

BASIC ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

EE 401

Lecture : 3

Year : I

Tutorial : 1

Part : I/II

Practical : 3/2

Course Objectives: After completion of this course the student will understand the fundamental concept of DC, AC & 3-phase electrical circuits.

1 General Electric System (6 hours)

1.1 Constituent parts of an electrical system (source, load, communication & control)

1.2 Current flow in a circuit

1.3 Electromotive force and potential difference

1.4 Electrical units

1.5 Ohm's law

1.6 Resistors, resistivity

1.7 Temperature rise & temperature coefficient of resistance

1.8 Voltage & current sources

2 DC circuits (4 hours)

2.1 Series circuits

2.2 Parallel networks

2.3 Kirchhoff's laws

2.4 Power and energy

3 Network Theorems (12 hours)

3.1 Application of Krichhof's laws in network solution

3.1.1 Nodal Analysis

3.1.2 Mesh analysis

3.2 Star-delta & delta-star transformation

3.3 Superposition theorem

3.4 Thevninn's theorem

3.5 Nortan's theorem

3.6 Maximum power transfer theorem

3.7 Reciprocity theorem

4 Inductance & Capacitance in electric circuits (4 hours)

4.1 General concept of capacitance

4.1.1 Charge & voltage

4.1.2 Capacitors in series and parallel

4.2 General concept of inductance

4.2.1 Inductive & non-inductive circuits

4.2.2 Inductance in series & parallel

5 Alternating Quantities (2 hours)

5.1 AC systems

5.2 Wave form, terms & definitions

5.3 Average and rms values of current & voltage

5.4 Phasor representation

6 Single-phase AC Circuits (6 hours)

6.1 AC in resistive circuits

6.2 Current & voltage in an inductive circuits

6.3 Current and voltage in an capacitive circuits

- 6.4 Concept of complex impedance and admittance
- 6.5 AC series and parallel circuit
- 6.6 RL, RC and RLC circuit analysis & phasor representation

7 Power in AC Circuits (4 hours)

- 7.1 Power in resistive circuits
- 7.2 Power in inductive and capacitive circuits
- 7.3 Power in circuit with resistance and reactance
- 7.4 Active and reactive power
- 7.5 Power factor, its practical importance
- 7.6 Improvement of power factor
- 7.7 Measurement of power in a single-phase AC circuits

8 Three-Phase Circuit Analysis (6 hours)

- 8.1 Basic concept & advantage of Three-phase circuit
- 8.2 Phasor representation of star & delta connection
- 8.3 Phase and line quantities
- 8.4 Voltage & current computation in 3-phase balance & unbalance circuits
- 8.5 Real and reactive power computation
- 8.6 Measurements of power & power factor in 3-phase system

Laboratory works:

- 1 Measurement of Voltage, current & power in DC circuit
 - Verification of Ohm's Law
 - Temperature effects in Resistance
- 2 Krichoff's Voltage & current Law
 - Evaluate power from V & I
 - Note loading effects of meter
- 3 Measurement amplitude, frequency and time with oscilloscope
 - Calculate & verify average and rms value
 - Examine phase relation in RL & RC circuit

4 Measurements of alternating quantities

R, RL, RC circuits with AC excitation

AC power, power factor, VARs, phasor diagrams

5 Three-phase AC circuits

Measure currents and voltages in three-phase balanced AC circuits

Prove Y- Δ transformation

Exercise on phasor diagrams for three-phase circuits

6 Measurement of Voltage, current & power in a three-phase circuit

Two-wattmeter method of power measurement in R, RL and RC three phase circuits

Watts ratio curve

References:

1 J.R Cogdell, " Foundations of Electrical Engineering", printice Hall, Englewood Chiffs, New Jersey, 1990.

2 I.M Smith," Haughes Electrical Technology", Addison-Wesley, ISR Rprint, 2000

Evaluation Scheme

The questions will cover all the chapters in the syllabus. The evaluation scheme will be as indicated in the table below:

| Chapter | Hours | Marks Distribution* |
|---------|-------|---------------------|
| 1. | 6 | 10 |
| 2. | 4 | 5 |
| 3. | 12 | 25 |
| 4. | 4 | 5 |
| 5. | 2 | 15 |
| 6. | 6 | |
| 7. | 4 | 10 |
| 8. | 6 | 10 |

* There may be minor deviation in marks distribution.