## 機率與統計 Exercise5 Chapter5 B06505047 陳銘杰

Problem 5.2.4

$$S = \{tt, th, ht, hh\}, P(tt) = P(th) = P(ht) = P(hh) = 0.25$$

$$P_{X,Y}(x,y) = \begin{cases} 0.25 \ x = 2, y = 0 \\ 0.25 \ x = 0, y = 2 \\ 0.5 \ x = 1, y = 1 \end{cases}$$

Problem 5.3.6

$$P_{N}(n) = \sum_{k \in S_{K}} P_{N,K}(n,k) = \sum_{k=0}^{k=n} \frac{100^{n} e^{-100}}{(n+1)!}$$

$$= (n+1) \frac{100^{n} e^{-100}}{(n+1)!} = \frac{100^{n} e^{-100}}{n!} \quad (n = 0,1,2 \dots)$$

$$P_{K}(k) = \sum_{n \in S_{N}} P_{N,K}(n,k) \quad when \quad K = k, N \ge k$$

$$P_{K}(k) = \sum_{n=k}^{n=\infty} \frac{100^{n} e^{-100}}{(n+1)!} = \frac{1}{100} \sum_{n=k}^{n=\infty} \frac{100^{n+1} e^{-100}}{(n+1)!}$$

$$= \frac{1}{100} \sum_{n=k}^{n=\infty} P_{N}(n+1) = \frac{P[N > k]}{100}$$

Problem 5.6.3

$$P_X(x) = {75 \choose x} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{75}$$
,  $P_Y(y) = {25 \choose y} \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{25}$ 

X and Y are independent (100 independent flips)

$$P_{X,Y}(x,y) = {75 \choose x} {25 \choose y} (\frac{1}{2})^{100}$$

Problem 5.9.4

$$Y = X_1 + X_2$$

$$E[Y] = E[X_1 + X_2] = E[X_1] + E[X_2] = 0$$

$$Var[Y] = Var[X_1 + X_2] = E[(X_1 + X_2)^2]$$

$$\begin{split} &= \operatorname{E}[X_1^2 + 2X_1X_2 + X_2^2] \\ &= 1 + 2\operatorname{E}[X_1X_2] + 1 \\ &= \operatorname{E}[Y] = 0, \operatorname{Var}[Y] = 1, \rightarrow \operatorname{E}[X_1X_2] = \operatorname{Cov}[X_1, X_2] = -\frac{1}{2} \\ &\operatorname{Problem 5.10.9 (a)} \\ &F_{U_n}(u) = P[\max(X_1, \dots, X_n) \leq u] \\ &= \operatorname{P}[X_1 \leq \operatorname{u}, \dots, X_n \leq \operatorname{u}] \\ &= \operatorname{P}[X_1 \leq \operatorname{u}] \operatorname{P}[X_2 \leq \operatorname{u}] \dots \operatorname{P}[X_n \leq \operatorname{u}] \\ &= (F_X(u))^n \\ &\operatorname{Problem 5.10.9 (b)} \\ &F_{L_n}(l) = 1 - P[\min(X_1, \dots, X_n) > l] \\ &= 1 - \operatorname{P}[X_1 > l] \operatorname{P}[X_2 > l] \dots \operatorname{P}[X_n > l] \\ &= 1 - (1 - F_X(l))^n \\ &\operatorname{Problem 5.10.9 (c)} \\ &\operatorname{P}[L_n > l, U_n \leq \operatorname{u}] = P[\min(X_1, \dots, X_n) > l, \max(X_1, \dots, X_n) \leq u] \\ &= P[l < X_i \leq u, i = 1, 2, \dots, n] \\ &= P[l < X_1 \leq u] \dots P[l < X_n \leq u] \\ &= [F_X(u) - F_X(l)]^n \\ &\operatorname{P}[U_n \leq \operatorname{u}] = \operatorname{P}[L_n > l, U_n \leq \operatorname{u}] + \operatorname{P}[L_n \leq l, U_n \leq \operatorname{u}] \\ &F_{L_n,U_n}(l, u) = \operatorname{P}[U_n \leq \operatorname{u}] - \operatorname{P}[L_n > l, U_n \leq \operatorname{u}] \end{split}$$

 $= (F_{x}(u))^{n} - [F_{y}(u) - F_{y}(l)]^{n}$