Problem Statement: To analyse the customer personas within the company and study the spending patterns of customers.

AcceptedCmp1 - 1 if customer accepted the offer in the 1st campaign, 0 otherwise

AcceptedCmp2 - 1 if customer accepted the offer in the 2nd campaign, 0 otherwise

AcceptedCmp3 - 1 if customer accepted the offer in the 3rd campaign, 0 otherwise

AcceptedCmp4 - 1 if customer accepted the offer in the 4th campaign, 0 otherwise

AcceptedCmp5 - 1 if customer accepted the offer in the 5th campaign, 0 otherwise

Complain - 1 if customer complained in the last 2 years

DtCustomer - date of customer's enrolment with the company

Education - customer's level of education

Marital - customer's marital status

Kidhome - number of small children in customer's household

Teenhome - number of teenagers in customer's household

Income - customer's yearly household income

MntFishProducts - amount spent on fish products in the last 2 years

MntMeatProducts - amount spent on meat products in the last 2 years

MntFruits - amount spent on fruits products in the last 2 years

MntSweetProducts - amount spent on sweet products in the last 2 years

MntWines - amount spent on wine products in the last 2 years

MntGoldProds - amount spent on gold products in the last 2 years

NumDealsPurchases - number of purchases made with discount

NumCatalogPurchases - number of purchases made using catalogue

NumStorePurchases - number of purchases made directly in stores

NumWebPurchases - number of purchases made through company's web site

NumWebVisitsMonth - number of visits to company's web site in the last month

Recency - number of days since the last purchase

Dimensions:

AcceptedCmp1

AcceptedCmp2

AcceptedCmp3

AcceptedCmp4

AcceptedCmp5

Complain

Marital

Education

DtCustomer

Teenhome

Measures:

MntFishProducts

MntMeatProducts

MntFruits

MntSweetProducts

MntWines

MntGoldProds

NumDealsPurchases

NumCatalogPurchases

NumStorePurchases

NumWebPurchases - number of purchases made through company's web site NumWebVisitsMonth - number of visits to company's web site in the last month

Income

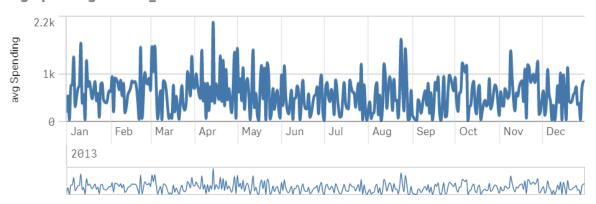
Recency

Questions:

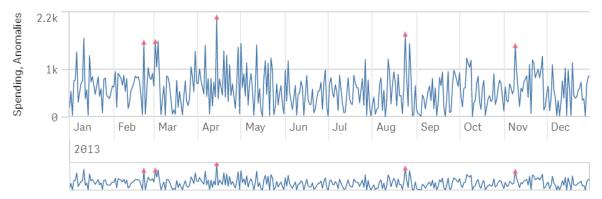
Customers enrolled in which month Spent the most amount of money?

Customers enrolled in April and August generated anomalies with respect to spending.





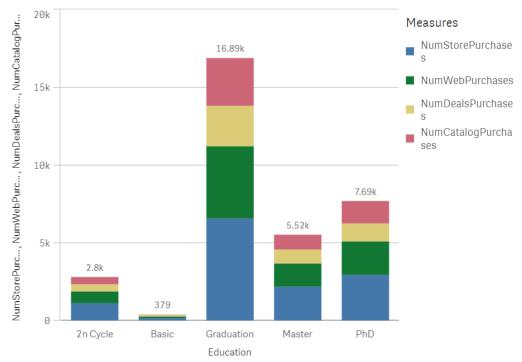
Spikes detected for avg Spending values over Dt_Customer



Which Education Level Spends is interested in what type of point of sale?

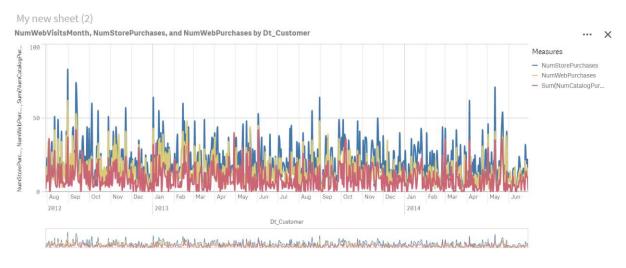
PHD and graduation customers tend to spend on other avenues rather than stores as the number of web purchases is comparatively high. Because of the lack of time they order online more. The most number of purchases are made by graduation students.

