# boop.js Automation API Reference

Version 0.7.2

The boop.js API provides a simple JavaScript interface to interact with your Android app. It makes use of lazily-evaulated view selectors to allow you to efficiently navigate your UI.

The API uses Rhino under the hood so you can access any Android or Java libraries available in your app.

### **View selectors**

"Selectors" can be a view, list of views, a string which corresponds to the text shown by a view or an JavaScript object that matches a number of views.

An object selector can specify one or more attributes:

- text The text displayed on the TextView .
- id The Android ID of the view. Can be specified in its short form (e.g. "password") or its fully namespaced form. (e.g. com.domain.myapp:id/password)
- type The class

Some examples of selectors passed to tap:

- tap('username')
- tap({text: 'username'}) Equilvalent to above
- tap(view('username') Equilvalent to above
- tap(view({text: 'username'})) Equilvalent to above
- tap(topmost('username'))
- tap({id: 'password', type: 'EditText', text: ''}) Finds an empty text field with an id matching \*:id/password.
- tap({id: 'com.domain.myapp:id/password', type: 'EditText', text: ''}) Finds an empty text field with an id matching com.domain.myapp:id/password.

```
topmost(view_selector)
```

Find the view that's the closest to the top, matching view selector.

```
bottommost(view_selector)
```

Find the view that's the closest to the bottom, matching view selector .

```
leftmost(view selector)
```

Find the view that's the closest to the left, matching view selector.

```
rightmost(view_selector)
```

Find the view that's the closest to the right, matching view selector.

```
centermost(view selector)
```

Find the view that's the closest to the center, matching view selector.

```
outermost(view_selector)
```

Find the view that's the furthest from the center, matching view\_selector.

```
location(view_selector)
```

Returns a [x, y] pair of the location of the first selected view on the screen.

```
[ ... ].closest_to(label)
```

Find the view closest to the first view in the view selector given. e.g.

```
views('delete').closest_to('bananas')
```

```
[ ... ].furthest from(label)
```

Find the view furthest frem the first view in the view selector given.

```
view(view_selector)
```

Select the first view matching view selector .

```
views(view_selector)
```

Select all views matching view\_selector.

# **Activity**

```
activity()
```

Get the current activity.

```
content_view()
```

Get the topmost content view visible on the application. This is usually the application view itself, but may be a popup window if one is visible.

```
run on ui thread(fn)
```

Runs the function fn on the UI thread.

```
open_uri(uri)
```

Opens the URI uri using the default system URI handler.

Note that this may take you away from the application. You will be unable to control another application using the API described in this document.

# Interaction

### home()

Simulate a press of the device's "Home" key

# press(key)

Press a key or button on the device. key can be:

- 'enter'
- 'back'
- 'backspace'

# tap(view\_selector)

Tap the center of the selected view.

# open\_drawer(side)

Opens the slide-out drawer on the side given. side defaults to 'start'.

side may be one of:

• 'start' (The left side in a left-to-right environment)

• 'end'

```
close drawer(side)
```

Closes the slide-out drawer on the side given. side defaults to 'start'.

side may be one of:

- 'start' (The left side in a left-to-right environment)
- 'end'

#### visible(view\_selector)

Returns true if view selector represents any visible views, false otherwise.

#### count(view\_selector)

Returns the number of views represented by view\_selector .

#### text(view\_selector)

Returns the text displayed on the first selected view.

### type(view\_selector)

Returns the class of the first selected view.

## id(view\_selector)

Returns the fully namespaced ID of the first selected view. (e.g.

```
'com.domain.myapp:id/password' )
```

### size(view\_selector)

Returns a [width, height] array of the size of first the selected view in pixels.

## wait

## wait(duration)

Wait for the given number of seconds.

```
wait_for(wait_for_fn, options = {timeout: 60})
```

Wait until wait\_for\_fn() is truthy. If wait\_for\_fn is not a function, assumes it is a selector passed to view(). Throws an error after options.timeout seconds.

# **Assertions**

```
assert_true(value)
```

Throw an error if value is not truthy.

```
assert_false(value)
```

Throw an error if value is truthy.

```
assert_equal(a, b)
```

Throw an error if a is not equivalent (!=) to b.

```
assert visible(view selector)
```

Equivalent to assert\_true(visible(view\_selector)).

# **Keyboard**

```
hide_keyboard()
```

Dismiss the soft keyboard if it is showing

```
type_text(text)
```

Simulate typing the characters of text on a connected keyboard.

# **Utilities**

## toast(text)

Show a "Toast" on the screen for a few seconds, showing the text given.

```
screenshot()
```

Take a screenshot and show it in the test report.		