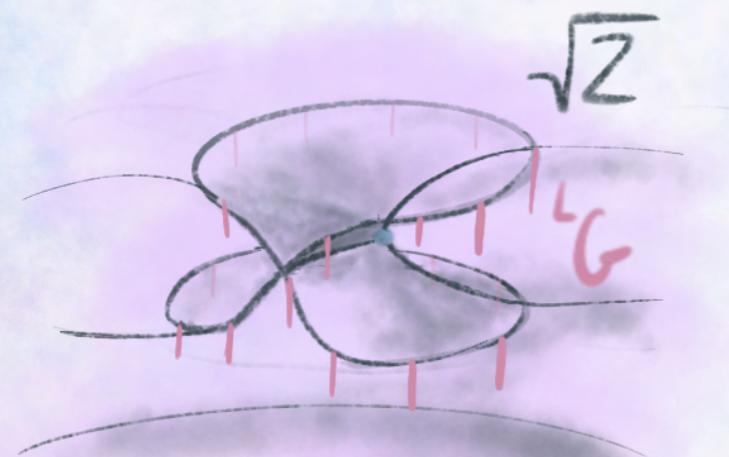


• Higgs bundles,
Mirror symmetry
Geometric Langlands

Geometric Langlands Conjecture ²

Arithmetic:

$$\text{Gal}(\bar{F}/F) \rightarrow {}^L G$$



$$\pi_1(\Sigma) \rightarrow {}^L G$$

flat
{}^L G-bundles

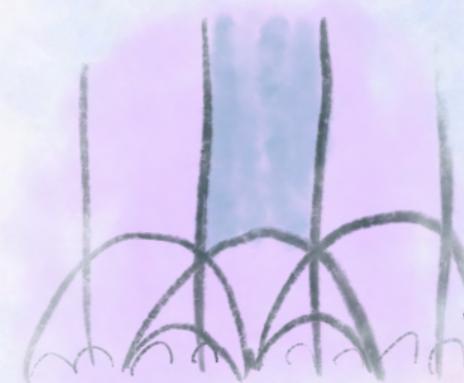
$$\xleftarrow{\text{Hecke e. fns}} \quad \xrightarrow{\text{Hecke e. fns}}$$

Rosetta Stone

$$\xleftarrow{\text{Hecke Eigen sheaf}} \quad \xrightarrow{\text{Hecke Eigen sheaf}}$$

Automorphic:

$$L^2(\Gamma \backslash G / K)$$



$$SL(Z) \backslash \frac{PGL(2)}{SO(2)}$$

QM of particle on
locally symmetric space

Weil Uniformization:

$$\Gamma \backslash G / K \leftrightarrow \text{Bun}_G$$

D-modules
on Bun_G

S-Duality: principal G -bundle $P \rightarrow M$
 fields: \mathcal{A} G -connections $\cong \Omega^1(M, \text{ad}(P))$

Yang-mills action: $S(A) = \frac{1}{4g^2} \int F_A^\mu \wedge {}^*F_A^\nu + \frac{i\theta}{8\pi^2} \int F_A^\mu F_A^\nu$

$$\tau = \frac{\theta}{2\pi} + \frac{4\pi i}{g^2}$$

$N=4$ Supersymmetry: include extra fields

relevant: $(A, \phi) \in \mathcal{A} \oplus \Omega^1(M, \text{ad}(P)) \cong T^*\mathcal{A}$

Twist:
 convert to TFT

$$(G, \tau) \longleftrightarrow ({}^L G, 1/\tau)$$

Montonen-Olive duality

Q: why ${}^L G$?

→ derive Langlands correspondence from S-Duality?

first step: $\dim 4 \rightarrow 2$

Compactification

$$M = \Sigma \times C^4$$

$$\sigma: \Sigma \times C \rightarrow T^* \mathcal{A}(\Sigma \times C)$$

$$\sigma_\Sigma: \Sigma \rightarrow \{\sigma_c: C \rightarrow T^* \mathcal{A}(\Sigma \times C)\} \quad \text{reduce } T^* \mathcal{A}(\Sigma \times C) \rightarrow T^* \mathcal{A}(C)$$

Idea: make energy of σ_c dominated by $T^* \mathcal{A}(C)$

"High" & "Low" energy dimensions:

Low energy approximation
→ Dimensional reduction



Compactification

5

$$S(A, \phi) = \int_M dV \|F_A\|^2 + \|D^* \phi\|^2 + \text{topological}$$

$$\geq S_\Sigma(A, \phi) + S_C(A, \phi) \geq 0$$

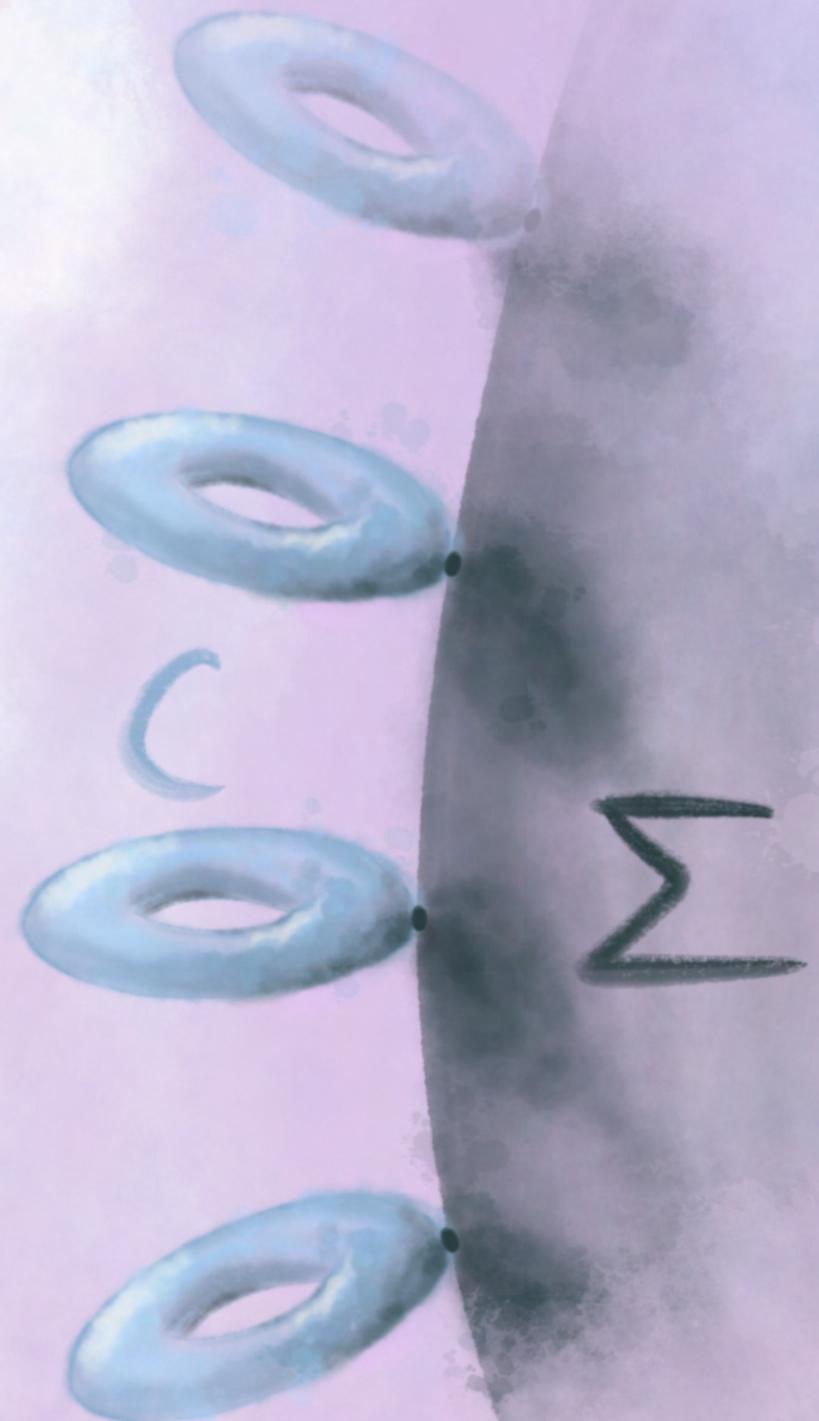
$$\text{Vol}(C) \rightarrow 0 \Rightarrow S_C \rightarrow \infty \quad S \sim L \cdot \left(\frac{1}{L}\right)^2 = L^{-1}$$

$\Rightarrow S_D(A, \phi) e^{-S(A, \phi)}$ localizes to $S_C(A, \phi) = 0$

$$\Rightarrow \sigma: M \rightarrow T^* \mathcal{A} \rightsquigarrow \sigma_{\text{eff}}: \Sigma \rightarrow S_C^{-1}(0)$$

Classical Vacua

QFT topological \Rightarrow this is exact!



$$\begin{aligned} F_A - \phi \wedge \phi &= 0 \\ D\phi = D^* \phi &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

 Σ 

Hitchin
Moduli
Space

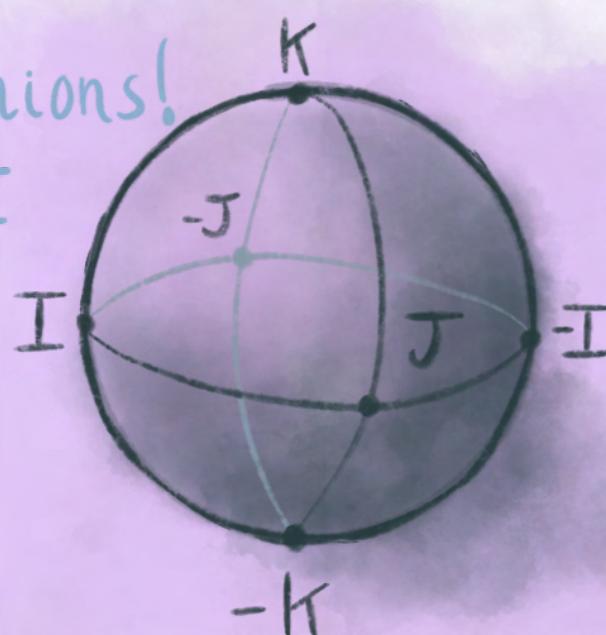
HyperKähler!

$$T^* \mathcal{A} \ni (A, \phi) \mapsto d_0 + A + i\phi \in \mathcal{A}_C$$

holomorphic Symplectic structures

Ω_I $\int_c \text{Tr } \delta A \wedge \delta \phi$ (from T^*)	Ω_J $\int \text{Tr } \delta A \wedge \delta A$ (from \mathcal{A})	Atiyah- Bott
--	---	-----------------

