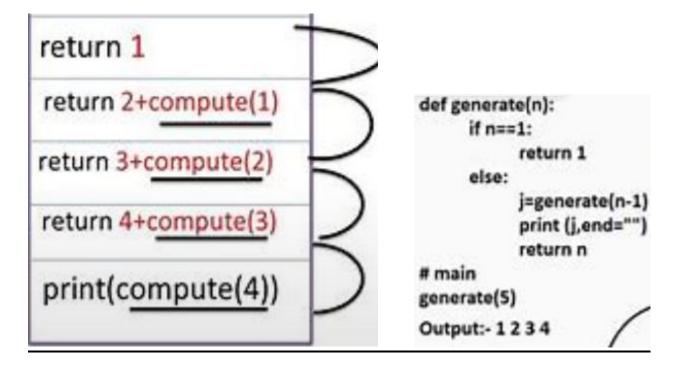
Python Recursion Examples

```
>>> def fact(n):
    """ Function to find factorial """
    if n == 1:
        return 1
    else:
        return (n * fact(n-1))
```

```
def binary_search(x,y):
    a = 0
    b = len(x) #If it's 'len(x)-1' here, then it's a dead loop to find the last
    c = (a+b)//2
    if y not in x. return 'Not found'
        return 'Not found'
    while x[c] ! = y:
        if x[c] < y:
            a = c
        elif x[c] > y:
            b = c
        c = (a+b)//2
    return c
```



- 1. Create a Python recursive function to determine the nth term of: a1=-1, an = 2n an-1
- Provide the complete trace of the following function (note: include each instance of a function call as well as the overall output):

```
def fcn(n, s) :
    if n < 1 :
        print ('done', s)
        return -4
    else :
        print ('here', s * n)
        return 5 + fcn(n - 1, s)

str = "name"
x = 5
print ("finish", fcn(x, str))</pre>
```

| Recursion | For Loop | While Loop |
|---|---|--|
| >>> def countdown (n): if n <= 0: print 'Blastoff!' else: | >>> def countdown (n): for i in range (n, -1, -1): if i <= 0: print "Blastoff!" | >>> def countdown (n while n > 0: print n n = n - 1 |
| print n countdown (n - 1) | else: print i | print "Blastoff!" |
| >>> countdown (n - 1) | >>> countdown (3) | >>> countdown (3) |
| 3 2 | 3 | 2 |
| 1 | 1 | Blastoff! |
| Blastoff! >>> | Blastoff! | >>> |

```
def fibFind(num):
    if(num == 0):
        return 0
    elif(num == 1):
        return 1
    else:
        return (fibFind(num - 2)+ fibFind(num - 1))
```