# MySql Task

#### **Create Database and Tables**

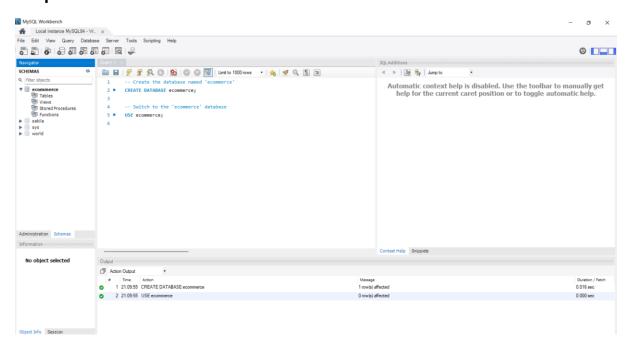
-- Create the database named 'ecommerce'

CREATE DATABASE ecommerce;

#### -- Switch to the 'ecommerce' database

USE ecommerce;

### **Output:**



#### -- Create the 'customers' table to store customer details

```
CREATE TABLE customers (

id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY, -- Unique identifier for each customer name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL, -- Name of the customer email VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL UNIQUE, -- Email address of the customer address TEXT NOT NULL -- Address of the customer
);
```

#### -- Create the 'products' table to store product details

```
CREATE TABLE products (

id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY, -- Unique identifier for each product

name VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL, -- Name of the product

price DECIMAL(10, 2) NOT NULL, -- Price of the product

description TEXT NOT NULL -- Description of the product
);
```

#### -- Create the 'orders' table to store order details

```
CREATE TABLE orders (

id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY, -- Unique identifier for each order

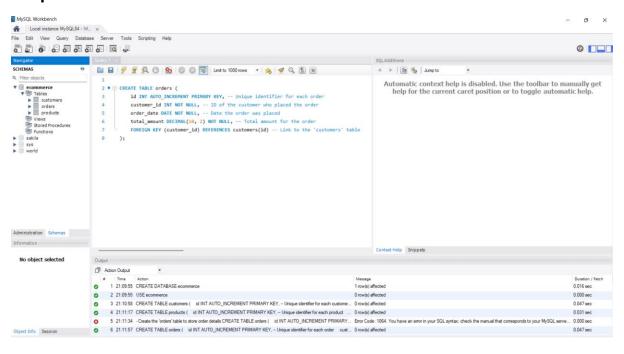
customer_id INT NOT NULL, -- ID of the customer who placed the order

order_date DATE NOT NULL, -- Date the order was placed

total_amount DECIMAL(10, 2) NOT NULL, -- Total amount for the order

FOREIGN KEY (customer_id) REFERENCES customers(id) -- Link to the 'customers' table
);
```

#### **Output:**



### 2. Insert Sample Data

#### -- Insert sample data into the 'customers' table

INSERT INTO customers (name, email, address)

**VALUES** 

('John Doe', 'john.doe@example.com', '123 Elm Street'),

('Jane Smith', 'jane.smith@example.com', '456 Oak Avenue'),

('Alice Brown', 'alice.brown@example.com', '789 Maple Drive');

### -- Insert sample data into the 'products' table

INSERT INTO products (name, price, description)

**VALUES** 

('Product A', 25.00, 'Description of Product A'),

('Product B', 35.00, 'Description of Product B'),

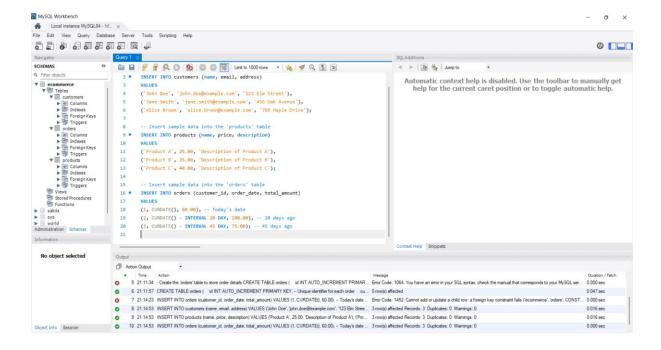
('Product C', 40.00, 'Description of Product C');

### -- Insert sample data into the 'orders' table

INSERT INTO orders (customer\_id, order\_date, total\_amount)

**VALUES** 

- (1, CURDATE(), 60.00), -- Today's date
- (2, CURDATE() INTERVAL 20 DAY, 100.00), -- 20 days ago
- (3, CURDATE() INTERVAL 45 DAY, 75.00); -- 45 days ago



