Practical Malware Development

x33fcon 2024

Whoami

- Senior Security Engineer at Praetorian
 - ➤ Previously on the Red Team as Operator
 - Operator first, Developer second
 - Member of Labs team
 - Build tools to identify <u>material risk</u> for our clients
 - ➤ We are hiring!
- Occasionally publish/blog/tweet about malware and security

Workshop Goals

20% effort 80% results

- Pareto Principle
 - > Teach you the stuff you ACTUALLY need to know
- Give you enough information to:
 - > Prepare, understand, debug your payload
 - > Understand how EDRs detect malware
- Host and deliver payloads
- Explain payload technical details to the Blue Team

(Provide you with resources to do further exploration)

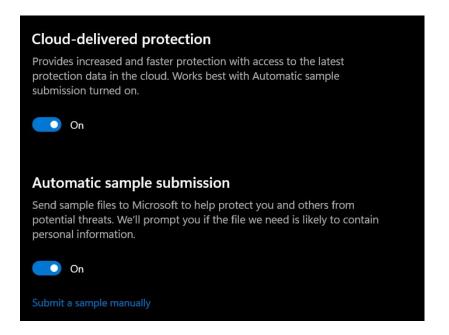
Agenda

```
I. Setup
 II. PE Properties
III. DLL Hijacking
IV. Shellcode Loaders
     V. Delivery
     VI. CI/CD
  VII. EDR Stuff
```

Section 1 - Setup

Malware Development Environment

- Base operating system Windows
 - Run within hypervisor with limited network connectivity
 - > Disable Windows Defender
- ❖ IDE Visual Studio 2022
- ❖ Compiler MSVC
- Debugging and Reversing
 - > Procmon, Ghidra, PE Bear
- Feel free to use whatever you are comfortable with
 - The toolset used today was selected for ease of setup



Exercise 1 - Environment Setup

<u>Solution 1</u> -Environment Setup

OutputDebugString

- Easy way to capture output from payload
- NDEBUG macro defined only in Debug mode

```
- Debug → x64 → ▶ Local Windows Debugger →
```

```
#pragma once
               #include <Windows.h>
             v#ifdef NDEBUG
               void DPRINT(LPCWSTR str, auto... args)
             v#else
             void DPRINT(LPCWSTR str, auto... args)
      10
      11
                    wchar_t buf[512]{ 0 };
                    int len = wsprintfW(buf, str, args...);
      12
                    if (len >= 0)
      13
      14
                         OutputDebugStringW(buf);
      16
      17
               #endif
      18
[Capture Win32] - DebugView++
   Log View Options Help
                                                                                Next
                       PID Process
     Line
                                            Make sure you can see me in Debug View++!
                           setup.exe
             0.048538
                      25908 setup.exe
                                            cprocess started at 17:01:31.561 has terminated with exit code 0>
```

Section 2 - PE Properties

Investigating PE Properties

- pefile Python module for working with PEs
- pe bear Explore PE with nice GUI
- dumpbin Binary File Dumper CLI tool

Extracting and Selecting Features

We wanted to detect Windows executable malware so we started by experimenting with <u>pefile</u> which is a library for parsing Portable Executables. It gave us a good number of features. For example, this is the output of analyzing <u>kernel32.dll</u>.

We scanned each file to produce a large set of *raw* features. Some features had values which were strings, such as section names (.text, CODE, .bss, etc.), while others were either a floating point number (entropy), or were binary (O or 1).

https://www.sentinelone.com/blog/detecting-malware-pre-execution-static-analysis-machine-learning/

pefile wrapper

- scripts\props.py
- Dumps out all the information we'll cover in the next slides
- Can be used to check your deliverables

```
if __name__ == "__main__":
   if len(sys.argv) != 2:
       print(f"Usage: {sys.argv[0]} <PE File>")
       sys.exit(1)
   pe = PEHelper(sys.argv[1])
   information = {
       "PE Type": pe.is what(),
       "PE Size": (lambda: f"{len(pe.pe.__data__) / 1000 } KB")(),
       "Architecture": pe.arch(),
       "Total Entropy": pe.entropy(),
       "MD5 hash": pe.md5(),
       "SHA256 hash": pe.sha256(),
       "Timestamp": pe.timestamp(),
       "Debug Symbols": (lambda x: ",".join(x) if x else "")(pe.symbols()),
       "Sections": pe.sections(),
       "Imports": pe.imports(),
       "Exports": pe.exports(),
```

