

Q1 What is data preprocessing?

→ Data preprocessing :-

Data preprocessing is a crucial step in the data analysis and machine learning pipeline. It involves transforming raw data into a clean and usable format.

The main step of data preprocessing include.

1. Data cleaning :-

Removing or correcting inaccurate data and dealing with missing value and eliminating noise

2. Data Integration :-

Combining data from different sources into a coherent dataset.

3. Data Reduction :-

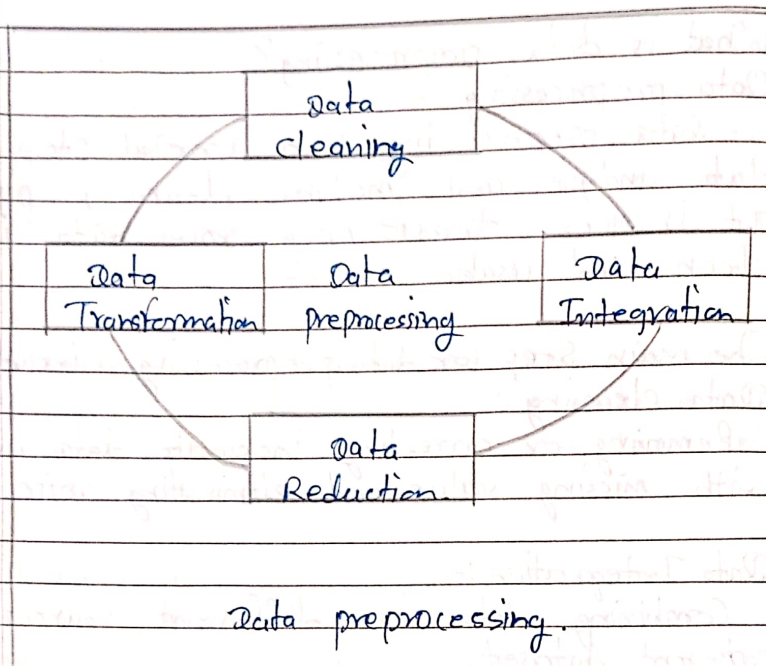
Reducing the volume of data by aggregating, summarizing, or simply compressing into form.

4. Data Transformation :-

Normalizing or scaling data to a consistent format.

The goal of data preprocessing is to improve the quality of the data and make it suitable for analysis or modeling.





Q2. What is ETL in the context of Data Integration

⇒ ETL :-

ETL stand for Extract Transform load and it is a process used in data integration to move data from various sources to a target data warehouse.

Data Integration:-

Difference type of data from different sources coherent together.

Types

- 1) Type coupling - Actual data comes together.
- 2) Loose Coupling - using interface but not actual data

\* Issues of Data Integration:-

- 1) Schema integration & object matching. Redundancy
- 2) Reduction & deduction of data values
- 3) No change or difficult to change.

\* The steps involved in ETL are:-

- Extract: Retrieving raw data from different sources.
- System such as database APIs or flat files.

- Transform :-

cleaning transforming & enriching the data to meet the requirements of the data target system.

This include data cleaning, normalization, aggregation & applying business rules.

- Load: Loading the transformed data into target systems which could be a data warehouse, data mart or database.

- ETL:-

ETL is essential for consolidating data from disparate sources ensuring data quality and preparing data for analysis.



Q3. Why is Data cleaning important during Data preprocessing?

→ Data cleaning :-

Data cleaning is critical part pre-processing because it ensures the accuracy, consistency and reliability of the data.

- Clean data is crucial for several reasons

- Improves Data Quality: Removing errors, inconsistencies and duplicates enhances the overall quality of data.

- Enhance analysis Accuracy :-

Clean data leads to more accurate & reliable result in data analysis & machine learning model.

- Reduce Noise :-

Eliminating irrelevant or redundant information helps in focusing on meaningful patterns and insights.

- Increases Efficiency :-

Clean data reduces the time and effort required to process & analyze the data.

- Improve Model performance :-

By removing errors and inconsistencies, data cleaning enhances the performance of machine learning models and other analytical techniques.

- Enhance Business Decision-making :-  
Reliable data & insights, made possible by data cleaning, support informed business decision and strategy development.

