

"SmartDefend: Intelligent Attack Detection and Protection"

Technology :- Kali linux,Debian,Snort,Iptables,Metasploit,Nmap

Description:-This project focused on enhancing security through the strategic utilization of Snort and iptables. By leveraging Snort's real-time traffic analysis and packet logging capabilities, we successfully detected and monitored various cyber attacks.

This project also encompassed the implementation of iptables for IP packet management, allowing us to inspect, modify, and redirect traffic effectively. To bolster our defense mechanisms, I integrated fail2ban and Xtables into the architecture, fortifying our resilience against denial-of-service (DoS) and distributed DoS (DDoS) attacks.

This initiative resulted in a robust and adaptive security framework that significantly elevated the network's protection against a wide range of threats.

IPTABLES RULES :-

(Sequence in iptables rules matter a lot)

Clear existing rules and set default policies

```
iptables -F
```

```
iptables -P INPUT ACCEPT
```

```
iptables -P FORWARD ACCEPT
```

```
iptables -P OUTPUT ACCEPT
```

Allow loopback traffic

```
iptables -A INPUT -i lo -j ACCEPT
```

```
iptables -A OUTPUT -o lo -j ACCEPT
```

Allow established and related connections

```
iptables -A INPUT -m state --state ESTABLISHED -j ACCEPT
```

Allow incoming SSH from the specified IP address

```
iptables -A INPUT -p tcp --dport 22 -s 192.168.80.1 -j ACCEPT
```

Drop incoming SSH from all other sources

```
iptables -A INPUT -p tcp --dport 22 -j ACCEPT
```

syn flood prevent

```
iptables -A INPUT -p tcp --syn -m limit --limit 1/s --limit-burst 3 -j DROP
```

#os fingerprint attempt

```
iptables -A INPUT -p tcp --dport 1:65535 -m string --string "Nmap" --algo bm --  
to 65535 -j DROP
```

Create a new chain for detecting and handling port scans

```
iptables -N PORTSCAN
```

Add rules to the PORTSCAN chain

```
iptables -A PORTSCAN -m recent --name portscan --set -j DROP
```

```
iptables -A PORTSCAN -j RETURN
```

Add rules to the INPUT chain to redirect suspicious traffic to PORTSCAN chain

```
iptables -A INPUT -p tcp --tcp-flags ALL SYN -m recent --name portscan --rcheck --seconds 60 --hitcount 10 -j PORTSCAN
```

Allow HTTP and HTTPS traffic

```
iptables -A INPUT -p tcp --dport 80 -j ACCEPT
```

```
iptables -A INPUT -p tcp --dport 443 -j ACCEPT
```

Allow DNS

```
iptables -A INPUT -p udp --dport 53 -j ACCEPT
```

Allow NTP

```
iptables -A INPUT -p udp --dport 123 -j ACCEPT
```

Allow ICMP (Ping)

```
iptables -A INPUT -p icmp -j ACCEPT
```

#smurf attack protect

```
iptables -A INPUT -p icmp --icmp-type echo-request -d 192.168.80.255 -j DROP
```

```
#block outside country
```

```
#china #pak
```

```
#iptables -A INPUT -m geoip --src-cc CN -j DROP
```

```
#iptables -A INPUT -m geoip --src-cc PK -j DROP
```

```
iptables -A INPUT -m geoip --src-cc CN -j LOG --log-level debug --log-prefix  
"friend from china"
```

```
iptables -A INPUT -m geoip --src-cc PK -j LOG --log-level debug --log-prefix  
"friend from pakistan"
```

```
#iptables -A INPUT -j DROP
```

```
#iptables -L -v
```

```
iptables -L
```

Snort Rules :-

```
alert ip any any -> any any (msg:"ping" ; sid:10000001;)
```

```
#ssh attempt
```

```
#alert tcp $EXTERNAL_NET any -> $HOME_NET 22 (msg:"SSH Login Attempt"; sid:100004;)
```

```
#syn flood
```

```
#alert tcp $EXTERNAL_NET any -> $HOME_NET any (flags: S; threshold: type both, track by_dst, count 100, seconds 5; msg: "Possible SYN Flood Detected"; sid:100005;)
```

```
#buffer overflow
```

```
#alert tcp any any -> any any (msg:"Possible Buffer Overflow Attempt"; content:"|90 90 90 90|"; depth:4; sid:1000007;)
```

```
#Rule to Detect Port Scans:
```

```
#alert tcp any any -> $HOME_NET any (msg:"Port Scan Detected"; flags: FPU, S; threshold: type threshold, track by_src, count 5, seconds 10; sid:100008;)
```

```
#ftp attempt
```

```
#alert tcp $HOME_NET any -> $EXTERNAL_NET 21 (msg:"FTP Login Attempt"; content:"USER "; nocase; threshold: type limit, track by_src, count 1, seconds 60; sid:100009; rev:1;)
```

```
#mac flood detect
```

```
#alert udp any 68 -> any 67 (msg:"Potential MAC Flooding Attack"; threshold: type both, track by_src, count 100, seconds 60; sid:1000010;)
```

```
#smurf attack
```

```
#alert icmp $EXTERNAL_NET any -> $HOME_NET any (msg:"Possible Smurf  
Attack Detected"; dsize:0; itype:8; icode:0; threshold: type threshold, track  
by_src, count 1, seconds 1; sid:1000012;)
```