Sections

- Contain either code or data
- Can be explicitly declared
- Some sections have a special meaning
 - > .pdata/.idata/.reloc/.t
 ext and more...
- Sections can be given characteristics through a set of flags

Name		Raw Addr.	Raw size	Virtual Addr.	Virtual Size	Characteristics
>	.textbss	0	0	1000	10000	E00000A0
>	.text	400	8000	11000	7E2F	60000020
>	.rdata	8400	2E00	19000	2D9E	40000040
>	.data	B200	200	1C000	940	C0000040
>	.pdata	B400	2200	1D000	2160	40000040
>	.idata	D600	1000	20000	FB8	40000040
>	.msvcjmc	E600	200	21000	1C1	C0000040
>	.00cfg	E800	200	22000	175	40000040
>	.rsrc	EA00	600	23000	43C	40000040
>	.reloc	F000	400	24000	264	42000040

```
SECTION HEADER #5
.pdata name
2160 virtual size
1D000 virtual address (000000014001D000 to 000000014001F15F)
2200 size of raw data
B400 file pointer to raw data (0000B400 to 0000D5FF)
0 file pointer to relocation table
0 file pointer to line numbers
0 number of relocations
0 number of line numbers
40000040 flags
Initialized Data
Read Only

Summary
3000 .pdata
```

dumpbin /SECTION:.pdata setup.exe

Import Address Table

- Stored in .idata section
- Array of pointers populated with addresses of imported functions
- If the loader doesn't find a match when parsing the IAT, it will abort

- Import Hashing
 - Used to track malware families
- Looked at for static analysis

https://cloud.google.com/blog/topics/threat-intel ligence/tracking-malware-import-hashing/

```
File Type: EXECUTABLE IMAGE
  Section contains the following imports:
    KERNEL32.dll
             140020000 Import Address Table
             140020460 Import Name Table
                     0 time date stamp
                     O Index of first forwarder reference
                         43A OutputDebugStringW
                         3A0 IsDebuggerPresent
                         487 RaiseException
                         412 MultiByteToWideChar
                         637 WideCharToMultiByte
                         4F5 RtlCaptureContext
                         4FD RtlLookupFunctionEntry
                         504 RtlVirtualUnwind
                         5E6 UnhandledExceptionFilter
                         5A4 SetUnhandledExceptionFilter
                         232 GetCurrentProcess
                         5C4 TerminateProcess
                         2CD GetProcAddress
                         1C5 FreeLibrary
                         607 VirtualOuerv
                         2D4 GetProcessHeap
                         370 HeapFree
                         36C HeapAlloc
                         27D GetLastError
                         295 GetModuleHandleW
                         2F1 GetStartupInfoW
                         38A InitializeSListHead
                         30A GetSystemTimeAsFileTime
                         233 GetCurrentProcessId
                         470 QueryPerformanceCounter
                         3A8 IsProcessorFeaturePresent
                         237 GetCurrentThreadId
    USER32.dll
             140020158 Import Address Table
             1400205B8 Import Name Table
                     0 time date stamp
                     O Index of first forwarder reference
                         3F7 wsprintfW
```

dumpbin /IMPORTS setup.exe

What gets imported?

