APPLIED MATHEMATICS [SH 551] - SYLLABUS APPLIED MATHEMATICS [SH 551] - SYLLABUS

Lecture : 3 Year : II
Tutorial : 1 Part : II

Practical: 0

Course Objective

This course focuses on several branches of applied mathematics. The students are exposed to complex variable theory and a study of the Fourier and Z-Transforms, topics of current importance in signal processing. The course concludes with studies of the wave and heat equations in Cartesian and polar coordinates.

- 1. Complex Analysis (18 hours)
- 1.1 Complex Analytic Functions
- 1.1.1 Functions and sets in the complex plane
- 1.1.2 Limits and Derivatives of complex functions
- 1.1.3 Analytic functions. The Cauchy –Riemann equations
- 1.1.4 Harmonic functions and it's conjugate
- 1.2 Conformal Mapping
- 1.2.1 Mapping
- 1.2.2 Some familiar functions as mappings
- 1.2.3 Conformal mappings and special linear functional transformations
- 1.2.4 Constructing conformal mappings between given domains
- 1.3 Integral in the Complex Plane
- 1.3.1 Line integrals in the complex plane
- 1.3.2 Basic Problems of the complex line integrals
- 1.3.3 Cauchy's integral theorem
- 1.3.4 Cauchy's integral formula
- 1.3.5 Supplementary problems
- 1.4 Complex Power Series, Complex Taylor series and Lauren series

- 1.4.1 Complex power series
- 1.4.2 Functions represented by power series
- 1.4.3 Taylor series, Taylor series of elementary functions
- 1.4.4 Practical methods for obtaining power series, Laurent series
- 1.4.5 Analyticity at infinity, zeros, singularities, residues, Cauchy's residue theorem
- 1.4.6 Evaluation of real integrals
- 2. The Z-Transform (9 hours)
- 2.1 Introduction
- 2.2 Properties of Z-Transform
- 2.3 Z- transform of elementary functions
- 2.4 Linearity properties
- 2.5 First shifting theorem, second shifting theorem, Initial value theorem,
- 2.6 Final value theorem, Convolution theorem
- 2.7 Some standard Z- transform
- 2.8 Inverse Z-Transform
- 2.9 Method for finding Inverse Z-Transform
- 2.10 Application of Z-Transform to difference equations
- 3. Partial Differential Equations (12 hours)
- 3.1 Linear partial differential equation of second order, their classification and solution
- 3.2 Solution of one dimensional wave equation, one dimensional heat equation, two dimensional heat equation and Laplace equation (Cartesian and polar form) by variable separation method
- 4. Fourier Transform (6 hours)
- 4.1 Fourier integral theorem, Fourier sine and cosine integral; complex form of Fourier integral
- 4.2 Fourier transform, Fourier sine transform, Fourier cosine transform and their properties
- 4.3 Convolution, Parseval's identity for Fourier transforms
- 4.4 Relation between Fourier transform and Laplace transform

References:

- 1. E. Kreyszig, "Advance Engineering Mathematics", Fifth Edition, Wiley, New York.
- 2. A. V. Oppenheim, "Discrete-Time Signal Processing", Prentice Hall, 1990.
- 3. K. Ogata, "Discrete-Time Control System", Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, 1987.