python用正则表达式将网页中所有 形式中的XXX的字符串提取 出

```
import urllib
import re
def GetWebContent(url):
       获取网页源码
      try:
              wp = urllib.urlopen(url)
              content = wp. read()
      except:
                print u('获取失败, 请重试...')
                return ""
      return content
def sect (matchstr, rawstr):
      , , ,
       正则表达式截取 并返回匹配结果列表
      if len(matchstr) == 0 : return ;
      compile obj = re. compile (rawstr, re. I | re. S)
      match obj = compile obj. findall(matchstr)
      #all groups = match obj.groups()
      return match obj
if name ==' main ':
    matchstr= GetWebContent("http://blog.ask3.cn/")
```

```
#rawstr=r'[\s\S]. <img. *src="([\s\S]*?)". *>[\s\S].'
rawstr=r'<img. *?>'
groups=sect(matchstr, rawstr)
for group in groups:
    match_obj=re. search('src="(.*?)"', group)
    group=match_obj. groups()
    print group
```