• If we use MessageBoxW

 We can find what DLL implements this by searching msdn

• Checking our IAT again:

USER32.dll 140002088 Import Address Table 140002A78 Import Name Table 0 time date stamp 0 Index of first forwarder reference

MessageBoxW(nullptr, L"Hello, World!", L"Hello, World!", MB_OK);

Requirements Expand table Requirement Value Minimum supported client Windows 2000 Professional [desktop apps only] Minimum supported server Windows 2000 Server [desktop apps only] Target Platform Windows Header winuser.h (include Windows.h) User32.lib Library DLL User32.dll

https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32
/api/winuser/nf-winuser-messageboxw

ext-ms-win-ntuser-dialogbox-I1-1-0 (introduced in Windows 8)

API set

dumpbin /IMPORTS template.exe

Dynamic API Resolution

- Define a new type based on the type of MessageBoxW
- Load User32.dll into our process
 - a. Not a dependency
 - Not guaranteed to be loaded
- Cast the address of MessageBoxW to our defined type

```
typedef decltype(&MessageBoxW) type_MessageBoxW;
```

```
auto func_MessageBoxW = reinterpret_cast<type_MessageBoxW>(
    GetProcAddress(LoadLibraryW(L"USER32.DLL"), "MessageBoxW")
);
```

```
Call it
```

```
func_MessageBoxW(nullptr, L"Hello, World!", L"Hello, World!", MB_OK);
```

CRT - C runtime

- You can link a PE to the CRT
- However, the target runtime <u>is</u> not <u>guaranteed</u> to be installed on the target machine
- You do not want this as a dependency in your final deliverable
- Configurable compiler option

_	·	
Runtime Library	Multi-threaded DLL (/MD)	~
Scan Sources for Module Dependencie	Multi-threaded (/MT)	
SDL checks	Multi-threaded Debug (/MTd)	
Security Check	Multi-threaded DLL (/MD)	
Show Includes	Multi-threaded Debug DLL (/MDd)	

```
C:\dev\major\red2\PMD>python scripts\props.py x64\Release
PE Type:
PE Size:
                10.752 KB
                x64_86
Architecture:
Total Entropy:
                4.6268956806167365
MD5 hash:
                b44ae9be4501f585d4c6a12e9d833595
SHA256 hash:
                f17aece2ed455e9a86ce4c6c4dcf467c396b240
Timestamp:
                2024-06-11 00:14:47
Debug Symbols: C:\dev\major\red2\PMD\x64\Release\setup
Sections:
        .text:
                Raw Size:
                                3584
                Entropy:
                                5.73015860595214
        .rdata:
                Raw Size:
                                4096
                Entropy:
                                3.9340577682984588
        .data:
                Raw Size:
                                512
                Entropy:
                                0.44440530617738494
        .pdata:
                Raw Size:
                                512
                Entropy:
                                2.726153776255406
        .rsrc:
                Raw Size:
                                512
                Entropy:
                                4.696122618599126
        .reloc:
                Raw Size:
                Entropy:
                                P. 731227137934972
Imports:
        vcruntime140.dll:
                __current_exception_context
                current exception
                __C_specific_handler
                memset
                memcov
        api-ms-win-crt-runtime-ll-1-0.dll:
                terminate
```

Export Address Table

- Stored in .edata
- Contains

- nal hint RVA name

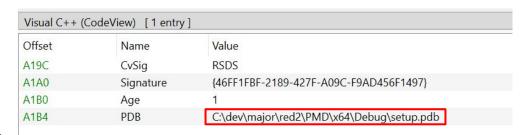
 1 0 AcquireSRWLockExclusive (forwarded to NTDLL.RtlAcquireSRWLockExclusive)
 2 1 AcquireSRWLockShared (forwarded to NTDLL.RtlAcquireSRWLockShared)
 3 2 00018A90 ActivateActCtx
 4 3 00014750 ActivateActCtxWorker
 5 4 00021280 ActivatePackageVirtualizationContext
 6 5 0005A9E0 AddAtomA
- > exported table of function names
- > entry point addresses
 - Export RVA Relative address of symbol when loaded
 - Forwarder RVA e.g. DLLNAME.funcname

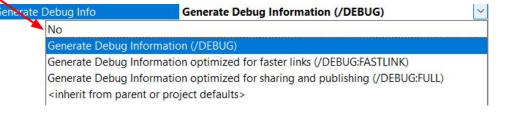
```
extern "C" __declspec(dllexport)
void MyDllExport() {}

1  0 00001000 MyDllExport = MyDllExport
```

