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DATE : 04/08/2025 SUBJECT : FULL STACK JAVA

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AIM :
Programs on classes and objects with Looping and Branching

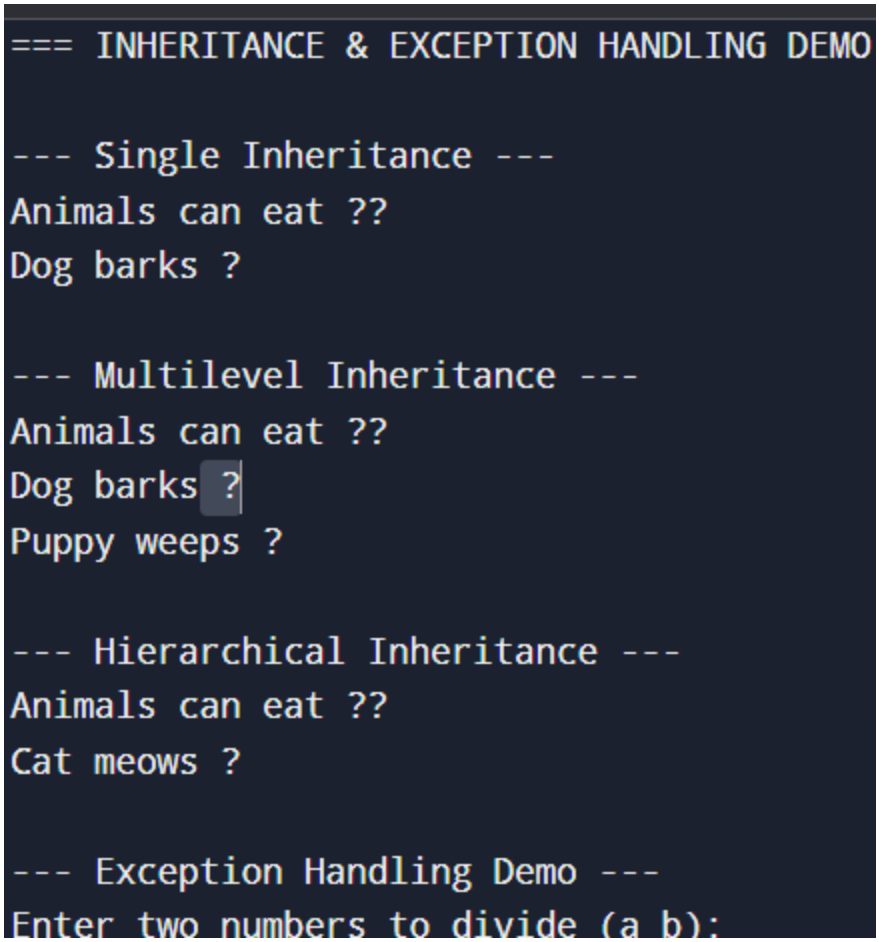
DESCRIPTION :
This program illustrates various types of inheritance (single, multilevel, hierarchical) and handles runtime errors using exception handling in Java.

CODE :

```java
import java.util.*;

// 🔹 Base Class
class Animal {
    void eat() {
        System.out.println("Animals can eat 🍽️");
    }
}

// 🔹 Single Inheritance Example
class Dog extends Animal {
    void bark() {
        System.out.println("Dog barks 🐶");
    }
}

// 🔹 Multilevel Inheritance Example
class Puppy extends Dog {
    void weep() {
        System.out.println("Puppy weeps 🐾");
    }
}

// 🔹 Hierarchical Inheritance Example
class Cat extends Animal {
    void meow() {
        System.out.println("Cat meows 🐱");
    }
}

// 🔹 Main class for Exception Handling + Execution
public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.println("=== INHERITANCE & EXCEPTION HANDLING DEMO ===");
```

```
    // Single Inheritance
    System.out.println("\n--- Single Inheritance ---");
    Dog d = new Dog();
    d.eat();   // from Animal
    d.bark();  // from Dog

    // Multilevel Inheritance
    System.out.println("\n--- Multilevel Inheritance ---");
    Puppy p = new Puppy();
    p.eat();   // from Animal
    p.bark();  // from Dog
    p.weep();  // from Puppy

    // Hierarchical Inheritance
    System.out.println("\n--- Hierarchical Inheritance ---");
    Cat c = new Cat();
    c.eat();   // from Animal
    c.meow();  // from Cat

    // --------------------------
    // EXCEPTION HANDLING SECTION
    // --------------------------
    System.out.println("\n--- Exception Handling Demo ---");
    try {
        System.out.print("Enter two numbers to divide (a b): ");
        int a = sc.nextInt();
        int b = sc.nextInt();

        int result = a / b; // may throw ArithmeticException
        System.out.println("Result: " + result);
    }
    catch (ArithmeticException e) {
        System.out.println("Error: Division by zero is not allowed! ❌");
    }
    catch (InputMismatchException e) {
        System.out.println("Error: Please enter valid integers only! ⚠️");
    }
        finally {
            System.out.println("This block always executes ✅ (End of program)");
        }
    }
}
```

OUTPUT :




CONCLUSION :

This program demonstrates different types of inheritance and exception handling in Java. It shows how inheritance promotes code reusability and how `try-catch-finally` makes programs more reliable and error-free. ✅