

WHAT MAKES THE BEST RATED WINE?

Congyi Fan, Sep 2020

"WINE IS ONE OF THE MOST CIVILIZED THINGS IN THE WORLD AND ONE OF THE MOST NATURAL THINGS OF THE WORLD THAT HAS BEEN BROUGHT TO THE GREATEST PERFECTION, AND IT OFFERS A GREATER RANGE FOR ENJOYMENT AND APPRECIATION THAN, POSSIBLY, ANY OTHER PURELY SENSORY THING."

-ERNEST HEMINGWAY



FOR FELLOW WINE LOVERS OUT THERE, WHEN
BROWSING IN A WINE SHOP AND SEEING THE SIGN
THAT HAS A 98 POINT NEXT TO IT - AREN'T YOU
MORE INCLINED TO BUY IT COMPARED TO THE BOTTLE
NEXT TO IT THAT SAYS 88 POINT?



Wine
Advocate



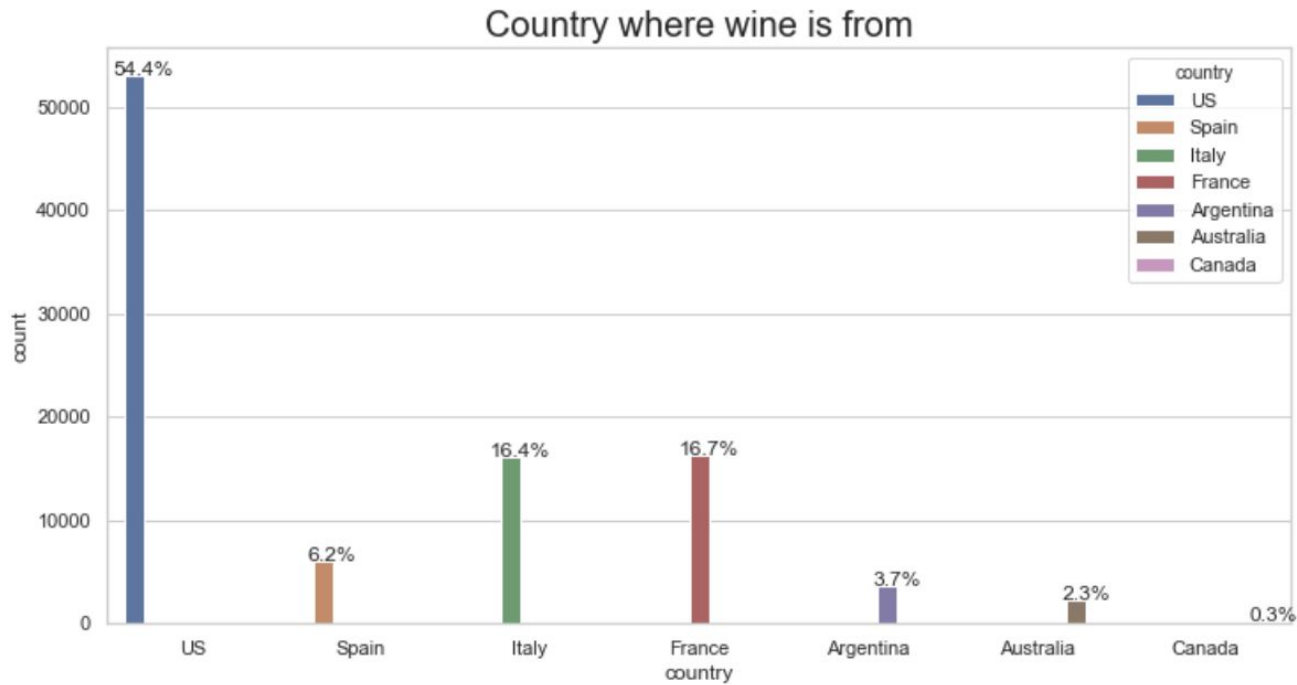
PREDICTING WINE SCORES - ASSUMPTIONS

- higher priced bottles get higher points
- older bottles get higher points
- French and Italian wines have highest points

