

assess the agreement between raters on coughvid dataset

ratets' diagnoses

subj_status	diagnosis_1	diagnosis_2	diagnosis_3	diagnosis_4
"symptomatic"	{'healthy_cough' }	{'COVID-19' }	{'upper_infection' }	{'lower_infection' }
"COVID-19"	{'lower_infection'}	{'lower_infection' }	{'lower_infection' }	{'lower_infection' }
"healthy"	{'lower_infection'}	{'COVID-19' }	{'healthy_cough' }	{'healthy_cough' }
"COVID-19"	{'COVID-19' }	{'obstructive_disease'}	{'obstructive_disease'}	{'upper_infection' }
"healthy"	{'COVID-19' }	{'upper_infection' }	{'obstructive_disease'}	{'upper_infection' }
"symptomatic"	{'COVID-19' }	{'upper_infection' }	{'upper_infection' }	{'COVID-19' }
"COVID-19"	{'upper_infection'}	{'COVID-19' }	{'upper_infection' }	{'upper_infection' }
"COVID-19"	{'lower_infection'}	{'COVID-19' }	{'healthy_cough' }	{'lower_infection' }
"symptomatic"	{'lower_infection'}	{'obstructive_disease'}	{'upper_infection' }	{'lower_infection' }
"healthy"	{'COVID-19' }	{'COVID-19' }	{'upper_infection' }	{'healthy_cough' }

agreement matrix

No. votes (1 per rater) for each category.

status	COVID-19	healthy_cough	lower_infection	obstructive_disease	upper_infection
"symptomatic"	1	1	1	0	1
"COVID-19"	0	0	4	0	0
"healthy"	1	2	1	0	0
"COVID-19"	1	0	0	2	1
"healthy"	1	0	0	1	2
"symptomatic"	2	0	0	0	2
"COVID-19"	1	0	0	0	3
"COVID-19"	1	1	2	0	0
"symptomatic"	0	0	2	1	1
"healthy"	2	1	0	0	1

fleiss'es kappa

Fleiss' kappa is a [statistical measure](#) for assessing the [reliability of agreement](#) between a fixed number of raters when assigning [categorical ratings](#) to a number of items or classifying items. This contrasts with other kappas such as [Cohen's kappa](#), which only work when assessing the agreement between not more than two raters or the intra-rater reliability (for one appraiser versus themselves). The measure calculates the degree of agreement in classification over that which would be expected by chance.

The kappa K can be defined as:

$$k = \frac{p_o - p_e}{1 - p_e}$$

The factor $1 - P_e$ gives the degree of agreement that is attainable above chance, and $P_o - P_e$ gives the degree of agreement actually achieved above chance. If the raters are in complete agreement then $k = 1$. If there is no agreement among the raters (other than what would be expected by chance) then $k \leq 0$.

table for interpreting k values:

Fleiss Kappa	Interpretation
<0.00	Poor agreement
0.00 to 0.20	Slight agreement
0.21 to 0.40	Fair agreement
0.41 to 0.60	Moderate agreement
0.61 to 0.80	Substantial agreement
0.81 to 1.00	Almost perfect

fleiss'es kappa results:

	COVID-19	healthy_cough	lower_infection	obstructive_disease	upper_infection	
kappa	-0.047926	0.17869	0.18459	0.13909	-0.0042288	
se	0.039653	0.039653	0.039653	0.039653	0.039653	
Z	-1.2086	4.5065	4.6552	3.5076	-0.10665	
p-value	0.2268	6.592e-06	3.2371e-06	0.00045213	0.91507	
Fleiss_k	error	Confidence_Interval		Agreement	z	p_value
0.074446	0.02122	0.063624	0.085268	{'Slight'}	3.5082	0.00045111

Reject null hypothesis: observed agreement is not accidental

