

The schematic shows a PCB layout for a clock generator. The central component is U1, a 9FGL0841DKILFT chip. It has several power pins connected to a +3.3V supply (CLK_3V3) through resistors R1, R2, R3, and R4. A red note indicates "Requires +3.3V power!". The chip also has ground connections at various points. Clock signals are generated by Y1 (TSX-3225) and distributed to multiple outputs: CLK0_P/N, CLK1_P/N, CLK2_P/N, CLK3_P/N, 1L_CLK_P/N, RC_CLK_P/N, and CLKREQ_M2. These signals pass through buffer chips CAY16A-103J4AS and are terminated with resistors RN1 through RN8. A status LED D1 (BAT54A) is driven by CLKREQ_M2. Other components include capacitors C1-C16 and a pull-up resistor R7 for the REFOUT pin.

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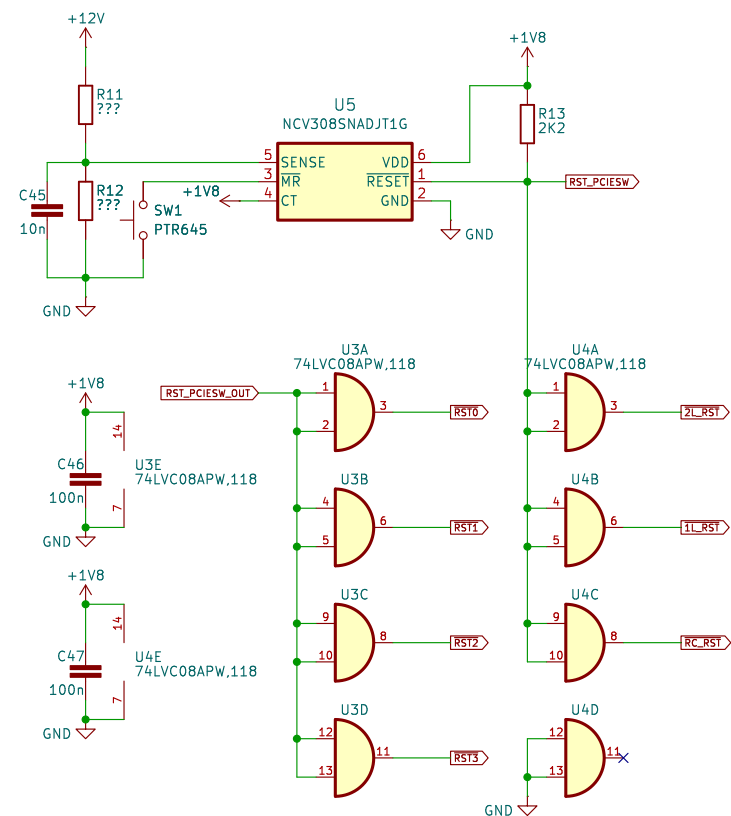
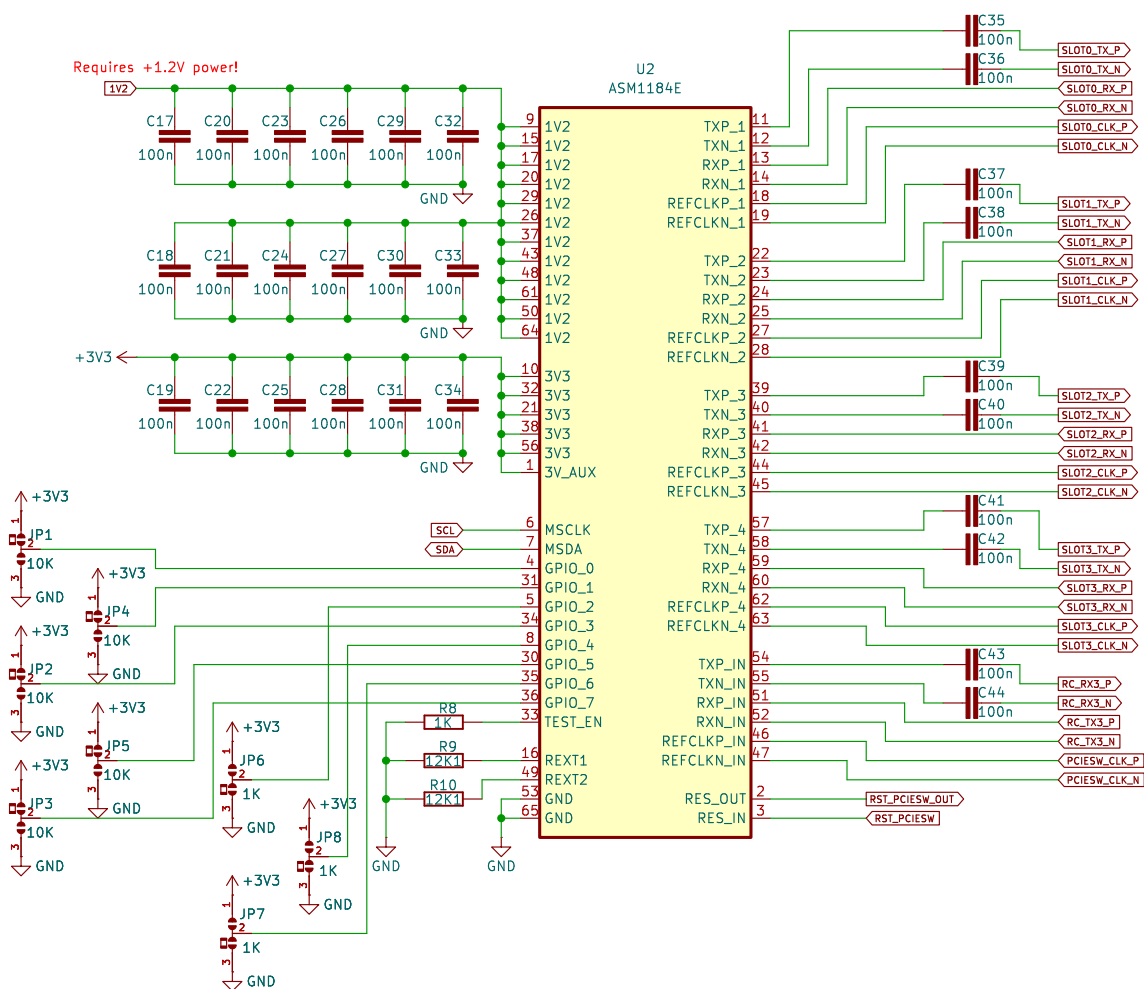
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PCIe 4-slot switch

