

## 10. Implement All-Pairs Shortest Paths Problem using Floyds algorithm.

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Floyds
{
    static int a[][];
    static int n;

    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        System.out.println("Enter the number of vertices\n");
        Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
        n = scanner.nextInt();
        a = new int[n][n];
        System.out.println("Enter the Cost Matrix (999 for infinity) \n");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        {
            for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
            {
                a[i][j] = scanner.nextInt();
            }
        }
        getPath();
        PrintMatrix();
        scanner.close();
    }

    public static void getPath()
    {
        for (int k = 0; k < n; k++)
        {
            for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
            {
                for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
                {
                    if ((a[i][k] + a[k][j]) < a[i][j])
                        a[i][j] = a[i][k] + a[k][j];
                }
            }
        }
    }

    public static void PrintMatrix()
    {
        System.out.println("The All Pair Shortest Path Matrix is:\n");
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
        {
            for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
            {
                System.out.print(a[i][j] + " ");
            }
            System.out.println();
        }
    }
}
```