DATA

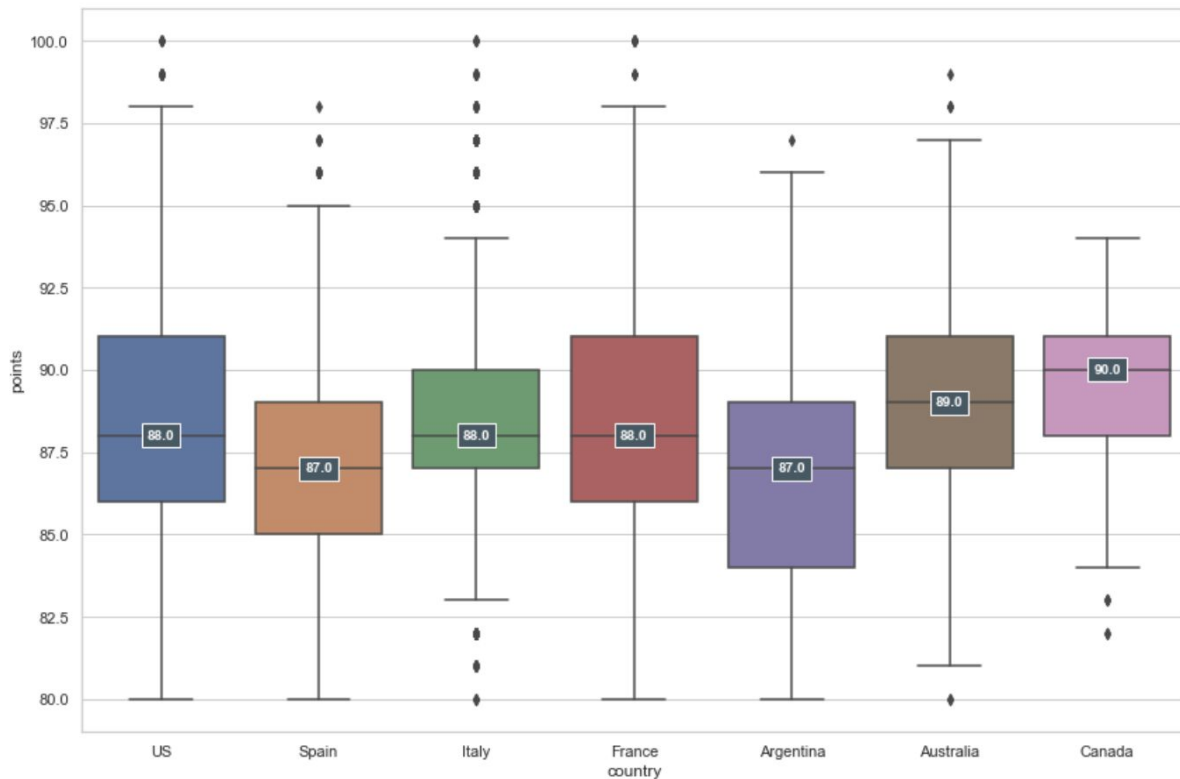
- [winemag-data-130k-v2.csv](#) dataset from Kaggle
- 129,971 rows and 15 features in the raw dataset
- Any row with null in relevant features were dropped
- Added year feature extracted from wine title
- Cleaned data for prediction contains 4 independent variables - price, variety, region and year

