

College of Engineering, Design and Physical Science Electronic and Computer Engineering

Assignment Java Testing and Measuring

Distributed Computing Systems Engineering Msc

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1 Introduction

The following report refers to the Computer network assignment and is structured into three parts. The first part's topic is an analysis of the network protocols ICMP and IP (both v4), while the second part covers the exercises related to TCP. The final chapter describes the exercises for the new versions of ICMP and IP (v6). These exercises were done together with my lab-partner Antonio Parotta.



2 IP/ICMP analysis

In this first part of the laboratory the program Wireshark was used to capture and analyse packages of different network protocols. The traffic was generated by PING-commands to send the observable packages from one lab PC to another. The following network protocols were analyzed:

- Internet Protocol version 4 (IPv4)
- Internet Control Message Protocol version 4 (ICMPv4)
- Address Resolution Protocol (ARP)
- Carrier Sense Multiple Access/Collision Detection (CSMA/CD)

To understand how these protocols work and to be able to explain how they behave in different situations, having a look on the protocol's headers is necessary.

The PING-commands generate packages consisting of different protocol headers and transferable data. Each Ping is transformed into an Ethernet frame containing the IP and ICMP headers. Table ?? is an representation of the basic ICMP Header while Table ?? shows the header for the echo request/reply packages that can be observed via Wireshark when executing the PING-commands.

bits	0-7	8-15	16-23	24-31				
bytes	1	2	3	4				
offset 0	Type	Code	Checksum					
offset 32	Data							

Table 2.1: ICMP header

bits	0-7	8-15	16-23	24-31				
bytes	1	2	3	4				
offset 0	Type	Code	Checksum					
offset 32	Iden	tifier	Sequer	nce Number				
offset 64	data							

Table 2.2: ICMP type 8 echo request/reply packet

Table ?? shows the header for the Internet Protocol v4. Noteable here are the entered destination address as well as the source address of the sender. The Time to Live is also an important



segment of the header, which will be significant later on for an specific PING-Command. IP provides the possibility to specify options for the transferred packet. This will also be used in one of the PING-Commands.

bits	0-3	4-7	8-11	12-15	16-18	19-23	24-27	28-31	
bytes	1			2		3	4		
offset 0	Version	IHL	Type	of Service		Total 1	Length		
offset 32		Identi	ficatio	n	Flags	Fragment Offset			
offset 64	Time to	Live	P	rotocol	Header Checksum				
offset 96		Source Address							
offset 128	Destination Address								
offset 160				Optio	ons		-	-	

Table 2.3: IPv4 Header

Table ?? shows the abstract Ethernet II frame. This frame contains the MAC-addresses for source and destination, a type segment as well as the checksum for the frame. Interesting here is the Payload field. This segments contains the headers for ICMP and IP as well as the transferable data. The maximal size for this segment is 1500 bytes for one packet. But because is must contain the headers for each networking protocol (ICMP and IP), it can't be fully occupied by transferable data. This is why the Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU) is smaller. It is only 1472 bytes, because the size of the headers must be subtracted from the payload field. MTU = Payload - IP Header - ICMP Header

MTU = Payload - IP Header - ICMP Header1500 byte -20 byte -8 byte = 1472 byte

Size in bit	24	24	8	184-6000	16
Size in byte	6	6	2	46 - 1500	4
Frame segments	Destination Address	Source Address	Type	Payload (Data)	FCS

Table 2.4: Ethernet II frame

2.1 Node configuration

Figure 2.1 shows the node configuration and settings for the computer used for the exercises in this workshop:



Figure 2.1: Node configuration for 134.108.8.37

2.2 Subnet internal IP Destination

In the first exercise we created traffic by using the PING-Command to send packets to another PC within the same subnet. Figure 2.2 shows the simplified architecture for this environment:

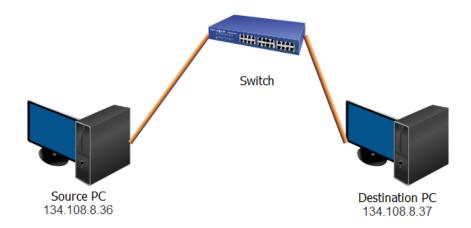


Figure 2.2: Source and Destination PC connected with a switch in the network lab



2.2.1 a) Basic PING command

The first task was sending a basic ping from one PC to another within the same subnet and capturing the sent packets using Wireshark. The PING-Command was:

Listing ?? shows the Wireshark trace for the captured packets. For this simple PING command, two ICMP packet were captured. One ICMP echo request was send from the source PC to the Destination PC and after this the Destination PC answers with an ICMP echo reqly. Both packets contain the Ethernet II frame as well as the IP and ICMP headers as discussed in chapter 2. Each packet has the source and destination address from the IP header as well as same sequence number. The total size of each packet is 106. It contains the source and target MAC-addresses from the Ethernet frame (both 6 byte), the type of the Ethernet frame (2 byte), the IP-header (20 byte), the ICMP-header (8 byte) and the transmitted data (64 byte).

```
No.
         Time
                       Source
                                           Destination
                                                         Protocol
                                                                   Length Info
  445 32.125568
                   134.108.8.36
                                       134.108.8.37
                                                           ICMP
                                                                   106
                                                                         Echo (ping) request id=0x0001
       , seq=25/6400, ttl=128 (reply in 448)
  Frame 445: 106 bytes on wire (848 bits), 106 bytes captured (848 bits) on interface 0
       Interface id: 0 (\Device\NPF\_{55902047-E973-4FFC-B9C0-B0FAC2DA73AF})
           Interface name: \\Device\\NPF\_{55902047-E973-4FFC-B9C0-B0FAC2DA73AF}
       Encapsulation type: Ethernet (1)
       Arrival Time: Nov 17, 2017 09:46:22.558509000 Mitteleuropäische Zeit
       [Time shift for this packet: 0.000000000 seconds]
       Epoch Time: 1510908382.558509000 seconds
11
       [Time delta from previous captured frame: 0.000092000 seconds]
       [Time delta from previous displayed frame: 0.000000000 seconds]
       [Time since reference or first frame: 32.125568000 seconds]
13
       Frame Number: 445
       Frame Length: 106 bytes (848 bits)
15
       Capture Length: 106 bytes (848 bits)
       [Frame is marked: True]
17
       [Frame is ignored: False]
       [Protocols in frame: eth:ethertype:ip:icmp:data]
19
       [Coloring Rule Name: ICMP]
       [Coloring Rule String: icmp || icmpv6]
21
  Ethernet II, Src: Dell_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa), Dst: Dell_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76)
       Destination: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76)
23
           Address: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76)
           .... .0. .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
25
           .... ...0 .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
       Source: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
27
```



```
Address: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
           .....0. .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
29
            .... ... 0 .... .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
       Type: IPv4 (0x0800)
31
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.36, Dst: 134.108.8.37
       0100 .... = Version: 4
33
       .... 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
       Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)
35
           0000 00.. = Differentiated Services Codepoint: Default (0)
37
            .... ..00 = Explicit Congestion Notification: Not ECN-Capable Transport (0)
       Total Length: 92
       Identification: 0x30fb (12539)
39
       Flags: 0x00
           0... = Reserved bit: Not set
41
           .O.. .... = DonÂ't fragment: Not set
           ..0. .... = More fragments: Not set
43
       Fragment offset: 0
       Time to live: 128
45
       Protocol: ICMP (1)
       Header checksum: Oxec84 [validation disabled]
47
       [Header checksum status: Unverified]
       Source: 134.108.8.36
49
       Destination: 134.108.8.37
       [Source GeoIP: Unknown]
51
       [Destination GeoIP: Unknown]
  Internet Control Message Protocol
       Type: 8 (Echo (ping) request)
       Code: 0
55
       Checksum: 0x856a [correct]
       [Checksum Status: Good]
57
       Identifier (BE): 1 (0x0001)
       Identifier (LE): 256 (0x0100)
59
       Sequence number (BE): 25 (0x0019)
       Sequence number (LE): 6400 (0x1900)
61
       [Response frame: 448]
       Data (64 bytes)
63
65 0000 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6a 6b 6c 6d 6e 6f 70 abcdefghijklmnop
  0010 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 qrstuvwabcdefghi
67 0020 6a 6b 6c 6d 6e 6f 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 61 62 jklmnopqrstuvwab
  0030 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6a 6b 6c 6d 6e 6f 70 71 72 cdefghijklmnopqr
       Data: 6162636465666768696a6b6c6d6e6f707172737475767761...
69
       [Length: 64]
71
  No.
         Time
                       Source
                                           Destination
                                                               Protocol Length Info
73 448 32.125797
                   134.108.8.37
                                        134.108.8.36
                                                            ICMP
                                                                    106
                                                                          Echo (ping) reply id=0x0001,
       seq=25/6400, ttl=128 (request in 445)
75 Frame 448: 106 bytes on wire (848 bits), 106 bytes captured (848 bits) on interface 0
       Interface id: 0 (\Device\\NPF\_{55902047-E973-4FFC-B9C0-B0FAC2DA73AF})
```



```
Interface name: \\Device\\NPF\_{55902047-E973-4FFC-B9C0-B0FAC2DA73AF}
77
       Encapsulation type: Ethernet (1)
       Arrival Time: Nov 17, 2017 09:46:22.558738000 Mitteleuropäische Zeit
79
       [Time shift for this packet: 0.000000000 seconds]
       Epoch Time: 1510908382.558738000 seconds
       [Time delta from previous captured frame: 0.000005000 seconds]
       [Time delta from previous displayed frame: 0.000229000 seconds]
83
       [Time since reference or first frame: 32.125797000 seconds]
       Frame Number: 448
85
       Frame Length: 106 bytes (848 bits)
       Capture Length: 106 bytes (848 bits)
87
       [Frame is marked: True]
       [Frame is ignored: False]
89
       [Protocols in frame: eth:ethertype:ip:icmp:data]
       [Coloring Rule Name: ICMP]
91
       [Coloring Rule String: icmp || icmpv6]
93 Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76), Dst: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
       Destination: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
            Address: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
95
            .... .0. .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
            .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
97
       Source: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76)
            Address: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76)
99
            .... .0. .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
            .... ...0 .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
101
   Type: IPv4 (0x0800)
   Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.37, Dst: 134.108.8.36
103
       0100 .... = Version: 4
       .... 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
105
       Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)
            0000 00.. = Differentiated Services Codepoint: Default (0)
107
            .... ..00 = Explicit Congestion Notification: Not ECN-Capable Transport (0)
       Total Length: 92
109
       Identification: 0x3021 (12321)
       Flags: 0x00
111
            0... = Reserved bit: Not set
            .0.. .... = Don´t fragment: Not set
113
            ..0. .... = More fragments: Not set
       Fragment offset: 0
115
       Time to live: 128
       Protocol: ICMP (1)
117
       Header checksum: 0x0000 [validation disabled]
119
       [Header checksum status: Unverified]
       Source: 134.108.8.37
       Destination: 134.108.8.36
121
       [Source GeoIP: Unknown]
       [Destination GeoIP: Unknown]
123
   Internet Control Message Protocol
       Type: 0 (Echo (ping) reply)
125
       Code: 0
```



```
Checksum: 0x8d6a [correct]
127
        [Checksum Status: Good]
        Identifier (BE): 1 (0x0001)
129
        Identifier (LE): 256 (0x0100)
131
       Sequence number (BE): 25 (0x0019)
       Sequence number (LE): 6400 (0x1900)
        [Request frame: 445]
133
        [Response time: 0.229 ms]
       Data (64 bytes)
135
   0000 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6a 6b 6c 6d 6e 6f 70 abcdefghijklmnop
   0010 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 qrstuvwabcdefghi
   0020 6a 6b 6c 6d 6e 6f 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 61 62 jklmnopqrstuvwab
   0030 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6a 6b 6c 6d 6e 6f 70 71 72 cdefghijklmnopqr
       Data: 6162636465666768696a6b6c6d6e6f707172737475767761...
141
        [Length: 64]
```

