Class-based Views

https://github.com/chezmarcbrown/classdemo-2022-11-17-classbasedviews.git

> Main listing page

```
urls.py

path("", views.ListingListView.as_view(), name="index"),

views.py

class ListingListView(ListView):
    model = Listing
    template_name = "auctions/index.html"
    context_object_name = "listings"

    def get_queryset(self):
        return Listing.objects.all().filter(active=True).order_by('-created_at'))

    def get_context_data(self):
        context = super().get_context_data()
        context['banner'] = 'Active Listings'
        return context
```

> Create a new listing

```
urls.py

path("create_listing", views.ListingCreateView.as_view(), name="create-listing"),

views.py

class ListingCreateView(LoginRequiredMixin, CreateView):
    model = Listing
    form_class = ListingForm
    template_name = "auctions/new_listing.html"
    #fields = ('title', 'description', 'starting_bid', 'categories', 'image')

success_url = reverse_lazy("index")

def form_valid(self, form):
    form.instance.creator = self.request.user
    return super().form_valid(form)
```

> Boring so far... but let's add category pages:

```
urls.py
   path("categories", views.CategoryListView.as view(), name="categories"),
   path("category/<int:category id>", views.CategoryListingsView.as view(), name="category"),
views.py
class CategoryListView(ListView):
   model = Category
   template_name = "auctions/categories.html"
   context object name = "categories"
class CategoryListingsView(ListView):
   model = Listing
   template name = "auctions/index.html"
   context object name = "listings"
   def get_queryset(self):
       return Listing.objects.filter(categories=self.kwargs["category id"], active=True)
   def get context data(self):
       context = super().get context data()
       category id = self.kwargs["category id"]
       category = Category.objects.get(id=category_id)
       context['category'] = category
       context['banner'] = f'{category.name} Category ({self.get_queryset().count()} listings)'
       return context
```

> Let the fun begin – we will give UIs to handle categories:

- 1) Add a new category
- 2) Delete an existing category
- 3) Change name and/or image of a category

> Add new category

New template file: category_form.html:

```
{% extends "auctions/layout.html" %}
{% load static %}

{% block main %}

<hre>
```

>Delete Category

Rather than use index.html template, use a copy - category_listings.html. This will allow us to put buttons for DELETE (and later EDIT).

Catagory_listings.html:

```
{% extends "auctions/layout.html" %}
{% load static %}

{% block main %}

<h2>{{banner}}</h2></h2></h2>
```

```
<button onclick="location.href='{% url "delete-category" category.id %}'">
   Delete Category
</button>
<button onclick="location.href='{% url "update-category" category.id %}'">
   Edit Category
</button>
{% include "auctions/listings.html" %}
{% endblock %}
Views.py - use this template:
class CategoryListingsView(ListView):
   model = Listing
   template name = "auctions/category listings.html"
   context object name = "listings"
Add Delete urls:
   path("category/delete/<int:pk>", views.CategoryDeleteView.as view(), name="delete-category"),
Add code for the view (template name defaults to the one given):
class CategoryDeleteView(DeleteView):
   model = Category
   success url = reverse lazy("categories")
   template name = "auctions/category confirm delete.html"
Need a confirm delete template category_confirm_delete.html:
{% extends "auctions/layout.html" %}
{% block main %}
<form method="post">{% csrf_token %}
```

>Update Category (no html, no form)

```
Add button:
```

```
<button onclick="location.href='{% url "update-category" category.id %}'">
    Edit Category
</button>

Add view:

class CategoryUpdateView(UpdateView):
    model = Category
    fields = ("name", "image")
    success_url = reverse_lazy("categories")

Add url:

path("category/update/<int:pk>", views.CategoryUpdateView.as_view(), name="update-category"),
```