

# Design Assignment 6

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Primary Github address: [https://github.com/chicosisco/da\\_sub.git](https://github.com/chicosisco/da_sub.git)

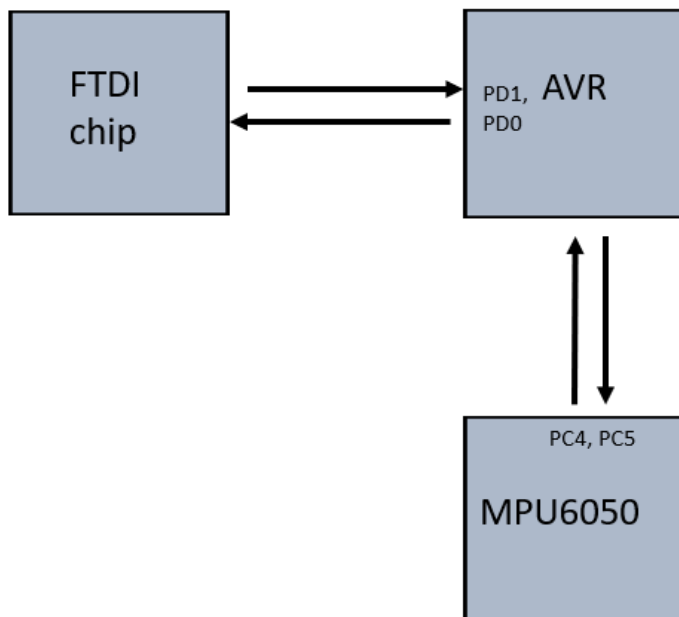
Directory: repository/cpe301/DesignAssignments/DA6

## 1. COMPONENTS LIST AND CONNECTION BLOCK DIAGRAM w/ PINS

The components used for this assignment are the next:

- Atmega328p Xplained Mini
- Multi-functional Shield
- Atmel Studio 7
- FTDI chip
- MPU6050

**Block diagram with pins used**



## 2. INITIAL/MODIFIED/DEVELOPED CODE OF TASK 1/A

### 1. Task 1

Interface the provided MPU-6050 6-DOF IMU Sensor to the ATmega328p using the I2C interface. Using the earlier developed code for UART, display the accelerometer and gyro data to the UART Terminal. Extra credits for 1) visualizing the accelerometer and gyro values (10 points), and 2) Apply Kalman Filtering on at least one sensor data and display the filtered value.

```
#define F_CPU 16000000UL // Define CPU
clock Frequency

// headers program operation
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <util/delay.h>
#include <inttypes.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "MPU6050_define.h"
#include "I2C_MasterH.h"
#include "USART_RS232_H.h"

// initializing variables
float Acc_x, Acc_y, Acc_z;
float Gyro_x, Gyro_y, Gyro_z;

int main()
{
    float X_a, Y_a, Z_a;
    float X_g=0, Y_g=0, Z_g=0;
    char buffer[20], float_[10];
    // I2C init function call
    I2C_Init();
    // Initialize MPU6050 initialization

    Gyro_MPU6050_Init();
    // Initialize USART, BAUD RATE = 9600
    USART_Init(9600);

    while(1)
    {
        Read_Raw_Value();

        // Values divided by scale factor
        X_a = Acc_x/16384.0;
        Y_a = Acc_y/16384.0;
        Z_a = Acc_z/16384.0;

        // Values divided by scale factor
        X_g = Gyro_x/16.4;
        Y_g = Gyro_y/16.4;
        Z_g = Gyro_z/16.4;
```

```

        // send values to USART
        dtostrf( X_a, 3, 2, float_ );
        sprintf(buffer, " acce_x = %s g\t", float_);
        USART_SendString(buffer);

        dtostrf( Y_a, 3, 2, float_ );
        sprintf(buffer, " acce_y = %s g\t", float_);
        USART_SendString(buffer);

        dtostrf( Z_a, 3, 2, float_ );
        sprintf(buffer, " acce_z = %s g\t", float_);
        USART_SendString(buffer);

        dtostrf( X_g, 3, 2, float_ );
        sprintf(buffer, " Gyro_X_axis = %s%c/s\t", float_, 0xF8);
        USART_SendString(buffer);

        dtostrf( Y_g, 3, 2, float_ );
        sprintf(buffer, " Gyro_Y_axis = %s%c/s\t", float_, 0xF8);
        USART_SendString(buffer);

        dtostrf( Z_g, 3, 2, float_ );
        sprintf(buffer, " Gyro_Z_axis = %s%c/s\r\n", float_, 0xF8);
        USART_SendString(buffer);

        _delay_ms(1000);
    }
}

void Read_Raw_Value()          // Read Raw values from gyro, and wait for acknowledgment
{
    MPU_Start_Loc();
    Acc_x = (((int)I2C_Read_Ack()<<8) | (int)I2C_Read_Ack());
    Acc_y = (((int)I2C_Read_Ack()<<8) | (int)I2C_Read_Ack());
    Acc_z = (((int)I2C_Read_Ack()<<8) | (int)I2C_Read_Ack());
    Gyro_x = (((int)I2C_Read_Ack()<<8) | (int)I2C_Read_Ack());
    Gyro_y = (((int)I2C_Read_Ack()<<8) | (int)I2C_Read_Ack());
    Gyro_z = (((int)I2C_Read_Ack()<<8) | (int)I2C_Read_Nack());
    I2C_Stop();
}

void Gyro_MPU6050_Init()      // Gyro
// initialization function
{
    _delay_ms(150);            // Power up time
    >100ms
    I2C_Start_Wait(0xD0);      // Start at device that
// will be written to address
    I2C_Write(SMPLRT_DIV);    // Write to sample rate
// register
    I2C_Write(0x07);          // set 1KHz sample rate
    I2C_Stop();
    I2C_Start_Wait(0xD0);
    I2C_Write(PWR_MGMT_1);    // Write to power
// management register