Listing 2.1: Wireshark trace for simple PING command

2.2.2 b) PING command with large data package

For the second exercise we had to execute a PING-Command with a very large data package of 2000 byte. The PING-Command was:

```
ping -n 1 -l 2000 134.108.8.36
```

Figure 2.3 shows the console output for this ping:

```
C:\Users\rn-labor>ping -n 1 -1 2000 134.108.8.36

Ping wird ausgeführt für 134.108.8.36 mit 2000 Bytes Daten: Antwort von 134.108.8.36: Bytes=2000 Zeit<1ms TTL=128

Ping-Statistik für 134.108.8.36:
    Pakete: Gesendet = 1, Empfangen = 1, Verloren = 0 (0% Verlust),

Ca. Zeitangaben in Millisek.:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Mittelwert = 0ms
```

Figure 2.3: Console output for PING-Command with 2000 bytes data

It seems that the protocol ICMP does not have any problems with this as the console output shows no warning. IP however does have a problem with this large packet size. As the data exceeds the Maximum Transmission Unit, the packet must be fragmented and separated into two packets. The following listing is shortened, but shows the four packages sent between both lab-PCs:

,



```
No.
         Time
                    Source
                                       Destination
                                                           Protocol Length DestPort Info
                                                        Delta Time
  236 0.000000 134.108.8.37
                                    134.108.8.36
                                                       ICMP
                                                                1514
                                                                              Echo (ping) request id=0
      x0001, seq=25/6400, ttl=128 (reply in 240) 0.000000
4 Frame 236: 1514 bytes on wire (12112 bits), 1514 bytes captured (12112 bits) on interface 0
      Interface id: 0 (\Device\NPF\ {55902047-E973-4FFC-B9C0-B0FAC2DA73AF})
      Interface name: \\Device\\NPF\_{55902047-E973-4FFC-B9C0-B0FAC2DA73AF}
      Encapsulation type: Ethernet (1)
      Arrival Time: Nov 17, 2017 09:58:38.374317000 Mitteleuropäische Zeit
       [Time shift for this packet: 0.000000000 seconds]
      Epoch Time: 1510909118.374317000 seconds
10
       [Time delta from previous captured frame: 0.000024000 seconds]
       [Time delta from previous displayed frame: 0.000000000 seconds]
12
       [Time since reference or first frame: 36.388239000 seconds]
      Frame Number: 236
14
      Frame Length: 1514 bytes (12112 bits)
      Capture Length: 1514 bytes (12112 bits)
16
       [Frame is marked: True]
       [Frame is ignored: False]
18
       [Protocols in frame: eth:ethertype:ip:icmp:data]
       [Coloring Rule Name: ICMP]
20
       [Coloring Rule String: icmp || icmpv6]
22 Ethernet II, Src: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76, Dst: 90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa
      Destination: 90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa
           Address: 90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa
24
           .... .0. .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
           .... ...0 .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
26
      Source: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76
           Address: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76
28
           .... .0. .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
           .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
30
      Type: IPv4 (0x0800)
32 Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.37, Dst: 134.108.8.36
      0100 .... = Version: 4
       .... 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
34
      Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)
      0000 00.. = Differentiated Services Codepoint: Default (0)
36
       .... ..00 = Explicit Congestion Notification: Not ECN-Capable Transport (0)
      Total Length: 1500
38
      Identification: 0x3e7e (15998)
      Flags: 0x01 (More Fragments)
40
           0... = Reserved bit: Not set
           .0.. .... = DonÂ't fragment: Not set
42
           ..1. .... = More fragments: Set
      Fragment offset: 0
44
      Time to live: 128
      Protocol: ICMP (1)
46
      Header checksum: 0x0000 [validation disabled]
```



```
[Header checksum status: Unverified]
48
       Source: 134.108.8.37
       Destination: 134.108.8.36
50
       [Source GeoIP: Unknown]
       [Destination GeoIP: Unknown]
  Internet Control Message Protocol
       Type: 8 (Echo (ping) request)
54
       Code: 0
       Checksum: 0x7b5e [unverified] [fragmented datagram]
56
       [Checksum Status: Unverified]
       Identifier (BE): 1 (0x0001)
       Identifier (LE): 256 (0x0100)
       Sequence number (BE): 25 (0x0019)
60
       Sequence number (LE): 6400 (0x1900)
       [Response frame: 240]
62
       Data (1472 bytes)
64
                                                              Protocol Length DestPort Info
  No.
          Time
                     Source
                                          Destination
                                                           Delta Time
  237 0.000007
                 134.108.8.37
                                      134.108.8.36
                                                           IPv4
                                                                                  Fragmented IP protocol (
       proto=ICMP 1, off=1480, ID=3e7e) 0.000007
  No.
          Time
                     Source
                                          Destination
                                                              Protocol Length DestPort Info
                                                           Delta Time
  240 0.000488
                 134.108.8.36
                                      134.108.8.37
                                                           ICMP
                                                                   1514
                                                                                  Echo (ping) reply id=0
       x0001, seq=25/6400, ttl=128 (request in 236) 0.000488
70
  No.
          Time
                     Source
                                          Destination
                                                              Protocol Length DestPort Info
                                                           Delta Time
  241 0.000002
                 134.108.8.36
                                      134.108.8.37
                                                           IPv4
                                                                                  Fragmented IP protocol (
                                                                   562
       proto=ICMP 1, off=1480, ID=332d) 0.000002
```

Listing 2.2: Wireshark trace for PING command with 2000 bytes data

It can be observed that the first packet occupies all 1514 bytes that can be sent in one ICMP packet. Subtracting the segments from the Ethernet frame (14 byte), the IP-header (20 byte) and the ICMP-header (8 byte), there is room for 1472 byte of raw data. The remaining 528 byte of data can't be transmitted in the same packet. So the data must be fragmented and sent inside another packet. As ICMP doesn't play a role in the fragmentation, it's header isn't needed anymore in the second packet. However the second packet contains the IP-header (20 byte) as it is the protocol that manages the fragmentation and transmission controlling. The segments for the Ethernet frame (14 byte) are also included, because without that there could not be any transmission at all. So summed up the second packet has a size of 562 byte.



2.2.3 c) PING command with 'don't fragment' flag

For this last exercise another PING with 2000 byte of data was executed. But this time the 'don't fragment' flag **-f** was set:

```
ping -n 1 -l 2000 134.108.8.36 -f
```

This causes a problem, because as discussed in the previous chapter this large amount of data cannot be transmitted in one single packet. So IP needs to fragment it into two separate packets. But in this case it receives the 'don't fragment' command. This contradicts the functionality of IP and it throws and error that ICMP recognizes and displays a message in the console:

```
C:\Users\rn-labor>ping -n 1 -1 2000 134.108.8.36 -f

Ping wird ausgeführt für 134.108.8.36 mit 2000 Bytes Daten:
Paket müsste fragmentiert werden, DF-Flag ist jedoch gesetzt.

Ping-Statistik für 134.108.8.36:
Pakete: Gesendet = 1, Empfangen = 0, Verloren = 1

(100% Verlust),
```

Figure 2.4: Console output for PING-Command with 2000 bytes data

There is no Wireshark trace for this exercise, because there were no packets sent to the destination PC.

2.3 Subnet external IP Destination

For this second part of the laboratory, we moved on to PING-commands where the destination address was located in another subnet. Both subnets were connected by a router that assigned a range of addresses to the computers inside each subnet. Each computer inside one of these subnets was connected to a switch that had a connection to the router and the router provided a host IP-address for both subnets. Figure 2.5 shows all involved network node and their IP-addresses.



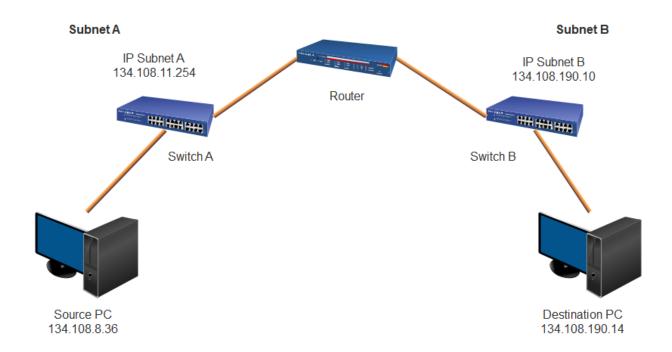


Figure 2.5: Two subnets in the network lab

2.3.1 d) Basic PING command with destination in another subnet

For this exercise the following PING-Command was used:

The parameter **-r** activates the recoding of the route and sets the maximal number of records. **-i** indicates the 'Time to Live' in the IP-header (s. Chapter 2) and is basically nothing more than a hop-count that decrements, when the packet passes a network node (PCs or Routers in this case). When 'Time to Live' reaches zero, the packet will be abandoned. Figure 2.6 shows the output of the console command:

Figure 2.6: PING Command with Destination in another subnet



The output shows the recorded route, the reply packet from the destination PC took trough the network. The sent packets are shown in the following listing:

```
No.
         Time
                    Source
                                        Destination
                                                           Protocol Length DestPort Info
                                                        Delta Time
  49 0.000000 134.108.8.37
                                   134.108.190.10
                                                       ICMP
                                                               94
                                                                             Echo (ping) request id=0
      x0001, seq=37/9472, ttl=2 (reply in 50) 0.000000
4 Frame 49: 94 bytes on wire (752 bits), 94 bytes captured (752 bits) on interface 0
       Interface id: 0 (\Device\NPF\_{55902047-E973-4FFC-B9C0-B0FAC2DA73AF})
           Interface name: \Device\NPF\_{55902047-E973-4FFC-B9C0-B0FAC2DA73AF}
       Encapsulation type: Ethernet (1)
       Arrival Time: Nov 17, 2017 10:21:22.503562000 Mitteleurop\tilde{\mathbf{A}}mische Zeit
       [Time shift for this packet: 0.000000000 seconds]
       Epoch Time: 1510910482.503562000 seconds
10
       [Time delta from previous captured frame: 0.187068000 seconds]
       [Time delta from previous displayed frame: 0.000000000 seconds]
12
       [Time since reference or first frame: 2.480985000 seconds]
       Frame Number: 49
14
       Frame Length: 94 bytes (752 bits)
       Capture Length: 94 bytes (752 bits)
16
       [Frame is marked: True]
       [Frame is ignored: False]
18
       [Protocols in frame: eth:ethertype:ip:icmp:data]
       [Coloring Rule Name: ICMP]
20
       [Coloring Rule String: icmp || icmpv6]
       Ethernet II, Src: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76, Dst: 00:23:04:52:1c:00
22
       Destination: 00:23:04:52:1c:00
           Address: 00:23:04:52:1c:00
24
           .... .0. .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
           .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
26
       Source: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76
           Address: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76
28
           .... .0. .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
           .... 0 .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
30
       Type: IPv4 (0x0800)
32 Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.37, Dst: 134.108.190.10
       0100 .... = Version: 4
       .... 1010 = Header Length: 40 bytes (10)
34
       Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)
       0000 00.. = Differentiated Services Codepoint: Default (0)
       .... ..00 = Explicit Congestion Notification: Not ECN-Capable Transport (0)
       Total Length: 80
38
       Identification: 0x42d5 (17109)
       Flags: 0x00
40
           0... = Reserved bit: Not set
           .0.. .... = Don´t fragment: Not set
42
           ..0. .... = More fragments: Not set
       Fragment offset: 0
44
```



```
Time to live: 2
       [Expert Info (Note/Sequence): "Time To Live" only 2]
46
       ["Time To Live" only 2]
       [Severity level: Note]
48
       [Group: Sequence]
       Protocol: ICMP (1)
50
       Header checksum: 0x0000 [validation disabled]
       [Header checksum status: Unverified]
52
       Source: 134.108.8.37
54
       Destination: 134.108.190.10
       [Source GeoIP: Unknown]
       [Destination GeoIP: Unknown]
56
       Options: (20 bytes), Record Route
            IP Option - Record Route (19 bytes)
58
                Type: 7
                0... = Copy on fragmentation: No
60
                .00. .... = Class: Control (0)
                ...0 0111 = Number: Record route (7)
62
                Length: 19
                Pointer: 4
64
                Empty Route: 0.0.0.0 <- (next)</pre>
66
                Empty Route: 0.0.0.0
                Empty Route: 0.0.0.0
                Empty Route: 0.0.0.0
68
            IP Option - End of Options List (EOL)
70
                Type: 0
                0... = Copy on fragmentation: No
72
                .00. .... = Class: Control (0)
                 ...0 0000 = Number: End of Option List (EOL) (0)
  Internet Control Message Protocol
       Type: 8 (Echo (ping) request)
       Code: 0
76
       Checksum: 0x4d36 [correct]
       [Checksum Status: Good]
78
       Identifier (BE): 1 (0x0001)
       Identifier (LE): 256 (0x0100)
80
       Sequence number (BE): 37 (0x0025)
       Sequence number (LE): 9472 (0x2500)
82
       [Response frame: 50]
       Data (32 bytes)
       0000 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6a 6b 6c 6d 6e 6f 70 abcdefghijklmnop
86
       0010 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 qrstuvwabcdefghi
       Data: 6162636465666768696a6b6c6d6e6f707172737475767761...
88
       Text: abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwabcdefghi
       [Length: 32]
90
92 No.
          Time
                     Source
                                         Destination
                                                              Protocol Length DestPort Info
                                                           Delta Time
```



```
50 0.000692 134.108.190.10
                                    134.108.8.37
                                                        ICMP
                                                                94
                                                                              Echo (ping) reply id=0
       x0001, seq=37/9472, ttl=63 (request in 49) 0.000692
94
   Frame 50: 94 bytes on wire (752 bits), 94 bytes captured (752 bits) on interface 0
       Interface id: 0 (\Device\\NPF\_{55902047-E973-4FFC-B9C0-B0FAC2DA73AF})
96
            Interface name: \\Device\\NPF\_{55902047-E973-4FFC-B9C0-B0FAC2DA73AF}
       Encapsulation type: Ethernet (1)
98
       Arrival Time: Nov 17, 2017 10:21:22.504254000 Mitteleuropäische Zeit
       [Time shift for this packet: 0.000000000 seconds]
100
       Epoch Time: 1510910482.504254000 seconds
       [Time delta from previous captured frame: 0.000692000 seconds]
102
       [Time delta from previous displayed frame: 0.000692000 seconds]
       [Time since reference or first frame: 2.481677000 seconds]
104
       Frame Number: 50
       Frame Length: 94 bytes (752 bits)
106
       Capture Length: 94 bytes (752 bits)
       [Frame is marked: True]
108
       [Frame is ignored: False]
       [Protocols in frame: eth:ethertype:ip:icmp:data]
110
       [Coloring Rule Name: ICMP]
       [Coloring Rule String: icmp || icmpv6]
112
   Ethernet II, Src: 00:23:04:52:1c:00, Dst: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76
       Destination: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76
114
            Address: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76
            .... .0. .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
116
            .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
       Source: 00:23:04:52:1c:00
118
            Address: 00:23:04:52:1c:00
            .... .0. .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
120
            .... 0 .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
            Type: IPv4 (0x0800)
122
   Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.190.10, Dst: 134.108.8.37
       0100 .... = Version: 4
124
        .... 1010 = Header Length: 40 bytes (10)
       Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)
126
       0000 00.. = Differentiated Services Codepoint: Default (0)
       .... ..00 = Explicit Congestion Notification: Not ECN-Capable Transport (0)
128
       Total Length: 80
       Identification: 0x048f (1167)
130
       Flags: 0x00
            0... = Reserved bit: Not set
132
            .O.. .... = Don´t fragment: Not set
            ..0. .... = More fragments: Not set
134
       Fragment offset: 0
       Time to live: 63
136
       Protocol: ICMP (1)
       Header checksum: Oxafa3 [validation disabled]
138
       [Header checksum status: Unverified]
       Source: 134.108.190.10
140
       Destination: 134.108.8.37
```



```
[Source GeoIP: Unknown]
142
        [Destination GeoIP: Unknown]
        Options: (20 bytes), Record Route
144
            IP Option - Record Route (19 bytes)
                 Type: 7
                 0... = Copy on fragmentation: No
                 .00. .... = Class: Control (0)
148
                 ...0 0111 = Number: Record route (7)
                 Length: 19
150
                 Pointer: 20
152
                 Recorded Route: 134.108.190.14
                 Recorded Route: 134.108.190.10
                 Recorded Route: 134.108.190.10
154
                 Recorded Route: 134.108.11.254
            IP Option - End of Options List (EOL)
156
                 Type: 0
                 O... = Copy on fragmentation: No
158
                 .00. .... = Class: Control (0)
                 ...0 0000 = Number: End of Option List (EOL) (0)
160
   Internet Control Message Protocol
        Type: 0 (Echo (ping) reply)
162
        Code: 0
        Checksum: 0x5536 [correct]
164
        [Checksum Status: Good]
        Identifier (BE): 1 (0x0001)
166
        Identifier (LE): 256 (0x0100)
        Sequence number (BE): 37 (0x0025)
168
        Sequence number (LE): 9472 (0x2500)
        [Request frame: 49]
170
        [Response time: 0.692 ms]
        Data (32 bytes)
172
174 0000 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6a 6b 6c 6d 6e 6f 70 abcdefghijklmnop
   0010 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 qrstuvwabcdefghi
176 Data: 6162636465666768696a6b6c6d6e6f707172737475767761...
   Text: abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwabcdefghi
178 [Length: 32]
```

Listing 2.3: Wireshark trace for PING command in another subnet

2.3.2 e) PING command with reduced 'time to live'

In this exercise the 'Time to Live' was reduced to 1 in the PING-Command:



This causes a Time-To-Live-Exceeded error that was displayed in the console output:

```
C:\Users\rn-labor>ping -n 1 -i 1 -r 4 134.108.190.10

Ping wird ausgeführt für 134.108.190.10 mit 32 Bytes Daten:
Antwort von 134.108.11.254: Die Gültigkeitsdauer wurde bei der Übertragung übers chritten.

Ping-Statistik für 134.108.190.10:
Pakete: Gesendet = 1, Empfangen = 1, Verloren = 0
(0% Verlust),
```

Figure 2.7: PING Command with reduced Time to Live

As the 'Time to Live' is reduced to 1, it cannot reach the destination PC. When bypassing the router, the TTL is decreased to zero. So the router will drop the packet and send the Time-To-Live-Exceeded error back to the source, while the destination PC never receives any traffic. The only packet sent is from the source to the router. This can be seen in the following Wireshark trace:

```
No.
         Time
                    Source
                                        Destination
                                                            Protocol Length DestPort Info
                                                        Delta Time
  37 0.000000
              134.108.8.37
                                   134.108.190.10
                                                       ICMP
                                                               94
                                                                             Echo (ping) request id=0
      x0001, seq=38/9728, ttl=1 (no response found!) 0.000000
  Frame 37: 94 bytes on wire (752 bits), 94 bytes captured (752 bits) on interface 0
       Interface id: 0 (\Device\\NPF\_{55902047-E973-4FFC-B9C0-B0FAC2DA73AF})
           Interface name: \\Device\\NPF\_{55902047-E973-4FFC-B9C0-B0FAC2DA73AF}
       Encapsulation type: Ethernet (1)
       Arrival Time: Nov 17, 2017 10:23:18.619066000 Mitteleuropäische Zeit
       [Time shift for this packet: 0.000000000 seconds]
       Epoch Time: 1510910598.619066000 seconds
       [Time delta from previous captured frame: 0.145036000 seconds]
       [Time delta from previous displayed frame: 0.000000000 seconds]
12
       [Time since reference or first frame: 5.672194000 seconds]
       Frame Number: 37
14
       Frame Length: 94 bytes (752 bits)
       Capture Length: 94 bytes (752 bits)
16
       [Frame is marked: True]
       [Frame is ignored: False]
18
       [Protocols in frame: eth:ethertype:ip:icmp:data]
       [Coloring Rule Name: ICMP]
20
       [Coloring Rule String: icmp || icmpv6]
       Ethernet II, Src: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76, Dst: 00:23:04:52:1c:00
22
       Destination: 00:23:04:52:1c:00
           Address: 00:23:04:52:1c:00
24
           .... .0. .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
           .... ... 0 .... .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
26
       Source: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76
           Address: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76
28
           .... .0. .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
```



```
.... ... 0 .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
       Type: IPv4 (0x0800)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.37, Dst: 134.108.190.10
32
       0100 .... = Version: 4
34
       .... 1010 = Header Length: 40 bytes (10)
       Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)
           0000 00.. = Differentiated Services Codepoint: Default (0)
36
            .... ..00 = Explicit Congestion Notification: Not ECN-Capable Transport (0)
       Total Length: 80
38
       Identification: 0x42d9 (17113)
       Flags: 0x00
40
           0... = Reserved bit: Not set
            .O.. .... = DonÂ't fragment: Not set
42
           ..O. .... = More fragments: Not set
       Fragment offset: 0
44
       Time to live: 1
       [Expert Info (Note/Sequence): "Time To Live" only 1]
46
       ["Time To Live" only 1]
       [Severity level: Note]
48
       [Group: Sequence]
       Protocol: ICMP (1)
50
       Header checksum: 0x0000 [validation disabled]
       [Header checksum status: Unverified]
52
       Source: 134.108.8.37
       Destination: 134.108.190.10
54
       [Source GeoIP: Unknown]
       [Destination GeoIP: Unknown]
56
       Options: (20 bytes), Record Route
           IP Option - Record Route (19 bytes)
58
                Type: 7
                0... = Copy on fragmentation: No
60
                .00. .... = Class: Control (0)
                ...0 0111 = Number: Record route (7)
62
                Length: 19
                Pointer: 4
64
                     Empty Route: 0.0.0.0 <- (next)</pre>
                     Empty Route: 0.0.0.0
66
                     Empty Route: 0.0.0.0
                     Empty Route: 0.0.0.0
68
       IP Option - End of Options List (EOL)
           Type: 0
70
           0... = Copy on fragmentation: No
            .00. .... = Class: Control (0)
72
            ...0 0000 = Number: End of Option List (EOL) (0)
74 Internet Control Message Protocol
       Type: 8 (Echo (ping) request)
       Code: 0
76
       Checksum: 0x4d35 [correct]
       [Checksum Status: Good]
78
       Identifier (BE): 1 (0x0001)
```



```
Identifier (LE): 256 (0x0100)
80
       Sequence number (BE): 38 (0x0026)
       Sequence number (LE): 9728 (0x2600)
82
       [No response seen]
       [Expert Info (Warning/Sequence): No response seen to ICMP request]
       [No response seen to ICMP request]
       [Severity level: Warning]
86
       [Group: Sequence]
  Data (32 bytes)
88
       0000 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6a 6b 6c 6d 6e 6f 70 abcdefghijklmnop
90
       0010 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 qrstuvwabcdefghi
       Data: 6162636465666768696a6b6c6d6e6f707172737475767761...
92
       Text: abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwabcdefghi
       [Length: 32]
94
```