Quaternions!
 $I J = -JI$



$\mathbb{C}P^1$ of complex structures

A hand-drawn diagram illustrating the tangent bundle $T^* A$ over a manifold A . The manifold A is represented by a grey shaded region. A point on A is connected by a vertical line to its corresponding point in the cotangent space $T^* A$, which is also shaded grey. Two vectors I and J are shown originating from this point in the cotangent space. Below the manifold A , the expression $\Omega^1(\text{ad}(E))$ is written in blue.

$$\begin{array}{ll} \Omega_I & \text{holo. in } I: A+i\phi \rightarrow i(A+i\phi) \\ \Omega_J & \text{holo. in } J: \begin{pmatrix} A \\ \phi \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} A \\ \phi \end{pmatrix} \end{array}$$

↪ hyperKähler structure

Linear complex structures:

$$I \quad J \quad K = IJ$$

Real Symplectic structures:

$$\omega_I \quad \omega_J \quad \omega_K$$

$$\Omega_T = \omega_j + i\omega_k, \text{ etc...}$$

Symplectic form $\omega \in \Omega^2(M)$
(closed, nondegenerate)

$$dH = \omega(X_H, \cdot)$$

Symplectic group action G on M
⇒ induced by hamiltonian

$\mu: M \rightarrow \underline{g}^*$ Momentum Map

for $g \in \underline{g}$, V_g induced by $\mu(g)$

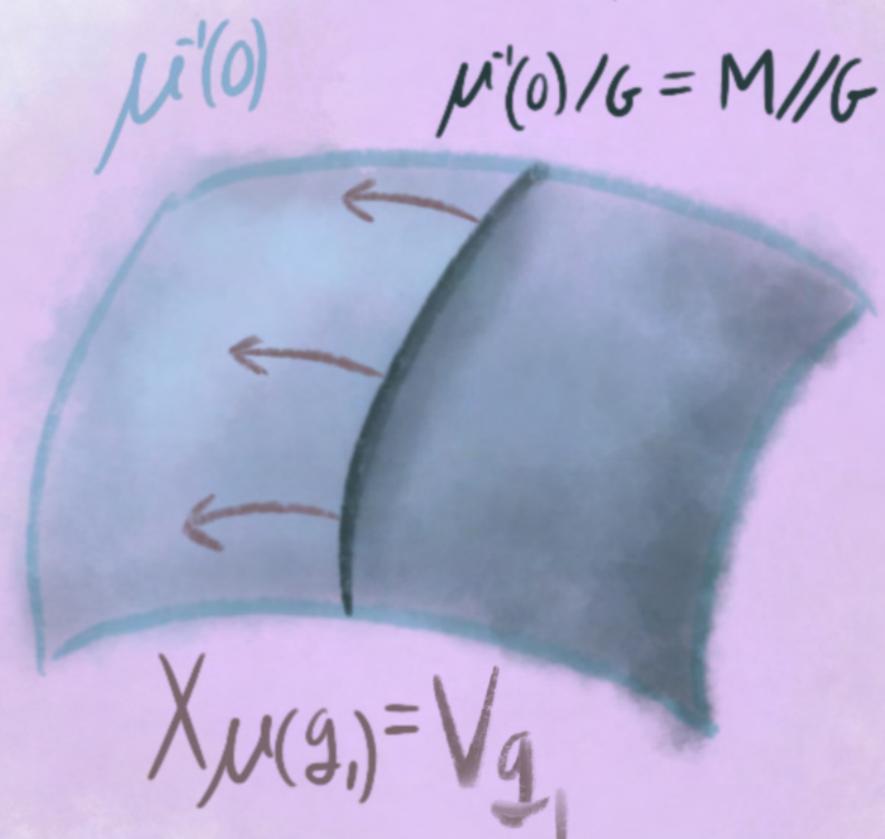
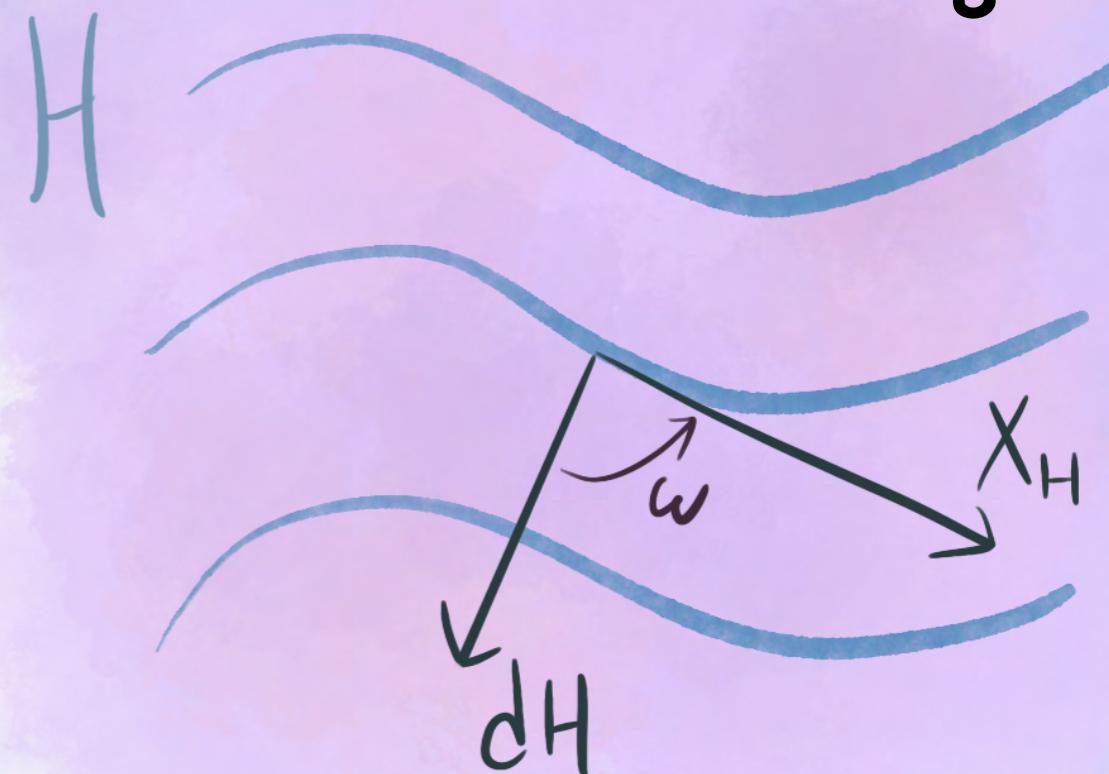
$\{\mu(g_1), \dots, \mu(g_n)\}$ hamiltonians $\{g_i\}$ basis of \underline{g}

$$X_H(\mu(g_i)) = -X_{\mu(g_i)}(H) = 0 \quad \text{for } G\text{-invariant } H$$

⇒ μ conserved quantity ("momentum")

$$M//G = \mu'(0)/G$$

Symplectic Quotient



HyperKähler Quotient

Symmetry: Gauge transforms G

(Automorphisms of P trivial on C)

Lie algebra $\Omega^0(C, \text{ad}(P))$

$$\Omega^0(C, \text{ad}(P))^* \cong \Omega^2(C, \text{ad}(P))$$

$$\mu_I = F_A - \phi^\dagger \phi \quad \mu_J = D_A \phi \quad \mu_K = D_A^* \phi$$

$$T^*A // G = \mu_I^{-1}(0) \cap \mu_J^{-1}(0) \cap \mu_K^{-1}(0) / G$$

Reduce in stages:

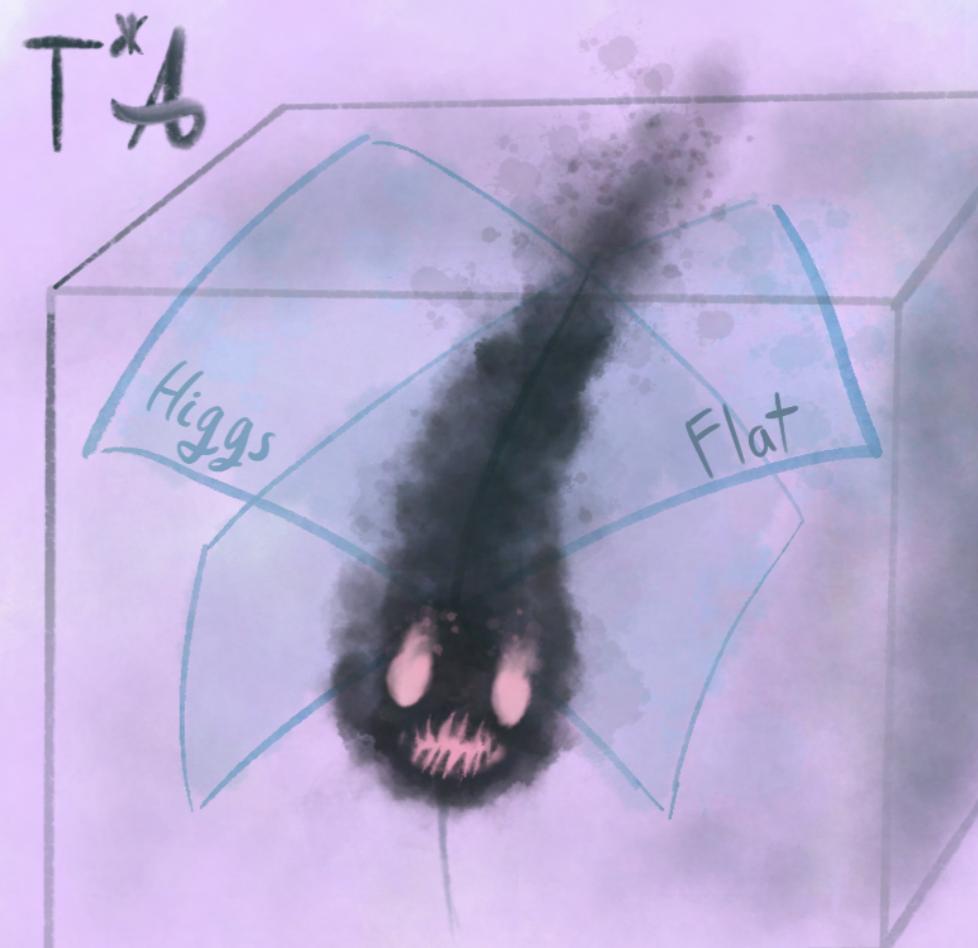
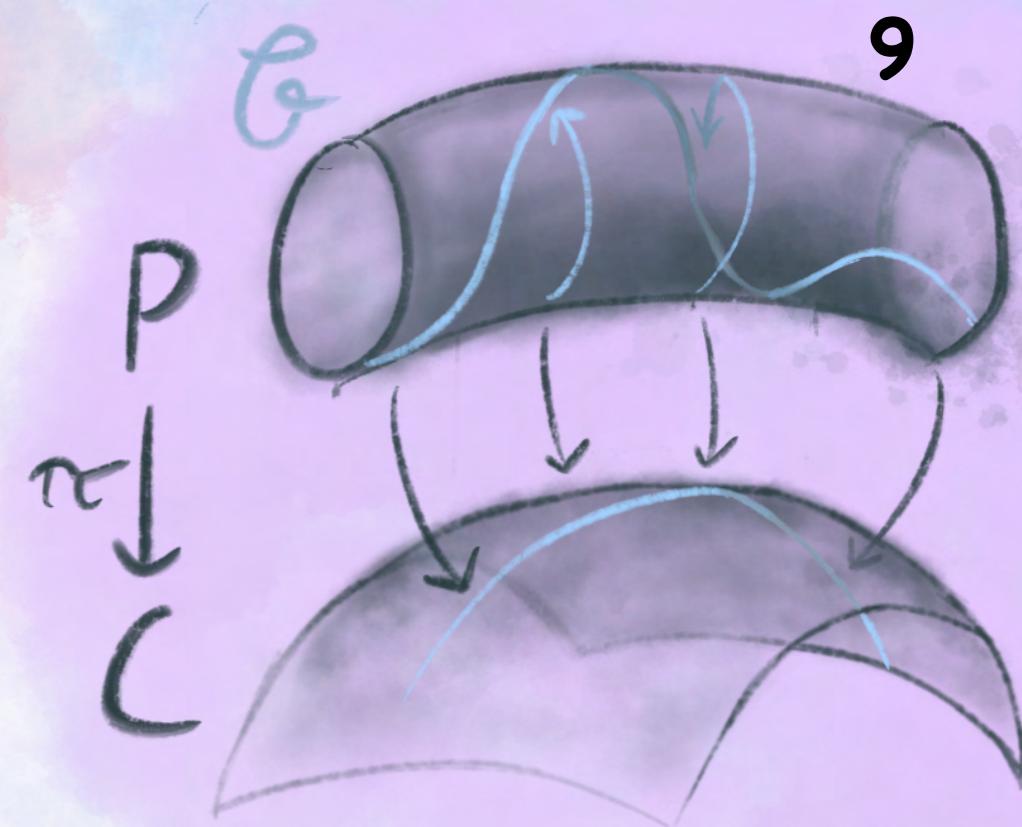
J: Ω_J has moment $\nu_J = \mu_K + i\mu_I$