WINE SCORE VS. COUNTRY



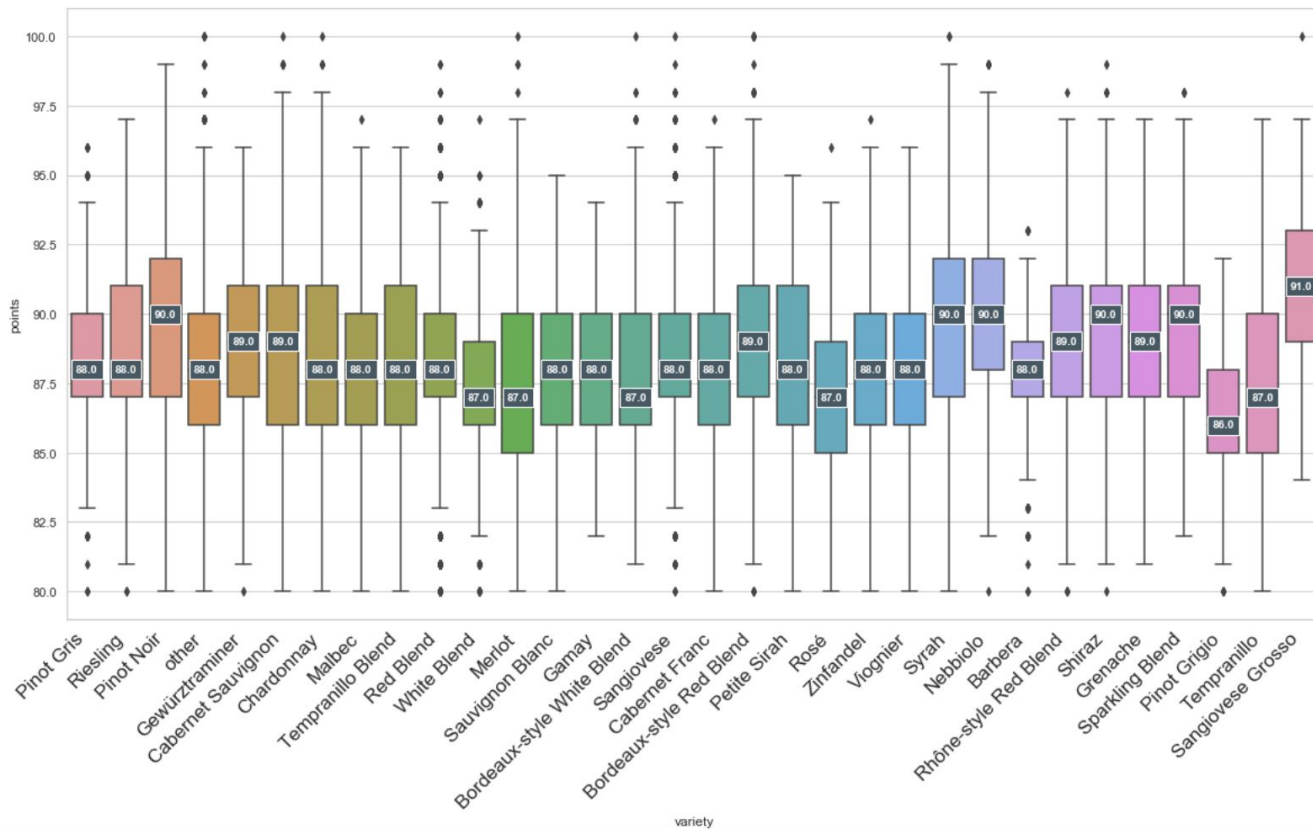
Looks like most of the data come from US, French, and Italian wines; we should keep that in mind when we think about bias in the data

WINE SCORE VS. COUNTRY



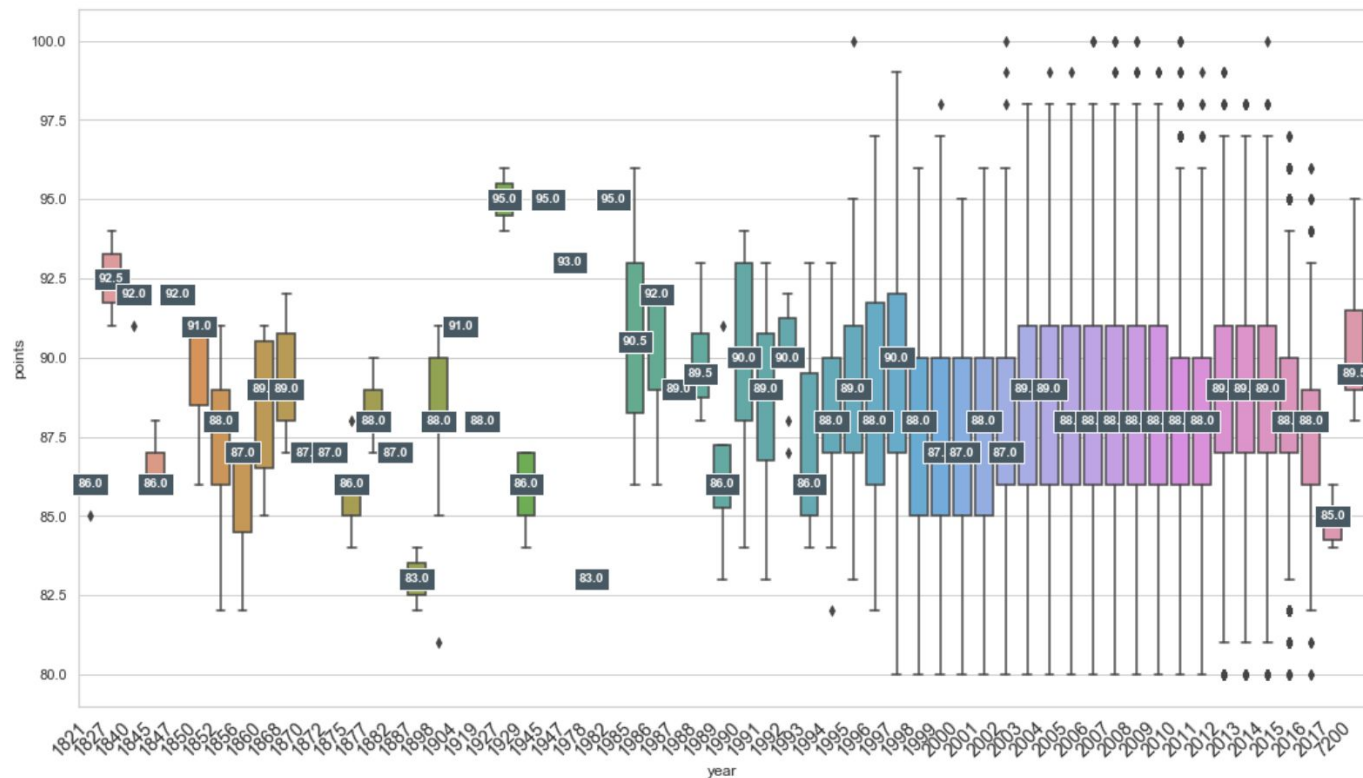
1. US, French and Italian wine have the same median points, and have outliers that have 100-point perfect scores
2. Italian wine has the smallest IQR while both US and French wine have the biggest
3. Australian & Canadian wine do not have large amount of data but have better median points than other major countries

