Podman (Docker), and Singularity (Apptainer) HPC Guide

What is a Container?

Containers are portable, self-contained units that package software and its dependencies, facilitating consistent deployment across diverse computing environments. They encapsulate applications and necessary components, ensuring reliable execution in various settings.

For example, consider a web application that requires specific versions of Python and a database. Instead of worrying about system compatibility issues, you can create a container for the web application with its dependencies. This container can then be run on any system that supports containerization, ensuring a consistent and reliable environment for the application to execute.

How to Implement Containers in HPC?

Podman (Docker), and Singularity (Apptainer)

Docker, Podman, and Singularity are containerization tools that simplify software deployment. Docker is a widely-used platform for creating and managing containers. Podman is a secure alternative to Docker, offering compatibility with the Docker CLI (Command Line Interface). Singularity is designed for high-performance computing environments, emphasizing reproducibility and compatibility with existing workflows. Each tool streamlines the process of packaging and running applications in isolated environments for portability and consistency.

On cluster RED (HPC), use Podman (Docker) to build image and Apptainer (Singularity) for running containers. Podman is a secure Docker alternative, interchangeable with the standard Docker CLI on the RED cluster.

Docker

Dockerfile --

Docker provides a straightforward "Dockerfile" to define the image's configuration. The Docker CLI then executes commands to build the image using this file.

Download and install Docker Desktop for your operating system from the official Docker website (https://www.docker.com/products/docker-desktop) or use it in HPC, following the demonstration in HPC.

Example:

1. Create a Dockerfile and an 'app/input' folder containing the hello, running Singularity with the file provided" in the current same directory. Dockerfile -- use text editor to create it but don't save it as .txt; save without file extension.

Dockerfile:

Use the official Ubuntu image as the base FROM ubuntu:latest

Set the working directory WORKDIR /app

Copy files (including hello.txt) into the container COPY app/input /app/input

Make sure the file is readable by all users
RUN chmod a+r /app/input/hello.txt

Set the default command to run when the container starts
CMD cat /app/input/hello.txt

app/input folder:

It contains 'hello.txt' file for running with the command "cat /app/input/hello.txt" as described in the Dockerfile.

2. Build image:

Command –
docker build -t sample_app .

80027256@red2 podman_example]\$ docker build -t sample_app .
Successfully tagged localhost/sample_app:latest

The Image "sample_app" is built.

3. Run the container:

The terminal displays "hello, running Singularity with the file provided" as same in `hello.txt`.

Podman

Podmanfile --

Podman: Podman offers a similar approach to Docker, utilizing a Docker-compatible CLI for building images. Users can specify a container configuration using a Podmanfile or Dockerfile. Podman is used in HPC instead of Docker in the OS.

Note: Running podman needs to be on head node.

Example:

1. Create a podmanfile and an 'app/input' folder containing the hello.txt "hello, running Singularity with the file provided" in the current same directory. Podmanfile -- use text editor to create it but don't save it as .txt; save without file extension.

Podmanfile:

(Same content as Dockerfile in the Docker example)

.....

Use the official Ubuntu image as the base FROM ubuntu:latest

Set the working directory WORKDIR /app

Copy files (including hello.txt) into the container COPY app/input /app/input

Make sure the file is readable by all users

RUN chmod a+r /app/input/hello.txt

Set the default command to run when the container starts

CMD cat /app/input/hello.txt

app/input folder:

(Same content as in the Docker example)

It contains 'hello.txt' file for running with the command "cat /app/input/hello.txt" as described in the Dockerfile.

2. Build image:

Command podman build -t sample app. 80027256@red2 podman_example]\$ podman build -t sample_app . Successfully tagged localhost/sample app:latest The Image "sample app" is built. Check image list: Command podman images It shows the image list. REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE localhost/sample app latest 0c1e914e51db 8 seconds ago 80.4 MB

3. Run the container: Command – podman run -it localhost/sample_app					
Command – podman ps -a					
It shows container list					
CONTAINER ID IMAGE	COMMAND	CREATED	STATUS	PORTS	NAMES
28ec6196ff06 localhost/sample_app:latest	in/sh -c cat /a	19 seconds ago	Exited (0) 18	seconds ago ai	mazing_matsumot

Singularity (Apptainer)

Recipe --

Singularity employs a different method, using a "**recipe**" file that defines the steps to build an image in HPC. The "singularity build" command is then used to create the container image from the specified recipe.

Example:

1. Create a recipe (.def file) and an 'app/input' folder containing the hello.txt "hello, running Singularity with the file provided" in the current same directory, def file -- use text editor to create it and save it as .def.