(Atiyah-Bott) $\nu_J = F_{A_C}$!

Space of flat G_C -bundles

I: $\Omega_I = 0 \Rightarrow D_A \phi = D_A^* \phi = 0 \Rightarrow \bar{\partial}_A \phi^{I,0} = 0$

space of Higgs bundles (P, ϕ)



Nonabelian Hodge Correspondence¹⁰

De-Rahm

m°

Modulii of flat G_C -connections

Loc_{G_C}

Singular manifolds

Same real structure
different complex structure

J

I

C

Dolbeault



Moduli of Higgs bundles

$(P, \phi) \quad \phi \in \Omega^1(C, \text{ad}(P))$

$H^0(C, K^* \otimes \text{ad}(P)) = H^1(C, \text{ad}(P))$ ↑
Serre duality

$T^* \text{Bun}_G$

Def. space
of Bun_G

Stability

11

$\dim @ X \in M/G = \dim M - \dim G$
x has stabilizer: $\dim @ x = \dim M - \dim G + \dim \text{Stab}$
 \Rightarrow cut out!

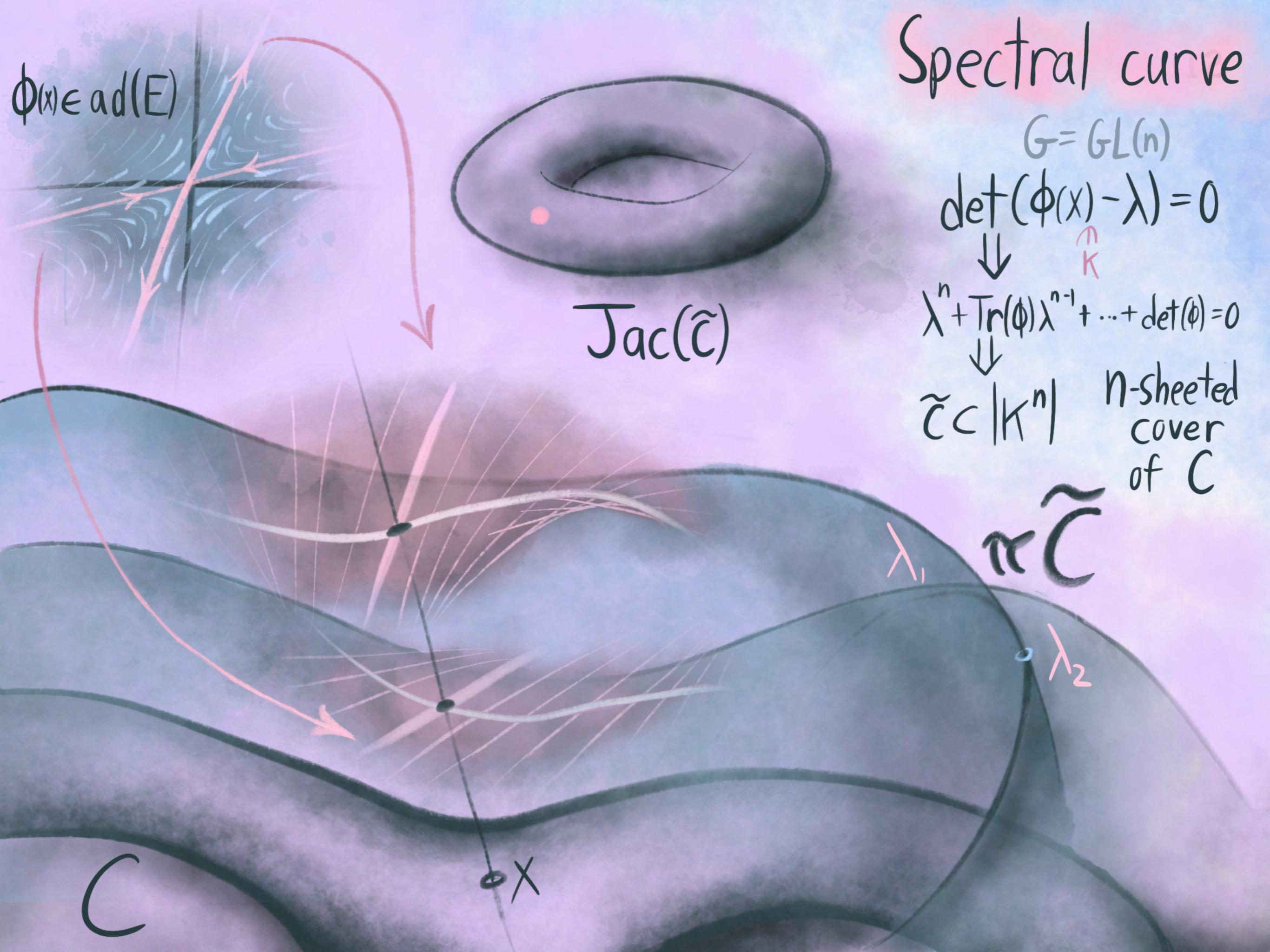
Stabilizer \Leftrightarrow structure splits

- Flat: stable \Leftrightarrow irreducible holonomy
- Higgs: $L \subset E$ holo. subbundle; $\frac{c_1(L)}{\text{rank}(L)} \leq \frac{c_1(E)}{\text{rank}(L)}$ Slope stability!

Irreducible
Flat bundles

Semistable
Higgs bundles

smooth manifolds
diffeomorphic!

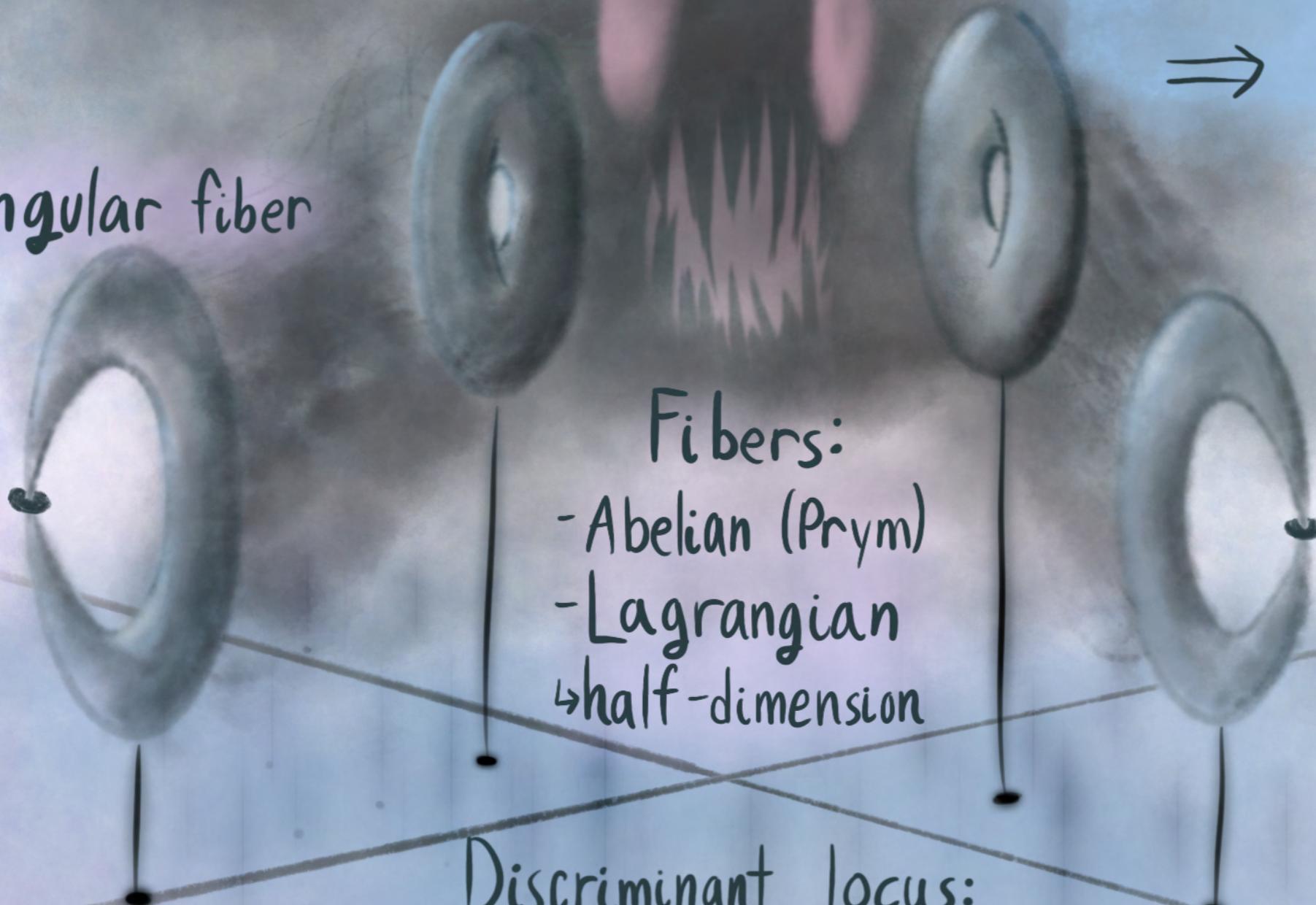


Hitchin Fibration

13

completely integrable:
(Beilinson & Drinfeld '04)
Geometric quantization
 \Rightarrow Hecke operators!

