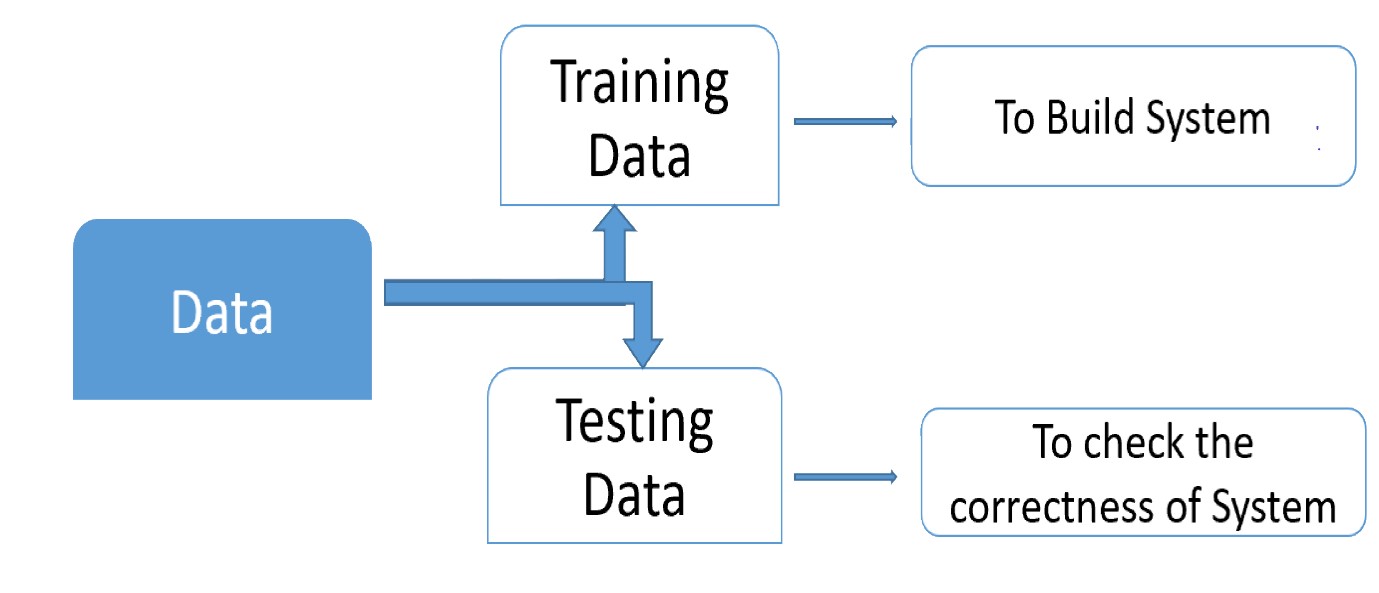
**4.SYSTEM DESIGN**

**4.1 SYSTEM ARCHITECTURE:**

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**4.2 UML DIAGRAMS**

UML stands for Unified Modeling Language. UML is a standardized general-purpose modeling language in the field of object-oriented software engineering. The standard is managed, and was created by, the Object Management Group.

The goal is for UML to become a common language for creating models of object oriented computer software. In its current form UML is comprised of two major components: a Meta-model and a notation. In the future, some form of method or process may also be added to; or associated with, UML.

The Unified Modeling Language is a standard language for specifying, Visualization, Constructing and documenting the artifacts of software system, as well as for business modeling and other non-software systems.

The UML represents a collection of best engineering practices that have proven successful in the modeling of large and complex systems.

The UML is a very important part of developing objects oriented software and the software development process. The UML uses mostly graphical notations to express the design of software projects.