Listing 2.4: Wireshark trace for PING command with reduced TTL

2.3.3 f) PING command with timestamps

In this exercise the 'timestamp' option was used in the PING-Command:

```
ping -n 1 -i 2 -s 4 134.108.190.10
```

The timestamp option has the effect that a timestamp which represents the amount of time from midnight to the exact moment, the packet bypasses a network node, is recorded in milliseconds:

Figure 2.8: PING Command with timestamp option

The time difference between the sending from the destination PC and the bypassing of the router is only 1 ms as seen in Figure 2.8. The Options Field in the IP-header contains the timestamps as seen in the following listing:



```
2 No.
                                                           Protocol Length DestPort Info
         Time
                    Source
                                       Destination
                                                        Delta Time
  51 0.000778 134.108.190.10
                                   134.108.8.37
                                                      ICMP
                                                              110
                                                                            Echo (ping) reply id=0
      x0001, seq=43/11008, ttl=63 (request in 50) 0.000778
  Frame 51: 110 bytes on wire (880 bits), 110 bytes captured (880 bits) on interface 0
      Interface id: 0 (\\Device\\NPF\_{55902047-E973-4FFC-B9C0-B0FAC2DA73AF})
           Interface name: \\Device\\NPF\_{55902047-E973-4FFC-B9C0-B0FAC2DA73AF}
      Encapsulation type: Ethernet (1)
      Arrival Time: Nov 17, 2017 10:32:16.698574000 Mitteleuropäische Zeit
       [Time shift for this packet: 0.000000000 seconds]
10
      Epoch Time: 1510911136.698574000 seconds
       [Time delta from previous captured frame: 0.000778000 seconds]
12
       [Time delta from previous displayed frame: 0.000778000 seconds]
       [Time since reference or first frame: 3.015108000 seconds]
14
      Frame Number: 51
      Frame Length: 110 bytes (880 bits)
16
      Capture Length: 110 bytes (880 bits)
       [Frame is marked: True]
18
       [Frame is ignored: False]
       [Protocols in frame: eth:ethertype:ip:icmp:data]
20
       [Coloring Rule Name: ICMP]
       [Coloring Rule String: icmp || icmpv6]
22
      Ethernet II, Src: 00:23:04:52:1c:00, Dst: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76
      Destination: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76
24
           Address: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76
           .... .0. .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
26
           .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
      Source: 00:23:04:52:1c:00
28
           Address: 00:23:04:52:1c:00
           .... .0. .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
30
           .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
      Type: IPv4 (0x0800)
32
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.190.10, Dst: 134.108.8.37
      0100 .... = Version: 4
34
       .... 1110 = Header Length: 56 bytes (14)
      Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)
36
      0000 00.. = Differentiated Services Codepoint: Default (0)
       .... ..00 = Explicit Congestion Notification: Not ECN-Capable Transport (0)
38
      Total Length: 96
      Identification: 0x0490 (1168)
40
      Flags: 0x00
           0... = Reserved bit: Not set
42
           .O.. .... = DonÂ't fragment: Not set
           ..0. .... = More fragments: Not set
44
      Fragment offset: 0
      Time to live: 63
46
      Protocol: ICMP (1)
```



```
Header checksum: 0x0901 [validation disabled]
48
       [Header checksum status: Unverified]
       Source: 134.108.190.10
50
       Destination: 134.108.8.37
       [Source GeoIP: Unknown]
52
       [Destination GeoIP: Unknown]
       Options: (36 bytes), Time Stamp
54
            IP Option - Time Stamp (36 bytes)
                Type: 68
56
                     0... = Copy on fragmentation: No
                     .10. .... = Class: Debugging and measurement (2)
58
                     ...0 0100 = Number: Time stamp (4)
                Length: 36
60
                Pointer: 37
                0000 .... = Overflow: 0
62
                .... 0001 = Flag: Time stamp and address (0x1)
                Address: 134.108.190.14
64
                Time stamp: 34336822
                Address: 134.108.190.10
66
                Time stamp: 34336823
                Address: 134.108.190.10
68
                Time stamp: 34336823
70
                Address: 134.108.11.254
                Time stamp: 34336823
  Internet Control Message Protocol
       Type: 0 (Echo (ping) reply)
       Code: 0
74
       Checksum: 0x5530 [correct]
       [Checksum Status: Good]
76
       Identifier (BE): 1 (0x0001)
       Identifier (LE): 256 (0x0100)
78
       Sequence number (BE): 43 (0x002b)
       Sequence number (LE): 11008 (0x2b00)
80
       [Request frame: 50]
       [Response time: 0.778 ms]
82
  Data (32 bytes)
84
       0000 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 6a 6b 6c 6d 6e 6f 70 abcdefghijklmnop
       0010 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 qrstuvwabcdefghi
86
       Data: 6162636465666768696a6b6c6d6e6f707172737475767761...
       Text: abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwabcdefghi
88
       [Length: 32]
```

Listing 2.5: Wireshark trace for PING command with timestamps



2.4 ARP analysis

In the following exercises the Address Resolution Protocol was analyzed to achieve a better understanding how IP-Addresses are mapped to actual Hardware MAC-Addresses. ARP does exactly this by putting both address in relation together into a cache, also called the ARP table. Table ?? shows the header for ARP:

bits	0-7	8-15	16-23	24-31					
bytes	1	2	3	4					
Offset 0	Hardware-Addres	sstype (HTYPE)	Network Protocol Type (PTYPE)						
	Hardware	Protocol							
Offset 32	Address	Address	Operation						
	Length (HLEN)	Length (PLEN)							
Offset 64		Sender MA	AC-Add:	ress					
Offset 128	Sender MA	AC-Address		Sender IP Address					
Offset 160	Sender IF	² Address	Target MAC-Address						
Offset 192	Target MAC-Address								
Offset 224		Target IF	P-Addres	SS					

Table 2.5: Address Resolution Protocol Header

The following Figure 2.9 shows the ARP table obtained by typing 'arp -a' into the console from one of the network lab PCs before it was deleted for the next exercise:



```
C:\Users\rn-labor>arp -a
Schnittstelle: 134.108.8.37 --- 0xb
   Internetadresse
                                    Physische Adresse
                                                                    Typ
                                   b4-b5-2f-ac-d2-ed
90-1b-0e-66-4f-a2
   134.108.8.4
                                                                    dynamisch
   134.108.8.22
                                                                    dynamisch
  134.108.8.32
134.108.8.34
                                   90-b1-1c-88-98-19
90-b1-1c-88-99-f0
                                                                    dynamisch
                                                                    dynamisch
                                    90-b1-1c-87-ad-47
   134.108.8.35
                                                                    dynamisch
                                    90-b1-1c-87-b7-aa
   134.108.8.36
                                                                    dynamisch
   134.108.8.48
                                    90-b1-1c-87-b6-b9
                                                                    dynamisch
  134.108.8.49
134.108.8.51
                                   90-b1-1c-88-98-75
90-b1-1c-87-b8-1f
                                                                    dynamisch
                                                                    dynamisch
                                    74-46-a0-a9-e8-52
   134.108.8.168
                                                                    dynamisch
  134.108.8.176
134.108.8.177
                                   d8-cb-8a-7c-0a-07
d8-cb-8a-7c-0a-14
                                                                    dynamisch
                                                                    dynamisch
                                   d8-cb-8a-7c-0a-78
d8-cb-8a-7c-09-70
d8-cb-8a-7c-08-cb
  134.108.8.178
134.108.8.179
                                                                    dynamisch
                                                                    dynamisch
   134.108.8.180
                                                                    dynamisch
                                   d8-cb-8a-7c-09-b6
d8-cb-8a-7b-fe-bf
  134.108.8.181
134.108.8.182
                                                                    dynamisch
                                                                    dynamisch
                                   d8-cb-8a-7b-ff-15
d8-cb-8a-7c-0a-32
d8-cb-8a-7c-09-61
  134.108.8.183
134.108.8.184
                                                                    dynamisch
                                                                    dynamisch
   134.108.8.185
                                                                    dynamisch
                                   d8-cb-8a-7c-09-74
d8-cb-8a-7c-0a-b9
  134.108.8.186
134.108.8.187
                                                                    dynamisch
                                                                    dynamisch
                                   d8-cb-8a-7c-9a-by
d8-cb-8a-7c-99-7e
d8-cb-8a-7c-99-8d
d8-cb-8a-7c-99-e0
18-03-73-3b-3e-76
50-26-90-17-c9-a4
00-23-04-52-1c-00
01-00-5e-00-00-16
  134.108.8.188
134.108.8.190
                                                                    dynamisch
                                                                    dynamisch
   134.108.8.191
                                                                    dynamisch
   134.108.8.213
                                                                    dynamisch
   134.108.10.227
                                                                    dynamisch
   134.108.11.254
                                                                    dynamisch
   224.0.0.22
                                                                    statisch
                                    01-00-5e-00-00-fb
   224.0.0.251
                                                                    statisch
  224.0.0.252
230.0.0.1
239.255.255.250
255.255.255.255
                                   01-00-5e-00-00-fc
01-00-5e-00-00-01
01-00-5e-7f-ff-fa
                                                                    statisch
                                                                    statisch
                                                                    statisch
                                   ff-ff-ff-ff-ff-ff
                                                                    statisch
Schnittstelle: 192.168.31.6 --- 0xd
                                   Physische Adresse
   Internetadresse
                                                                    Тур
                                   rnysische Haresse
01-00-5e-00-00-16
01-00-5e-00-00-fb
01-00-5e-00-00-fc
   224.0.0.22
224.0.0.251
                                                                    statisch
                                                                    statisch
   224.0.0.252
                                                                    statisch
                                   01-00-5e-00-00-01
01-00-5e-7f-ff-fa
  230.0.0.1
239.255.255.250
                                                                    statisch
                                                                    statisch
Schnittstelle: 192.168.110.1 --- 0x10
                                    Physische Adresse
   Internetadresse
                                                                    Тур
  192.168.110.255
224.0.0.22
224.0.0.251
224.0.0.252
230.0.0.1
                                   ff-ff-ff-ff-ff-ff
01-00-5e-00-00-16
                                                                    statisch
                                                                    statisch
                                    01-00-5e-00-00-fb
                                                                    statisch
                                   01-00-5e-00-00-fc
01-00-5e-00-00-01
                                                                    statisch
                                                                    statisch
   239.255.255.250
                                    01-00-5e-7f-ff-fa
                                                                    statisch
Schnittstelle: 192.168.71.1 --- 0x11
                                   Physische Adresse
ff-ff-ff-ff-ff
   Internetadresse
                                                                    Тур
   192.168.71.255
                                                                    sťatisch
   224.0.0.22
224.0.0.251
                                   01-00-5e-00-00-16
01-00-5e-00-00-fb
                                                                    statisch
                                                                    statisch
   224.0.0.252
                                    01-00-5e-00-00-fc
                                                                    statisch
   230.0.0.1
239.255.255.250
                                   01-00-5e-00-00-01
01-00-5e-7f-ff-fa
                                                                    statisch
                                                                    statisch
Schnittstelle: 192.168.56.1 --- 0x13
   Internetadresse
                                   Physische Adresse
                                                                    Typ
   192.168.56.255
224.0.0.22
                                   ff-ff-ff-ff-ff-ff
01-00-5e-00-00-16
                                                                    statisch
                                                                    statisch
                                   01-00-5e-00-00-fb
01-00-5e-00-00-fc
   224.0.0.251
224.0.0.252
                                                                    statisch
                                                                    statisch
   230.0.0.1
239.255.255.250
                                    01-00-5e-00-00-01
                                                                    statisch
                                    01-00-5e-7f-ff-fa
                                                                    statisch
```

