

# .NET App Dev Hands-On Lab

## EF Lab 2 – Entities and Models

This lab walks you through creating the Models and ViewModels. Before starting this lab, you must have completed EF Lab 1.

All work in this lab is to be completed in the `AutoLot.Models` project.

### Part 1: The GlobalUsings.cs File

- Begin by renaming the autogenerated `Class1.cs` to `GlobalUsings.cs` and clear out the templated code so it's an empty file. Add the following `global using` statements to the file:

```
global using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore;
global using Microsoft.EntityFrameworkCore.Metadata.Builders;

global using System.ComponentModel;
global using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations;
global using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations.Schema;
global using System.Globalization;
global using System.Xml.Linq;
```

### Part 2: Creating the Entities in AutoLot.Models

The entities represent the data that is persisted in SQL Server. For this workshop, we are using the Table Per Hierarchy (TPH) pattern.

#### Step 1: Create the Base Entity

- Create a new folder in the `AutoLot.Models` project named `Entities`. Create a subfolder named `Base` under the `Entities` folder. Add a new class to the `Base` folder named `BaseEntity.cs`, and update the code to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities.Base;
public abstract class BaseEntity
{
    [Key, DatabaseGenerated(DatabaseGeneratedOption.Identity)] public int Id { get; set; }
    [Timestamp] public long TimeStamp { get; set; }
}
```

- Add the following `global using` statement to the `GlobalUsings.cs` file:

```
global using AutoLot.Models.Entities.Base;
```

## Step 2: Create the Person ComplexType Class

ComplexType classes can be reused between other entities and folded into the parent entity's table.

- Add a folder named ComplexTypes under the Entities folder, and add a new class named Person.cs. Update the code for the class to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities.ComplexTypes;

[ComplexType]
public class Person
{
    [Required, StringLength(50)] public string FirstName { get; set; }
    [Required, StringLength(50)] public string LastName { get; set; }
    [DatabaseGenerated(DatabaseGeneratedOption.Computed)]
    public string FullName { get; set; }
}
```

- Add the following global using statement to the GlobalUsings.cs file:

```
global using AutoLot.Models.Entities.ComplexTypes;
```

## Step 3: Create the Car Entity

- Add a new class to the Entities folder named Car.cs and update the code to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities;

[Table("Inventory", Schema = "dbo")]
[Index(nameof(MakeId), Name = "IX_Inventory_MakeId")]
public class Car : BaseEntity
{
    [Required, StringLength(50)]
    public string Color { get; set; }
    public string Price { get; set; }
    [DisplayName("Is Drivable")]
    public bool IsDrivable { get; set; } = true;
    public DateTime? DateBuilt { get; set; }
    [DatabaseGenerated(DatabaseGeneratedOption.Computed)]
    public string Display { get; set; }
    [Required, StringLength(50), DisplayName("Pet Name")]
    public string PetName { get; set; }
    [Required, DisplayName("Make")]
    public int MakeId { get; set; }
}
```

## Step 4: Create the CarDriver Entity

- Add a new class to the Entities folder named CarDriver.cs and update the code to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities;

[Table("InventoryToDrivers", Schema = "dbo")]
public class CarDriver : BaseEntity
{
    public int DriverId { get; set; }
    [Column("InventoryId")]
    public int CarId { get; set; }
}
```

## Step 5: Create the CreditRisk Entity

The CreditRisk entity uses the Person owned class.

- Add a new class to the Entities folder named CreditRisk.cs and update the code to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities;

[Table("CreditRisks", Schema = "dbo")]
[Index(nameof(CustomerId), Name = "IX_CreditRisks_CustomerId")]
public class CreditRisk : BaseEntity
{
    public Person PersonInformation { get; set; } = new Person();
    public int CustomerId { get; set; }
}
```

## Step 6: Create the Customer Entity

The Customer entity uses the Person owned class.

- Add a new class to the Entities folder named Customer.cs and update the code to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities;

[Table("Customers", Schema = "dbo")]
public class Customer : BaseEntity
{
    public Person PersonInformation { get; set; } = new Person();
}
```

## Step 7: Create the Driver Entity

- Add a new class to the Entities folder named Driver.cs and update the code to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities;