Debug Information

- Leaving debug information may often reveal that this is a red team
 - E.g. path contains your full name or other dead giveaway information
 - Luckily, can be disabled
 with compiler option
- Both properties can be edited





Entropy

- Measure of randomness
- Encryption/Compression naturally increases entropy
- Good indicator of whether something is "packed"
- EDRs will look at both:
 - individual sections (and the size of the section)
 - > overall executable
- E.g. a high entropy AND large section may be a good indicator of something suspicious

```
PE Type:
                dll
                2187.272 KB
PE Size:
Architecture:
                x64_86
Total Entropy:
                6.203121583133952
MD5 hash:
                44cd348eef9c73d7a9f86cf725937833
SHA256 hash:
                5a104a1f2d8499d5c7844b553d40947702a36b0
Timestamp:
                2047-12-29 01:34:44
Debug Symbols: ntdll.pdb
Sections:
        .text:
                Raw Size:
                                 1236992
                Entropy:
                                 6.546398445743856
        PAGE:
                Raw Size:
                                 4096
                Entropy:
                                 3.0632646308414815
        RT:
                Raw Size:
                                 4096
                Entropy:
                                 1.1440215894783685
        fothk:
                Raw Size:
                                 4096
                                 0.016408464515625623
                Entropy:
        .rdata:
                Raw Size:
                                 319488
                Entropy:
                                 6.15369167752218
        .data:
                Raw Size:
                                 16384
                Entropy:
                                 4.7095172791579545
        .pdata:
                Raw Size:
                                 61440
                Entropy:
                                 6.090409011565172
```

File Size

- EDRs and AV scanners often place a limit on the maximum file size they will scan
 - ➤ Larger => Takes longer to scan
 - > Thus causes a slow, unusable system
- Sandboxes may also limit file sizes or restrict access behind a paywall
- ❖ If done right, PITA for malware analysts

- Leverage a language that compiles to large binary sizes
 - ➤ E.g. rust, golang
- Or store garbage content in your sections

❖ Network bandwidth is no longer an issue for most orgs

Exercise 2 - Understanding PE Properties

Solution 2 -Understanding PE Properties

Compile Time API Hashing Library

- ❖ Requires C++20
- No strings of function names
- ♦ Header only
- No CRT dependencies
- Compile time hashes
 - Update hashing algorithm quickly
- Nice helper macros for
 - ➤ Invocation API()()
 - Easy to define new
 DLLs/functions

```
vint entry(const PPEB peb) {
    auto status = initialize_api_hashing();

API(MessageBoxW, USER32)(nullptr, L"Hello, World!",
    L"Hello, World!", MB_OK);

return 0;
}
```

Exercise 3 - Compile Time API Hashing

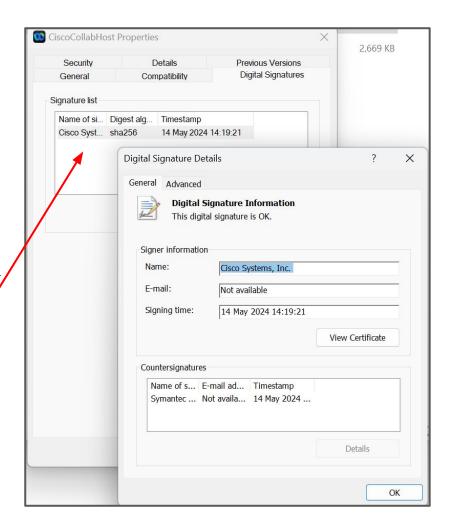
Solution 3 -Compile Time API Hashing

Section 3 - DLL Hijacking

Why?

- Can bundle for Initial Access
- Run our code within signed process
- Face less scrutiny by EDR

- Can leverage software provider for lure
- Uneducated malware analysts may misinterpret alert and give you a free pass



DLL Search Order

If vulnerable, place the notional DLL in the directory!