Snort configuration :-

```
sudo apt-get install snort
```

```
which snort
```

```
sudo snort --version
```

```
sudo nano /etc/snort/snort.conf
```

(add my.rules in site specific rules)

```
sudo nano /etc/snort/rules/my.rules
```

(write rule in this file eg:- alert ip any any -> any any (msg:"up" ; sid:1000001;)

```
sudo snort -c /etc/snort/snort.conf -T :- test
```

```
sudo snort -c /etc/snort/snort.conf -A console -- run
```

```
sudo snort -i ens33 -u snort -g snort -c /etc/snort/snort.conf -A console :- run on  
ens33
```

Iptables configuration :-

```
sudo apt-get install iptables
```

```
sudo nano ip.sh
```

```
sudo chmod 777 ip.sh
```

```
sudo ./ip.sh
```

```
sudo nano /etc/snort/rules/my.rules
```

```
sudo apt-get install iptables-persistent
```

```
sudo sh -c "iptables-save > /etc/iptables/rules.v4"
```

```
sudo sh -c "iptables-restore < /etc/iptables/rules.v4"
```

Xtables-addons:-

```
Sudo apt-get update
```

```
Sudo apt-get dist-upgrade
```

```
Sudo apt-get install automake ca-certificates gcc iptables-dev libc6-dev  
libnet-cidr-lite-perl libtext-csv-xs-perl linux-headers-$(uname -r) make  
pkg-config unzip wget xz-utils -y
```

```
cd /tmp/
```

```
tmp$ wget (path to download xtables-addons-3.23.tar.xz)
```

```
tar -xf xtables-addons-3.23.tar.xz
```

```
ls -l
```

```
cd xtables-addons-3.23
```

```
sudo ./configure
```

```
sudo make
```

```
sudo make install
```

```
ls -l /usr/local/libexec/xtables-addons/
```

cd :- home dir

mkdir xtables

cd xtables

sudo /usr/local/libexec/xtables-addons/xt_geoip_build -D
/usr/share/xt_geoip/ *.csv

ls -l /usr/share/xt_geoip/

cd

sudo depmod -a :- refresh the module dependency information for all
kernel modules

sudo iptables -m geoip -h

then add geoip rules :-

#block outside country

#china #pak

#drop

#iptables -A INPUT -m geoip --src-cc CN -j DROP

#iptables -A INPUT -m geoip --src-cc PK -j DROP

#allow

iptables -A INPUT -m geoip --src-cc CN -j LOG --log-level debug --log-prefix
"friend from china"

iptables -A INPUT -m geoip --src-cc PK -j LOG --log-level debug --log-prefix
"friend from pakistan"