Figure 2.9: ARP table



2.4.1 a) Deleting the ARP cache

Now the ARP table on the source PC (134.108.8.37) was deleted using the console command 'arp -d'. After executing this, the ARP table was empty. After that another PING-Command was executed:

```
ping -n 2 134.108.8.36
```

The following figure shows the output of this Ping:

```
C:\Users\rn-labor>ping -n 2 134.108.8.36

Ping wird ausgeführt für 134.108.8.36 mit 32 Bytes Daten:
Antwort von 134.108.8.36: Bytes=32 Zeit<1ms TTL=128
Antwort von 134.108.8.36: Bytes=32 Zeit<1ms TTL=128

Ping-Statistik für 134.108.8.36:
    Pakete: Gesendet = 2, Empfangen = 2, Verloren = 0
    (0% Verlust),
Ca. Zeitangaben in Millisek.:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Mittelwert = 0ms
```

Figure 2.10: PING Command Output after ARP table was deleted

Because the ARP table is now empty, IP has the problem that the target IP-Address cannot be resolved. This leads to the ARP request packet sent from the Source PC into the network via Broadcast as seen in Listing ?? asking who has the required Target IP Address. The PC inside the same subnet who owns this IP Address now answers with an ARP reply packet containing it's MAC-Address. Following this the source PC inserts a new mapping with the target PC's IP- and MAC-Address into it's ARP table. After that the two PINGs are executed as seen in the following Wireshark trace:

```
No.
         Time
                    Source
                                        Destination
                                                            Protocol Length DestPort Info
                                                         Delta Time
                                    ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
  162 0.459379 90:b1:1c:88:97:76
                                                         ARP
                                                                 42
                                                                               Who has 134,108,8,36?
      Tell 134.108.8.37
                                          0.459379
4 Frame 162: 42 bytes on wire (336 bits), 42 bytes captured (336 bits) on interface 0
      Interface id: 0 (\\Device\\NPF\_{55902047-E973-4FFC-B9C0-B0FAC2DA73AF})
           Interface name: \\Device\\NPF\_{55902047-E973-4FFC-B9C0-B0FAC2DA73AF}
      Encapsulation type: Ethernet (1)
      Arrival Time: Nov 17, 2017 10:50:47.561364000 Mitteleuropäische Zeit
       [Time shift for this packet: 0.000000000 seconds]
      Epoch Time: 1510912247.561364000 seconds
10
       [Time delta from previous captured frame: 0.397775000 seconds]
```



```
[Time delta from previous displayed frame: 0.459379000 seconds]
       [Time since reference or first frame: 1.803262000 seconds]
      Frame Number: 162
14
      Frame Length: 42 bytes (336 bits)
      Capture Length: 42 bytes (336 bits)
16
       [Frame is marked: True]
       [Frame is ignored: False]
18
       [Protocols in frame: eth:ethertype:arp]
       [Coloring Rule Name: ARP]
20
       [Coloring Rule String: arp]
22 Ethernet II, Src: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76, Dst: ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
      Destination: ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
           Address: ff:ff:ff:ff:ff
24
           .... .1. .... .... = LG bit: Locally administered address (this is NOT the
           .... 1 .... = IG bit: Group address (multicast/broadcast)
      Source: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76
           Address: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76
28
           .... .0. .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
           .... 0 .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
30
      Type: ARP (0x0806)
32 Address Resolution Protocol (request)
      Hardware type: Ethernet (1)
      Protocol type: IPv4 (0x0800)
34
      Hardware size: 6
36
      Protocol size: 4
      Opcode: request (1)
      Sender MAC address: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76
      Sender IP address: 134.108.8.37
      Target MAC address: 00:00:00:00:00:00
40
      Target IP address: 134.108.8.36
42
  No.
         Time
                    Source
                                       Destination
                                                           Protocol Length DestPort Info
                                                        Delta Time
44 163 0.000164 90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa 90:b1:1c:88:97:76
                                                       ARP
                                                                60
                                                                              134.108.8.36 is at 90:b1
      :1c:87:b7:aa
                                       0.000164
46 Frame 163: 60 bytes on wire (480 bits), 60 bytes captured (480 bits) on interface 0
      Interface id: 0 (\Device\\NPF\_{55902047-E973-4FFC-B9C0-B0FAC2DA73AF})
           Interface name: \\Device\\NPF\_{55902047-E973-4FFC-B9C0-B0FAC2DA73AF}
48
      Encapsulation type: Ethernet (1)
      Arrival Time: Nov 17, 2017 10:50:47.561528000 Mitteleuropäische Zeit
50
       [Time shift for this packet: 0.000000000 seconds]
      Epoch Time: 1510912247.561528000 seconds
52
       [Time delta from previous captured frame: 0.000164000 seconds]
       [Time delta from previous displayed frame: 0.000164000 seconds]
54
       [Time since reference or first frame: 1.803426000 seconds]
      Frame Number: 163
56
      Frame Length: 60 bytes (480 bits)
      Capture Length: 60 bytes (480 bits)
```



```
[Frame is marked: True]
       [Frame is ignored: False]
60
       [Protocols in frame: eth:ethertype:arp]
       [Coloring Rule Name: ARP]
62
       [Coloring Rule String: arp]
  Ethernet II, Src: 90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa, Dst: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76
      Destination: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76
           Address: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76
66
           .... .0. .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
68
           .... ...0 .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
      Source: 90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa
           Address: 90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa
70
           .... .0. .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
           .... 0 .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
72
      Type: ARP (0x0806)
      Address Resolution Protocol (reply)
      Hardware type: Ethernet (1)
76
      Protocol type: IPv4 (0x0800)
      Hardware size: 6
78
      Protocol size: 4
      Opcode: reply (2)
80
      Sender MAC address: 90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa
      Sender IP address: 134.108.8.36
82
      Target MAC address: 90:b1:1c:88:97:76
      Target IP address: 134.108.8.37
84
86 No.
         Time
                   Source
                                      Destination
                                                          Protocol Length DestPort Info
                                                      Delta Time
  164 0.000018 134.108.8.37
                                   134.108.8.36
                                                      ICMP
                                                                            Echo (ping) request id=0
                                                              74
      x0001, seq=52/13312, ttl=128 (reply in 165) 0.000018
88
90 No.
                                                          Protocol Length DestPort Info
         Time
                   Source
                                      Destination
                                                      Delta Time
  165 0.000168 134.108.8.36
                                   134.108.8.37
                                                      ICMP
                                                              74
                                                                            Echo (ping) reply id=0
      x0001, seq=52/13312, ttl=128 (request in 164) 0.000168
94 No.
                                                          Protocol Length DestPort Info
         Time
                   Source
                                      Destination
                                                      Delta Time
                                   134.108.8.36
  176 1.005949 134.108.8.37
                                                      ICMP
                                                              74
                                                                            Echo (ping) request id=0
      x0001, seq=53/13568, ttl=128 (reply in 177) 1.005949
96
98 No.
                                      Destination
                                                          Protocol Length DestPort Info
         Time
                   Source
                                                      Delta Time
  177 0.000271 134.108.8.36
                                   134.108.8.37
                                                      ICMP
                                                              74
                                                                            Echo (ping) reply id=0
      x0001, seq=53/13568, ttl=128 (request in 176) 0.000271
```



Listing 2.6: Wireshark trace for PING command after deleting the ARP table

2.4.2 b) Shutting down one PC

For this second exercise the ARP-table on the source PC was deleted again. But this time, the target PC was shut down before the same Ping command as in ?? was executed. The following figure 2.11 shows the console output for the Ping-Command:

```
C:\Users\rn-labor>ping -n 2 134.108.8.36

Ping wird ausgeführt für 134.108.8.36 mit 32 Bytes Daten:
Antwort von 134.108.8.37: Zielhost nicht erreichbar.
Antwort von 134.108.8.37: Zielhost nicht erreichbar.

Ping-Statistik für 134.108.8.36:
Pakete: Gesendet = 2, Empfangen = 2, Verloren = 0
(0% Verlust),
```

Figure 2.11: PING Command Output after ARP table was deleted and target PC was shut down

Because the ARP table is empty, the source PC has to send another ARP request packet. But this time he receives no answer because the PC owning the required IP address is not reachable. The console output shows that the source PC tries to reach the target PC with another ARP request, but again there is no answer. So the communication is canceled after this. Listing ?? shows the two ARP request packet that were sent from the source PC via Broadcast.

```
No.
         Time
                                           Destination
                                                               Protocol Length Info
                       Source
  21 2.895675
                  Dell\_88:97:76
                                       Broadcast
                                                            ARP
                                                                    42
                                                                          Who has 134.108.8.36? Tell
      134.108.8.37
4 Frame 21: 42 bytes on wire (336 bits), 42 bytes captured (336 bits) on interface 0
  Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76), Dst: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)
  Address Resolution Protocol (request)
  No.
         Time
                       Source
                                           Destination
                                                               Protocol Length Info
  31 3.798686
                  Dell\_88:97:76
                                                            ARP
                                                                    42
                                                                          Who has 134.108.8.36? Tell
                                       Broadcast
       134.108.8.37
10
  Frame 31: 42 bytes on wire (336 bits), 42 bytes captured (336 bits) on interface 0
12 Ethernet II, Src: Dell\88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76), Dst: Broadcast (ff:ff:ff:ff:ff)
  Address Resolution Protocol (request)
```

Listing 2.7: Wireshark trace for PING command after deleting the ARP table and shutting down target PC



2.4.3 c) Reconnect after Reboot

After rebooting the target PC and reconnecting it to the network, the same PING-Command as in 2.4.1 was sent again from the source PC. Because now the target PC was reachable, the process and the outcome was exactly the same as in exercise 2.4.1.

2.5 IP multicast addressing

IP multicast addressing is used to send packets to groups of different IP addresses without broadcasting into the network. The are different protocols that are able to do this such as the Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (VRRP), the Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP), the routing protocol OSPF, the Network Time Protocol (NTP), the Simple Service Discovery Protocol (SSDP) and the Spanning Tree Protocol (STP).

