1.	Studies of signal and background separation using Mann-Whitney U test and some new methods

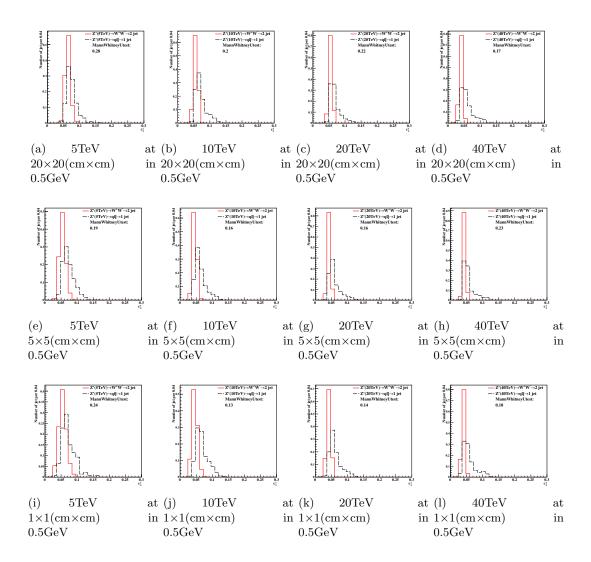


Figure 1: Distributions of Mann-Whitney value U in 5, 10, 20, 40TeV energy collision for c2b1 in different detector sizes. Cell Size in 20×20 , 5×5 , and $1\times1(\text{cm}\times\text{cm})$ are shown here.

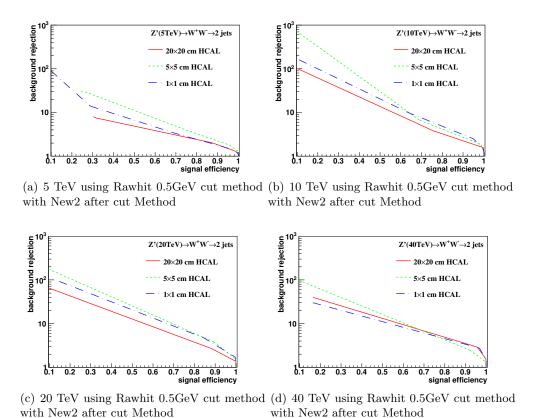


Figure 2: Signal efficiency versus background rejection rate using c2b1. The energies of collision at (a)5, (b)10, (c)20, (d)40 TeV are shown here. In each picture, the three ROC curves correspond to different detector sizes.

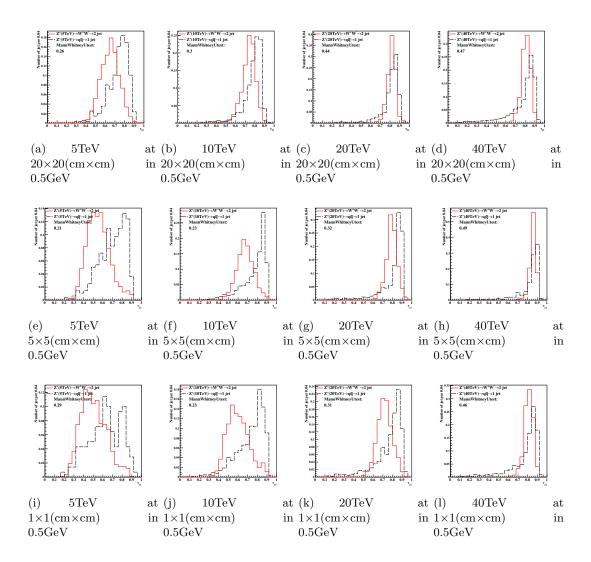


Figure 3: Distributions of Mann-Whitney value U in 5, 10, 20, 40 TeV energy collision for τ_{21} in different detector sizes. Cell Size in 20×20 , 5×5 , and $1 \times 1 \text{(cm} \times \text{cm)}$ are shown here.

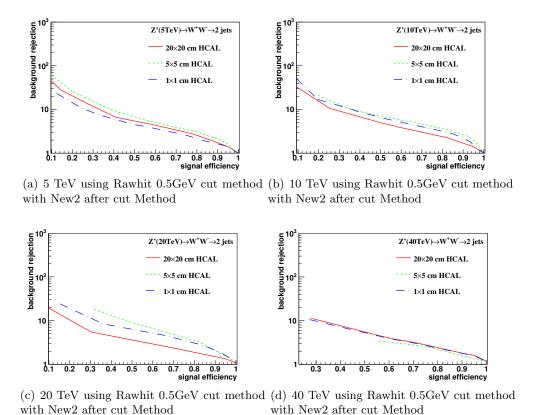


Figure 4: Signal efficiency versus background rejection rate using τ_{21} . The energies of collision at (a)5, (b)10, (c)20, (d)40TeV are shown here. In each picture, the three ROC curves correspond to different detector sizes.

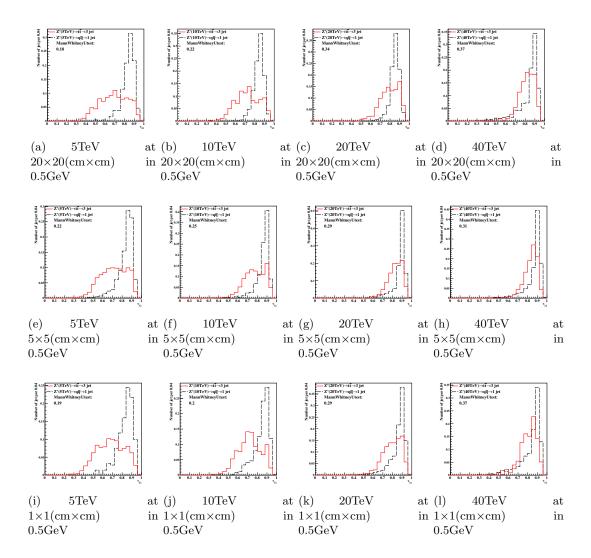


Figure 5: Distributions of Mann-Whitney value U in 5, 10, 20, 40 TeV energy collision for τ_{32} in different detector sizes. Cell Size in 20×20 , 5×5 , and $1 \times 1 \text{(cm} \times \text{cm)}$ are shown here.

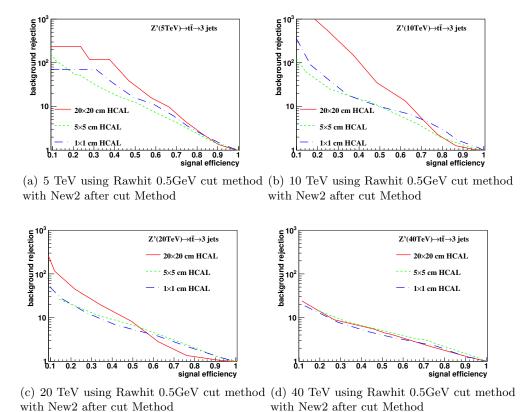


Figure 6: Signal efficiency versus background rejection rate using τ_{32} . The energies of collision at (a)5, (b)10, (c)20, (d)40TeV are shown here. In each picture, the three ROC curves correspond to different detector sizes.