- Functionality exported by DLLs are either required at:
 - ➤ Link Time in the IAT
 - > Runtime with LoadLibrary...
- Windows loader will load each DLL referenced in the import table
 - > First check whether present in memory
 - > Or known DLL (pre-loaded at startup)
 - Else probe each location in search sequence until DLL is found OR fail

Application Directory

C:\Windows\System32

C:\Windows\System

C:\Windows

Current Directory at Launch

%PATH% Directories

DLL Search Order in Action

Time o	Process Name	PID Operation	Path	Result	Detail
10:29:3 1	imsteams.exe	18868 🗳 Load Image	C:\dev\msteams.exe	SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7ff7d51e0000, Image Size: 0x123
10:29:3	msteams.exe	18868 📽 Load Image	C:\Windows\System32\ntdll.dll	SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7ffa491b0000, Image Size: 0x217
10:29:3	msteams.exe	18868 🥁 CreateFile	C:\tmp	SUCCESS	Desired Access: Execute/Traverse, Synchronize,
10:29:3 1	msteams.exe	18868 CLoad Image	C:\Windows\System32\kernel32.dll	SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7ffa48bd0000, Image Size: 0xc400
10:29:3	msteams.exe	18868 🗳 Load Image	C:\Windows\System32\KernelBase.dll	SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7ffa46970000, Image Size: 0x3a7
10:29:3	msteams.exe	18868 🦱 CreateFile	C:\dev\sqlite3.dll	NAME NOT FOU	ND Desired Access: Read Attributes, Disposition: Ope.
10:29:3	msteams.exe	18868 🕰 Load Image	C:\Windows\System32\shlwapi.dll	SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7ffa482e0000, Image Size: 0x5e00
10:29:3	msteams.exe	18868 🦐 CreateFile	C:\dev\WININET.dll	NAME NOT FOU	ND Desired Access: Read Attributes, Disposition: Ope.
10:29:3]	msteams.exe	18868 📽 Load Image	C:\Windows\System32\msvcrt.dll	SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7ffa48ca0000, Image Size: 0xa700
10:29:3	msteams.exe	18868 📽 Load Image	C:\Windows\System32\user32.dll	SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7ffa48500000, Image Size: 0x1ae
10:29:3	msteams.exe	18868 🦐 CreateFile	C:\dev\boost_log-vc142-mt-x64-1_84.dll	NAME NOT FOU	ND Desired Access: Read Attributes, Disposition: Ope.
10:29:3	msteams.exe	18868 🦐 CreateFile	C:\Windows\System32\sqlite3.dll	NAME NOT FOU	ND Desired Access: Read Attributes, Disposition: Ope.
10:29:3	msteams.exe	18868 🦐 CreateFile	C:\Windows\System\sqlite3.dll	NAME NOT FOU	ND Desired Access: Read Attributes, Disposition: Ope.
10:29:3	msteams.exe	18868 📽 Load Image	C:\Windows\System32\win32u.dll	SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7ffa46dc0000, Image Size: 0x2600
	msteams.exe	18868 🐂 CreateFile	C:\Windows\sqlite3.dll		ND Desired Access: Read Attributes, Disposition: Ope.
10:29:3	msteams.exe	18868 🦐 CreateFile	C:\Windows\System32\wininet.dll	SUCCESS	Desired Access: Read Attributes, Disposition: Ope.
_	msteams.exe	18868 🥁 CreateFile	C:\tmp\sqlite3.dll		ND Desired Access: Read Attributes, Disposition: Ope.
10:29:3	msteams.exe	18868 📽 Load Image	C:\Windows\System32\gdi32.dll	SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7ffa484d0000, Image Size: 0x2900
Control of the Contro	msteams.exe	18868 📻 CreateFile	C:\Program Files\PowerShell\7\sqlite3.dll		ND Desired Access: Read Attributes, Disposition: Ope.
-	msteams.exe	18868 🥁 CreateFile	C:\Program Files\Common Files\Oracle\Java\javapath_target_19583250\sqlite3.dll	REPARSE	Desired Access: Read Attributes, Disposition: Ope.
10:29:3 Ţ	msteams.exe	18868 📽 Load Image	C:\Windows\System32\gdi32full.dll	SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7ffa466b0000, Image Size: 0x119
	msteams.exe	18868 📻 CreateFile	C:\Windows\System32\boost_log-vc142-mt-x64-1_84.dll	NAME NOT FOU	ND Desired Access: Read Attributes, Disposition: Ope.
The state of the s	msteams.exe	18868 📻 CreateFile	C:\Program Files\Common Files\Oracle\Java\javapath_target_19583250\sqlite3.dll		ND Desired Access: Read Attributes, Disposition: Ope.
	msteams.exe	18868 📻 CreateFile	C:\Windows\System32\wininet.dll	SUCCESS	Desired Access: Read Data/List Directory, Execut
10:29:3 1	msteams.exe	18868 📽 Load Image	C:\Windows\System32\msvcp_win.dll	SUCCESS	Image Base: 0x7ffa46d20000, Image Size: 0x9a00