Recipe: hello.def

From: singularityhub/ubuntu

%runscript export PATH=/usr/bin:\$PATH cat /app/input/hello.txt

%post mkdir /code

%files

app/input/hello.txt /app/input/hello.txt

app/input folder:

(Same content as in previous examples)

It contains 'hello.txt' file for running with the command "cat /app/input/hello.txt" as described in the Dockerfile.

2. Build image:

Command -

singularity build hello.sif hello.def

80027256@red2 lolcow]\$ singularity build hello.sif hello.def

INFO: Starting build...

INFO: Use cached image

INFO: Copying hello.txt to /input/hello.txt

INFO: Running post scriptlet

+ mkdir /code

INFO: Adding runscript INFO: Creating SIF file...

INFO: Build complete: hello.sif

The Image "hello.sif" is built.

3. Run the container:

Command -

singularity run -B \$(pwd):/app/input hello.sif

80027256@red2 lolcow]\$ singularity run -B \$(pwd):/app/input hello.sif

hello, running singualrity with file provided

The terminal displays "hello, running Singularity with the file provided" as same in `hello.txt`.

Running Singularity using a Container Created by Podman

On cluster RED (HPC root), use Apptainer (Singularity) to run containers and Docker (Podman) for building.

Note: Running Apptainer needs to be on head node.

Storing the Container Image

Previously, we had a container from the Podman image.

Check image list:

Command –

podman images

REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE

localhost/sample_app latest Oc1e914e51db 8 seconds ago 80.4 MB

Check container list:

Command –

podman ps -a

CONTAINER ID IMAGE COMMAND CREATED STATUS PORTS NAMES

28ec6196ff06 localhost/sample app:latest in/sh -c cat /a... 19 seconds ago Exited (0) 18 seconds ago amazing matsumot

On RED (HPC root), a convenience script called "mof-docker-upload" can save the Docker container to permanent network storage.

Command -

mof-docker-upload localhost/sample app

80027256@red2 podman_example]\$ mof-docker-upload localhost/sample_app

Uploading 5436af1495b6 to localhost:5000/nemp-students-and-trainees/localhost/sample_app ...

The script executes **4 Docker commands** as following for you. Once they have all executed successfully, your image will be uploaded to **localhost:5000** and permanent storage.

executed these commands for you:

docker commit --author 28ec6196ff06 nemp-students-and-trainees/sample_app
docker tag nemp-students-and-trainees/sample_app localhost:5000/nemp-students-and-trainees/sample_app
docker push --tls-verify=false localhost:5000/nemp-students-and-trainees/sample_app
docker image rm localhost/nemp-students-and-trainees/sample app

Your image has been uploaded to localhost:5000 and permanent storage.

The container 28ec6196ff06 and its image will be deleted from this machine in 7 days

To **run docker image** sample_app please execute the first command below on a login node and the second one inside a Slurm batch script on any node.

apptainer pull --no-https docker://localhost:5000/nemp-students-and-trainees/sample_app

apptainer exec sample app latest.sif [command] [script-or-datafile] Running the Container Interactively Command (pull) apptainer pull --no-https docker://localhost:5000/nemp-students-and-trainees/sample app 80027256@red2 podman_example]\$ apptainer pull --no-https docker://localhost:5000/nemp-students-and-trainees/sample_app INFO: Using cached SIF image This command downloads the Docker image and converts it into an Apptainer image called 'sample app latest.sif' in the current directory. Command (run) apptainer run sample app latest.sif 80027256@red2 podman example]\$ apptainer run sample app latest.sif hello, running singualrity with file provided or apptainer exec sample app latest.sif cat /app/input/hello.txt 80027256@red2 podman example]\$ apptainer exec sample app latest.sif cat /app/input/hello.txt hello, running singualrity with file provided

The terminal displays "hello, running Singularity with the file provided" as same in `hello.txt`.

Running the Container in Batch Mode

We can execute the container by running 'sbatch' with the '--wrap' option or by putting the Apptainer command in a shell script.

Command -

sbatch --output=output.txt --wrap "apptainer exec sample_app_latest.sif cat /app/input/hello.txt"

80027256@red2 podman_example]\$ sbatch --output=output.txt --wrap "apptainer exec sample_app_latest.sif cat /app/input/hello.txt" Submitted batch job 7698700

A file output.txt is created in current directory.

GitHub:

https://github.com/chingyaousf/Simple-Podman-Docker-and-Singularity-Apptainer-HPC-Guide

References

https://docs.sylabs.io/guides/3.5/user-guide/introduction.html

http://wiki.hpc.moffitt.org/HPC/software/containers/