Data Structure Assignment 2

ID: E14066282 Name: 溫梓傑 Department: ME 110

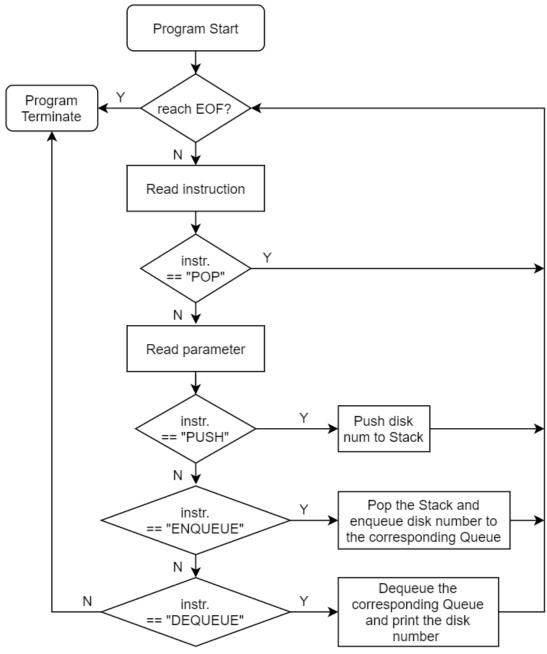
O Result Screenshots

```
C:\2020-NCKU_DS\HW2_stack_queue\code>make
gcc -std=c11 -o food food.c

C:\2020-NCKU_DS\HW2_stack_queue\code>.\food
54
98
3
1
30
```

Figure 1 Screenshot of command line

O Program Architecture



O Program Functions

1. Stack.h

```
Stack *new Stack();
```

Constructs a new stack.

N Parameters

None.

Return Value

Returns the new pointer of the stack.

• If construction fails, returns NULL.

```
int pop(Stack *self);
```

Removes the element on the top of the stack.

N Parameters

self

The pointer of the stack.

Return Value

Returns the top element before removal.

• If the stack is empty, program terminates.

```
void push(Stack *self, const int x);
```

Inserts a new element on the top of the stack.

N Parameters

self

The pointer of the stack.

Χ

The element which you insert.

₽Return Value

None.

2. Queue.h

```
Queue *new_Queue();
```

Constructs a new queue.

N Parameters

None.

PReturn Value

Returns the new pointer of the queue.

• If construction fails, returns NULL.

```
int dequeue(Queue *self x);
```

Removes the element in front of the queue.

N Parameters

self

The pointer of the queue.

PReturn Value

Returns the front element before removal.

• If the queue is empty, program terminates.

```
void enqueue(Queue *self, const int x);
```

Inserts a new element on the rear of the queue.

N Parameters

self

The pointer of the queue.

Χ

The element which you insert.

짇Return Value

None.

O Program Design

由於本作業需使用一個 Stack 與兩個 Queue,非常適合使用物件的概念來實作,但是受限於 C

語言並沒有 C++物件導向的特性,因此只能折衷的使用 struct 搭配 function 來模擬 C++中的物件。

為了讓程式敘述更為簡潔·我利用 typedef 來定義 Stack 以及 Queue。

```
typedef struct // Stack.h
    int stack[STACK MAX];
    int top;
} Stack;
typedef struct // Queue.h
    int queue[QUEUE MAX];
    int front; // No element
    int rear; // Element exits after first enqueue
} Queue;
如此就能讓 Compiler 識別 Stack 以及 Queue 兩組關鍵字,就好像在 C++實作 class 一樣。
   另外遇到的問題就是,如何把物件新增的方法做的類似 C++, 參考了一些網站 Refl, 最後決定
用以下方法實作。
C++:
  Stack *Plate = new Stack;
C :
  Stack *new Stack()
  {
      Stack *p = (Stack *)calloc(1, sizeof(Stack));
      p->top = -1;
      return p;
```

O Reference

• Ref 1

https://michaelchen.tech/applied-c-programming/object-oriented-programming-primer/

O Operating System

Windows 10

O Compiler

(MinGW.org GCC Build-20200227-1) 9.2.0

O Compile

make

O Run

.\food.exe