## Proposed Method

## **Prototype Learning**

- To alleviate such conflicts, further extend the metric learning framework with prototypes, which are trainable points in the representation space.
- In this work, design each prototype to be responsible for optimizing one objective. The intuition is to disentangle two objectives by using two types of anchors (prototypes) instead of a single type of anchors (users).

## Proposed Method

## **Prototype Learning**

- First define two prototypes in the representation space:  $C, S \in \mathbb{R}^K$ 
  - ullet C is a prototype for optimizing the consumption objective  $L_C$
  - ullet S is a prototype for optimizing the interest sustainability objective  $L_S$
- Then project a user-item pair into a single point such that:  $T_{u,i} = \mathbf{u} + \mathbf{i}$ 
  - T is a transformation function and use sum operation.