### 3. Queries

## a. Retrieve all customers who have placed an order in the last 30 days

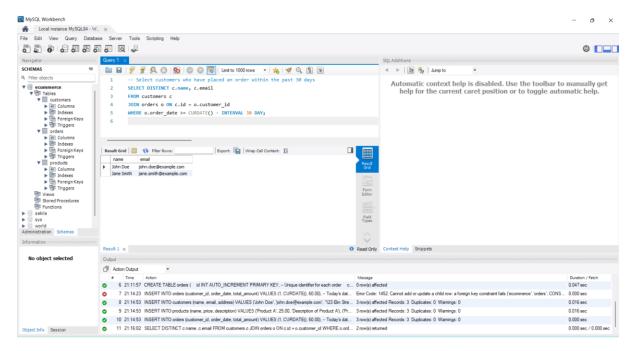
-- Select customers who have placed an order within the past 30 days

SELECT DISTINCT c.name, c.email

FROM customers c

JOIN orders o ON c.id = o.customer\_id

WHERE o.order\_date >= CURDATE() - INTERVAL 30 DAY;



# b. Get the total amount of all orders placed by each customer

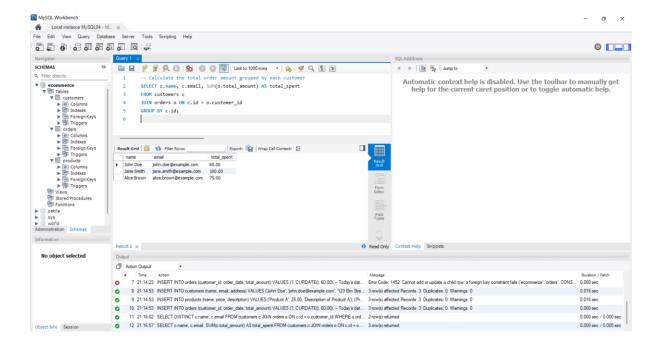
-- Calculate the total order amount grouped by each customer

SELECT c.name, c.email, SUM(o.total\_amount) AS total\_spent

FROM customers c

JOIN orders o ON c.id = o.customer\_id

GROUP BY c.id;



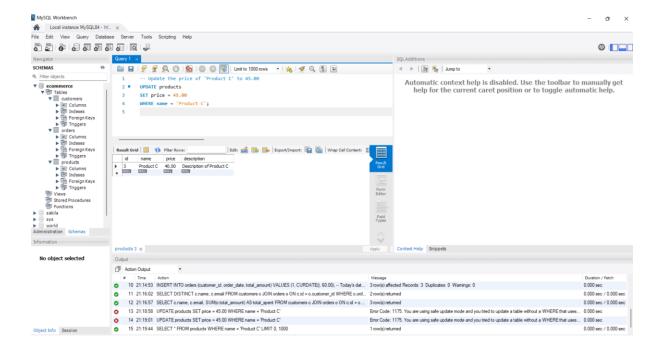
# c. Update the price of Product C to 45.00

-- Update the price of 'Product C' to 45.00

**UPDATE** products

SET price = 45.00

WHERE name = 'Product C';



## d. Add a new column discount to the products table

-- Add a new column named 'discount' with a default value of 0.00

**ALTER TABLE products** 

ADD COLUMN discount DECIMAL(5, 2) DEFAULT 0.00;

### e. Retrieve the top 3 products with the highest price

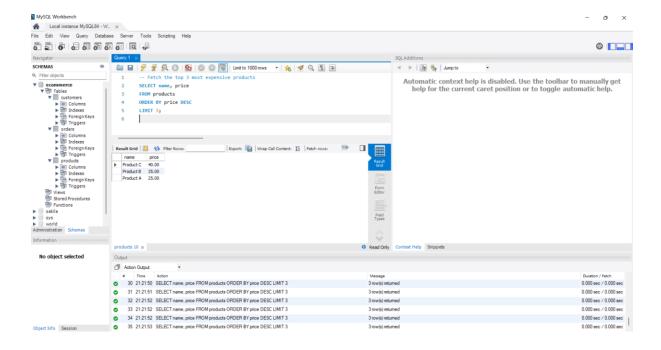
-- Fetch the top 3 most expensive products

SELECT name, price

**FROM** products

ORDER BY price DESC

LIMIT 3;



### f. Get the names of customers who have ordered Product A

-- Retrieve names of customers who have ordered 'Product A'