[Table("Drivers", Schema = "dbo")]
public class Driver : BaseEntity
{
    public Person PersonInformation { get; set; } = new Person();
}
```

## Step 8: Create the Make Entity

- Add a new class to the Entities folder named `Make.cs` and update the code to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities;

[Table("Makes", Schema = "dbo")]
public class Make : BaseEntity
{
    [Required, StringLength(50)]
    public string Name { get; set; }
}
```

## Step 9: Create the Order Entity

- Add a new class to the Entities folder named `Order.cs` and update the code to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities;

[Table("Orders", Schema = "dbo")]
[Index(nameof(CarId), Name = "IX_Orders_CarId")]
[Index(nameof(CustomerId), nameof(CarId), Name = "IX_Orders_CustomerId_CarId", IsUnique = true)]
public class Order : BaseEntity
{
    public int CarId { get; set; }
    public int CustomerId { get; set; }
}
```

## Step 10: Create the Radio Entity

- Add a new class to the Entities folder named `Radio.cs` and update the code to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities;

[Table("Radios", Schema = "dbo")]
public class Radio : BaseEntity
{
    public bool HasTweeters { get; set; }
    public bool HasSubWoofers { get; set; }
    [Required, StringLength(50)]
    public string RadioId { get; set; }
    [Column("InventoryId")]
    public int CarId { get; set; }
}
```

## Step 11: Create the Logging Entity

The SeriLog logging framework has an option to write log entries to a database table. We will use EF Core to create the tables for us, even though it doesn't represent a domain entity.

- Add a new class to the Entities folder named SeriLogEntry.cs and update the code to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities;
```

```
[Table("SeriLogs", Schema = "Logging")]
public class SeriLogEntry
{
    [Key, DatabaseGenerated(DatabaseGeneratedOption.Identity)]
    public int Id { get; set; }
    public string Message { get; set; }
    public string MessageTemplate { get; set; }
    [MaxLength(128)]
    public string Level { get; set; }
    [DataType(DataType.DateTime)]
    public DateTime TimeStamp { get; set; }
    public string Exception { get; set; }
    public string Properties { get; set; }
    public string LogEvent { get; set; }
    public string SourceContext { get; set; }
    public string RequestPath { get; set; }
    public string ActionName { get; set; }
    public string ApplicationName { get; set; }
    public string MachineName { get; set; }
    public string FilePath { get; set; }
    public string MemberName { get; set; }
    public int? LineNumber { get; set; }
    [NotMapped]
    public XElement PropertiesXml => (Properties != null) ? XElement.Parse(Properties) : null;
}
```

## Part 3: Creating the Navigation Properties

Navigation properties represent foreign key relationships between entities. Collection navigation properties represent the many end of a one-to-many or many-to-many relationship and Reference navigation properties represent the one end of a one-to-many or one-to-one relationship.

**NOTE:** The code will not successfully compile until this section is completed.

### Step 1: Update the Car Entity

- Update the Car entity by adding the following reference and collection navigation properties:

```
public class Car : BaseEntity
{
    //omitted for brevity

    [ForeignKey(nameof(MakeId))]
    [InverseProperty(nameof(Make.Cars))]
    public Make MakeNavigation { get; set; }

    [InverseProperty(nameof(Radio.CarNavigation))]
    public Radio RadioNavigation { get; set; }

    [InverseProperty(nameof(Driver.Cars))]
    public IEnumerable<Driver> Drivers { get; set; } = new List<Driver>();

    [InverseProperty(nameof(CarDriver.CarNavigation))]
    public IEnumerable<CarDriver> CarDrivers { get; set; } = new List<CarDriver>();

    [InverseProperty(nameof(Order.CarNavigation))]
    public IEnumerable<Order> Orders { get; set; } = new List<Order>();
}
```

- Add the [NotMapped] MakeName property and the override for ToString(), both of which use the MakeNavigation reference navigation property:

```
public class Car : BaseEntity
{
    //omitted for brevity

    [NotMapped]
    public string MakeName => MakeNavigation?.Name ?? "Unknown";

    public override string ToString()
    {
        // Since the PetName column could be empty, supply
        // the default name of **No Name**.
        return $"{PetName ?? "***No Name***"} is a {Color} {MakeNavigation?.Name} with ID {Id}.";
    }
}
```

## Step 2: Update the CarDriver Entity

- Update the CarDriver entity by adding the following reference navigation properties:

```
public class CarDriver : BaseEntity
{
    public int DriverId { get; set; }
    [ForeignKey(nameof(DriverId))]
    public Driver DriverNavigation { get; set; }

    [Column("InventoryId")]
    public int CarId { get; set; }
    [ForeignKey(nameof(CarId))]
    public Car CarNavigation { get; set; }
}
```

## Step 3: Update the CreditRisk Entity

- Update the CreditRisk entity by adding the following reference navigation property:

```
public class CreditRisk : BaseEntity
{
    public Person PersonInformation { get; set; } = new Person();

    public int CustomerId { get; set; }
    [ForeignKey(nameof(CustomerId))]
    [InverseProperty(nameof(Customer.CreditRisks))]
    public Customer CustomerNavigation { get; set; }
}
```

## Step 4: Update the Customer Entity

- Update the Customer entity by adding the following collection navigation properties:

```
public class Customer : BaseEntity
{
    public Person PersonInformation { get; set; } = new Person();
    [InverseProperty(nameof(CreditRisk.CustomerNavigation))]
    public IEnumerable<CreditRisk> CreditRisks { get; set; } = new List<CreditRisk>();
    [InverseProperty(nameof(Order.CustomerNavigation))]
    public IEnumerable<Order> Orders { get; set; } = new List<Order>();
}
```

## Step 5: Update the Driver Entity

- Update the Driver entity by adding the following collection navigation properties:

```
public class Driver : BaseEntity
{
    public Person PersonInformation { get; set; } = new Person();
    [InverseProperty(nameof(Car.Drivers))]
    public IEnumerable<Car> Cars { get; set; } = new List<Car>();
    [InverseProperty(nameof(CarDriver.DriverNavigation))]
    public IEnumerable<CarDriver> CarDrivers { get; set; } = new List<CarDriver>();
}
```

## Step 6: Update the Make Entity

- Update the Make entity by adding the following collection navigation property:

```
public class Make : BaseEntity
{
    [Required, StringLength(50)]
    public string Name { get; set; }
    [InverseProperty(nameof(Car.MakeNavigation))]
    public IEnumerable<Car> Cars { get; set; } = new List<Car>();
}
```

## Step 7: Update the Order Entity

- Update the Order entity by adding the following reference navigation properties:

```
public class Order : BaseEntity
{
    public int CarId { get; set; }
    [ForeignKey(nameof(CarId))]
    [InverseProperty(nameof(Car.Orders))]
    public Car CarNavigation { get; set; }

    public int CustomerId { get; set; }
    [ForeignKey(nameof(CustomerId))]
    [InverseProperty(nameof(Customer.Orders))]
    public Customer CustomerNavigation { get; set; }
}
```

## Step 8: Update the Radio Entity

- Update the Radio entity by adding the following reference and collection navigation properties:

```
public class Radio : BaseEntity
{
    //omitted for brevity
    public int CarId { get; set; }
    [ForeignKey(nameof(CarId))]
    public Car CarNavigation { get; set; }
}
```



## Part 4: Configure the Entities with Fluent API

Fine tuning of the model takes place in the Fluent API. Introduced in EF Core 6, The `IEntityTypeConfiguration<T>` interface allows for placing each entity's Fluent API code in specific configuration classes. This section configures the entities, the final step to utilize these configuration classes will be coded when the `ApplicationDbContext` is built.

Start by creating a folder name `Configuration` under the `Entities` folder. Add the following to the `GlobalUsings.cs` file:

```
global using AutoLot.Models.Entities.Configuration;
```

### Step 1: Configure the Car Entity

- Add a new class named `CarConfiguration` in the `Configuration` folder. Clear out the code and update it to match the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities.Configuration;
public class CarConfiguration : IEntityTypeConfiguration<Car>
{
    public void Configure(EntityTypeBuilder<Car> builder)
    {
        builder.Property(e => e.TimeStamp).HasConversion<byte[]>();
        builder.ToTable( b => b.IsTemporal(t =>
        {
            t.HasPeriodEnd("ValidTo");
            t.HasPeriodStart("ValidFrom");
            t.UseHistoryTable("InventoryAudit");
        }));
        builder.HasQueryFilter(c => c.IsDrivable);
        builder.Property(p => p.IsDrivable).HasDefaultValue(true);
        builder.Property(e => e.DateBuilt).HasDefaultValueSql("getdate()");
        builder.Property(e => e.Display)
            .HasComputedColumnSql("[PetName] + ' (' + [Color] + ')'", stored: true);
        CultureInfo provider = new("en-us");
        NumberStyles style = NumberStyles.Number | NumberStyles.AllowCurrencySymbol;
        builder.Property(p => p.Price)
            .HasConversion(v => decimal.Parse(v, style, provider), v => v.ToString("C2"));
        builder.HasOne(d => d.MakeNavigation).WithMany(p => p.Cars).HasForeignKey(d => d.MakeId)
            .OnDelete(DeleteBehavior.ClientSetNull).HasConstraintName("FK_Inventory_Makes_MakeId");
        builder.HasMany(p => p.Drivers).WithMany(p => p.Cars).UsingEntity<CarDriver>(
            j => j.HasOne(cd => cd.DriverNavigation).WithMany(d => d.CarDrivers)
                .HasForeignKey(nameof(CarDriver.DriverId))
                .HasConstraintName("FK_InventoryDriver_Drivers_DriverId")
                .OnDelete(DeleteBehavior.Cascade),
            j => j.HasOne(cd => cd.CarNavigation).WithMany(c => c.CarDrivers)
                .HasForeignKey(nameof(CarDriver.CarId))
                .HasConstraintName("FK_InventoryDriver_Inventory_InventoryId")
                .OnDelete(DeleteBehavior.ClientCascade),
            j => { j.HasKey(x => x.Id);
                j.HasIndex(cd => new { cd.CarId, cd.DriverId }).IsUnique(true);
            });
    }
}
```

- Add the [EntityTypeConfiguration] attribute to the Car class:

```
[Table("Inventory", Schema = "dbo")]
[Index(nameof(MakeId), Name = "IX_Inventory_MakeId")]
[EntityTypeConfiguration(typeof(CarConfiguration))]
public class Car : BaseEntity
{
    //omitted for brevity
}
```

## Step 2: Configure the CarDriver Entity

- Add a new class named CarDriverConfiguration in the Configuration folder and update it to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities.Configuration;

public class CarDriverConfiguration : IEntityTypeConfiguration<CarDriver>
{
    public void Configure(EntityTypeBuilder<CarDriver> builder)
    {
        builder.Property(e => e.TimeStamp).HasConversion<byte[]>();
        builder.ToTable( b => b.IsTemporal(t =>
        {
            t.HasPeriodEnd("ValidTo");
            t.HasPeriodStart("ValidFrom");
            t.UseHistoryTable("InventoryToDriversAudit");
        }));
        builder.HasQueryFilter(cd => cd.CarNavigation.IsDrivable);
    }
}
```

- Add the [EntityTypeConfiguration] attribute to the CarDriver class:

```
[Table("InventoryToDrivers", Schema = "dbo")]
[EntityTypeConfiguration(typeof(CarDriverConfiguration))]
public class CarDriver : BaseEntity
{
    //omitted for brevity
}
```

### Step 3: Configure the CreditRisk Entity

- Add a new class named `CreditRiskConfiguration` in the `Configuration` folder and update it to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities.Configuration;

public class CreditRiskConfiguration : IEntityTypeConfiguration<CreditRisk>
{
    public void Configure(EntityTypeBuilder<CreditRisk> builder)
    {
        builder.Property(e => e.TimeStamp).HasConversion<byte[]>();
        builder.ToTable(b => b.IsTemporal(t =>
        {
            t.HasPeriodEnd("ValidTo");
            t.HasPeriodStart("ValidFrom");
            t.UseHistoryTable("CreditRiskAudit");
        }));
        builder.HasOne(d => d.CustomerNavigation)
            .WithMany(p => p.CreditRisks)
            .HasForeignKey(d => d.CustomerId)
            .HasConstraintName("FK_CreditRisks_Customers");
        builder.ComplexProperty(o => o.PersonInformation,
            pd =>
            {
                pd.Property<string>(nameof(Person.FirstName))
                    .HasColumnName(nameof(Person.FirstName))
                    .HasColumnType("nvarchar(50)");
                pd.Property<string>(nameof(Person.LastName))
                    .HasColumnName(nameof(Person.LastName))
                    .HasColumnType("nvarchar(50)");
                pd.Property(p => p.FullName)
                    .HasColumnName(nameof(Person.FullName))
                    .HasComputedColumnSql("[LastName] + ' ' + [FirstName]");
                pd.IsRequired(true);
            });
    }
}
```