Operation Path Load Image C:\dev\msteams exe Load Image C:\Windows\System32\ntdll.dll Path Load Image C:\Windows\System32\kernel32.dll C:\Program Files\Common Files\Oracle\Java\javapath Load Image C:\Windows\System32\KernelBase.dll Load Image C:\Windows\System32\shlwapi.dll C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Oracle\Java\java8path Load Image C:\Windows\System32\msvcrt.dll C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Oracle\Java\javapath Load Image C:\Windows\System32\user32.dll Load Image C:\Windows\System32\win32u.dll C:\Python311\Scripts\ Load Image C:\Windows\System32\gdi32.dll C:\Python311\ Load Image C:\Windows\System32\gdi32full.dll Load Image C:\Windows\System32\msvcp win.dll %SystemRoot%\system32 Load Image C:\Windows\System32\wininet.dll %SystemRoot% Load Image C:\Windows\System32\ucrtbase.dll Load Image C:\Windows\System32\advapi32.dll %SystemRoot%\System32\Wbem Load Image C:\Windows\System32\sechost.dll %SYSTEMROOT%\System32\WindowsPowerShell\v1.0\ Load Image C:\Windows\System32\advapi32.dll %SYSTEMROOT%\System32\OpenSSH\ Load Image C:\Windows\System32\bcrypt.dll Load Image C:\Windows\System32\ole32.dll C:\Program Files\Git\cmd Load Image C:\Windows\System32\rpcrt4.dll C:\Program Files\PowerShell\7\ Load Image C:\Windows\System32\combase.dll Load Image C:\Windows\System32\ws2_32.dll C:\Program Files (x86)\Windows Kits\10\Windows Performance Toolkit\ Load Image C:\Windows\System32\shell32.dll C:\Program Files\Docker\Docker\resources\bin Load Image C:\Windows\System32\SHCore.dll Load Image C:\Windows\System32\wintrust.dll C:\ProgramData\chocolatey\bin Load Image C:\Windows\System32\oleaut32.dll C:\Program Files\Go\bin Load Image C:\Windows\Svstem32\IPHLPAPI.DLL Load Image C:\Windows\System32\msvcp140.dll C:\Program Files\Amazon\AWSCLIV2\ Load Image C:\Program Files\Amazon\AWSCLIV2\sqlite3.d# C:\Program Files\Amazon\AWSSAMCLI\bin\ Load Image C:\Windows\System32\mswsock.dll Load Image C:\Windows\System32\ncrypt.dll

Loading DLL from %PATH% directories

Finding DLL Sideloading Opportunities

- Download a lot of software
 - > E.g. printer software or other hardware applications
- Find where it's installed
- Look at the imports/exports of the PEs/DLLs
- Run the signed EXEs in their their own folder
- 4. See what DLLs are required either at link/compile time
 - Leverage ProcMon
 - https://github.com/sadreck/Spartacus
- 5. If interesting, throw it in Ghidra
 - where is the DLL being loaded and why
 - Ensure undesired behaviour is not occuring

What to avoid?