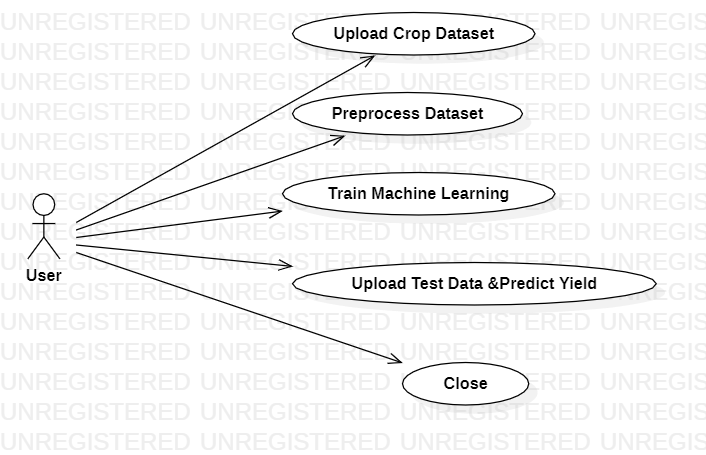
**GOALS:**

The Primary goals in the design of the UML are as follows:

1. Provide users a ready-to-use, expressive visual modeling Language so that they can develop and exchange meaningful models.
2. Provide extendibility and specialization mechanisms to extend the core concepts.
3. Be independent of particular programming languages and development process.
4. Provide a formal basis for understanding the modeling language.
5. Encourage the growth of OO tools market.
6. Support higher level development concepts such as collaborations, frameworks, patterns and components.
7. Integrate best practices.

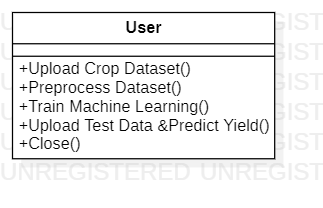
**USE CASE DIAGRAM:**

A use case diagram in the Unified Modeling Language (UML) is a type of behavioral diagram defined by and created from a Use-case analysis. Its purpose is to present a graphical overview of the functionality provided by a system in terms of actors, their goals (represented as use cases), and any dependencies between those use cases. The main purpose of a use case diagram is to show what system functions are performed for which actor. Roles of the actors in the system can be depicted.