$\textbf{Comparison of NumStorePurchases, NumWebPurchases, NumDealsPurchases, and \dots}$



Compare the different point of sales.

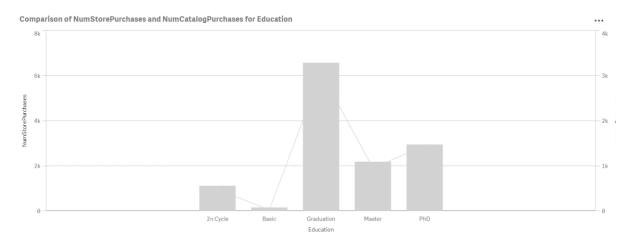
All sales are generally higher during the August and September of year 2012 with store purhcases producing a record figure. All in all, the gap between store purchases and other point of sales is decreasing as time passes by and in the recent years.



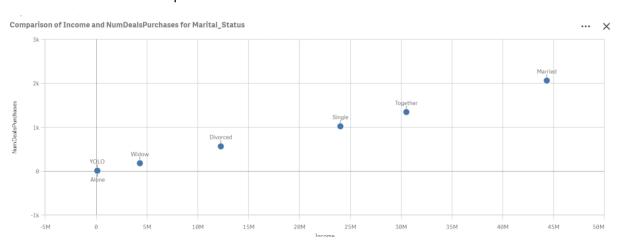
Positive relation between web visits and web purchases



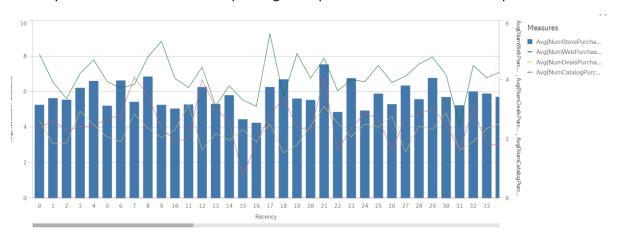
Trend for Store and catalogue Purchases remains the same



Married People had the most income and purchased the most deals. There is a positive correlation between income and deals purchased



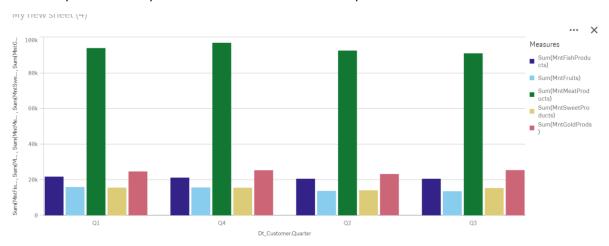
Recency does not have an effect on spending. Web purchases have been on the top.



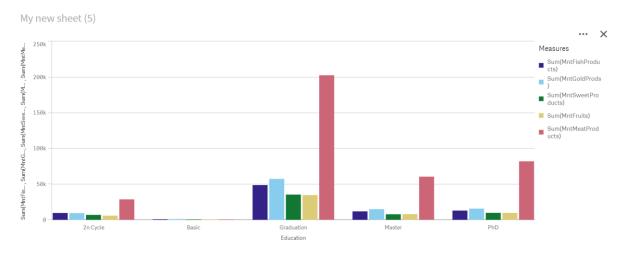
People born in 1941 made a lot of purchases from catalogue



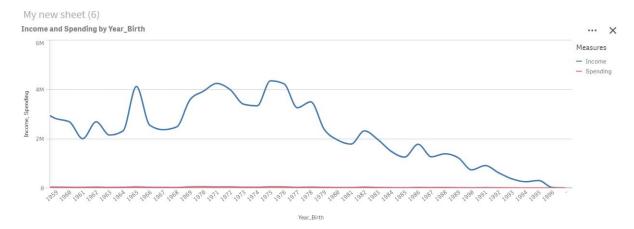
Amount spent on meat products has been the most in all quarters.



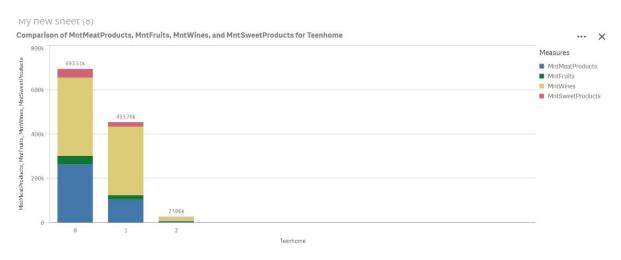
Graduation students spent more on meat products than all others.