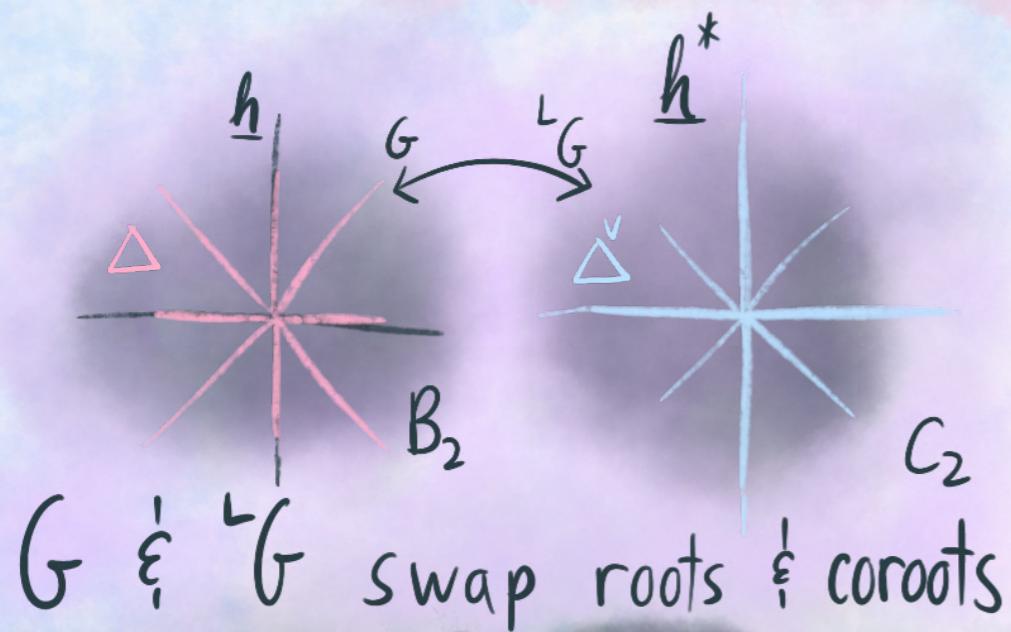
Singular fiber



Discriminant locus:
Where $\det(\phi - \lambda)$ has double root

$$\mathcal{M}^{\text{Higgs}} \downarrow \mathbb{C}[\underline{g}]^G \downarrow \bigoplus H^0(C, K^{d_i})$$

Langlands dual hitchin moduli



$$\text{chevalley} \quad \mathbb{C}[\underline{g}]^G \cong \mathbb{C}[\underline{h}]^W \xleftrightarrow{\langle , \rangle} \mathbb{C}[\underline{h}^*]^W \cong \mathbb{C}[{}^L \underline{g}]^G$$

$\Delta \mapsto {}^L \Delta$

m_a ${}^L m_a$

$$\mathbb{C}[\underline{g}]^G \cong \mathbb{C}[{}^L \underline{g}]^G$$

T-Duality

fibers $M_a \nparallel {}^L M_a$ are
Dual Abelian varieties

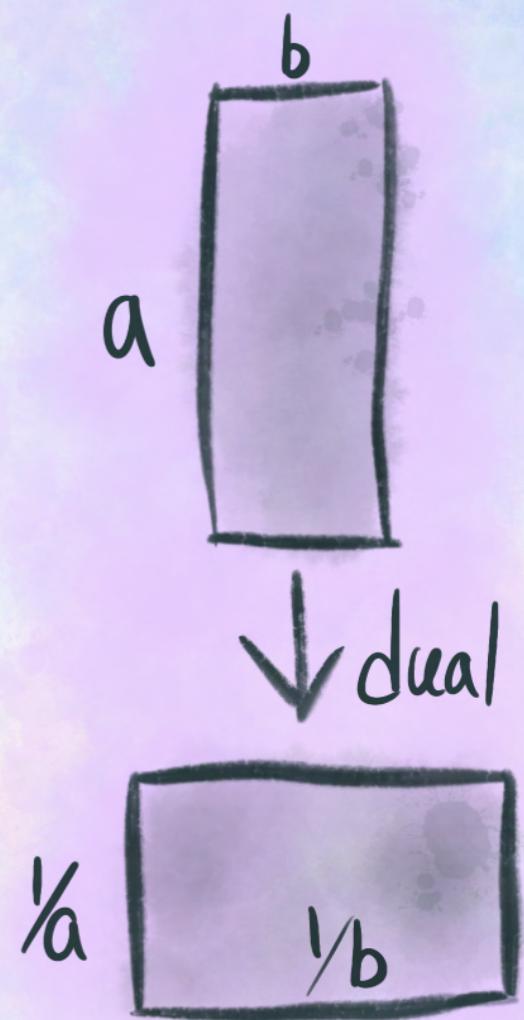
M_a parametrizes line bundles on ${}^L M_a$ & vice-versa

$$G = GL(n): M_a \simeq {}^L M_a \simeq \text{Jac}(\tilde{C}_a)$$

spectral curve of a

Jacobians of smooth \tilde{C}_a are self-dual

$$\mathbb{C}^n/\lambda \xleftrightarrow[\sim]{\text{dual}} \mathbb{C}/\lambda^* \quad :: \quad h \xleftrightarrow[\sim]{} h^*$$



T-duality: $\Sigma \rightarrow M \times S'_R \cong \Sigma \rightarrow M \times S'_{/R}$

target space

SYZ Mirror Symmetry

nonlinear σ -models

Mirror symmetry: $\sigma: \Sigma \rightarrow X \approx \sigma: \Sigma \rightarrow \check{X}$

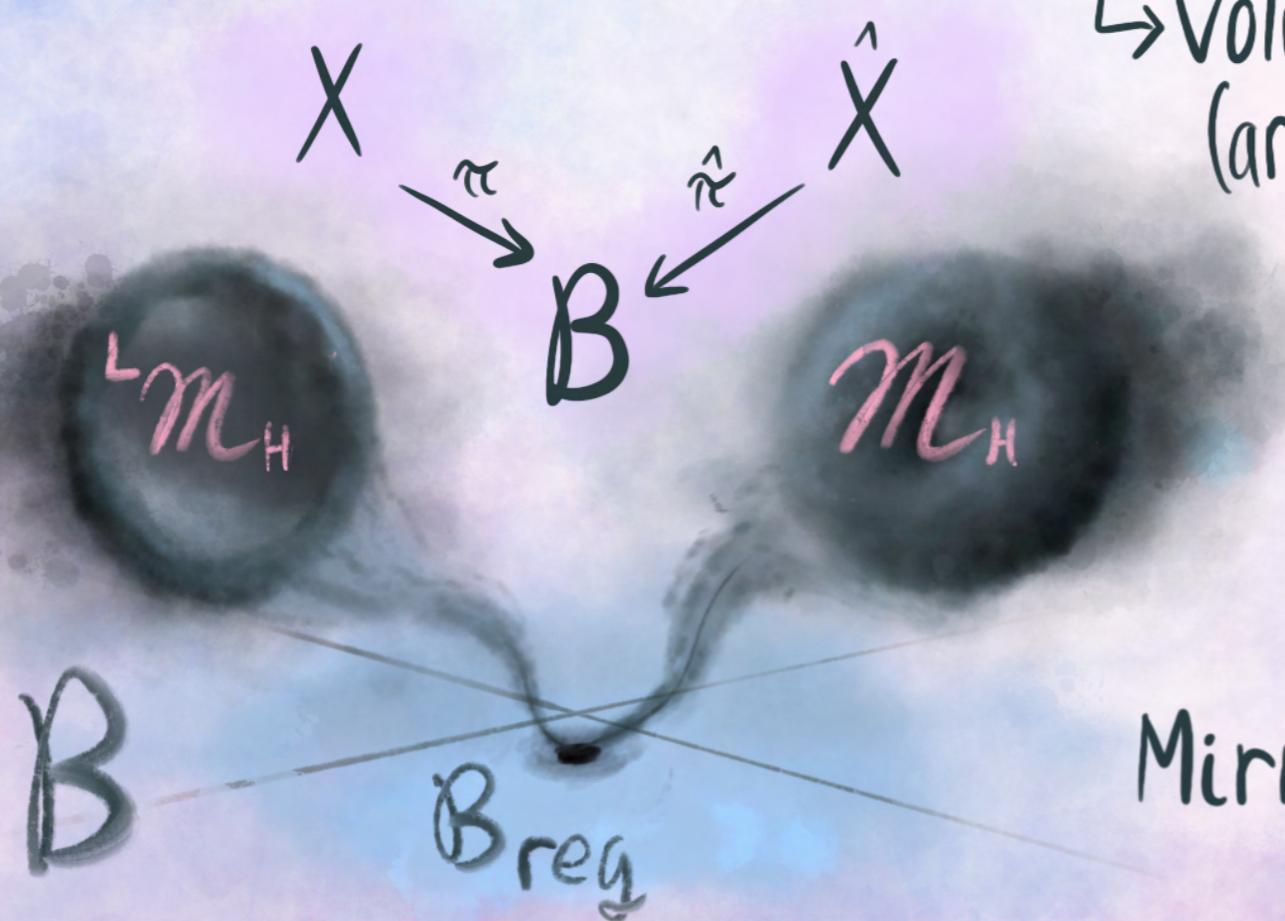
S-duality: $\sigma: \Sigma \rightarrow \mathcal{M}_H \approx \sigma: \Sigma \rightarrow {}^L\mathcal{M}_H$ $\check{\mathcal{M}} = {}^L\mathcal{M}?$

"Mirror symmetry is T-Duality"

on $B_{reg} \subset B$ dense: Special lagrangian tori fibration

↳ volume n-form real on fibers
(area minimizing)

- $\pi^{-1}(b)$ & $\hat{\pi}^{-1}(b)$ dual



Conjecture (SYZ '96):
Mirror C.Y. 3-folds are SYZ fibrations

S-duality

Hitchin's eq.