```

```

        I2C_Write(0x01);                // X axis gyroscope
reference frequency
        I2C_Stop();
        I2C_Start_Wait(0xD0);
        I2C_Write(CONFIG);              // Write to Configuration
register
        I2C_Write(0x00);                // Fs = 8KHz
        I2C_Stop();
        I2C_Start_Wait(0xD0);
        I2C_Write(GYRO_CONFIG);         // Write to Gyroscope
config. register
        I2C_Write(0x18);                // Full scale range +/-
2000 degree/C
        I2C_Stop();
        I2C_Start_Wait(0xD0);
        I2C_Write(INT_ENABLE);          // Write to interrupt
enable register
        I2C_Write(0x01);
        I2C_Stop();
}

void MPU_Start_Loc()
{
        I2C_Start_Wait(0xD0);            // I2C start with device
write address
        I2C_Write(ACCEL_XOUT_H);         // Write start location address
from where to read
        I2C_Repeated_Start(0xD1);       // I2C start with device read
address
}

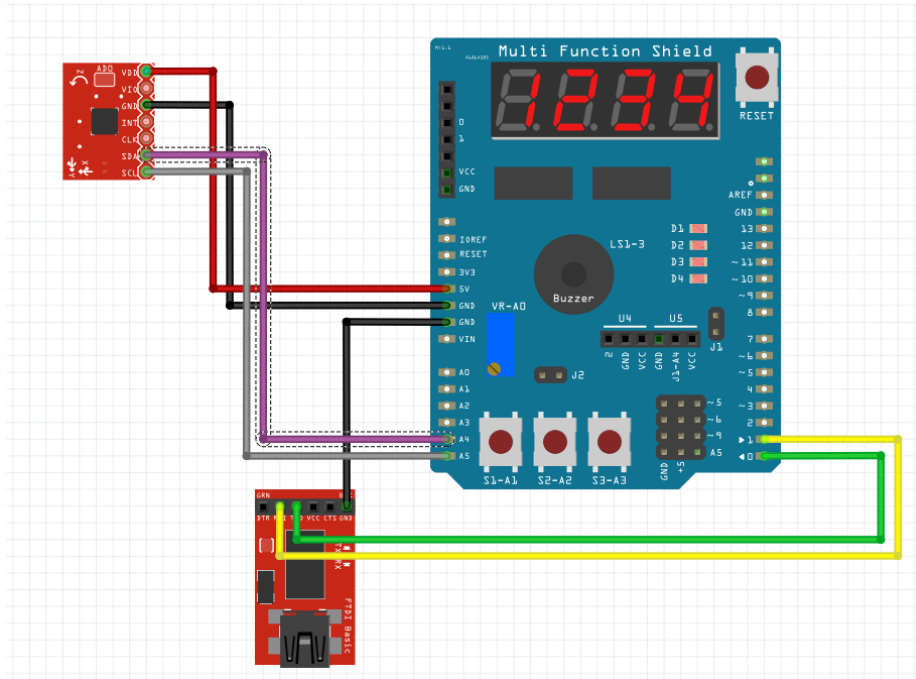
```