- Add the `[EntityTypeConfiguration]` attribute to the `CreditRisk` class:

```
[Table("CreditRisks", Schema = "dbo")]
[Index(nameof(CustomerId), Name = "IX_CreditRisks_CustomerId")]
[EntityTypeConfiguration(typeof(CreditRiskConfiguration))]
public class CreditRisk : BaseEntity
{
    //omitted for brevity
}
```

## Step 4: Configure the Customer Entity

- Add a new class named CustomerConfiguration in the Configuration folder and update it to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities.Configuration;

public class CustomerConfiguration : IEntityTypeConfiguration<Customer>
{
    public void Configure(EntityTypeBuilder<Customer> builder)
    {
        builder.Property(e => e.TimeStamp).HasConversion<byte[]>();
        builder.ToTable(b => b.IsTemporal(t =>
        {
            t.HasPeriodEnd("ValidTo");
            t.HasPeriodStart("ValidFrom");
            t.UseHistoryTable("CustomerAudit");
        }));
        builder.ComplexProperty(o => o.PersonInformation,
            pd =>
            {
                pd.Property<string>(nameof(Person.FirstName))
                    .HasColumnName(nameof(Person.FirstName))
                    .HasColumnType("nvarchar(50)");
                pd.Property<string>(nameof(Person.LastName))
                    .HasColumnName(nameof(Person.LastName))
                    .HasColumnType("nvarchar(50)");
                pd.Property(p => p.FullName)
                    .HasColumnName(nameof(Person.FullName))
                    .HasComputedColumnSql("[LastName] + ', ' + [FirstName]");
                pd.IsRequired(true);
            });
    }
}
```

- Add the [EntityTypeConfiguration] attribute to the Customer class:

```
[Table("Customers", Schema = "dbo")]
[EntityTypeConfiguration(typeof(CustomerConfiguration))]
public class Customer : BaseEntity
{
    //omitted for brevity
}
```

## Step 5: Configure the Driver Entity

- Add a new class named `DriverConfiguration` in the `Configuration` folder and update it to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities.Configuration;

public class DriverConfiguration : IEntityTypeConfiguration<Driver>
{
    public void Configure(EntityTypeBuilder<Driver> builder)
    {
        builder.Property(e => e.TimeStamp).HasConversion<byte[]>();
        builder.ToTable(b => b.IsTemporal(t =>
        {
            t.HasPeriodEnd("ValidTo");
            t.HasPeriodStart("ValidFrom");
            t.UseHistoryTable("DriverAudit");
        }));
        builder.ComplexProperty(o => o.PersonInformation,
            pd =>
            {
                pd.Property<string>(nameof(Person.FirstName))
                    .HasColumnName(nameof(Person.FirstName))
                    .HasColumnType("nvarchar(50)");
                pd.Property<string>(nameof(Person.LastName))
                    .HasColumnName(nameof(Person.LastName))
                    .HasColumnType("nvarchar(50)");
                pd.Property(p => p.FullName)
                    .HasColumnName(nameof(Person.FullName))
                    .HasComputedColumnSql("[LastName] + ', ' + [FirstName]");
                pd.IsRequired(true);
            });
    }
}
```

- Add the `[EntityTypeConfiguration]` attribute to the `Driver` class:

```
[Table("Drivers", Schema = "dbo")]
[EntityTypeConfiguration(typeof(DriverConfiguration))]
public class Driver : BaseEntity
{
    //omitted for brevity
}
```

## Step 6: Configure the Make Entity

- Add a new class named MakeConfiguration in the Configuration folder and update it to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities.Configuration;
public class MakeConfiguration : IEntityTypeConfiguration<Make>
{
    public void Configure(EntityTypeBuilder<Make> builder)
    {
        builder.Property(e => e.TimeStamp).HasConversion<byte[]>();
        builder.ToTable( b => b.IsTemporal(t =>
        {
            t.HasPeriodEnd("ValidTo");
            t.HasPeriodStart("ValidFrom");
            t.UseHistoryTable("MakesAudit");
        }));
    }
}
```

- Add the [EntityTypeConfiguration] attribute to the Make class:

```
[Table("Makes", Schema = "dbo")]
[EntityTypeConfiguration(typeof(MakeConfiguration))]
public class Make : BaseEntity
{
    //omitted for brevity
}
```

## Step 7: Configure the Order Entity

- Add a new class named OrderConfiguration in the Configuration folder and update it to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities.Configuration;
public class OrderConfiguration : IEntityTypeConfiguration<Order>
{
    public void Configure(EntityTypeBuilder<Order> builder)
    {
        builder.Property(e => e.TimeStamp).HasConversion<byte[]>();
        builder.ToTable( b => b.IsTemporal(t =>
        {
            t.HasPeriodEnd("ValidTo");
            t.HasPeriodStart("ValidFrom");
            t.UseHistoryTable("OrdersAudit");
        }));
        builder.HasIndex(cr => new { cr.CustomerId, cr.CarId }).IsUnique(true);
        builder.HasQueryFilter(e => e.CarNavigation!.IsDrivable);
        builder.HasOne(d => d.CarNavigation).WithMany(p => p.Orders)
            .HasForeignKey(d => d.CarId)
            .OnDelete(DeleteBehavior.ClientSetNull)
            .HasConstraintName("FK_Orders_Inventory");
        builder.HasOne(d => d.CustomerNavigation).WithMany(p => p.Orders)
            .HasForeignKey(d => d.CustomerId)
            .HasConstraintName("FK_Orders_Customers");
    }
}
```

- Add the [EntityTypeConfiguration] attribute to the Order class:

```
[Table("Orders", Schema = "dbo")]
[Index(nameof(CarId), Name = "IX_Orders_CarId")]
[Index(nameof(CustomerId), nameof(CarId), Name = "IX_Orders_CustomerId_CarId", IsUnique = true)]
[EntityTypeConfiguration(typeof(OrderConfiguration))]
public class Order : BaseEntity
{
    //omitted for brevity
}
```

## Step 8: Configure the Radio Entity

- Add a new class named RadioConfiguration in the Configuration folder and update it to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities.Configuration;
```

```
public class RadioConfiguration : IEntityTypeConfiguration<Radio>
{
    public void Configure(EntityTypeBuilder<Radio> builder)
    {
        builder.Property(e => e.TimeStamp).HasConversion<byte[]>();
        builder.ToTable( b => b.IsTemporal(t =>
        {
            t.HasPeriodEnd("ValidTo");
            t.HasPeriodStart("ValidFrom");
            t.UseHistoryTable("RadiosAudit");
        }));
        builder.HasIndex(e => e.CarId, "IX_Radios_CarId").IsUnique();
        builder.HasQueryFilter(e => e.CarNavigation.IsDrivable);
        builder.HasOne(d => d.CarNavigation).WithOne(p => p.RadioNavigation)
            .HasForeignKey<Radio>(d => d.CarId);
    }
}
```

- Add the [EntityTypeConfiguration] attribute to the Radio class:

```
[Table("Radios", Schema = "dbo")]
[EntityTypeConfiguration(typeof(RadioConfiguration))]
public class Radio : BaseEntity
{
    //omitted for brevity
}
```

## Step 9: Configure the SeriLogEntry Entity

- Add a new class named SeriLogEntryConfiguration in the Configuration folder and update it to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.Entities.Configuration;

public class SeriLogEntryConfiguration : IEntityTypeConfiguration<SeriLogEntry>
{
    public void Configure(EntityTypeBuilder<SeriLogEntry> builder)
    {
        builder.Property(e => e.Properties).HasColumnType("Xml");
        builder.Property(e => e.TimeStamp).HasDefaultValueSql("GetDate()");
        builder.Property(p => p.LineNumber).HasDefaultValue(0).HasSentinel(-1);
    }
}
```

- Add the [EntityTypeConfiguration] attribute to the SeriLog class:

```
[Table("SeriLogs", Schema = "Logging")]
[EntityTypeConfiguration(typeof(SeriLogEntryConfiguration))]
public class SeriLogEntry
{
    //omitted for brevity
}
```

## Part 5: Create the ViewModels in AutoLot.Models

There are two ViewModels used by the applications.

- Create a new folder named ViewModels under the AutoLot.Dal project folder. Add another folder named Configuration under the ViewModels folder.