The range for IP-Multicast Addresses is from 224.0.0.0 to 239.255.255.255. This can be seen when observing the intranet traffic of the Hochschule Esslingen. As a multicast packet contains a range of target IP-addresses, they cannot be exclusively mapped to a single MAC-address. So a trick is used here. The 23 lowest bits from the IP-address are put into the MAC-address. This leads to a range of MAC-addresses from 01-00-5e-00-00-00 to 01-00-5e-7f-ff. The Downside is, that it is possible, that a single MAC-address can be referenced by multiple IP-Addresses. The following listing shows an SSDP packet captured from the traffic of the Hochschule Esslingen:

```
No.
         Time
                       Source
                                            Destination
                                                                Protocol Length Info
  4 0.461068
                  134.108.8.33
                                      239.255.255.250
                                                                   175
                                                                         M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1
                                                          SSDP
  Frame 4: 175 bytes on wire (1400 bits), 175 bytes captured (1400 bits) on interface 0
       Interface id: 0 (\Device\NPF\_{55902047-E973-4FFC-B9C0-B0FAC2DA73AF})
           Interface name: \Device\NPF\_{55902047-E973-4FFC-B9C0-B0FAC2DA73AF}
       Encapsulation type: Ethernet (1)
       Arrival Time: Nov 17, 2017 11:09:15.825997000 Mitteleuropäische Zeit
       [Time shift for this packet: 0.000000000 seconds]
       Epoch Time: 1510913355.825997000 seconds
       [Time delta from previous captured frame: 0.115495000 seconds]
11
       [Time delta from previous displayed frame: 0.115495000 seconds]
       [Time since reference or first frame: 0.461068000 seconds]
       Frame Number: 4
       Frame Length: 175 bytes (1400 bits)
15
       Capture Length: 175 bytes (1400 bits)
       [Frame is marked: False]
17
       [Frame is ignored: False]
       [Protocols in frame: eth:ethertype:ip:udp:ssdp]
```



```
[Coloring Rule Name: UDP]
       [Coloring Rule String: udp]
21
       Ethernet II, Src: Dell\ 87:b4:26 (90:b1:1c:87:b4:26), Dst: IPv4mcast\_7f:ff:fa (01:00:5e:7f:ff:
23
       Destination: IPv4mcast\_7f:ff:fa (01:00:5e:7f:ff:fa)
           Address: IPv4mcast\_7f:ff:fa (01:00:5e:7f:ff:fa)
           .... .0. .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
25
           .... 1 .... = IG bit: Group address (multicast/broadcast)
       Source: Dell\_87:b4:26 (90:b1:1c:87:b4:26)
27
           Address: Dell\_87:b4:26 (90:b1:1c:87:b4:26)
           .... .0. .... = LG bit: Globally unique address (factory default)
29
           .... = IG bit: Individual address (unicast)
       Type: IPv4 (0x0800)
31
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.33, Dst: 239.255.255.250
33
       0100 .... = Version: 4
       .... 0101 = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
       Differentiated Services Field: 0x00 (DSCP: CS0, ECN: Not-ECT)
35
           0000 00.. = Differentiated Services Codepoint: Default (0)
           .... ..00 = Explicit Congestion Notification: Not ECN-Capable Transport (0)
37
       Total Length: 161
       Identification: 0x2fc2 (12226)
39
       Flags: 0x00
           0... = Reserved bit: Not set
41
           .0.. .... = DonÂ't fragment: Not set
           ..O. .... = More fragments: Not set
43
       Fragment offset: 0
       Time to live: 1
45
       Protocol: UDP (17)
       Header checksum: 0x0b03 [validation disabled]
47
       [Header checksum status: Unverified]
       Source: 134.108.8.33
49
       Destination: 239.255.255.250
       [Source GeoIP: Unknown]
51
       [Destination GeoIP: Unknown]
User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 53552, Dst Port: 1900
       Source Port: 53552
       Destination Port: 1900
55
       Length: 141
       Checksum: 0x01c6 [unverified]
57
       [Checksum Status: Unverified]
       [Stream index: 0]
59
  Simple Service Discovery Protocol
61
       M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1\r\n
           [Expert Info (Chat/Sequence): M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1\r\\n]
                [M-SEARCH * HTTP/1.1\r\\n]
                [Severity level: Chat]
                [Group: Sequence]
65
           Request Method: M-SEARCH
           Request URI: *
67
           Request Version: HTTP/1.1
```



Listing 2.8: A single SSDP packet



3 TCP analysis

In this second part of the laboratory the Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) was examined through various exercises showing it's functionality.

TCP is one layer above the protocols ICMP and IP in the transport layer of the OSI-model. It's main goal is to establish a stable connection between two hosts to ensure transmission of information without data loss. Other than the protocols one layer down in the Network Layer such as ICMP or IP, TCP provides enhanced functionality for transmission control, error recovery and handling for protocol errors. These functionalities will be shown in the exercises of this laboratory. Table ?? shows the TCP Header.

bits	0-3	4-7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16-23	24-31	
bytes	1					2					3	4	
Offset 0		source port destination port								ation port			
Offset 32		sequence number											
Offset 64		acknowledgment number											
	data		С	E	U	A	Р	R	S	F			
Offset 96	offset reserved	W	С	R	С	S	S	Y	I	window			
	onset		R	E	G	K	H	Γ	N	N			
Offset 128	checksum urgent pointer												
Offset 160		options											

Table 3.1: Transmission Control Protocol Header

TCP does not handle the networking part of the communication. This task is still handled by IP, which is one layer below TCP in the protocol stack. This is why there are no source- or target address fields in the TCP header. Instead it has segments for source- and target ports. These are necessary because a program such as $Traffic^1$ is needed for the TCP communication and these programs run on a port on both hosts. Sequence and acknowledgment numbers are used for the synchronization and error recovery between server and client. These will be important for the exercises. The control flags (each of them is only one bit) are used for traffic handling. The protocol decides how to interpret the sent data based on the set flags. They are also used for connection establishment, connection reset and for terminating a connection.

¹bla



3.1 Traffic generator handling

As mentioned above, simple PING-commands weren't enough for generating traffic using the Transmission Control Protocol. A program which occupies ports on both PCs (server and client) is needed to establish a TCP connection. For this exercise a tool named Traffic was used. The tool provides the functionality of a socket and can perform simple socket routines such as socket, bind(), listen(), accept(). It also provides a simple user interface where all functionalities are accessible for a user.

3.2 Simple TCP Communication

The first task in this laboratory was to establish a simple TCP-connection between a Server PC and a Client PC, sending multiple messages from client to server and vice versa, and finally releasing the connection.

3.2.1 Connection establishment

To establish a connection between server and client, TCP performs a routine known as the Three-Way-Handshake. The Three-Way-Handshake consists of three packets being transmitted between client and server. First, the client sends a TCP packet with the SYN-Flag containing a random number x as sequence number (s. header in chapter 3) to the server. If the server is reachable, it replies with a TCP packet with the SYN and ACK-flags being enabled. Furthermore this packet contains the incremented sequence number x+1 from the client as acknowledgment number and a newly generated random number y as sequence number. Finally the client performs the last step of the Three-Way-Handshake by replying with another ACK-flagged TCP-packet, containing the incremented sequence number from the server y+1 as acknowledgment number.

After these steps were successful, a stable connection is established and both client and server can begin to send data to each other. The following figure 3.1 shows the steps of the Three-Way-Handshake.



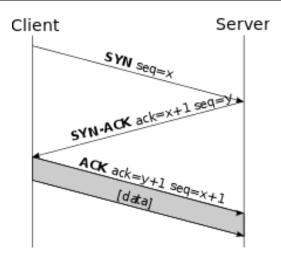


Figure 3.1: Three-Way-Handshake

The Wireshark-trace reveals some more details about the Three-Way-Handshake. As seen in listing ?? client and server also exchange information about the Maximum Segment Size (MSS). Furthermore both parties, the client and the server, set their window size which corresponds to the size of the buffer. When the buffer is completely occupied with data, no more data can be transferred until the buffer is cleaned by the receiver.

```
No.
         Time
                       Source
                                            Destination
                                                                Protocol Length Info
  129 14.773660
                                                                           51444 -> 6777 [SYN] Seq=0 Win
                    134.108.8.37
                                        134.108.8.36
                                                            TCP
                                                                    66
      =8192 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=256 SACK\_PERM=1
  Frame 129: 66 bytes on wire (528 bits), 66 bytes captured (528 bits) on interface 0
5 Ethernet II, Src: Dell\88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76), Dst: Dell\87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.37, Dst: 134.108.8.36
  Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 51444, Dst Port: 6777, Seq: 0, Len: 0
  No.
         Time
                       Source
                                           Destination
                                                                Protocol Length Info
                    134.108.8.36
                                                                           6777 -> 51444 [SYN, ACK] Seq
  130 14.773711
                                        134.108.8.37
                                                            TCP
                                                                    66
       =0 Ack=1 Win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=256 SACK\_PERM=1
  Frame 130: 66 bytes on wire (528 bits), 66 bytes captured (528 bits) on interface 0
13 Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa), Dst: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.36, Dst: 134.108.8.37
  Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 6777, Dst Port: 51444, Seq: 0, Ack: 1, Len: 0
17 No.
         Time
                       Source
                                            Destination
                                                                Protocol Length Info
  131 14.773828
                    134.108.8.37
                                        134.108.8.36
                                                            TCP
                                                                    60
                                                                           51444 -> 6777 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack
      =1 Win=65536 Len=0
19
  Frame 131: 60 bytes on wire (480 bits), 60 bytes captured (480 bits) on interface 0
21 Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76), Dst: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.37, Dst: 134.108.8.36
```



```
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 51444, Dst Port: 6777, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 0
```

Listing 3.1: Wireshark trace for Three-Way-Handshake

3.2.2 Data transfer

After the successful establishment of the TCP connection, multiple messages were transmitted between client and server. the Wireshark trace ?? shows all the packets in chronological order. All packets have in common that the PSH and ACK flags are enabled.

The first message was sent from client to server and contained 100 bytes of data. Because this was the first packet after the Three-Way-Handshake, both acknowledgment and sequence numbers are 1. The server answers with an ACK-packet, where the acknowledgment number is now 101. This is because the data size of the previous packet sent from client to server is added to the acknowledgment number. Also the data size is subtracted from the buffer size.

The second message sent from client to server is much larger, containing 1000 bytes of data. The procedure is the same as for the first message. The only difference is, that the sequence number of the packet is now 101 because of the previous ACK-Packet from the server. The server answers with and ACK-packet where the acknowledgment number is now 1101. Again the data size was added here and subtracted from the buffer size of the server. The sequence number is still 1, because the server hasn't sent any data to the client yet. The window-size of the server however is now reduced to 252, because the data has not been read from the buffer yet.

The third message follows the same procedure as message 1, but of cause this time the acknowledgment number in the server's reply packet is 1201, because there were again 100 bytes transmitted. The window size of the server is now reduced to 251.

The last message was sent from server to client. Here the sequence number is still 1 while the acknowledgment number is already 1201. The client replies with a ACK-packet containing a acknowledgment number increased to 101, because the previous packet was the first data packet it received since the Three-Way-Handshake.

```
No. Time Source Destination Protocol Length Info
41 7.691788 134.108.8.37 134.108.8.36 TCP 154 51444 -> 6777 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1
Ack=1 Win=256 Len=100

Frame 41: 154 bytes on wire (1232 bits), 154 bytes captured (1232 bits) on interface 0
```



```
5 Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76), Dst: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
   Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.37, Dst: 134.108.8.36
  Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 51444, Dst Port: 6777, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 100
   Data (100 bytes)
  No.
         Time
                       Source
                                           Destination
                                                                Protocol Length Info
11 46 7.892984
                   134.108.8.36
                                       134.108.8.37
                                                                          6777 -> 51444 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack
                                                           TCP
                                                                   54
       =101 Win=256 Len=0
13 Frame 46: 54 bytes on wire (432 bits), 54 bytes captured (432 bits) on interface 0
  Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa), Dst: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76)
15 Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.36, Dst: 134.108.8.37
  Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 6777, Dst Port: 51444, Seq: 1, Ack: 101, Len: 0
17
  No.
         Time
                       Source
                                           Destination
                                                               Protocol Length Info
19 90 19.684399
                   134.108.8.37
                                       134.108.8.36
                                                           TCP
                                                                   1054 51444 -> 6777 [PSH, ACK] Seq
       =101 Ack=1 Win=256 Len=1000
21 Frame 90: 1054 bytes on wire (8432 bits), 1054 bytes captured (8432 bits) on interface 0
  Ethernet II, Src: Dell\ 88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76), Dst: Dell\ 87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
23 Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.37, Dst: 134.108.8.36
  Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 51444, Dst Port: 6777, Seq: 101, Ack: 1, Len: 1000
25 Data (1000 bytes)
27 No.
         Time
                       Source
                                                               Protocol Length Info
                                           Destination
  92 19.889133
                   134.108.8.36
                                       134.108.8.37
                                                           TCP
                                                                   54
                                                                          6777 -> 51444 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack
       =1101 Win=252 Len=0
  Frame 92: 54 bytes on wire (432 bits), 54 bytes captured (432 bits) on interface 0
31 Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa), Dst: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.36, Dst: 134.108.8.37
33 Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 6777, Dst Port: 51444, Seq: 1, Ack: 1101, Len: 0
35 No.
          Time
                       Source
                                           Destination
                                                               Protocol Length Info
  1875 165.393174
                    134.108.8.37
                                         134.108.8.36
                                                                           51444 -> 6777 [PSH, ACK] Seq
                                                             TCP
                                                                     154
       =1101 Ack=1 Win=256 Len=100
37
  Frame 1875: 154 bytes on wire (1232 bits), 154 bytes captured (1232 bits) on interface 0
39 Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76), Dst: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
   Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.37, Dst: 134.108.8.36
41 Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 51444, Dst Port: 6777, Seq: 1101, Ack: 1, Len: 100
  Data (100 bytes)
43
          Time
                                           Destination
                       Source
                                                               Protocol Length Info
                   134.108.8.36
                                                                           6777 -> 51444 [ACK] Seq=1
45 1879 165,608164
                                        134.108.8.37
                                                             TCP
                                                                     54
       Ack=1201 Win=251 Len=0
47 Frame 1879: 54 bytes on wire (432 bits), 54 bytes captured (432 bits) on interface 0
  Ethernet II, Src: Dell\87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa), Dst: Dell\88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76)
49 Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.36, Dst: 134.108.8.37
```



```
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 6777, Dst Port: 51444, Seq: 1, Ack: 1201, Len: 0
51
  No.
         Time
                       Source
                                            Destination
                                                                Protocol Length Info
53 2086 201.626400
                     134.108.8.36
                                         134.108.8.37
                                                             TCP
                                                                      154
                                                                            6777 -> 51444 [PSH, ACK] Seq
      =1 Ack=1201 Win=251 Len=100
55 Frame 2086: 154 bytes on wire (1232 bits), 154 bytes captured (1232 bits) on interface 0
  Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa), Dst: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76)
57 Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.36, Dst: 134.108.8.37
  Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 6777, Dst Port: 51444, Seq: 1, Ack: 1201, Len: 100
  Data (100 bytes)
  No.
         Time
                       Source
                                            Destination
                                                                Protocol Length Info
61
  2088 201.832292
                     134.108.8.37
                                         134.108.8.36
                                                             TCP
                                                                     60
                                                                            51444 -> 6777 [ACK] Seq=1201
       Ack=101 Win=256 Len=0
  Frame 2088: 60 bytes on wire (480 bits), 60 bytes captured (480 bits) on interface 0
65 Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76), Dst: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.37, Dst: 134.108.8.36
67 Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 51444, Dst Port: 6777, Seq: 1201, Ack: 101, Len: 0
```

