

VIBGYOR HIGH

Second Term Examination

2019-2020

HISTORY and CIVICS

Grade: VIII

Max. Marks: 80

Date: 23/03/2020

Time Allowed: 2 hours

INSTRUCTIONS:-

- Answers to this paper must be written on the paper provided separately.
- You will not be allowed to write during the first 15 minutes.
- This time is to be spent in reading the question paper.
- The time given at the head of this paper is the time allowed for writing the answers.
- The intended marks for the questions or parts of questions are given alongside the questions.
- This paper contains 5 pages.

This paper is divided into 2 parts. **Part I is compulsory.** A total of **five** questions are to be attempted from **Part II, two** out of **three** questions from **Section A** and **three** out of **five** questions from **Section B**.

Part I (30 Marks)

Attempt all questions from this Part

Question 1

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|-----|--|-----|
| (a) | Which day is celebrated as United Nations Day? | [1] |
| (b) | Where is the International Court of Justice located? | [1] |
| (c) | What policy does the UNESCO follow in preventing war? | [1] |
| (d) | Which is the chief administrative organ of the UN? | [1] |
| (e) | Why were the specialized agencies of the UN established? | [1] |
| (f) | What do you mean by veto? | [1] |

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- (g) Where are the headquarters of UNESCO located? [1]
- (h) What does WHO stand for? [1]
- (i) What do the olive branches on the UN flag symbolize? [1]
- (j) Mention any one long term goal of the UNICEF. [1]

Question 2

- (a) Name any two revenue collection systems introduced by the British. [2]
- (b) How did the transport and communication system benefit the Indians? [2]
- (c) Who was known as the 'Vidyasagar of South India'? Mention any one cause that he fought for. [2]
- (d) Who was the first woman teacher of modern Maharashtra? Name the society organized by her husband. [2]
- (e) Name any two leaders of the early nationalist phase. [2]
- (f) When and why was Bengal partitioned? [2]
- (g) Mention the two principles that Satyagraha is based upon. [2]
- (h) Name the Ali brothers who launched the Khilafat Movement. [2]
- (i) Mention the oath taken by Subhash Chandra Bose. What was the primary objective of the INA? [2]
- (j) Why was the Cripps Mission sent to India? [2]

Part II (50 Marks)

SECTION A (20 Marks)

Attempt any two questions from this section

Question 3

The United Nations has six main organs. In this context, answer the following:

- (a) Write any three functions of the General Assembly. [3]
- (b) Explain the composition of the Security Council. [3]

- (C) Mention the important functions of the ECOSOC. [4]

Question 4

A number of specialized agencies of the UN have been set up in the interest of human affairs. In this context, answer the following:

- (a) What is the full form of UNESCO? Enlist any two of its functions. [3]
- (b) What is the composition of the ICJ? [3]
- (c) Enlist the projects supported by WHO. [4]

Question 5

With reference to the UN, discuss the following:

- (a) Mention any three endeavours of UNICEF to achieve its goals. [3]
- (b) What does the acronym UNICEF stand for at present? Where are the headquarters of the UNICEF located? Why was it originally established? [3]
- (c) Write any four objectives of the UN. [4]

SECTION B (30 Marks)

Attempt any three questions from this section

Question 6

With reference to the changes introduced in the Indian educational and revenue system, answer the following:

- (a) What was the purpose behind the introduction of Western education in India? [3]
- (b) Enlist any three advantages of the Permanent Settlement of Bengal. [3]
- (c) Explain how (i) Western education and (ii) the English language led to the rise of a spirit of nationalism among the Indians. [4]

Question 7

Many Indians realized the need for social and religious reforms to arrest the stagnation of Indian society. With respect to this, answer the following:

- (a) Explain the ideas propagated by Raja Ram Mohan Roy based on rationalism and the philosophy of the Vedas. [3]
- (b) Write a short note about the reform among the Parsees. [3]
- (c) Elaborate upon Ishwar Chandra Vidyasagar's views and contributions towards education. [4]

Question 8

With respect to the first phase of the Indian National Movement, answer the following questions.

- (a) What was the objective and results of the Lucknow Pact? [3]
- (b) State the main objectives of the Muslim League. [3]
- (c) Distinguish between the beliefs and objectives of the early nationalists and the assertive nationalists. [4]

Question 9

With respect to the Indian National Movement, answer the following questions:



- (a) Identify the person in the above picture. Discuss his views on social justice. [3]
- (b) List the programme of the Non Cooperation Movement. [3]
- (c) Write a short note on the Salt Satyagraha. [4]

Question 10

With respect to the Indian National Movement, answer the following questions:

- (a) When did India become an independent dominion? [1]
- (b) Mention any two objectives of the Forward Bloc. [2]
- (c) What was the impact of the Quit India Movement? [3]
- (d) Why do Indians still respect and revere Netaji? [4]