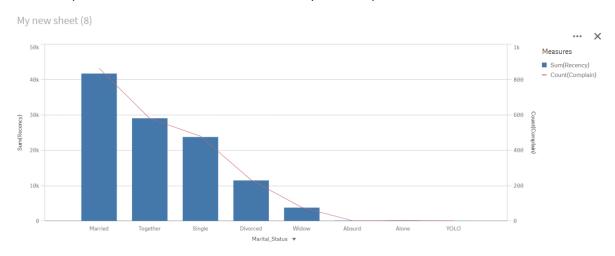
People born recently have experienced an decrease in income levels, however the spending has almost remained the same for people born in almost a decade.



Families with no teenagers at home have the highest spending. The pattern remains the same.

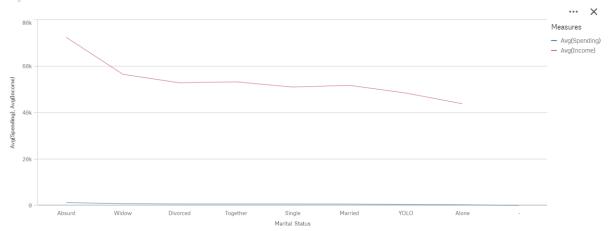


There is a positive correlation between the recency and complaints.

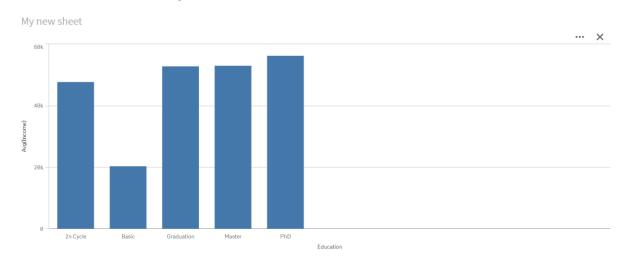


Absurd people have the highest income followed by widowed and divorce. Spending has been almost the same for every type hence income does not effect spending.





PHD Customers have the highest income.



The customers who have not accepted any camaigns spend the highest amount followed by the ones who accepted campaign 4. Campaign 4 was the most successful and most of the orders have come without campaigns.

AcceptedCmp5 Q	Sum(Spending)	AcceptedCmp2 Q	AcceptedCmp3 Q	AcceptedCmp4 Q	AcceptedCmp1 Q	
otals	1356988					
θ	849060	Θ	Θ	θ	0	
0	69853	Θ	Θ	1	Θ	
Θ	68352	Θ	Θ	Θ	1	
Θ	64928	Θ	1	θ	Θ	
Θ	16489	0	0	1	1	
0	12154	Θ	1	Θ	1	
0	9301	1	0	1	0	
0	2756	1	0	1	1	
Θ	577	1	Θ	0	Θ	
0	92	1	1	0	0	
1	95784	0	0	0	0	
1	39730	0	0	1	1	
1	34865	0	0	0	1	
1	34466	0	0	1	0	
1	22576	Θ	1	Θ	1	
1	12080	1	0	1	1	
1	9501	0	1	0	0	

Wines have the highest spending followed by meat. The more the campaigns people accept, the least likely they are to spend more. There is a negative correlation between spending and number of campaigns accepted.

Sum(Spen	Accepted Q	Sum(MntSwe	Sum(MntGo	Sum(Mnt	Sum(MntMeat	Sum(MntF	Sum(MntFish				
1356988						60621	98609	680816	373968	58917	84057
6227	1	1	0	1	θ	60	441	4374	1085	56	211
9501	1	0	1	Θ	Θ	384	601	5327	2579	310	300
34466	1	1	0	0	Θ	619	1125	23668	7567	639	848
69853	0	1	0	θ	θ	1516	2959	48543	13081	1568	2186
64928	0	θ	1	Θ	0	2085	7517	35617	13878	2436	3395
95784	1	θ	Θ	Θ	0	4298	4740	46193	31730	3753	5070
849066	0	θ	0	Θ	θ	42086	69239	397792	239432	41961	58550
4438	1	Θ	1	1	1	48	203	2296	1722	89	80
2756	0	1	0	1	1	58	53	2089	348	55	153
12086	1	1	Θ	1	1	559	415	8138	2182	337	449
16489	0	1	0	Θ	1	672	869	9836	3714	517	881
12154	0	Θ	1	Θ	1	604	808	4729	4323	616	1074
22576	1	θ	1	0	1	1257	1425	11493	6116	1103	1182
39736	1	1	0	Θ	1	1608	1687	20681	12454	1385	1915
34865	1	0	Θ	Θ	1	1742	1687	17729	9865	1535	2307
68352	0	Θ	0	Θ	1	2832	3960	32248	21720	2405	5187
6		-	-	-	-	0	0	0	0	Θ	0