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Assignment - 1

- Aim: Write a Java program to showcase classes, object creation methods, constructors using student information.
- Objectives:
 1. To study classes, objects and creation of objects of a class.
 2. To study methods, return a value from the method and pass parameters to the methods.
 3. To study constructors and use of constructors.
 4. To study different access specifiers in Java and their use of encapsulation.

Theory:

Q.1 Define what is class and object with an example.

Ans. A class is a blueprint or template used to create objects. It defines the properties and behaviour that the objects created from it will have.

An object is a real world instance of a class. It represents an actual entity and occupies memory. Objects use the properties and methods defined in the class.

eg. class Student {
 string name;
 int roll no.;

Q.2. We play to use inheritance.
Q.3. Code Koushik?

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```

void display {
    System.out.println("name" + name);
    System.out.println("rollno." + rollno.);
}

public static void main (String [] args) {
    Student s1 = new Student ();
    s1.name = "Aditya";
    s1.rollno. = 101;
    s1.display ();
}
    
```

Here student is the class and s1 is an object of the student class.

Q.2 Give the syntax / format to define methods in a class and give examples for parameter passing and returning a value from methods.

Ans. access-modifier return-type method-name
(parameter-list) {

 // method body
 // statement
 return value

}

access-modifier : public, private, protected

return-type : type of return value.

method-name : name of the method.

parameter-list : inputs passed to the method

return : sends a value back to caller.

eg. Parameter passing

```
class math {
    void add (int a, int b) {
        int sum = a + b
        system.out.println ("sum = " + sum)
    }
}
```

```
public static void main (String[] args) {
    new math obj = new math()
    obj.add (10, 20);
}
```

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2. Method returning a value.

```
class Math {
```

```
    void multiply (int a, int b) {
        return a * b;
    }
}
```

```
public static void main (String[] args) {
    Math obj = new new Math();
    int result = obj.multiply (5, 4);
    system.out.println ("result = " + result);
}
```

Q. Write about the use of constructor with example.

Ans. A constructor in Java is a special method to initialize objects. It is automatically called when an object of a class is created. Constructors are mainly used to assign initial values.

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data members of a ~~class~~ class :

eg. 1. Default Constructor

```
student () {
```

```
    name = "Unknown"
```

```
    roll no. = 0 ;
```

```
}
```

2. Parameterized constructor

```
Employee (String name, int id) {
```

```
    emp = name ;
```

```
    emp.Id = id ;
```

```
}
```

Platform : Open source Java programming tool like
Eclipse Editor / Netbeans

conclusions : Thus studied what are classes object
creation, methods, constructors access
specifiers.

FAQ's :

Q.1) What is a class and object?

A class is a blueprint or template used to
create object. It defines the properties (data
members) and behaviors that the objects will
have.

An object is an instance of a class.
It represents a real world entity occupies
memory. Objects use the variables and methods
defined in the class.