Voltage Supervisor, Manual Reset and Reset fanout



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Sheet: /PCIe switch/
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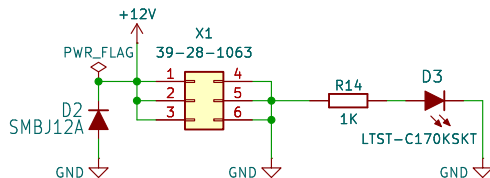
Date: 2025-01-28

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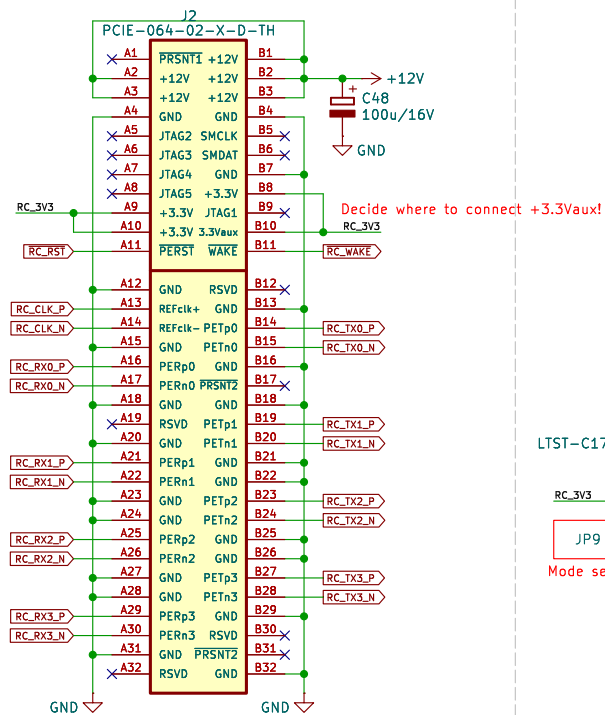
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+12V Power input

One high power down converter or one per slot?