- Avoid sideloading Microsoft binaries:
 - > vcruntime140.dll
 - > version.dll
- Hard for vendors to profile the million of signed software packages and DLLs that they load
- Not following DLL Best Practices
 - https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/win32/dlls/dynamic-link-library-best-practice
 <u>s</u>
 - Can cause instability => crash
- Having too many 3rd party dependencies
 - > No idea what these DLLs are actually doing in the background
 - > May be undesired behaviour (e.g. network requests/file system interaction/process exit)

Exercise 4 - Find and Leverage DLL

and Leverage DLL Hijacking

Solution 4 - Find and Leverage DLL Hijacking

Section 5 - Shellcode Loaders

Storing Shellcode

- ❖ Encode it
- Encrypt it
 - ➤ Hardcode symmetric key
 - Use environment variable as key
 - Requires knowledge upfront
- Store it as:
 - ➢ PE Resource
 - ➤ In PE Sections
 - > Local file
 - > Remote file
- Loader needs to know how to reverse the storage process

Executing Shellcode

- Memory allocation
 - > RWX
 - ➤ Suitable size
- Transfer code execution to shellcode
 - > Create thread
 - > Function pointer
 - ➤ Callback function

Exercise 5 - Shellcode Execution

Solution 5 Shellcode Execution

Exercise 6 Putting it Together

Solution 6 Putting it Together

Section 6 - Delivery

Payload Hosting

- Cloud Storage Blobs
 - Blobs are publicly accessible via DNS
 - Name <company>-it or something that matches_ your pretext
 - > Easy to navigate to, and convincing!
- If public, lack of control into who can download so...
 - ZIP it with a password
 - > Share password with target
- Keep an eye on VirusTotal for your hashes

- Endless opportunities to <u>leverage</u> <u>trusted SaaS infrastructure</u> for payload hosting
 - Ensure you are authorized to do so or you may get in trouble!



CloudFlare Pages

Environmental Keying

- Check environment information & exit if it does not match
- Hostname
- Domain Name
- Username
- IP address
- MAC Address

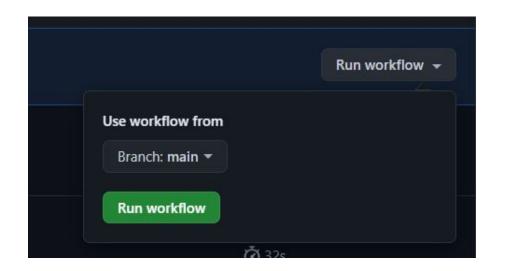
- Hard to get a lot of this information from external without prior knowledge
 - Not impossible...

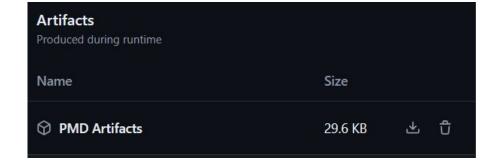
Exercise 7 - Payload Hosting

Section 7 - CI/CD

Why?

- ❖ Save time
 - Automate build process for other operators
 - Compile payloads without developer environment
- Add checks in pipeline for rules etc
 - Any manual work you do with a payload that you can automate, you should automate
- Automatically package payloads ready for delivery





Exercise 8 -Building Payloads with Github Actions

Section 8 - EDR Stuff

Known	Known
Knowns	Unknowns
Unknown	Unknown
Knowns	Unknowns

Telemetry

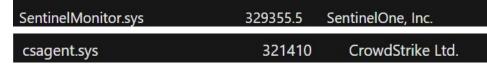
- Kernel Driver
 - ➤ Filesystem/Registry
 - ➤ Image/Process
 - ➤ Network
- Usermode DLL
 - ➤ Hook functions
 - Register callbacks
- ETW
 - > EDR can consume different providers from user mode
 - > Implemented at kernel level