Nonabelian hodge
theory

T-duality

Mirror Symmetry

categories...?

To Be
Continued



Insane in



DUBBAWE

Categorical Geometric Langlands

Arithmetic:

flat \mathbb{G} -Bundle
 $E \in \underline{\text{Loc}}_G$ $\xrightarrow{\quad}$ skyscraper sheaf \mathcal{O}_E

(derived)
Category of \mathcal{O} -modules
on $\underline{\text{Loc}}_G$

Day dream

Automorphic:

Hecke eigensheaf
on $\underline{\text{Bun}}_G$
e. sheaf $\xrightarrow{\quad}$ \mathcal{D} -module

(derived)
Category of \mathcal{D} -modules
on $\underline{\text{Bun}}_G$

↗ equivalence

Spectral decomposition of \mathcal{D} -modules
on $\underline{\text{Bun}}_G$ into Hecke e.sheafs F_E

TQFT

QFT assigns # to a riem. n-mfld
w/ boundary conditions

TQFT: local data (metric) doesn't matter

\Rightarrow ONLY B.C.s matter!! \Rightarrow Define by B.C.s

$$N\text{-mfld} \xrightarrow{\text{Partition fn}} \mathbb{C}$$

$$N-1 \text{ mfld} \xrightarrow{\text{States}} V$$

Boundary condition for
boundary conditions

$$\Theta_{B,B'}: V_B \rightarrow V_{B'}$$

$$B \quad \bullet \quad B'$$

category of B.C.s

$$\Theta_{B,B'} \quad \Theta_{B',B''} \quad \rightarrow \quad \Theta_{B,B'} \cdot \Theta_{B',B''}$$

$$B \quad \bullet \quad B' \quad \bullet \quad B'' \quad B \quad \bullet \quad B''$$

Extended TQFT:

$$\begin{array}{ccccccccc} n & n-1 & n-2 & n-3 & & & & \\ \mathbb{C} & V_{\mathbb{C}} & \text{category} & \text{2-category} & \cdots & \cdots & & \end{array}$$



D-branes

2D-CFT σ -model $\Sigma \rightarrow X$

Strings $\uparrow\downarrow$ on X

Boundary conditions:

fields on $\partial\Sigma$ live on $B \subset X$
 B has vector bundle (sheaf)
 "chan - Paton"

Perserve Conformal invariance
 \Rightarrow D-brane!

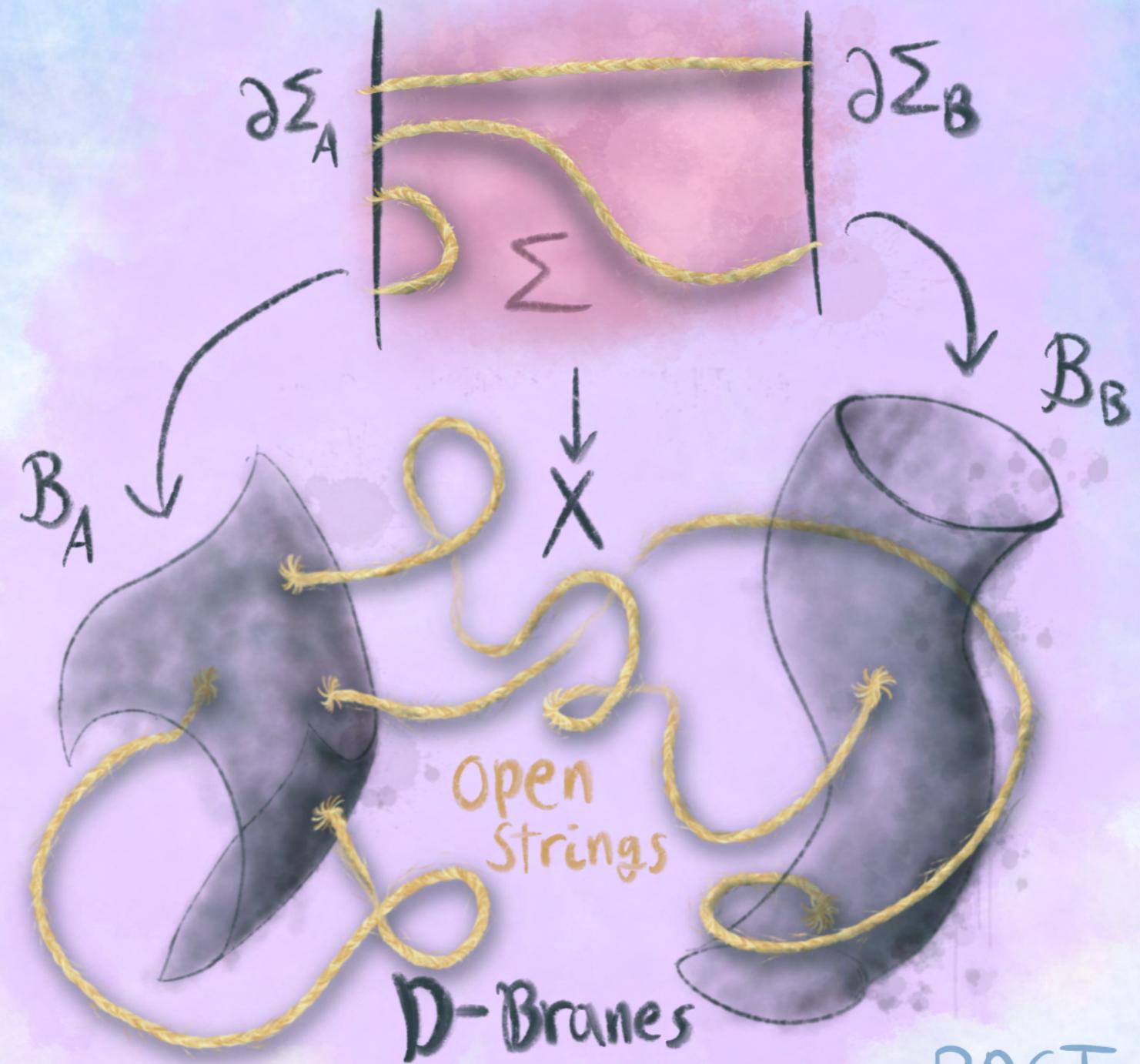
Supersymmetry: want B w/ $\{Q, B\} = 0 \text{ mod } \mathcal{B} = \{Q, \mathcal{B}_0\}$

$$\dots \xrightarrow{Q} \mathcal{B}_0 \xrightarrow{Q} \mathcal{B}_1 \xrightarrow{Q} \mathcal{B}_2 \xrightarrow{Q} \dots$$

BRST operator $Q^2 = 0$

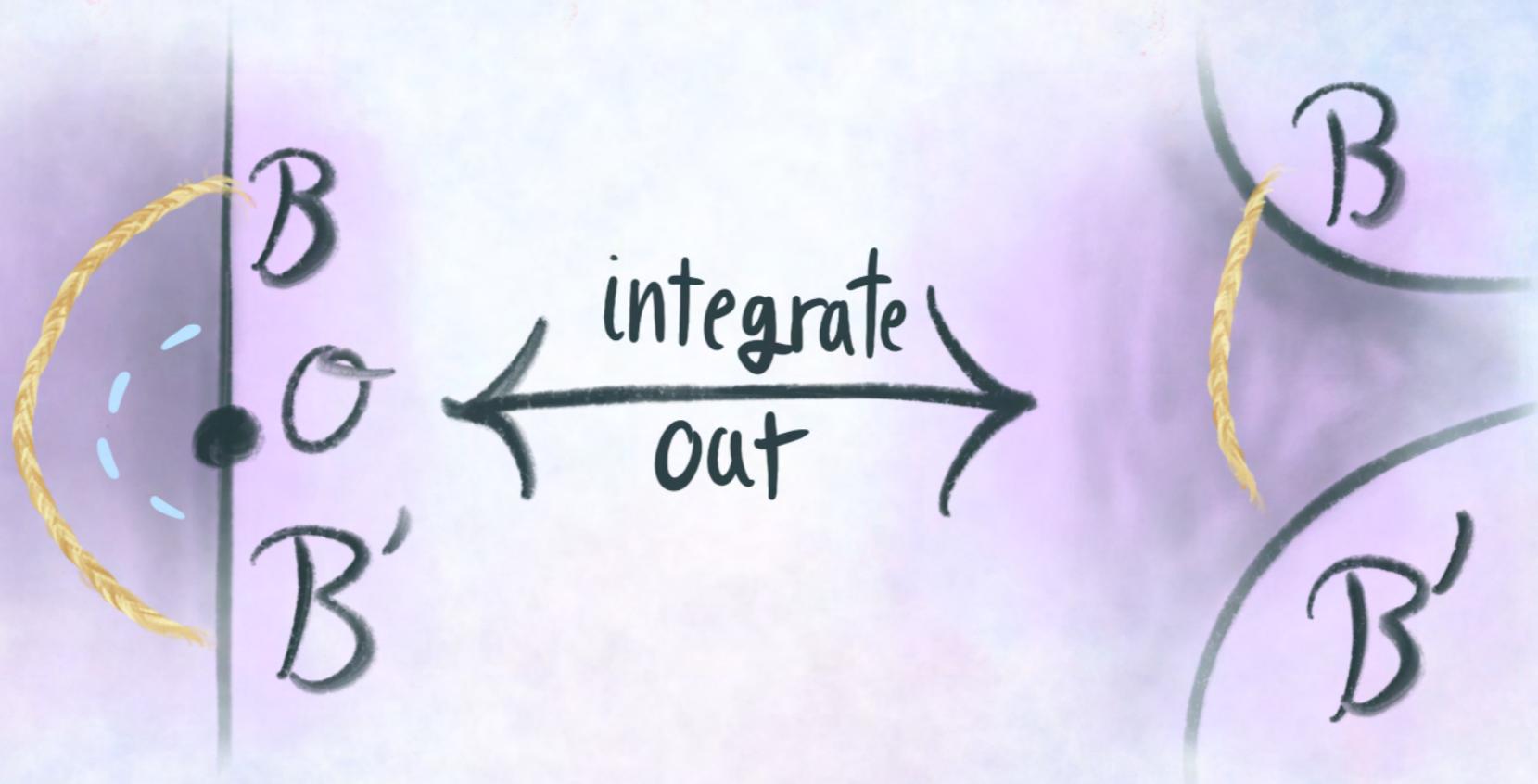
Q -cohomology = Q -chain complex / Quasi-isomorphism

Derived categories!