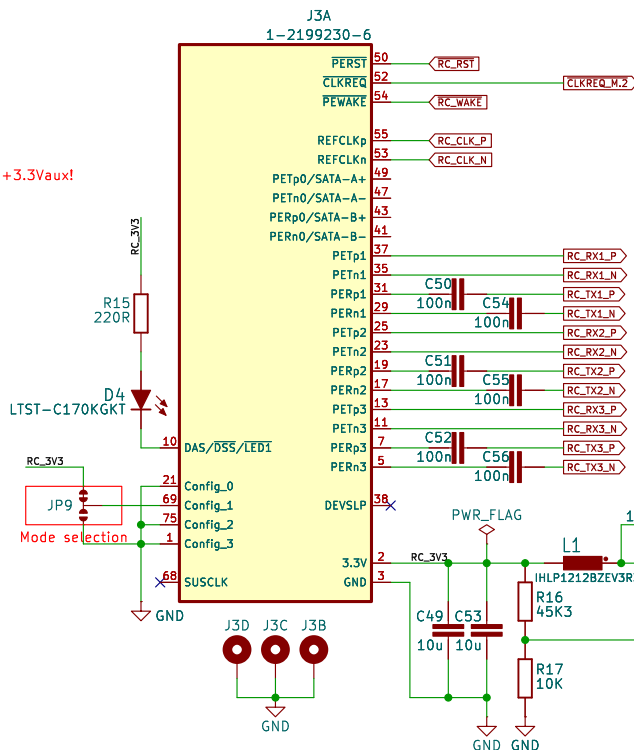


4-lines PCIe for Root Complex

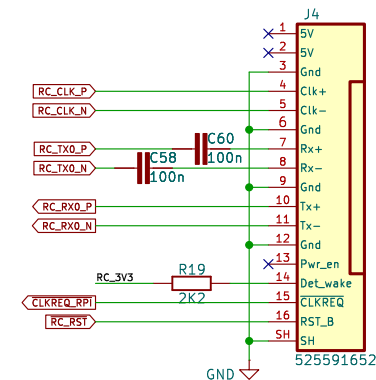


Lines #	Device
0	2-lines slot + M.2, Raspberry Pi PFC
1	2-lines slot + M.2
2	1-lines slot + M.2
3	PCIe switch for 4 x 1-lines + 4 x M.2

4-lines M.2 (Type M) for Root Complex



Raspberry Pi FPC 16-pin connector



2.1. PCIe Signals

The PCIe signals are a single lane of PCIe Gen 2, including CLKREQ and RST_B sideband signals which operate at 3.3V.

2.1.1. Pwr_en pin

This pin is a 3.3V output from the Raspberry Pi to a HAT+ or other add-on board, and signals to the HAT+ to power up any supplies. For example, in the instance of the Raspberry Pi M.2 M Key HAT+, this enables the M.2 3.3V power (which is generated from the Incoming 5V). Provide a 100K low pull on this pin on any HAT+.

2.1.2. DeLwake pin

This pin is a 3.3V input to the Raspberry Pi. Pull high to 3.3V either from a resistive divider from 5V (3k6/6k8 giving 2.35k output impedance), or from permanently enabled 3.3V (using a 2.2K resistor). The Raspberry Pi will detect this high pull at boot time, and will automatically probe the PCIe bus. Use the PCIe WAKE# to pull this low

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Sheet: /RC 4-lines PCIe/
File: RC_4-lines-PCIe.kicad_sch

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Size: A4
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Date: 2025-01-28

Rev: r1B1

Id: 4/6