elemetry Feature Category	Sub-Category	Carbon Black	Cortex XDR	CrowdStrike	Cybereason	ESET Inspect	Elastic	Harfanglab	LimaCharlie	MDE
Process Activity	Process Creation			ightharpoons	$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$		$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$
	Process Termination	<u> </u>						×		
	Process Access	$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$		$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$	<u>A</u>	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$			<u>~</u>
	Image/Library Loaded									
	Remote Thread Creation		$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$		~		<u>~</u>			~
	Process Tampering Activity	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		?	×				
File Manipulation	File Creation	~	~	<u>~</u>	~	<u>A</u>	$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$			~
	File Opened		×		×	×			<u> </u>	×
	File Deletion		$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$		$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$		$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	×		✓
	File Modification				×					
	File Renaming		$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$		$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	<u>~</u>		<u> </u>	✓
User Account Activity	Local Account Creation	×	- 8		×		*	- 8	-	
	Local Account Modification	×	*	<u>.</u>	×	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	*	- 8	8	~
	Local Account Deletion	×	*		×		8	- 8	-	
	Account Login	-	$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{c}}$	\checkmark	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$		<u>~</u>
	Account Logoff	-							*	×
Network Activity	TCP Connection	$\overline{\mathbf{c}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{c}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{c}}$	\checkmark	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	$\overline{\mathbf{c}}$	
	UDP Connection					×		-		
	URL	×	×	$\overline{\mathbf{v}}$	×	$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$	<u> </u>	$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$	<u> </u>	
	DNS Query									
	File Downloaded	×	×	<u>~</u>	<u> </u>	A	×	×	<u> </u>	$\overline{\mathbf{V}}$
Hash Algorithms	MD5									
	SHA	✓		~						\checkmark
	IMPHASH	×	×	×	×	×	<u> </u>		×	×
Registry Activity	Key/Value Creation			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>~</u>				$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$
	Key/Value Modification			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>		<u>~</u>		
	Key/Value Deletion	<u>~</u>		×	<u> </u>	<u>~</u>		ightharpoons		$\overline{\mathbf{Z}}$
Schedule Task Activity	Scheduled Task Creation	×	- 8			×	-	- 8	*	
	Scheduled Task Modification	×	· ·			×	*	- 8	*	<u>~</u>
	Scheduled Task Deletion	×	-		X	×	*	-	*	
Service Activity	Service Creation	<u> </u>	*			×	*	-		- 8
	Service Modification	X	8	<u> </u>	X	×	*	- 8		×
	Service Deletion	×	×	×	×	×	*	×	?	×
	Driver Loaded	×								
Driver/Module Activity	Driver Modification	×	×	<u>~</u>	×	×	×	×		×

Kernel Driver

- Filter Driver
 - > Communicates with userland process through filter communication port
 - ➤ Driver intercepts and awaits decision

 Userland process contains detection logic
- PsSet*NotifyRoutine
 - Notifes driver-supplied callback whenever image/thread/process is created/deleted
- WFP Callout/NDIS driver
 - Packet Inspection/Streaming/Modification
- Anti-tampering



https://learn.microsoft.com/en-us/windows-hardware/
drivers/ifs/allocated-altitudes

Usermode DLL

- Injected by EDR Driver into process
- Increased introspection that is not easily achieved in kernel
- ♦ Hook Native (Nt*) API + other functions
 - Capture function arguments
 - Determine whether malicious or not
- Register Instrumentation Callbacks
 - NtSetInformationProcess
 - ➤ ProcessInstrumentationCallback
 - Syscall call stack analysis
- Register userland DLL load notifications
 - ➤ LdrRegisterDllNotification

Unhooking

- Refresh the "section" with an unmodified copy
 - ➤ We can get the unmodified copy:
 - Reading from disk
 - Or from mapping Known DLLs if present there
- EDRs will check if hooks are removed occasionally
 - > Can restore hooks once "malicious" activity is done
- EDRs will STILL have some level of telemetry into your activity as this only deals with the userland

EDR Testing Lab Guidelines

- EDR testing lab
 - ➤ Online
 - Increased confidence on payload success
 - Bypass in lab != Bypass in target environment
 - ➤ Offline
 - Limited analysis
 - less % of burning payload
- Different environments, different EDR configurations
 - ➤ Business > Security
 - ➤ alerts != game over
- If you feel like you've been burnt, change known known stuff they will look for
 - Payload hashes
 - ➤ C2 Infra

Thank You. Any Questions?