BRST
cohomology

Open Strings



$\text{Hom}(B, B') = \mathcal{H}_{B, B'}$ hilbert space
of open strings

Morphism in \mathcal{B} category = String between $B \& B'$

\mathcal{B} -Branes $\sigma: \Sigma \rightarrow X$, X calabi-Yau

B-twist: $Q \rightarrow \bar{\partial}_X!$

B-Brane: complex submfld of X w/ holomorphic V.B.

Coherent sheaves:

holomorphic V.B.s = sheaf of finitely generated \mathcal{O}_X -modules

category of v.b.s not abelian: $\dim \text{Ker } \phi: V_1 \rightarrow V_2$ can jump

abelianization: "Coherent sheaves"

contains all kernels \Rightarrow contains V.Bs on submflds!

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Ker } \phi: \mathbb{R}^2 \times L &\rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2 \times L \\ ((x,y), t) &\mapsto ((x,y), x+t) \end{aligned}$$

\mathcal{B} -Branes $\in D^b(X)$ (derived) category
of coherent sheaves

A-Branes (Y, ∇)

Defined w.r.t
symplectic structure on X

Y is coisotropic: $\omega|_{Y^\perp} = 0 \Rightarrow \dim Y \geq \frac{1}{2} \dim X$

familiar case: $\dim Y = \frac{1}{2} \dim X$ "Lagrangian submanifold"

$\Rightarrow \nabla$ is flat

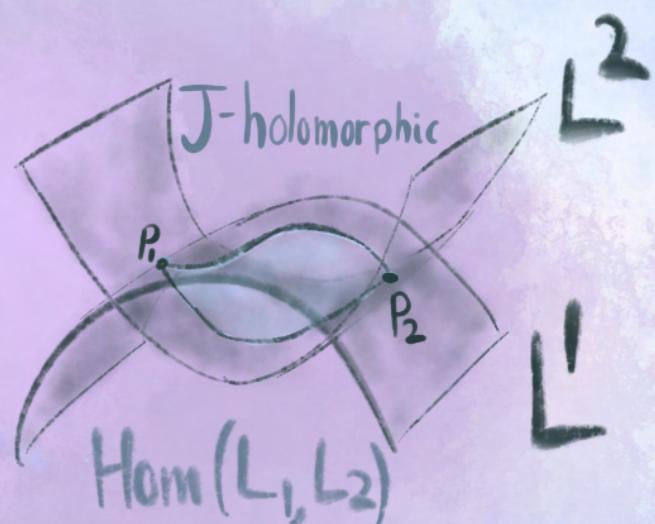
morphisms: open string states

complexes of pts $L_1 \cap L_2$ w/ differential counting

curves - lagrangian Floer homology

Fukaya category

$$\begin{array}{c} \partial\Sigma_1 = L' \\ \hline P_1 \leftarrow \rightarrow P_2 \\ \hline \partial\Sigma_2 = L^2 \end{array}$$



A-brane category: Derived, 'extended' Fukaya category
 $D(Fuk(X))$

includes coisotropic branes

Homological mirror symmetry

$D^b(X)$

B-branes on X

X

0-brane
type B:

(complex submfld)

skyscraper sheaf \mathcal{O}_\bullet

moduli of B-Branes = $\pi_1(\bullet)$



$D \text{ Fuk}(\check{X})$

A-Branes on \check{X}

\check{X}

SYZ

n-brane
around $\check{\pi}^{-1}(\bullet)$
type A:
lagrangian

flat $U(1)$ connection

deg 0 holo. line bundle

B

$Jac^0(\check{\pi}^{-1}(\bullet)) =$ moduli of
A-Branes

Specialize to Hitchin moduli space:

$$\mathcal{M}_{(\mathbb{L}G)}^{\text{Flat}} = \check{\mathcal{M}}_{(G)}^{\text{Higgs}}$$

B-Branes on $\mathcal{M}_{(G)}^{\text{FLAT}}$

$$\mathcal{D}^b(\text{coh}(\mathcal{M}_{(G)}^{\text{FLAT}}))$$

O-modules on $\text{Loc}_{\mathbb{L}G}$

$$\mathcal{M}_{(\mathbb{L}G)}^{\text{Flat}} = \text{Loc}_{\mathbb{L}G}$$

Geometric
Langlands

mirror
Symmetry

A-branes on $\mathcal{M}_{(G)}^{\text{Higgs}}$

$$\mathcal{D}\text{Fuk}(\mathcal{M}_{(G)}^{\text{Higgs}})$$

???

D-modules on Bun_G

$$T^* \text{Bun}_G^{\text{stable}} \subset_{\text{dense}} \mathcal{M}_{(G)}^{\text{Higgs}}$$

$$\text{Bun}_G^{\text{stable}} \subset_{\text{dense}} \text{Bun}_G$$

Wilson operator

Pick loop \mathcal{L} , irrep R

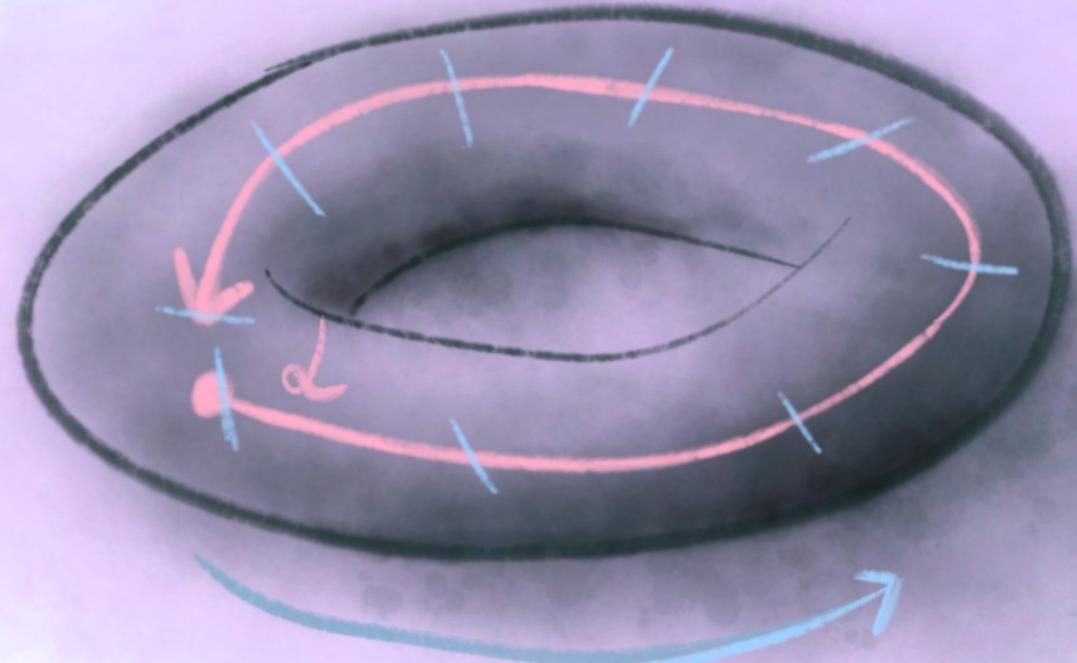
$$\text{Tr}_R P\{\exp(-\oint_{\mathcal{L}} A)\}$$

Not BRST invariant!!

$$= \text{Tr}_R \text{ hol}_A(\mathcal{L})$$



$$W_R(\mathcal{L}) = \text{Tr}_R P\{\exp(-\oint_{\mathcal{L}} A_C)\}$$



Parallel transport by A along \mathcal{L}

Chiggs field
 $\phi \in T_A^* \mathcal{L}$

$$A_C = A + i\phi$$

hitchin equations $\Rightarrow A_C$ flat $\Rightarrow W_R(\mathcal{L})$ invariant

'T Hooft operator

$U(1)$ monopole along \mathcal{L} :

