Total No. of	Questions	:	8]
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P-3389

SEAT No.	:	

[Total No. of Pages: 4

[6027]-305

S.Y. M.C.A. (Management Faculty)

MT-31: PROBABILITY AND COMBINATORICS

(2019 Pattern) (Semester - III)

Time: 3 Hours]

[*Max. Marks* : 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Question No. Pand question No. 8 are compulsory.
- 2) Solve any four questions from question no. 2 to question no. 7.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Use of non-programmable calculator and statistical table is allowed.

Q1) Solve any three sub-questions out of five

 $[3 \times 5 = 15]$

- a) A committee of 3 persons is to constituted from a group of 2 men and 3 women. In how many ways this can be done? How many committees would consists of 1 man and 2 women?
- b) In how many ways can you put 7 letters into their respective envelops such that exactly 3 go into the right envelope?
- c) A juggler has seven red, five green and four blue balls. During his stunt, he accidentally drops a ball & then picks it up. As he continous another ball falls. What is the probability that first ball dropped is blue and second ball is green.
- d) Let X be a continous random variable with probability density function

$$f(x) = x^{2} \left(2x + \frac{3}{2}\right) \quad 0 < x \le 1$$

$$= 0 \quad \text{otherwise}$$

If y = 2X + 3 find V(y).

- e) The number of Industrial Injuries per working week in a particular factory is known to follow a poisson distribution with mean 0.5. Find the probability that in a particular week there will be
 - i) no accident
 - ii) less than 2 accidents
 - iii) more than 2 accidents

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- Q2) a) Find the number of integer solutions to the following $X_1 + X_2 + X_3 = 28$, so that $3 \le X_1 \le 19$, $4 \le X_2 \le 20$, $5 \le X_3 \le 21$.[5]
 - b) Prove by combinational arguments [5]

i)
$$\binom{2n}{n} = 2\binom{n}{2} + n^2$$

- ii) $\sum_{k=0}^{r} {m \choose k} {n \choose r-k} = {m+n \choose r}$
- Q3) a) Three persons A, B and C have applied for a job in a private company. The chance of their selection is in the ratio 1:2:4. The probability that A, B and C can introduce changes to improve the profit of the company are 0.8, 0.5 and 0.3 respectively. If change take place, find the probability it is due to B.

 [5]
 - b) Explain the following terms with examples [5]
 - (i) Random variable
 - ii) Sample space
 - iii) Events
- Q4) a) A discrete random variable X has the following probability distribution.

- b) We will assume that smiling times of eight week old baby follows uniform distribution between zero to 23 seconds. Inclusive let X denote smiling time in seconds. Find (i) P(2 < X < 18) (ii) P(X > 12/X > 8) [5]
- Q5) a) Show that Poisson distribution is a limiting condition of Binomial distribution? State the assumptions related to it. [5]
 - b) A continous random variable X has the following probability distribution function [5]

$$f(x) = k(1+x)$$
 $2 \le x \le 5$
= 0 otherwise

Find (i) K (ii) P(X < 4) (iii) P(X > 3)

I roll a die twice and obtain two numbers X_1 - result on first die **Q6**) a) X_2 = result on second die

Find (i)
$$P(X_2 = 4)$$
 (ii) $P(X_1 + X_2 = 7)$

(iii)
$$P(X_1 = 2 \text{ or } 3 \text{ and } X_2 \ge 4)$$
.

- All boys at a military school must run a fixed course as fast as they can b) as a part of physical examination with mean 29 minutes and standard deviation 2.5 minutes. Find the probability that boy selected at random run a fixed course in (i) less than 25 minutes (ii) between 26 and 30 minutes (iii) greater than 27 minutes. [5]
- The joint probability mass function of (X, Y) is given by **Q7**) a) [5]

$$f(x, y) = x^{2} + \frac{xy}{3} \quad 0 \le x \le 1 \quad 0 \le y \le 2$$

$$= 0 \quad \text{otherwise}$$
Find: i) $P\left(X > \frac{1}{3}\right)$ ii) $P\left(X < \frac{1}{4}, Y < \frac{3}{2}\right)$

Find: i)
$$P\left(X > \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

ii)
$$P(X < \frac{1}{4}, Y < \frac{3}{2})$$

- Scores on a standardized College Entrance Examination (CEE) are b) normally distributed with mean 510 and standard deviation 60. A selective university considers for admission only applicants with CEE score above 650. Find the percentage of all individuals who took the CEE who meet the university's CEE requirement.
- Q8) Solve any 3 sub-questions out of 5:

$$[3 \times 5 = 15]$$

- Determine the number of 5 card combinations out of a deck of 52 a) cards, if there is exactly one are in 5 cards.
- A pin consists of 4 digits. What is the probability that any 4 digit pin b) selected will contain no repeated digits.
- You can take an examination which contains 10 multiple choice c) questions. Each question has 4 possible options. Your score is X in the examination which is total number of correct answers. Find the probability of
 - i) All correct answers
 - All wrong answers ii)
 - Exactly 4 correct answers

- A large software development company employs 100 computer d) programmers of them 45 are proficient in Java, 30 in C#, 20 in Python, 6 in C# and Java, one in Java and Python, five is C# and python and just one programmer is proficient in all three languages above. Determine the number of computer programmers that are not proficient in any of these three languages.
- The following table represents the joint probability distribution of e) discrete variables X & Y.

	OY	20		
1	X	1	2	3
	100	k	2k	3k
	2	4k	5k	6k
	3	8k	9k	11k

- - Conditional probability distribution X given Y = 1. ii)
 - Conditional probability distribution of Y given X = 2. iii) AND SANTALIAN STRICT SANTALIAN SANTAL