordinates = list(set(detect blob(log image fishes)))
fishco ordinates = np.array(fishco ordinates)
fishco ordinates = redundancy(fishco ordinates, 0.5)
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(20,20))
nh,nw = fishes.shape
count = 0
ax.imshow(fishes, cmap='gray',interpolation='nearest')
for blob in fishco ordinates:
    y,x,r = blob
    c = plt.Circle((x, y), r*1.414, color='red', linewidth=1.5, fill=False)
    ax.add patch(c)
ax.plot()
plt.title("Fishes", fontsize=35), plt.xticks([]), plt.yticks([])
plt.show()
In [ ]:
```

In [ ]:

In [ ]:		
In [ ]:		