after ping see log file in

sudo tail -f /var/log/syslog

Configure fail2ban

Sudo apt-get install fail2ban

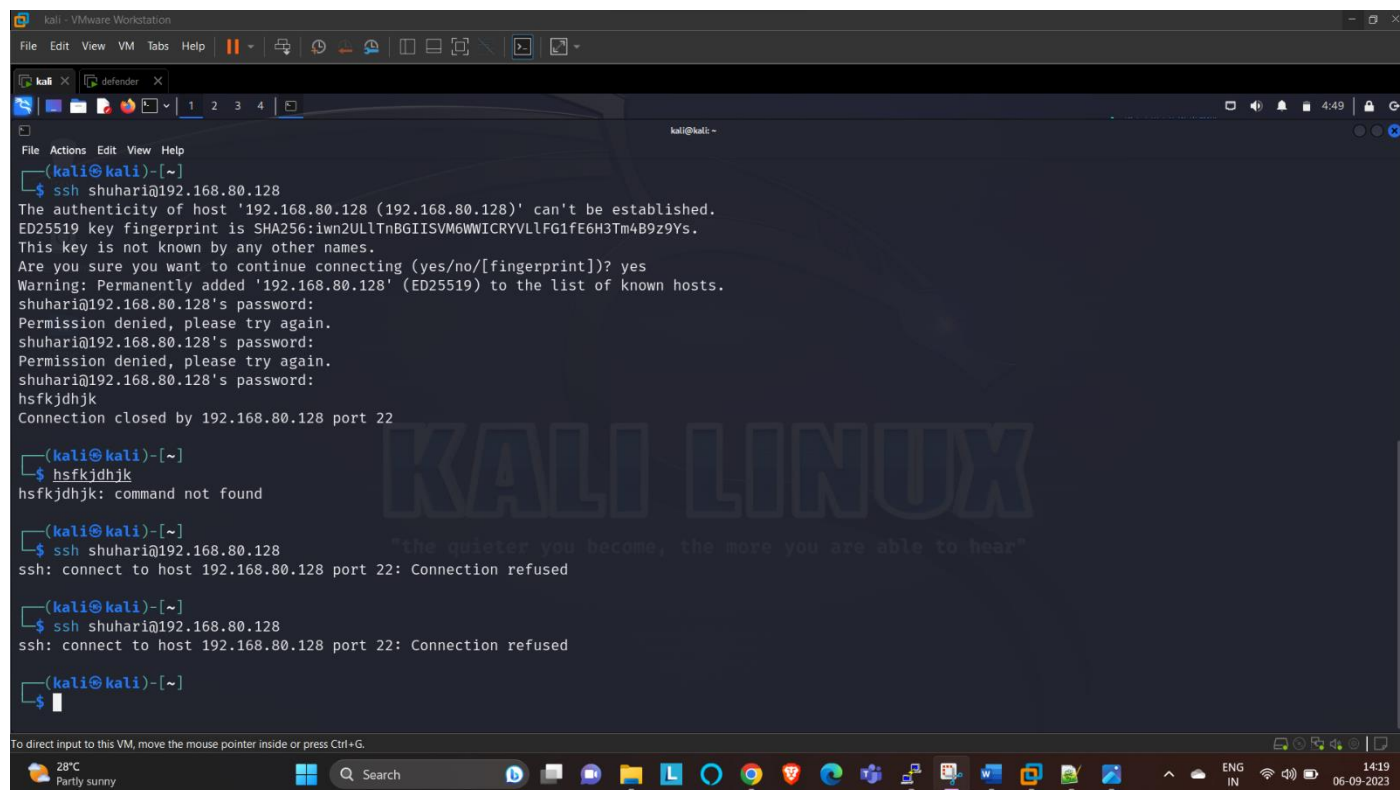
Sudo fail2ban-client status

Sudo fail2ban-client status

Sudo watch fail2ban-client status sshd :- any wrong attempt it will add to jail

Attacks :-

Ssh attempt :- ssh username@(ip)



```
(kali@kali)-[~]
$ ssh shuhari@192.168.80.128
The authenticity of host '192.168.80.128 (192.168.80.128)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:iwn2ULlTnBGIIISM6WWICRYVLLFG1fE6H3Tm4B9z9Ys.
This key is not known by any other names.
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added '192.168.80.128' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.
shuhari@192.168.80.128's password:
Permission denied, please try again.
shuhari@192.168.80.128's password:
Permission denied, please try again.
shuhari@192.168.80.128's password:
hsfkjdhjk
Connection closed by 192.168.80.128 port 22

(kali@kali)-[~]
$ hsfkjdhjk
hsfkjdhjk: command not found

(kali@kali)-[~]
$ ssh shuhari@192.168.80.128
ssh: connect to host 192.168.80.128 port 22: Connection refused

(kali@kali)-[~]
$ ssh shuhari@192.168.80.128
ssh: connect to host 192.168.80.128 port 22: Connection refused

(kali@kali)-[~]
$
```

Snort detect ssh

```
09/06-14:16:10.406524  [**] [1:100004:0] SSH Login Attempt [**] [Priority: 0] {TCP} 192.168.80.129:50714 -> 192.168.80.128:22
09/06-14:16:10.406568  [**] [1:402:7] ICMP Destination Unreachable Port Unreachable [**] [Classification: Misc activity] [Priority: 3] {ICMP} 192.168.80.128 -> 192.168.80.129
09/06-14:16:10.429700  [**] [1:100004:0] SSH Login Attempt [**] [Priority: 0] {TCP} 192.168.80.1:60798 -> 192.168.80.128:22
09/06-14:16:11.005599  [**] [1:100004:0] SSH Login Attempt [**] [Priority: 0] {TCP} 192.168.80.1:60803 -> 192.168.80.128:22
09/06-14:16:11.269468  [**] [1:100004:0] SSH Login Attempt [**] [Priority: 0] {TCP} 192.168.80.129:45408 -> 192.168.80.128:22
09/06-14:16:11.269567  [**] [1:402:7] ICMP Destination Unreachable Port Unreachable [**] [Classification: Misc activity] [Priority: 3] {ICMP} 192.168.80.128 -> 192.168.80.129
```