Listing 3.2: Wireshark trace for TCP messages

3.2.3 Connection release

To terminate an active connection, one of the two connected nodes sends a TCP-packet with the FIN-Flag enabled to the other node. In this case the client releases the connection first. The server answers with an ACK-packet where the acknowledgment number is increased to 102 because of the FIN-Flag. At this point, the connection is half-closed. The server can still send data to the client, but the client cannot send any data to the server, because it already released the connection. Now the server sends a FIN-enabled TCP packet to the client to terminated it's side of the connection. The client answers with an ACK-packet where the sequence number is 102 as before and the acknowledgment number is increased from 1201 to 1202 because of the server's FIN-flag in the previous packet. Now the connection is fully terminated. The following Wireshark-trace shows the captured packets:

```
No. Time Source Destination Protocol Length Info
3752 554.875797 134.108.8.36 134.108.8.37 TCP 54 6777 -> 51444 [FIN, ACK] Seq
=101 Ack=1201 Win=251 Len=0

Frame 3752: 54 bytes on wire (432 bits), 54 bytes captured (432 bits) on interface 0
Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa), Dst: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.36, Dst: 134.108.8.37
```



```
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 6777, Dst Port: 51444, Seq: 101, Ack: 1201, Len: 0
  No.
         Time
                       Source
                                           Destination
                                                               Protocol Length Info
  3755 554.876001
                     134.108.8.37
                                         134.108.8.36
                                                             TCP
                                                                     60
                                                                            51444 -> 6777 [ACK] Seq=1201
        Ack=102 Win=256 Len=0
11
  Frame 3755: 60 bytes on wire (480 bits), 60 bytes captured (480 bits) on interface 0
13 Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76), Dst: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.37, Dst: 134.108.8.36
15 Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 51444, Dst Port: 6777, Seq: 1201, Ack: 102, Len: 0
17 No.
         Time
                       Source
                                           Destination
                                                               Protocol Length Info
                    134.108.8.37
                                                             TCP
                                                                            51444 -> 6777 [FIN, ACK] Seq
                                         134.108.8.36
  3869 569.922788
                                                                     60
      =1201 Ack=102 Win=256 Len=0
19
  Frame 3869: 60 bytes on wire (480 bits), 60 bytes captured (480 bits) on interface 0
21 Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76), Dst: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.37, Dst: 134.108.8.36
23 Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 51444, Dst Port: 6777, Seq: 1201, Ack: 102, Len: 0
25 No.
         Time
                       Source
                                           Destination
                                                                Protocol Length Info
  3870 569.922807
                     134.108.8.36
                                         134.108.8.37
                                                             TCP
                                                                     54
                                                                            6777 -> 51444 [ACK] Seq=102
      Ack=1202 Win=251 Len=0
27
  Frame 3870: 54 bytes on wire (432 bits), 54 bytes captured (432 bits) on interface 0
29 Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa), Dst: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.36, Dst: 134.108.8.37
31 Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 6777, Dst Port: 51444, Seq: 102, Ack: 1202, Len: 0
```

Listing 3.3: Wireshark trace for Connection Release

3.3 TCP flow control

For this exercise another connection between server and client was established the same way as before. Now the task was to send a burst of 100 message from one host to another, while each message contained 1000 bytes of data. The intention behind this is to completely occupy the server's receive buffer with data and to observe what happens next. As seen in the Wiresharktrace, the client sends packet after packet to the server until the Window-size in the Servers corresponding ACK-packet is decreased to a value beneath 1000 bytes. When the client now tries to send the next packet, the server answers with a **TCP Zero Window** packet, where the window-size is decreased to 0, so the client cannot send another packet, no matter how small it is. This causes the client to stop sending the data packets. Instead it asks the server regulary if the receiver-buffer was cleared using a **TCP Zero Window Probe** packet. While the buffer is still occupied, the server answers with another TCP Zero Window packet. When the buffer



is cleared by the server, it sends a **Zero Window Update** packet with the new buffer size to the client. As soon as the client receives this packet, it answers with an ACK-packet and continues to send the data packets. The following Wireshark trace shows an example for each of the packets mentioned above.

```
No.
         Time
                       Source
                                           Destination
                                                                Protocol Length Info
  711 94.044149
                    134.108.8.37
                                        134.108.8.36
                                                            TCP
                                                                    60
                                                                           [TCP ZeroWindowProbe] 51484
       -> 6777 [ACK] Seq=73467 Ack=1 Win=256 Len=1
4 Frame 711: 60 bytes on wire (480 bits), 60 bytes captured (480 bits) on interface 0
  Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76), Dst: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.37, Dst: 134.108.8.36
  Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 51484, Dst Port: 6777, Seq: 73467, Ack: 1, Len: 1
  Data (1 byte)
10 0000 53
                                                      S
12 No.
         Time
                       Source
                                            Destination
                                                                Protocol Length Info
  714 94.255811
                    134.108.8.36
                                        134.108.8.37
                                                            TCP
                                                                    54
                                                                           [TCP ZeroWindow] [TCP ACKed
      unseen segment] 6777 -> 51484 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=73468 Win=0 Len=0
  Frame 714: 54 bytes on wire (432 bits), 54 bytes captured (432 bits) on interface 0
16 Ethernet II, Src: Dell\87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa), Dst: Dell\88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.36, Dst: 134.108.8.37
18 Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 6777, Dst Port: 51484, Seq: 1, Ack: 73468, Len: 0
  No.
         Time
                       Source
                                           Destination
                                                               Protocol Length Info
  1795 204.639823
                     134.108.8.36
                                         134.108.8.37
                                                             TCP
                                                                     54
                                                                            [TCP Window Update] 6777 ->
      51484 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=73469 Win=18 Len=0
  Frame 1795: 54 bytes on wire (432 bits), 54 bytes captured (432 bits) on interface 0
24 Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa), Dst: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.36, Dst: 134.108.8.37
  Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 6777, Dst Port: 51484, Seq: 1, Ack: 73469, Len: 0
```

Listing 3.4: Wireshark trace example for Zero Window packets

3.4 TCP transmission error recovery/abort

For this exercise TCP's error recovery and abort functionality was analyzed. In the first case, a transmission recovery happens after the server answers before the client's timeout. In the second case, the server does not answer before the timeout and the client aborts the transmission.