WINE SCORE VS. VARIETY



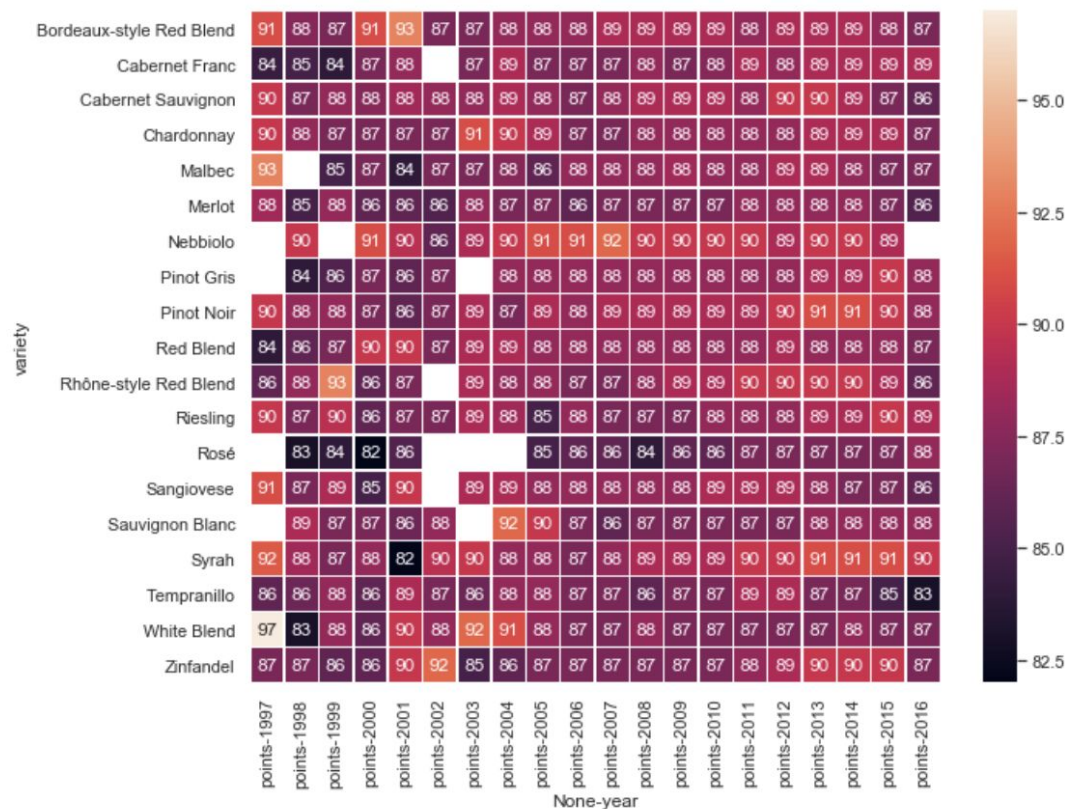
Here we can see Pinor Noir, Syrah, Nebbiolo, Shiraz & Sangiovese Grosso have the best median points.