SELECT DISTINCT c.name

FROM customers c

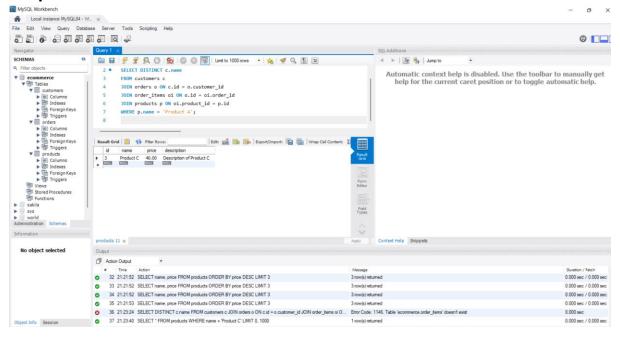
JOIN orders o ON c.id = o.customer\_id

JOIN order\_items oi ON o.id = oi.order\_id

JOIN products p ON oi.product\_id = p.id

WHERE p.name = 'Product A';

### **Output:**



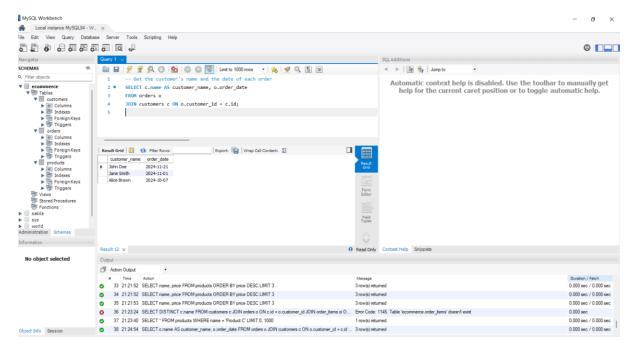
# g. Join orders and customers tables to retrieve customer name and order date

-- Get the customer's name and the date of each order

SELECT c.name AS customer\_name, o.order\_date

FROM orders o

JOIN customers c ON o.customer\_id = c.id;



### h. Retrieve orders with a total amount greater than 150.00

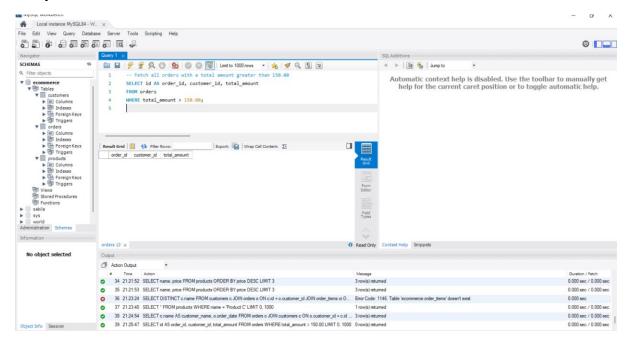
-- Fetch all orders with a total amount greater than 150.00

SELECT id AS order\_id, customer\_id, total\_amount

**FROM orders** 

WHERE total\_amount > 150.00;

#### **Output:**



### i. Normalize the database (add order\_items table)

-- Create the 'order\_items' table to store details of individual items in an order

```
id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY, -- Unique identifier for each order item order_id INT NOT NULL, -- ID of the order product_id INT NOT NULL, -- ID of the product quantity INT NOT NULL, -- Quantity of the product ordered FOREIGN KEY (order_id) REFERENCES orders(id), -- Link to the 'orders' table FOREIGN KEY (product_id) REFERENCES products(id) -- Link to the 'products' table );
```

-- Remove the 'total\_amount' column from the 'orders' table to calculate it dynamically

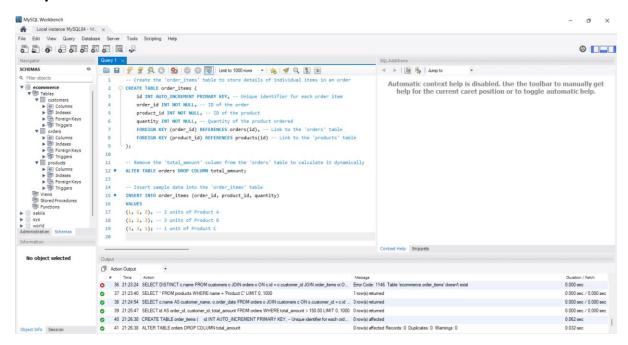
#### -- Insert sample data into the 'order\_items' table

INSERT INTO order\_items (order\_id, product\_id, quantity)

#### **VALUES**

- (1, 1, 2), -- 2 units of Product A
- (2, 2, 3), -- 3 units of Product B
- (3, 3, 1); -- 1 unit of Product C

### **Output:**



# j. Retrieve the average total of all orders

-- Calculate the average total amount for all orders dynamically

SELECT AVG(oi.quantity \* p.price) AS average\_order\_total

FROM orders o

JOIN order items oi ON o.id = oi.order id

JOIN products p ON oi.product\_id = p.id;