3.4.1 transmission error recovery

For this first part, a new connection between server and client was initialized the same way as in chapter 3.2.1. After that the server blocks any TCP-traffic for the port, *Traffic* is running on using a firewall. Now the clients sends a message to the server, but of course the related TCP-packet is blocked by the firewall. When the client does not receive an ACK-Packet for it's sent message, it sends a **TCP Retransmission** message. But there is still no answer, because the server still blocks any communication. Now the client keeps sending TCP Retransmission messages and for each packet the retransmission timeout (RTO) is increased. In this case the server is reconnected to the network again by turning off the firewall and answers with an acknowledge, before the client's RTO reaches a critical value. When the client receives this ACK-packet, the transmission was successfully recovered and the client can send it's message. The following Wireshark trace shows the client's original PSH-packet, the first and the last TCP Retransmission packet with unnecessary parts beeing collapsed and the server's ACK-packet.

```
No.
         Time
                                                               Protocol Length Info
                       Source
                                           Destination
                                        134.108.8.36
  115 20.815330
                   134.108.8.37
                                                            TCP
                                                                    154
                                                                           51693 -> 6777 [PSH, ACK] Seq
      =1 Ack=1 Win=65536 Len=100
  Frame 115: 154 bytes on wire (1232 bits), 154 bytes captured (1232 bits) on interface 0
5 Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76), Dst: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.37, Dst: 134.108.8.36
  Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 51693, Dst Port: 6777, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 100
  Data (100 bytes)
11 No.
         Time
                                                               Protocol Length Info
                       Source
                                           Destination
  117 21.123944
                   134.108.8.37
                                        134.108.8.36
                                                            TCP
                                                                           [TCP Retransmission] 51693 ->
                                                                    154
       6777 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=65536 Len=100
13
  Frame 117: 154 bytes on wire (1232 bits), 154 bytes captured (1232 bits) on interface 0
15 Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76), Dst: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.37, Dst: 134.108.8.36
17 Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 51693, Dst Port: 6777, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 100
       Source Port: 51693
       Destination Port: 6777
19
       [Stream index: 0]
       [TCP Segment Len: 100]
21
       Sequence number: 1 (relative sequence number)
       [Next sequence number: 101 (relative sequence number)]
23
       Acknowledgment number: 1 (relative ack number)
       0101 .... = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
25
       Flags: 0x018 (PSH, ACK)
           000. .... = Reserved: Not set
27
           ...0 .... = Nonce: Not set
```



```
.... 0... = Congestion Window Reduced (CWR): Not set
29
                                     .... .O.. .... = ECN-Echo: Not set
                                     .... ..O. .... = Urgent: Not set
31
                                     .... 1 .... = Acknowledgment: Set
                                     .... 1... = Push: Set
33
                                     .... .... .O.. = Reset: Not set
                                     .... .... ..O. = Syn: Not set
35
                                     .... Not set
                                     [TCP Flags: \hat{A} \cdot \hat{
37
                      Window size value: 256
                       [Calculated window size: 65536]
39
                       [Window size scaling factor: 256]
                      Checksum: 0xabc8 [unverified]
41
                       [Checksum Status: Unverified]
                      Urgent pointer: 0
43
                       [SEQ/ACK analysis]
                       [iRTT: 0.000295000 seconds]
45
                       [Bytes in flight: 100]
                       [Bytes sent since last PSH flag: 100]
47
                       [TCP Analysis Flags]
                                     [Expert Info (Note/Sequence): This frame is a (suspected) retransmission]
49
                                                   [This frame is a (suspected) retransmission]
                                                   [Severity level: Note]
51
                                                   [Group: Sequence]
                                     [The RTO for this segment was: 0.308614000 seconds]
53
                                     [RTO based on delta from frame: 115]
                      TCP payload (100 bytes)
55
                      Retransmitted TCP segment data (100 bytes)
57
        No.
                              Time
                                                                         Source
                                                                                                                                        Destination
                                                                                                                                                                                                     Protocol Length Info
59 164 27.738317
                                                              134.108.8.37
                                                                                                                            134.108.8.36
                                                                                                                                                                                          TCP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                    154
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         [TCP Retransmission] 51693 ->
                        6777 [PSH, ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=65536 Len=100
61 Frame 164: 154 bytes on wire (1232 bits), 154 bytes captured (1232 bits) on interface 0
        Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76), Dst: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
63 Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.37, Dst: 134.108.8.36
        Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 51693, Dst Port: 6777, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 100
                      Source Port: 51693
65
                      Destination Port: 6777
                       [Stream index: 0]
67
                       [TCP Segment Len: 100]
                      Sequence number: 1 (relative sequence number)
69
                       [Next sequence number: 101 (relative sequence number)]
                      Acknowledgment number: 1 (relative ack number)
71
                      0101 .... = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
                      Flags: 0x018 (PSH, ACK)
73
                                    000. .... = Reserved: Not set
                                     ...0 .... = Nonce: Not set
75
                                     .... 0... = Congestion Window Reduced (CWR): Not set
                                    .... .O.. .... = ECN-Echo: Not set
77
```



```
.... ..0. .... = Urgent: Not set
                                        .... 1 .... = Acknowledgment: Set
  79
                                         .... 1... = Push: Set
                                        .... .... .O.. = Reset: Not set
  81
                                        .... .... ..O. = Syn: Not set
                                        .... Not set
  83
                                        [TCP Flags: \hat{A} \cdot \hat{
                        Window size value: 256
  85
                         [Calculated window size: 65536]
  87
                         [Window size scaling factor: 256]
                        Checksum: Oxabc8 [unverified]
                         [Checksum Status: Unverified]
  89
                        Urgent pointer: 0
                         [SEQ/ACK analysis]
  91
                                        [iRTT: 0.000295000 seconds]
                                        [Bytes in flight: 100]
  93
                                        [Bytes sent since last PSH flag: 100]
                                        [TCP Analysis Flags]
  95
                                                       [Expert Info (Note/Sequence): This frame is a (suspected) retransmission]
                                                                     [This frame is a (suspected) retransmission]
  97
                                                                     [Severity level: Note]
                                                                     [Group: Sequence]
  99
                                                       [The RTO for this segment was: 6.922987000 seconds]
                                                       [RTO based on delta from frame: 115]
101
                        TCP payload (100 bytes)
                        Retransmitted TCP segment data (100 bytes)
103
105 No.
                                 Time
                                                                             Source
                                                                                                                                              Destination
                                                                                                                                                                                                             Protocol Length Info
                        166 27.951282
                                                                               134.108.8.36
                                                                                                                                                134.108.8.37
                                                                                                                                                                                                                TCP
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               6777 -> 51693 [ACK] Seq=1
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          54
                                          Ack=101 Win=65536 Len=0
107
           Frame 166: 54 bytes on wire (432 bits), 54 bytes captured (432 bits) on interface 0
109 Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa), Dst: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76)
           Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.36, Dst: 134.108.8.37
111 Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 6777, Dst Port: 51693, Seq: 1, Ack: 101, Len: 0
                        Source Port: 6777
                        Destination Port: 51693
113
                         [Stream index: 0]
                         [TCP Segment Len: 0]
115
                        Sequence number: 1 (relative sequence number)
                        Acknowledgment number: 101 (relative ack number)
117
                        0101 .... = Header Length: 20 bytes (5)
                        Flags: 0x010 (ACK)
119
                                       000. .... = Reserved: Not set
                                        ...0 .... = Nonce: Not set
121
                                        .... 0... = Congestion Window Reduced (CWR): Not set
                                        .... .0.. .... = ECN-Echo: Not set
123
                                        .... ..0. .... = Urgent: Not set
                                        .... 1 .... = Acknowledgment: Set
125
                                        .... O... = Push: Not set
```



```
.... .... .O.. = Reset: Not set
127
           .... Not set
129
            [TCP Flags: ·Â·Â·Â·Â·Â·Â·Â·Â·Â·Â·Â·Â·Â·]
131
       Window size value: 256
       [Calculated window size: 65536]
       [Window size scaling factor: 256]
133
       Checksum: 0x1d3c [unverified]
       [Checksum Status: Unverified]
135
       Urgent pointer: 0
       [SEQ/ACK analysis]
137
            [This is an ACK to the segment in frame: 115]
           [The RTT to ACK the segment was: 7.135952000 seconds]
139
            [iRTT: 0.000295000 seconds]
```

Listing 3.5: Wireshark trace for TCP transmission error recovery

3.4.2 transmission error abort

In this second case, the server wasn't reconnected to the network before the client's TCP-packet RTO reached a critical value. To set up the same starting situation as in the exercise before, a burst of 10 messages was sent from client to server to reduce the RTO to a minimum. Now the server blocks all TCP traffic again using it's firewall. After that the client sends another message, but this time the server does not reconnect to the network. After seven TCP Retransmission messages, the RTO reaches a critical value and the client now sends a RST-packet to the server to close it's side of the connection. When the server tries to send another message to the client, the client does not reply with an acknowledge but with an reset (RST). These packets can be seen in the following Wireshark trace:

```
No.
         Time
                       Source
                                            Destination
                                                                Protocol Length Info
  1182 150.782224
                     134.108.8.37
                                         134.108.8.36
                                                                            51685 -> 6777 [RST, ACK] Seq
                                                             TCP
       =101 Ack=1 Win=0 Len=0
4 Frame 1182: 60 bytes on wire (480 bits), 60 bytes captured (480 bits) on interface 0
  Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76), Dst: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.37, Dst: 134.108.8.36
  Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 51685, Dst Port: 6777, Seq: 101, Ack: 1, Len: 0
  No.
         Time
                       Source
                                            Destination
                                                                Protocol Length Info
10 1971 264.235460
                     134.108.8.36
                                         134.108.8.37
                                                             TCP
                                                                     154
                                                                            6777 -> 51685 [PSH, ACK] Seq
      =1 Ack=1 Win=65536 Len=100
12 Frame 1971: 154 bytes on wire (1232 bits), 154 bytes captured (1232 bits) on interface 0
  Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa), Dst: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76)
```



```
14 Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.36, Dst: 134.108.8.37
  Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 6777, Dst Port: 51685, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 100
16 Data (100 bytes)
18 No.
         Time
                       Source
                                           Destination
                                                                Protocol Length Info
  1974 264.235679
                     134.108.8.37
                                         134.108.8.36
                                                                     60
                                                                            51685 -> 6777 [RST] Seq=1
                                                             TCP
      Win=0 Len=0
20
  Frame 1974: 60 bytes on wire (480 bits), 60 bytes captured (480 bits) on interface 0
22 Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76), Dst: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.37, Dst: 134.108.8.36
24 Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 51685, Dst Port: 6777, Seq: 1, Len: 0
```

Listing 3.6: Wireshark trace for TCP transmission error abort

3.5 TCP protocol errors (synchronization errors)

In this exercise it was examined what TCP does when client and server are not synchronised correctly. In the first case, the client tries to connect to the server before the server's TCP socket has called listen(). In this case the client tries to connect to a non-existing server. When the client does not receive a [SYN, ACK]-packet from the server, it starts to send TCP Retransmission messages. When the server performs a listen before the RTO reaches a critical value, the rest of the Three-Way-Handshake is done normally. Otherwise the client aborts the procedure. The following Wireshark-trace shows the related packets for SYN and TCP Retransmission messages:

```
No.
         Time
                                           Destination
                                                               Protocol Length Info
                       Source
  111 19.236136
                                                                          51700 -> 6777 [SYN] Seq=0 Win
                    134.108.8.37
                                        134.108.8.36
                                                            TCP
                                                                    66
      =8192 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=256 SACK\_PERM=1
  Frame 111: 66 bytes on wire (528 bits), 66 bytes captured (528 bits) on interface 0
5 Ethernet II, Src: Dell\88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76), Dst: Dell\87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.37, Dst: 134.108.8.36
  Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 51700, Dst Port: 6777, Seq: 0, Len: 0
9 No.
         Time
                       Source
                                           Destination
                                                               Protocol Length Info
                   134.108.8.37
                                                                           [TCP Retransmission] 51700 ->
  120 22.245072
                                       134.108.8.36
       6777 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460 WS=256 SACK\_PERM=1
  Frame 120: 66 bytes on wire (528 bits), 66 bytes captured (528 bits) on interface 0
13 Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76), Dst: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.37, Dst: 134.108.8.36
15 Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 51700, Dst Port: 6777, Seq: 0, Len: 0
```



```
17 No.
         Time
                       Source
                                           Destination
                                                               Protocol Length Info
  155 28.250924
                   134.108.8.37
                                                                           [TCP Retransmission] 51700 ->
                                       134.108.8.36
                                                            TCP
                                                                    62
       6777 [SYN] Seg=0 Win=8192 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK\_PERM=1
  Frame 155: 62 bytes on wire (496 bits), 62 bytes captured (496 bits) on interface 0
21 Ethernet II, Src: Dell\_88:97:76 (90:b1:1c:88:97:76), Dst: Dell\_87:b7:aa (90:b1:1c:87:b7:aa)
  Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 134.108.8.37, Dst: 134.108.8.36
23 Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 51700, Dst Port: 6777, Seq: 0, Len: 0
```

Listing 3.7: Connect before listen

The same thing happens in the second case. When the server performs a *listen* before blocking all TCP traffic for the related port, it does not notice any attempts to establish a connection. The Wireshark Trace for this looks the same as in the first case. In both cases the client's user screen shows an error message as seen in figure 3.2:

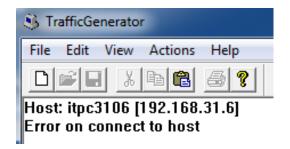


Figure 3.2: Connection failed!



4 IPv6/ICMPv6 analysis

bits	0-3	4-7	8-11	12-15	16-19	20-23	24-27	28-31	
bytes	1		2		3		4		
Offset 0	Version	Traf	ic Class		Flow Label				
Offset 32	P	ayload Length			Next Header		Hop Limit		
Offset 64	Source Address								
Offset 96									
Offset 128									
Offset 160									
Offset 192	Destination Address								
Offset 224									
Offset 256									
Offset 288									

Table 4.1: Internet Protocol v6 Header

bits	0-7	8-15	16-23	24-31				
bytes	1	2	3	4				
Offset 0	Source Address							
Offset 32								
Offset 64								
Offset 96								
Offset 128	Destination Address							
Offset 160								
Offset 192								
Offset 224								
Offset 256	ICMPv6 length							
Offset 288		Zeros	8	Next Header				

Table 4.2: Internet Control Message Protocol v6 Header



4.1 Node configuration

- 4.1.1 IPv4 and IPv6 configuration
- 4.1.2 interfaces for IPv6
- 4.2 PING commands
- 4.2.1 a) Basic ICMPv6 PING command
- 4.2.2 b) ICMPv6 PING command with large data package
- 4.2.3 c) Rebooting PC
- 4.2.4 d) Enforcing Neighbor discovery
- 4.2.5 e) ICMPv6 PING command with destination in another subnet
- 4.2.6 f) PING to a remote tunnel end



5 Conclusion



Bibliography

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