Q4. What are some common Data Transformation techniques used in ETL?

• Data transformation in ETL involves converting data from its original format to a format that is suitable for analysis & reporting.

- Data Normalization

Scaling data to a standard range, such as  $[0, 1]$  or  $[-1, 1]$  to ensure consistency.

- Data Aggregation :-

Summarizing data to a higher level, such as calculating totals, average or counts.

- Data Encoding :-

Converting data with additional information, such as adding geolocation data based on IP addresses.

- Data Filtering :-

Removing irrelevant data.

- Data Sorting :-

Arranging data in particular order.



## - Data Cleaning:-

Removing unwanted data or records based on specific conditions. Filtering, filling in missing values, and correcting errors to ensure data quality.

## - Reshaping:-

Converting data structures, such as pivoting tables or aggregating data, to prepare it for analysis.

Q's How does Data loading differ from data Extraction or Transformation in ETL?

→ Data loading is the final step in the ETL process & differ from data extraction & transformation in following ways:

## • Data Extraction:

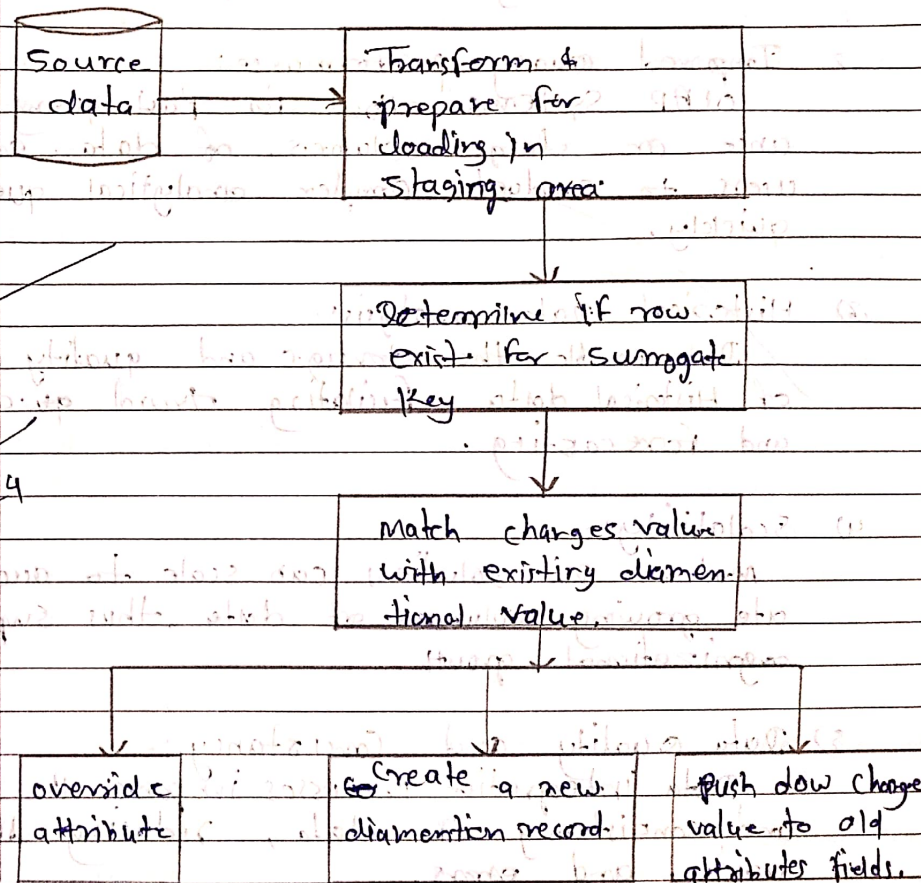
This is the first step where raw data is collected from various source system. The primary focus is on retrieving data without any modification.

## • Data Transformation:

This step involve cleans transforming and enhancing the extraction data to need the new set remonte of the target system. It involves applying business rules, normalizing data, & aggregation information.

## - Data loading:-

This is final step where re transform data if moved into target system such as a data warehouse. The focus is on ensuring that the data is accurately and efficiency load into the target system for E.



Sub  
16/8/24

Data Loading