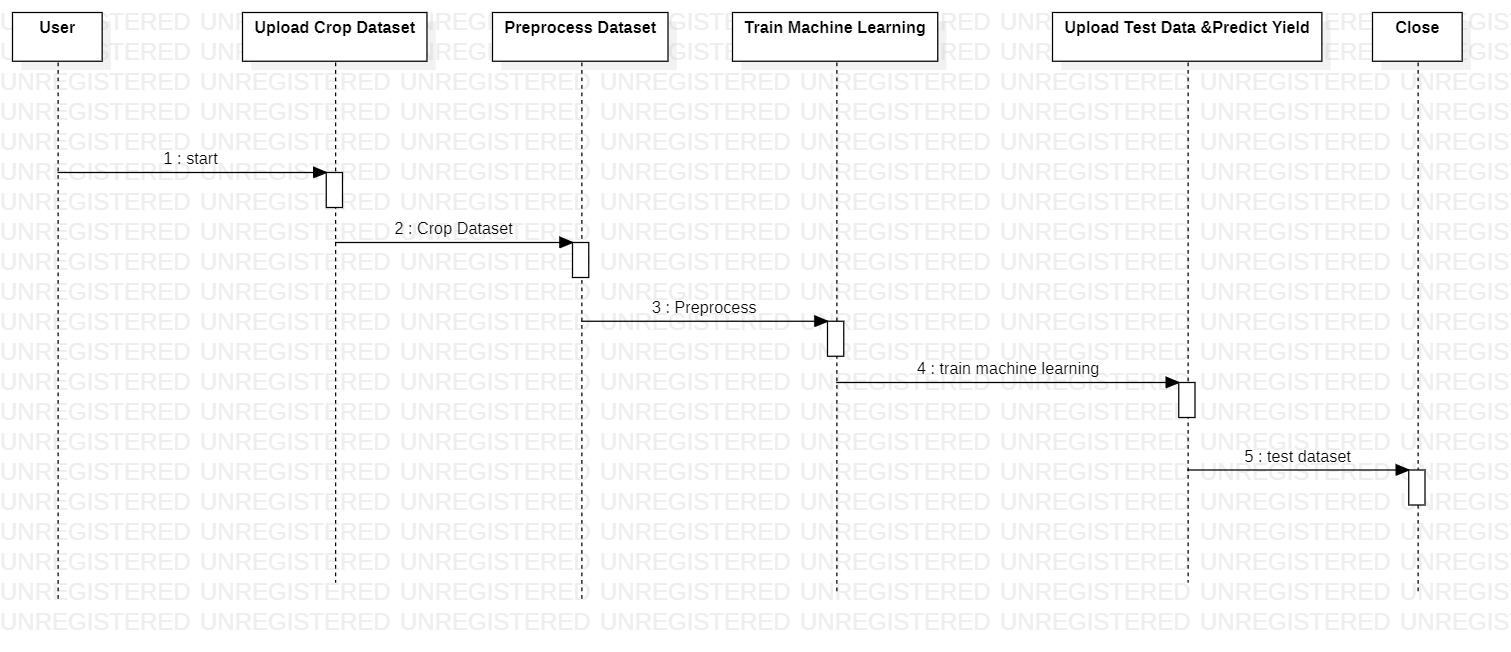
**CLASS DIAGRAM:**

In software engineering, a class diagram in the Unified Modeling Language (UML) is a type of static structure diagram that describes the structure of a system by showing the system's classes, their attributes, operations (or methods), and the relationships among the classes. It explains which class contains information.

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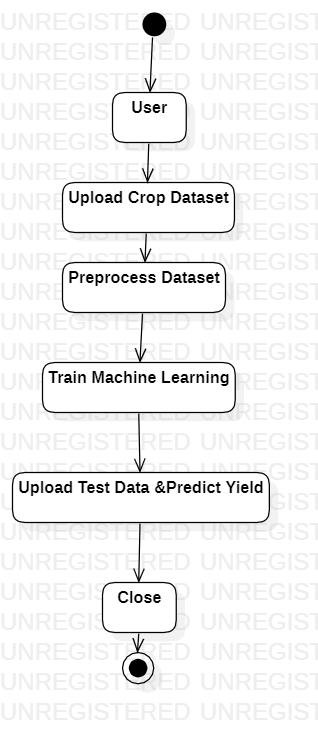
**SEQUENCE DIAGRAM:**

A sequence diagram in Unified Modeling Language (UML) is a kind of interaction diagram that shows how processes operate with one another and in what order. It is a construct of a Message Sequence Chart. Sequence diagrams are sometimes called event diagrams, event scenarios, and timing diagrams.

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**ACTIVITY DIAGRAM:**

Activity diagrams are graphical representations of workflows of stepwise activities and actions with support for choice, iteration and concurrency. In the Unified Modeling Language, activity diagrams can be used to describe the business and operational step-by-step workflows of components in a system. An activity diagram shows the overall flow of control.

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**4.3 IMPLEMENTATION:**

**MODULES:**

**Upload Crop Dataset**

The crop production dataset that is used to predict the name and yield of the crop is fed into classification and regression algorithms.

**Preprocess Dataset**

Experiments were conducted on Indian government dataset and it has been established that Random Forest Regressor gives the highest yield prediction accuracy. Sequential model that is Simple Recurrent Neural Network performs better on rainfall prediction while LSTM is good for temperature prediction. By combining rainfall, temperature along with other parameters like season and area, yield prediction for a certain district can be made.

**Train Machine Learning**

This focuses on district wise yield prediction according to the crop sown in the district. Yield is being predicted for given crops district wise and crops with best yield.

**Upload Test Data &Predict Yield**

Results reveals that Random Forest is the best classifier when all parameters are combined. This will not only help farmers in choosing the right crop to grow in the next season but also bridge the gap between technology and the agriculture sector. R