Fibonacci Sequence:

```
.data
argument: .word 10      //argument=10
i:.word 1                 //i=1
j:.word 1                //j=1
k:.word 2                //k=2
str1: .string "th number in the Fibonacci sequence is "      //str1= th number in the
Fibonacci sequence is

.text
main:
      lw       a0, argument            // a0 = argument
      lw      t0,i                     // t0 = i
      lw      t1,j                     // t1 = j
      lw       t3,k                          // t3 = k
      jal      ra, fib                  // jump and link to the  'fib'  lable


       li      a0,10                    // exit program
       ecall


fib:
      addi     a0,a0,-1                      // a0 = a0 - 1
      add      t2,t0,t1                 // t2 = t0 + t1
      mv       t0,t1                    // t0 = t1
      mv       t1,t2                    // t1 = t2
      bne      a0,t3,fib                // if ( a0 ! = t3 ), go to the  'fib'  lable
      beq      a0,t3,printResult        // if ( a0 == t3), go to the  'printResult'  lable


printResult:

      lw       a1,argument              // print argument
      li       a0,1
      ecall

      la       a1,str1                  // print str1
```

```
    li      a0,4
    ecall

    mv      a1,t2                   // print t2, t2=result
    li      a0,1
    ecall

    ret
```

Greatest Common Divisor :

```
.data
argument1: .word 512                // argument1 = 512
argument2: .word 480                // argument2 = 480
i:.word 0                           // i = 0
str1: .string "GCD value of "       // str1 = GCD value of
str2: .string " and "               // str2 = and
str3: .string " is "                // str3 = is

.text
main:
lw a0, argument1                    // a0 = argument1
lw a1,argument2                     // a1 = argument2
lw t0,i                             // t0 = i
jal ra, gcd                         // jump and link to ‘gcd’ label


li a0,10                            // exit program
ecall


gcd:
rem t1,a0,a1                        // t1 = a0 % a1
mv a0,a1                            // a0 = a1
mv a1,t1                            // a1 = t1
beq t1,t0,printResult               // if ( t1 == t0 ), go to printResult
```

```
bne t1,t0,gcd                   // if ( t1 ! = t0 ), go to ‘gcd’ label

printResult:
                                //因為 print 需要用到 a0,a1，所以需要先將 a0,a1
                                裡面存的東西暫存到其他暫存器
lw t2,argument1                 // t2 = argument1
lw t3,argument2                 // t3 = argument2
mv t4,a0                        // t4 = a0

la a1,str1                      // print str1
li a0,4
ecall

mv a1,t2                        // print t2
li a0,1
ecall

la a1,str2                      // print str2
li a0,4
ecall

mv a1,t3                        // print t3
li a0,1
ecall

la a1,str3                      // print str3
li a0,4
ecall

mv a1,t4                        // print t4
li a0,1
ecall

ret
```

Bubble sort :

```
.data
n:.word 10                          //n =110
str1:.string "Array: "              // str1 = Array
str2:.string "Sorted: "             // str2 = Sorted
space:.string " "
endl:.string "\n"                   // endl = newline
array:.word 5,3,6,7,31,23,43,12,45,1    //初始化 array

.text
main:
lw a5,n                             // a5 = n
la s5, array                        //s5 指到 array  一開始的位置
jal ra,initialArray                 // jump and link to  'initialArray'  label
la a1,endl                          //  換行
li a0,4
ecall
la a1,str2                          // print str2
li a0,4
ecall
la a1,endl                          //  換行
li a0,4
ecall
lw a5,n                             // a5 = n
jal ra,sort                         // jump and link to  'sort'  label

#exit program
li a0, 10                           // exit program
ecall
ret

initialArray:
la a1,str1                          // print str1
li a0,4
ecall
la a1,endl                          //換行
li a0,4
ecall
```

```
beq zero,zero,print0          // 印出 sort 之前的 array
ret

swap:
mv s6,s4                      // s6 = s4
slli s6,s6,2                  //為了留 4byte
add s6,s5,s6                  //指向 array[j]的位置
lw t4,0(s6)                   // t4 = array[j]
lw t5,4(s6)                   // t5 = array[j+1]
sw t5,0(s6)                   // array[j] = t5
sw t4,4(s6)                   // array[j+1] = t4
ret                           //return

sort:
li s3,0                       // i=0
beq zero,zero,loop1           //跳到 loop1

loop1:
bge s3,a5,print0              // if ( i > n ), go to ‘print0’ label
addi s4,s3,,-1                // s4 = s3 -1, j = i - 1
beq zero,zero,loop2           //跳到 loop2
loop2:
blt s4,zero,exit2 #if j<0     // if ( j < 0 ), go to ‘exit2’ label
slli t0,s4,2                  // s4 = j , t0 = j + 1
add t0,s5,t0                  // t0 指向 array[j]的位置
lw t1,0(t0)                   // t1 = a[j]
lw t2,4(t0)                   // t2 = a[j+1]
ble t1,t2,exit2               // if a[j]<a[j+1], go to ‘exit2’ label
mv t3,ra                      //先將 ra 暫存，以免 call swap 時 ra 被改到
jal ra,swap                   // jump and link to ‘swap’ label
mv ra,t3                      //將 ra 的值移回來
addi s4,s4,-1                 // s4 = s4 – 1, j--
beq zero,zero,loop2           //跳到 loop2
print0:
mv s7,zero                    // s7 = 0, Jo6 為 index k
beq zero,zero,print           // 印出 array 中的 element
print:
add s8,s5,s7                  // s7=k, s8 指到目前要印出的 element
```

```
lw a1,0(s8)                    // 將目前的 element 放到 a1 後印出
li a0,1
ecall
la a1,space                    //印出 element 與 element 之間的空白
li a0,4
ecall
addi s7,s7,4                   //為了 k++
addi a5,a5,-1                  //計算還有多少個 element 沒印出來
bne a5,zero,print              //如果還沒印完就繼續印
ret                            // return
exit2:
addi s3,s3,1                   // s3 = s3 + 1, i++
beq zero,zero,loop1            //回到 loop1
```