WINE SCORE VS. YEAR



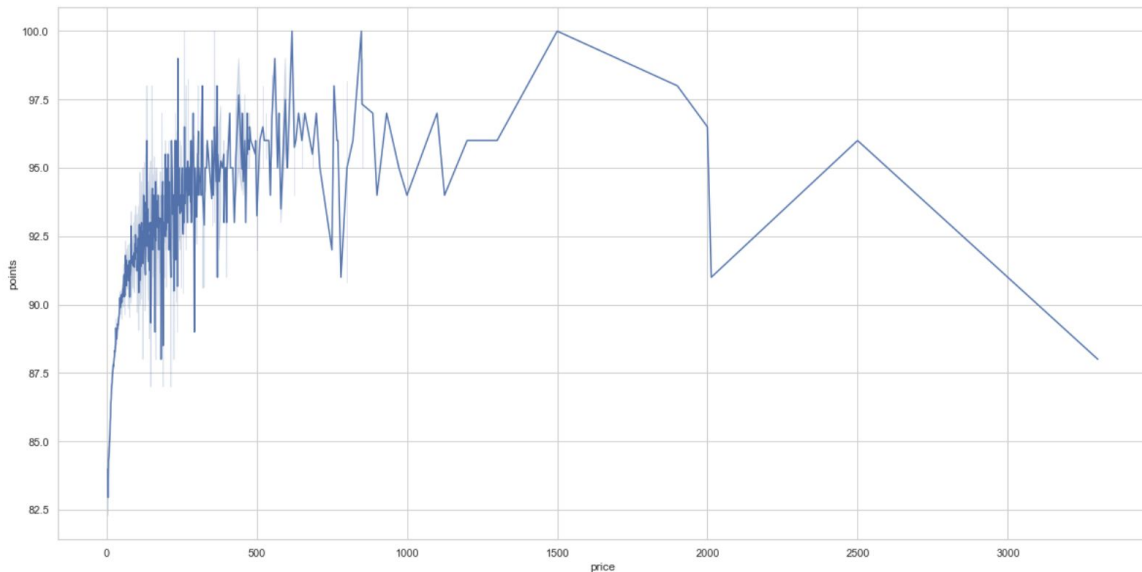
Here we can see the year feature doesn't seem to have a huge impact for recent wines (1994-2017), but points of vintage wines may vary a lot.

WINE SCORE VS. YEAR & VARIETY



Seems like year combined with variety still is a bit arbitrary, but to our surprise, 1998-2005 has more wine varieties with low score vs 2006-2016.

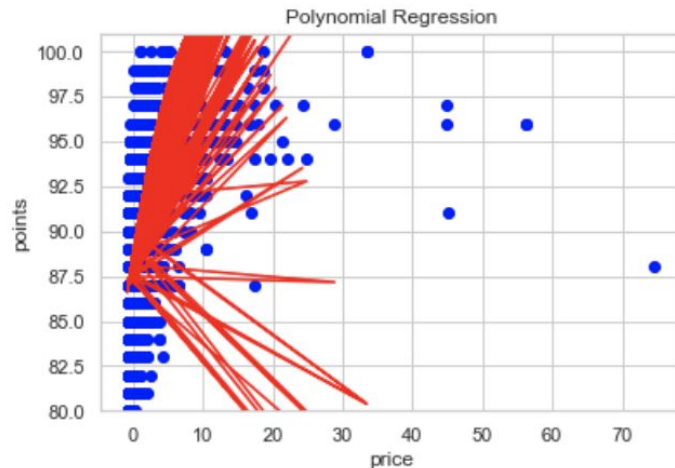
WINE SCORE VS. PRICE



Outliers included we see what's close to a downward parabola; there's a general tendency of increasing of points when price increases up til around \$500, then the deviation also is very drastic onwards, this might suggest that the price feature when combined with others may be a better indicator of points.

LINEAR REGRESSION MODELS

- Single regression (price vs. points)
 - Polynomial Degree of 3
 - R^2 of around .28 for both training and test data.
- Multiple regression (price, variety, year vs. points)
 - Polynomial Degree of 3
 - R^2 of .42 with training set and .34 in testing set.



MULTI-LAYER PERCEPTRON REGRESSOR

R^2 of training data of .44 but has a lower score for testing data of .42, which means approximately 42% of the variation of points is explained by this model.

CONCLUSION

- There is a lot of subjectivities that goes into rating wine
- Can build better model with more robust features related to wine quality, such as wine flavor
- Built decent model to predict wine score based on price, region and variety for use this as starting point

