Getting Started with Exceptions



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Overview



Understanding exception handling

- Exception "bubbling"
- try...catch...finally

Demo code overview

Causing an exception

Understanding the stack trace

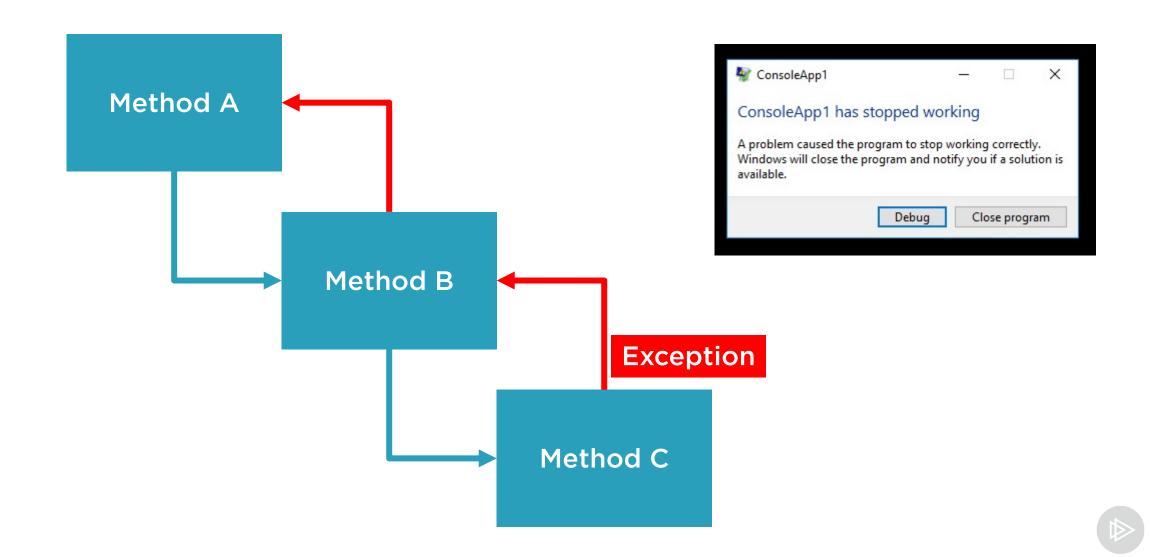
Creating and throwing an exception

Getting started with exception catching

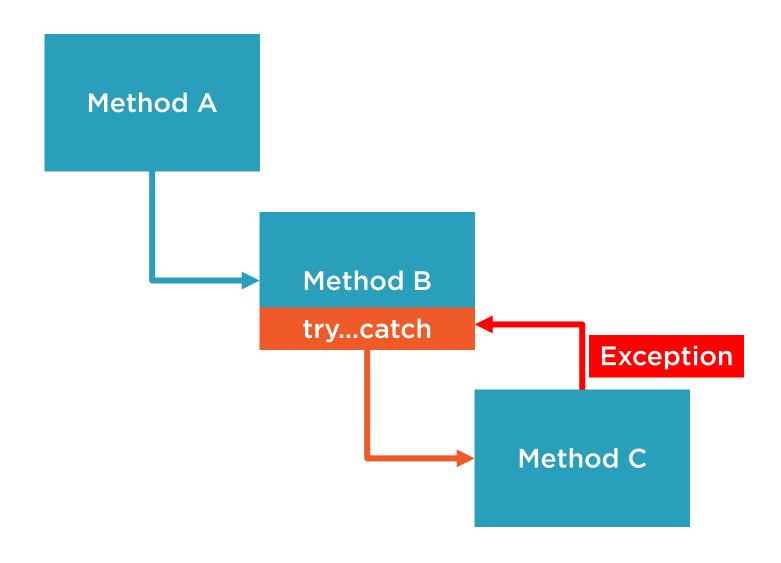
Exception handling good practices



Understanding Exception Handling



Understanding Exception Handling





```
try
    // Some operation
catch (ArgumentNullException ex)
                                              Most specific
    // Handle ArgumentNullException
catch (InvalidOperationException ex)
    // Handle InvalidOperationException
catch (Exception ex)
    // Handle all other exceptions
                                              Least specific
```



```
try
    // Some operation
catch (ArgumentNullException ex)
    // Handle ArgumentNullException
catch (InvalidOperationException ex)
    // Handle InvalidOperationException
catch
    // No exception variable
```



```
try
{
    // Some operation
}

finally
{
    // Always executed when control leaves try block
}
```



```
try
    // Some operation
catch (ArgumentNullException ex)
    // Handle ArgumentNullException
finally
    // Always executed when control leaves try block
```



Do not add a catch block that does nothing or just rethrows

Catch block should add some value

May just be to log the error

Usually bad practice to ignore (swallow/trap) exceptions



Do not use exceptions for normal program flow logic

E.g. input validation

- You expect input to invalid sometimes
- Not an exceptional situation
- Part of expected logic flow

IsValid(xxx) method(s)



Design code to avoid exceptions

```
int Parse(string input)
bool TryParse(string input, out int result)
if (cn.State != ConnectionState.Closed)
 cn.Close();
Consider returning null (or null object
pattern) for extremely common errors
```



Use correct grammar in exception messages

Correct punctuation

Correct spelling

End sentences with full stop

Consider error message localization



Use finally blocks for cleanup

E.g. calling Dispose()

Callers of method should be able to assume no unexpected side effects when exception thrown/caught



Summary



Understanding exception handling

- Exception "bubbling"
- try...catch...finally

Caused a DivideByZeroException

- Visual Studio debugger
- Windows error dialog

Stack trace (and other exception properties)

Threw ArgumentNullException

Catching exceptions

Exception handling good practices



Up Next:

Catching, Throwing, and Rethrowing Exceptions