### 3. DEVELOPED MODIFIED CODE OF TASK 2/A from TASK 1/A

Same as above

## 4. SCHEMATICS

### Task 1



## 5. SCREENSHOTS OF EACH TASK OUTPUT (ATMEL STUDIO OUTPUT)

### TASK 1

```
#define F_CPU 16000000UL // Define CPU clock Frequency

// headers program operation
#include <avr/io.h>
#include <util/delay.h>
#include <inttypes.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include "MPU6050_define.h"
#include "I2C_MasterH.h"
#include "USART_RS232_H.h"

// initializing variables
float Acc_x, Acc_y, Acc_z;
float Gyro_x, Gyro_y, Gyro_z;

int main()
{
    float X_a, Y_a, Z_a;
    float X_g=0, Y_g=0, Z_g=0;
    char buffer[20], float[10];
    // I2C init function call
    I2C_Init();
    // Initialize MPU6050 initialization
    Gyro_MPU6050_Init();
    // Initialize USART, BAUD RATE = 9600
    USART_Init(9600);

    while(1)
    {
        Read_Raw_Value();

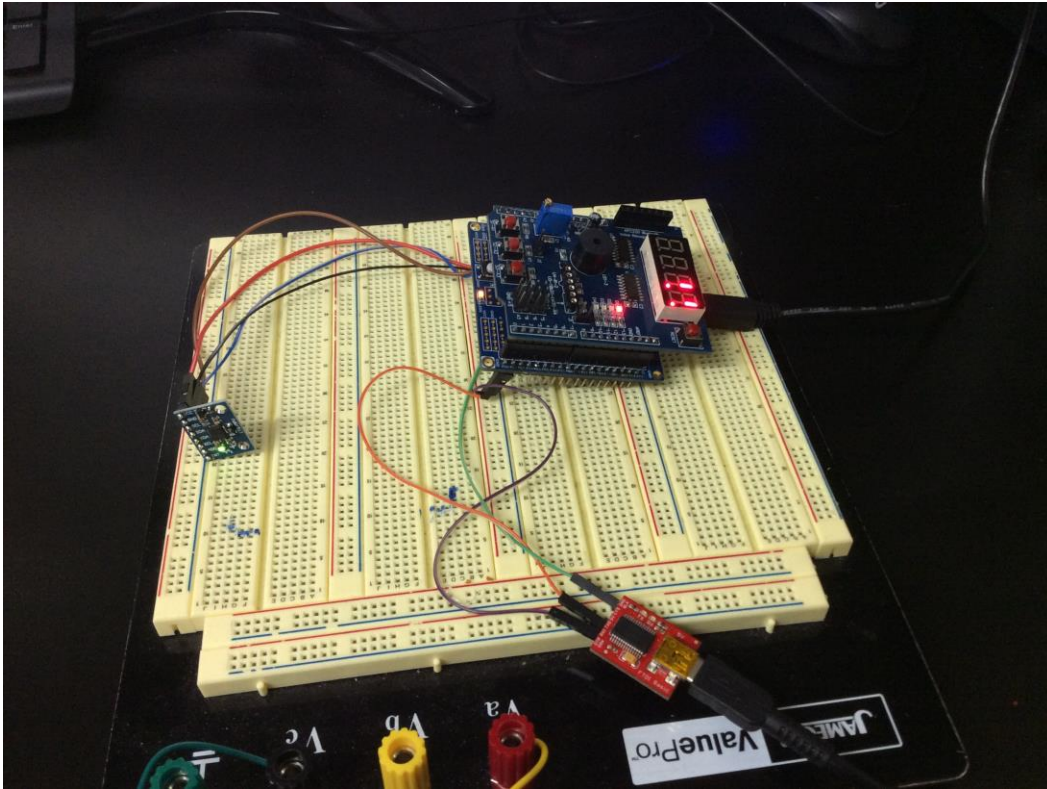
        // Values divided by scale factor
        X_a = Acc_x/16384.0;
        Y_a = Acc_y/16384.0;
        Z_a = Acc_z/16384.0;

        // Values divided by scale factor
        X_g = Gyro_x/16.4;
        Y_g = Gyro_y/16.4;
        Z_g = Gyro_z/16.4;

        // send values to USART
        dtostrf(X_a, 3, 2, float_);
        sprintf(buffer, "acce_x = %s g\t", float_);
    }
}
```

I/O				
Filter:				
Name	Value			
+	Analog Comparator (AC)			
+	Analog-to-Digital Convert...			
+	CPU Registers (CPU)			
+	EEPROM (EEPROM)			
+	External Interrupts (EXINT)			
+	I/O Port (PORTB)			
+	I/O Port (PORTC)			
+	I/O Port (PORTD)			
+	Serial Peripheral Interface (...)			
+	Timer/Counter, 16-bit (TC1)			
+	Timer/Counter, 8-bit (TC0)			
+	Timer/Counter, 8-bit Asyn...			
+	Two Wire Serial Interface (...)			
+	USART (USART0)			
+	USART Mode Select (U...	A..	0x00	
+	Parity Mode Bits (UCSR...	D..	0x00	
+	Stop Bit Select (UCSR0C)	T..	0x00	
Name	Address	Value	Bits	
+	UCSR0A	0xC0	0x20	
+	UCSR0B	0xC1	0x18	
+	UCSR0C	0xC2	0x06	
+	U...	0x00		
+	UP...	0x00		
+	US...	0x00		
+	UC...	0x03		
+	UC...	0x00		
+	UBRR0	0xC4	0x0067	
+	UDR0	0xC6	0x00	

6. SCREENSHOT OF EACH DEMO (BOARD SETUP)



7. VIDEO LINKS OF EACH DEMO

Task 1 video:

<https://youtu.be/vOMQIEACitk>

8. GITHUB LINK OF THIS DA

[https://github.com/chicosisco/da\\_sub.git](https://github.com/chicosisco/da_sub.git)

Student Academic Misconduct Policy

<http://studentconduct.unlv.edu/misconduct/policy.html>

*"This assignment submission is my own, original work".*

Francisco Mata Carlos