- cut out \mathcal{L}
 - Twist bundle on slice
- G_1 = magnetic charge

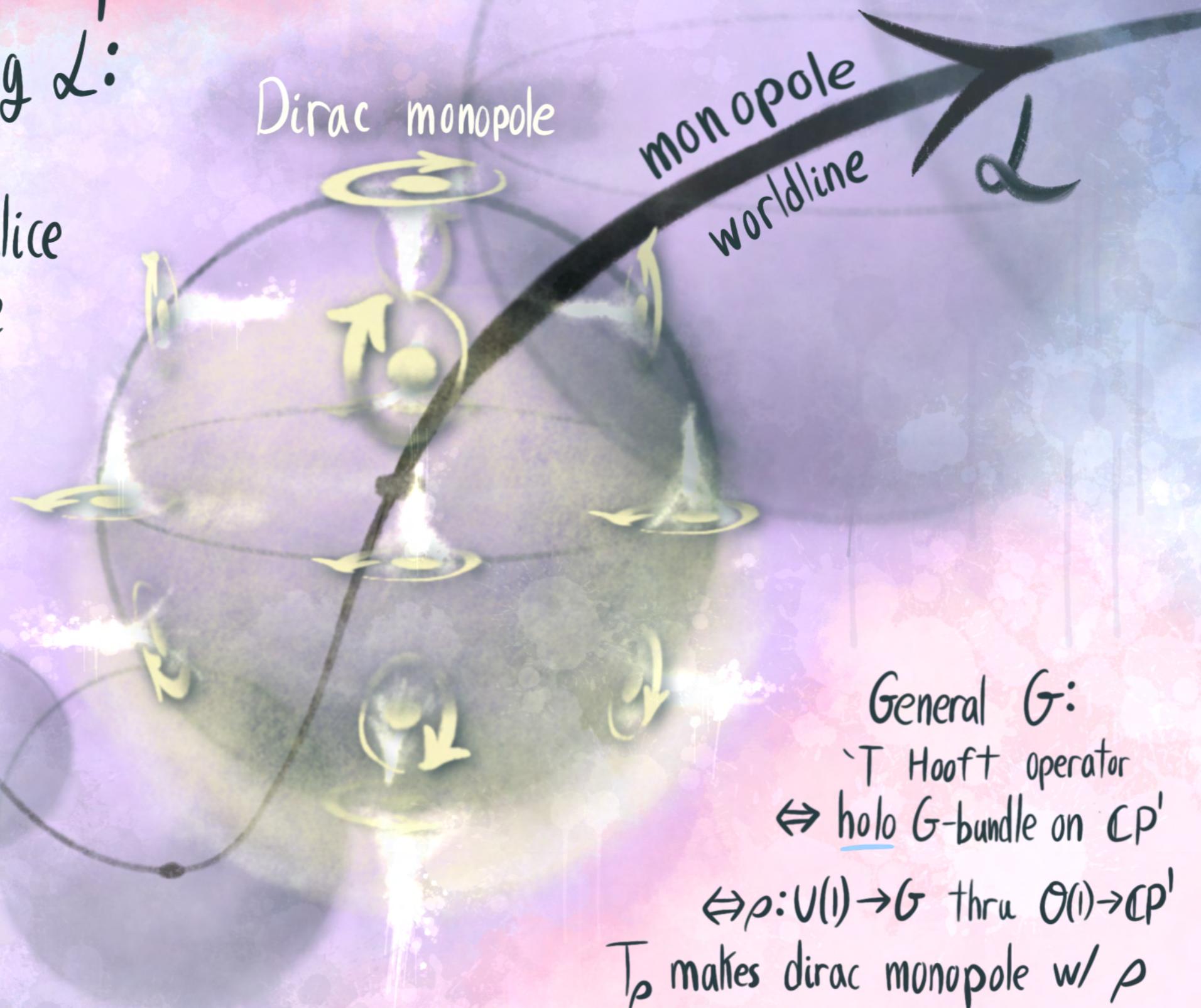
Yang-mills solution

$\Rightarrow \bar{F}_A$ has pole @ \mathcal{L}

T hooft op. T:

$$\int_A T e^{S(A)} = \int_{\mathcal{L} \text{ sing}} e^{S(A)}$$

Disorder operator



General G :

'T Hooft operator
 \Leftrightarrow holo G -bundle on CP^1

$\Leftrightarrow \rho: U(1) \rightarrow G$ thru $O(1) \rightarrow CP^1$

T_ρ makes dirac monopole w/ ρ

'magnetic charge' = $\rho: U(1) \rightarrow G / \text{conj.}$

S-Duality on line operators

'T Hooft

{magnetic charges}

$\{U(1) \rightarrow G\}/\sim$

$\{U(1) \rightarrow T\}/w$

$\{\underline{U} \rightarrow \underline{T}\}/w$

$\Lambda_{cw}(G)/w$

$\Lambda_w({}^L G)/w$

{irreps of ${}^L G\}$

electric
magnetic
Duality

Wilson

{Electric charges}

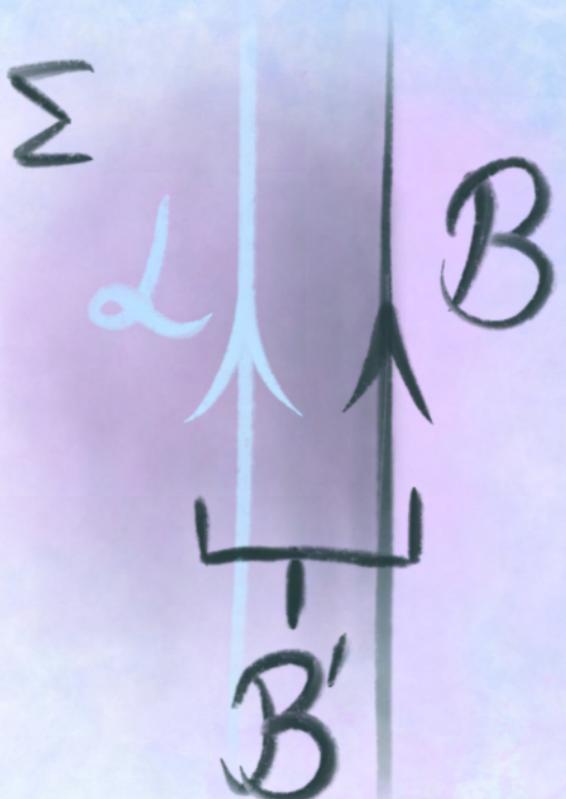
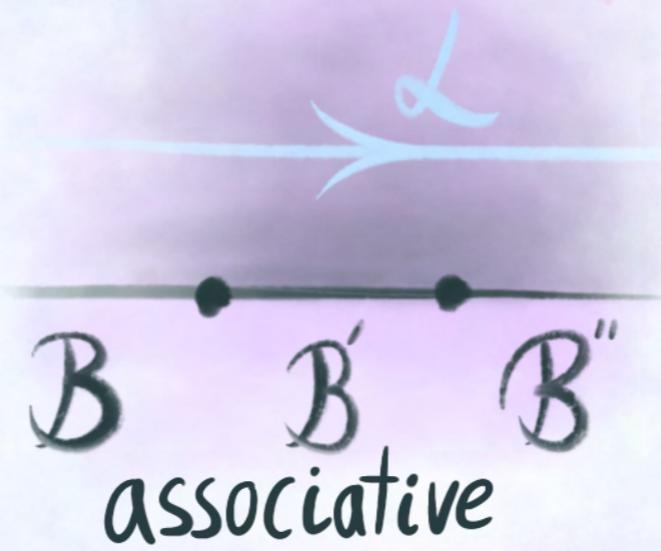
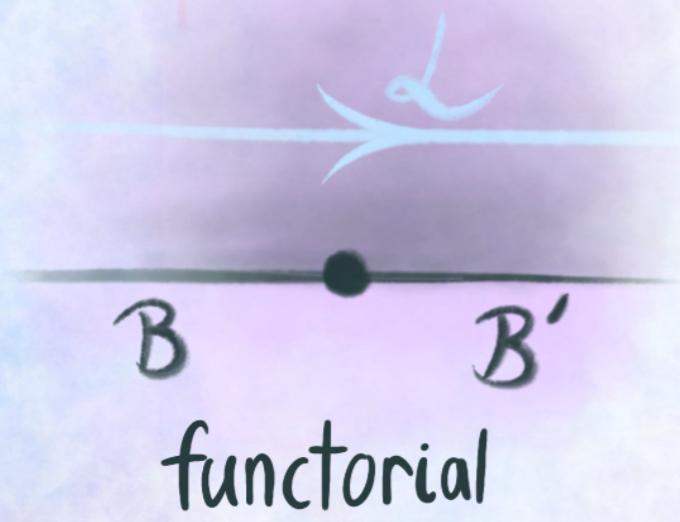
inserts
electric
particle



{irreps of $G\}$

Line operators as functors

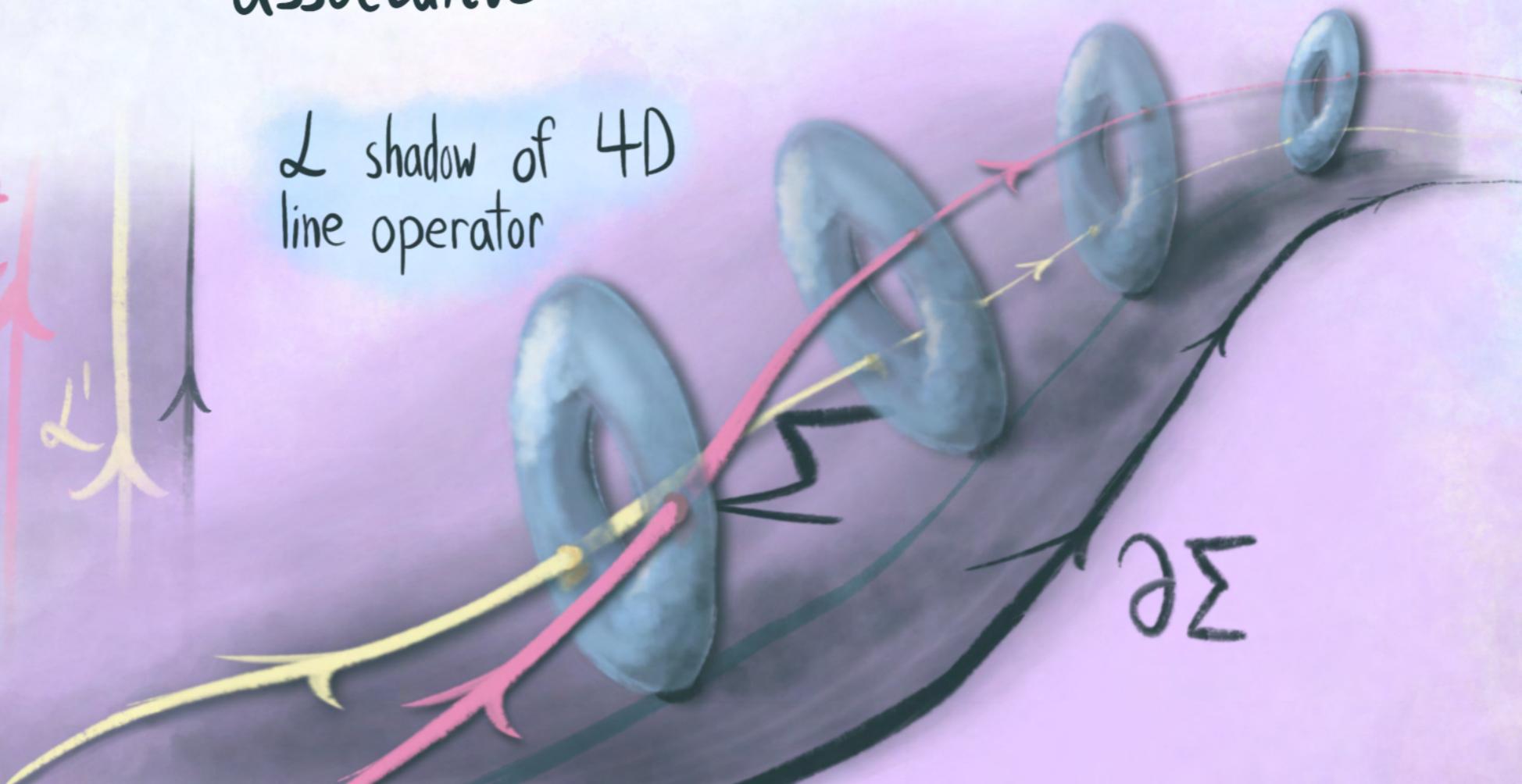
line operators 'modify' B.C.s $\hat{L}: \mathcal{B} \rightarrow \mathcal{B}'$



$$\begin{array}{c} \curvearrowleft \\ \textcolor{red}{L^1} \\ \downarrow \end{array} = \begin{array}{c} \curvearrowleft \\ \textcolor{red}{L^2} \\ \downarrow \end{array}$$

L shadow of 4D
line operator

Commutative!