### Step 1: Create and Configure the CarViewModel

- Add a new class named CarViewModel.cs into the ViewModels folder and update the code for the class to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.ViewModels;

[Keyless]
[EntityTypeConfiguration(typeof(CarViewModelConfiguration))]
public class CarViewModel
{
    public int Id { get; set; }
    public bool IsDrivable { get; set; }
    public DateTime? DateBuilt { get; set; }
    public string Price { get; set; }
    public int MakeId { get; set; }
    public string Color { get; set; } = string.Empty;
    public string PetName { get; set; } = string.Empty;
}
```



- Add a new class named `CarViewModelConfiguration.cs` into the Configuration folder. Update the code for the class to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.ViewModels.Configuration;

public class CarViewModelConfiguration : IEntityTypeConfiguration<CarViewModel>
{
    public void Configure(EntityTypeBuilder<CarViewModel> builder)
    {
        builder.HasNoKey();
        builder.ToTable(t => t.ExcludeFromMigrations());
        CultureInfo provider = new("en-us");
        NumberStyles style = NumberStyles.Number | NumberStyles.AllowCurrencySymbol;
        builder.Property(p => p.Price)
            .HasConversion(
                v => decimal.Parse(v, style, provider),
                v => v.ToString("C2"));
    }
}
```

- Add the `[EntityTypeConfiguration]` attribute to the class:

```
[Keyless]
[EntityTypeConfiguration(typeof(CarViewModelConfiguration))]
public class CarViewModel
{
    {
        //omitted for brevity
    }
}
```

- Add the following to the `GlobalUsings.cs` file:

```
global using AutoLot.Models.ViewModels;
global using AutoLot.Models.ViewModels.Configuration;
```

## Step 2: Create and Configure the CustomerOrderViewModel

- Add a new class named `CustomerOrderViewModel.cs` and update the code for the class to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.ViewModels;

[Keyless]
public partial class CustomerOrderViewModel
{
    [Required,StringLength(50)]
    public string FirstName { get; set; }
    [Required,StringLength(50)]
    public string LastName { get; set; }
    [Required,StringLength(50)]
    public string Color { get; set; }
    [Required,StringLength(50)]
    public string PetName { get; set; }
    [Required,StringLength(50)]
    public string Make { get; set; }
    public bool? IsDrivable { get; set; }
    public string Display { get; set; }
    public string Price { get; set; }
    public DateTime? DateBuilt { get; set; }
    [NotMapped]
    public string FullDetail => $"{FirstName} {LastName} ordered a {Color} {Make} named {PetName}";
    public override string ToString() => FullDetail;
}
```

- Add a new folder named `Configuration` under the `ViewModels` folder. In that folder add a new class named `CustomerOrderViewModelConfiguration.cs` and update the code for the class to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.ViewModels.Configuration;

public class CustomerOrderViewModelConfiguration :
    IEntityTypeConfiguration<CustomerOrderViewModel>
{
    public void Configure(EntityTypeBuilder<CustomerOrderViewModel> builder)
    {
        builder.HasNoKey();
        builder.ToView("CustomerOrderView");
        CultureInfo provider = new("en-us");
        NumberStyles style = NumberStyles.Number | NumberStyles.AllowCurrencySymbol;
        builder.Property(p => p.Price)
            .HasConversion(
                v => decimal.Parse(v, style, provider),
                v => v.ToString("C2"));
    }
}
```

- Add the [EntityTypeConfiguration] attribute to the class:

```
[Keyless]
[EntityTypeConfiguration(typeof(CustomerOrderViewModelConfiguration))]
public partial class CustomerOrderViewModel
{
    //omitted for brevity
}
```

## Step 2: Create the TemporalViewModel Class

This class is used when querying temporal tables and does not exist in the database.

- Add a new class named TemporalViewModel.cs and update the code to the following:

```
namespace AutoLot.Models.ViewModels;

public class TemporalViewModel<T> where T: BaseEntity, new()
{
    public T Entity { get; set; }
    public DateTime ValidFrom { get; set; }
    public DateTime ValidTo { get; set; }
}
```

## Summary

In this lab, you created the Models (Entities) and the ViewModels for the applications.

## Next steps

In the next part of this tutorial series, you will create the DbContext, DbContextFactory, and run your first migration.