Eigenbrane

A brane \mathcal{B} is an *Eigenbrane* of a line operator $\hat{\mathcal{L}}$ if

$$\hat{\mathcal{L}}\mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B} \otimes V$$

For any other brane $\tilde{\mathcal{B}}$, $\text{Hom}(\tilde{\mathcal{B}}, \mathcal{B} \otimes V) = \text{Hom}(\tilde{\mathcal{B}}, \mathcal{B}) \otimes V$

$$\mathcal{B} \otimes \mathbb{C}^n = \\ n \text{ copies of } \mathcal{B}$$



for D-branes, \otimes acts solely on Chan-Paton sheaf

$$W_R(\mathcal{L})\mathcal{B} = \mathcal{B} \otimes V$$

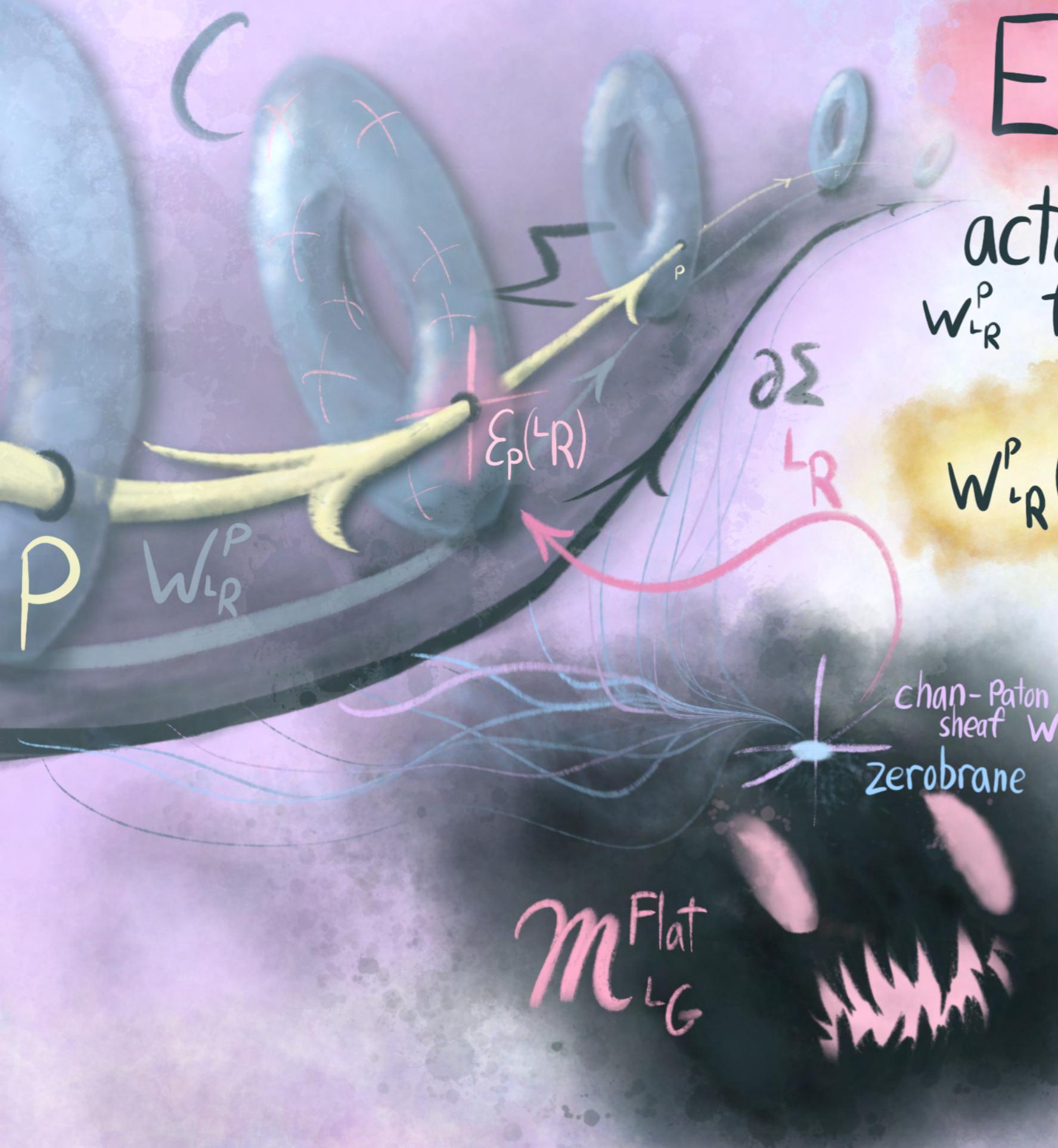
\downarrow
S-Duality

$$T_{eR}(\mathcal{L})\check{\mathcal{B}} = \check{\mathcal{B}} \otimes V$$

Dual e-brane is e-brane of
dual operator w/ same e.value!

Line op.s commute
 \downarrow
simutaneous
eigenbranes

Electric e.brane



action of Wilson operator:
 W_{LR}^P from $\Delta_C \Sigma \times C$ w const. $p \in C$

$$W_{LR}^P(\cdot, w) = (\cdot, \epsilon_p(L^R) \otimes w)$$

0-brane are e.branes

eigenvalue:

Vary p over C

\Rightarrow V.B of eigenvalues

$$\epsilon(L^R) \rightarrow C$$

Magnetic eigenbranes

Hecke eigensheaf w/ eigenvalue ϵ : D -module \mathcal{F} on Bun_G

$$H_{\mathbb{L}_{R,P}}(\mathcal{F}) \simeq \epsilon_p(\mathbb{L}_R) \otimes \mathcal{F} \rightsquigarrow H_{\mathbb{L}_R}(\mathcal{F}) = \epsilon(\mathbb{L}_R) \otimes \mathcal{F}$$

Hecke functor $H_{\mathbb{L}_{R,P}}$ increases deg by 1, poles @ P associated w/ $\begin{cases} \mathbb{L}_R \\ U(1) \rightarrow G \end{cases}$
e.g. $G = U(1)$ $H_{\mathbb{L},P} : \mathcal{L} \rightarrow \mathcal{L}(x)$

't hooft operator!!

magnetic eigenbrane \leftrightarrow hecke eigensheaf

but, 't hooft acts on A-branes...

Q: A-Brane $\rightarrow D$ module ?

Canonical coisotropic brane

$\text{Hom}(\mathcal{B}, \tilde{\mathcal{B}})$ is a $\text{Hom}(\tilde{\mathcal{B}}, \tilde{\mathcal{B}})$ -module

i.e., $\text{Hom}(\mathcal{B}, \tilde{\mathcal{B}}) \circ \text{Hom}(\tilde{\mathcal{B}}, \tilde{\mathcal{B}}) \in \text{Hom}(\mathcal{B}, \tilde{\mathcal{B}})$

$\mathcal{B}_{c.c.}$: canonical coisotropic brane on X :

- support $Y = X$

- $V(1)$ bundle w/ curvature F satisfying $(\omega^{-1} F)^2 = -1$

$\Rightarrow \omega - iF$ holo. symplectic form

consider \mathcal{M}^H w/ symplectic form ω_K

$\omega_K - i\omega_J = \overline{\Omega}_I = S_c \delta A \wedge \delta \phi$ for $(A, \phi) \in T^* \mathcal{A}$ (think $dq \wedge dp$!)

take quotient & restrict to $T^* \text{Bun}_G^{\text{stable}}$

What is $\text{Hom}(\mathcal{B}_{c.c.}, \mathcal{B}_{c.c.})$?

$\text{Hom}(\mathcal{B}_{c.c}, \mathcal{B}_{c.c})$

fields

$f: \Sigma \rightarrow T^* \text{Bun}_G^{\text{stable}} \subset m^{\text{Higgs}}$

A-model Action: $S = \frac{1}{\hbar} \int_{\Sigma} f^*(\omega - iF) + \{Q, \cdot\} \simeq \frac{1}{\hbar} \int_{f_* \Sigma} dq \wedge dp$

$S \simeq \frac{1}{\hbar} \int_{f_* \Sigma} q dp$ classical action of particle on $T^* \text{Bun}_G^s$!!

$dq \wedge dp = d(qdp)$ Liouville 1-form

Path integral of $S \rightsquigarrow$ deformation quantization of $T^* \text{Bun}_G^s$

↳ noncommutative deformation of sheaf of algebras \mathcal{O}_X

↳ differential operators

$q \mapsto q$	holomorphic fns
$p \mapsto i\hbar \frac{\partial}{\partial q}$	1st order differentials

nontrivial cocycle on Quantized sheaf

$\text{Hom}(\mathcal{B}_{c.c}, \mathcal{B}_{c.c}) \xrightarrow{\text{sheafify}} \text{sheaf of differential operators on } K_X^{1/2}$

$\Rightarrow \text{Hom}(\mathcal{B}, \mathcal{B}_{c.c})$ sheaf of \mathcal{D} -modules !!

\mathcal{B}
electric eigenbrane
w/ e.val ϵ



$\text{Hom}(\mathcal{B}, \mathcal{B}_{c.c})$
Hecke eigensheaf
w/ e.val ϵ

Flat ${}^L G$ bundle

~~Geometric
Langlands~~

Hecke eigensheaf



\mathcal{D} -module

Bun $_G$

Electric
e.brane

duality

Magnetic
e.brane



Hitchin
moduli
space

$m_{L_G}^{\text{Flat}}$

m_G^{Higgs}

Hom($\bullet, \mathcal{B}_{c.c.}$)

\mathcal{B} -model

SYZ

A-model

References

- Kapustin, “Langlands Duality and Topological Field Theory”
- Frenkel, “Gauge Theory and Langlands Duality”
- Witten, “Quantization by Branes and Geometric Langlands”
 - Slides with some useful perspective
- Clay institute, “Dirichlet Branes and Mirror Symmetry”
 - De-facto tome on mirror symmetry by branes. Long, but individual parts are readable, and has everything you need

References

- Kapustin, Witten, “Electric-Magnetic Duality And The Geometric Langlands Program”
 - Original paper in subject. Very long, but readable if you focus on the parts you care about
- Swoboda, “Moduli Spaces of Higgs Bundles – Old and New”
 - One of many sets of notes explaining Higgs bundles

Specific references

- Hitchin, “Hyperkahler Metrics and Supersymmetry”
 - Lays out connection between N=4 and hyperkahler mflds
- Hitchin, “Hyperkähler manifolds”
 - Has Useful account of hyperkahler quotients and hitchin moduli space.