Fail2ban block ip

```
shuhari@debian: ~  
Every 2.0s: fail2ban-client status sshd                                debian: Wed Sep 6 14:17:48 2023  
  
Status for the jail: sshd  
|- Filter  
| |- Currently failed: 0  
| |- Total failed:      3  
| `-- File list:        /var/log/auth.log  
`-- Actions  
    |- Currently banned: 1  
    |- Total banned:     1  
    `-- Banned IP list:  192.168.80.129
```

Nmap :-

Sudo apt-get install nmap

Nmap (ip)

Nmap(ip)(port)

```
kali - VMware Workstation  
File Edit View VM Tabs Help  
kali defender  
root@kali: ~  
File Actions Edit View Help  
(root@kali)-[~]  
# nmap 192.168.80.128  
Starting Nmap 7.94 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-09-06 05:20 EDT  
Nmap scan report for 192.168.80.128  
Host is up (0.00080s latency).  
Not shown: 997 filtered tcp ports (no-response)  
PORT      STATE SERVICE  
22/tcp    open  ssh  
80/tcp    open  http  
443/tcp   closed https  
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:89:B9:C5 (VMware)  
  
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 6.87 seconds  
  
(root@kali)-[~]  
# nmap 192.168.80.128 80  
Starting Nmap 7.94 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-09-06 05:21 EDT  
Nmap scan report for 192.168.80.128  
Host is up (0.00084s latency).  
Not shown: 997 filtered tcp ports (no-response)  
PORT      STATE SERVICE  
22/tcp    open  ssh  
80/tcp    open  http  
443/tcp   closed https  
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:89:B9:C5 (VMware)  
  
Nmap done: 2 IP addresses (1 host up) scanned in 15.12 seconds  
  
o direct input to this VM, move the mouse pointer inside or press Ctrl+G.
```

Os detection

```
kali - VMware Workstation
File Edit View VM Tabs Help
kali x defender x
root@kali: ~
File Actions Edit View Help
(root@kali)-[~]
# nmap -O 192.168.80.128
Starting Nmap 7.94 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-09-06 05:37 EDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.80.128
Host is up (0.00096s latency).
Not shown: 997 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
PORT      STATE SERVICE
22/tcp    open  ssh
80/tcp    open  http
443/tcp   closed https
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:89:B9:C5 (VMware)
Aggressive OS guesses: Linux 4.15 - 5.8 (98%), Linux 5.0 - 5.4 (94%), Linux 2.6.32 (94%), Linux 3.2 - 4.9 (94%), Linux 2.6
.32 - 3.10 (93%), Linux 5.3 - 5.4 (93%), Linux 5.4 (93%), Linux 3.4 - 3.10 (92%), Synology DiskStation Manager 5.2-5644 (91%)
No exact OS matches for host (test conditions non-ideal).
Network Distance: 1 hop

OS detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 8.46 seconds

(root@kali)-[~]
#
```

Service version detection

```
kali - VMware Workstation
File Edit View VM Tabs Help
kali x defender x
root@kali: ~
File Actions Edit View Help
(root@kali)-[~]
# nmap -sV 192.168.80.128
Starting Nmap 7.94 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2023-09-06 05:29 EDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.80.128
Host is up (0.00085s latency).
Not shown: 997 filtered tcp ports (no-response)
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
22/tcp    open  ssh      OpenSSH 7.9p1 Debian 10+deb10u2 (protocol 2.0)
80/tcp    open  tcpwrapped
443/tcp   closed https
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:89:B9:C5 (VMware)
Service Info: OS: Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 26.55 seconds

(root@kali)-[~]
#
```

All other nmap commands :-

Basic Scan Commands:

Scan a single target:

```
nmap target_ip
```

Scan multiple targets:

```
nmap target1_ip target2_ip
```

Scan Types:

TCP SYN scan (default):

```
nmap -sS target_ip
```

TCP Connect scan:

```
nmap -sT target_ip
```

UDP scan:

```
nmap -sU target_ip
```

Scan Techniques:

Stealthy scan (SYN scan with no ping):

```
nmap -sS -Pn target_ip
```

Scan all 65,535 ports (not recommended for large networks):

```
nmap -p- target_ip
```

Service Version Detection:

Detect service versions:

```
nmap -sV target_ip
```

Operating System Detection:

Detect the operating system of the target:

```
nmap -O target_ip
```

Output Options:

Save scan results to a file:

```
nmap -oN output.txt target_ip
```

Save scan results in XML format:

```
nmap -oX output.xml target_ip
```

Script Scanning:

Run Nmap scripts against a target:

```
nmap --script script_name target_ip
```

Timing and Performance:

Adjust scan timing (e.g., aggressive scan):

```
nmap -T4 target_ip
```

Increase verbosity for more details:

```
nmap -v target_ip
```

Firewall Evasion:

Use decoy IPs to hide the source:

```
nmap -D RND:10 target_ip
```

Other Options:

Scan a range of IPs using CIDR notation:

```
nmap 192.168.1.0/24
```

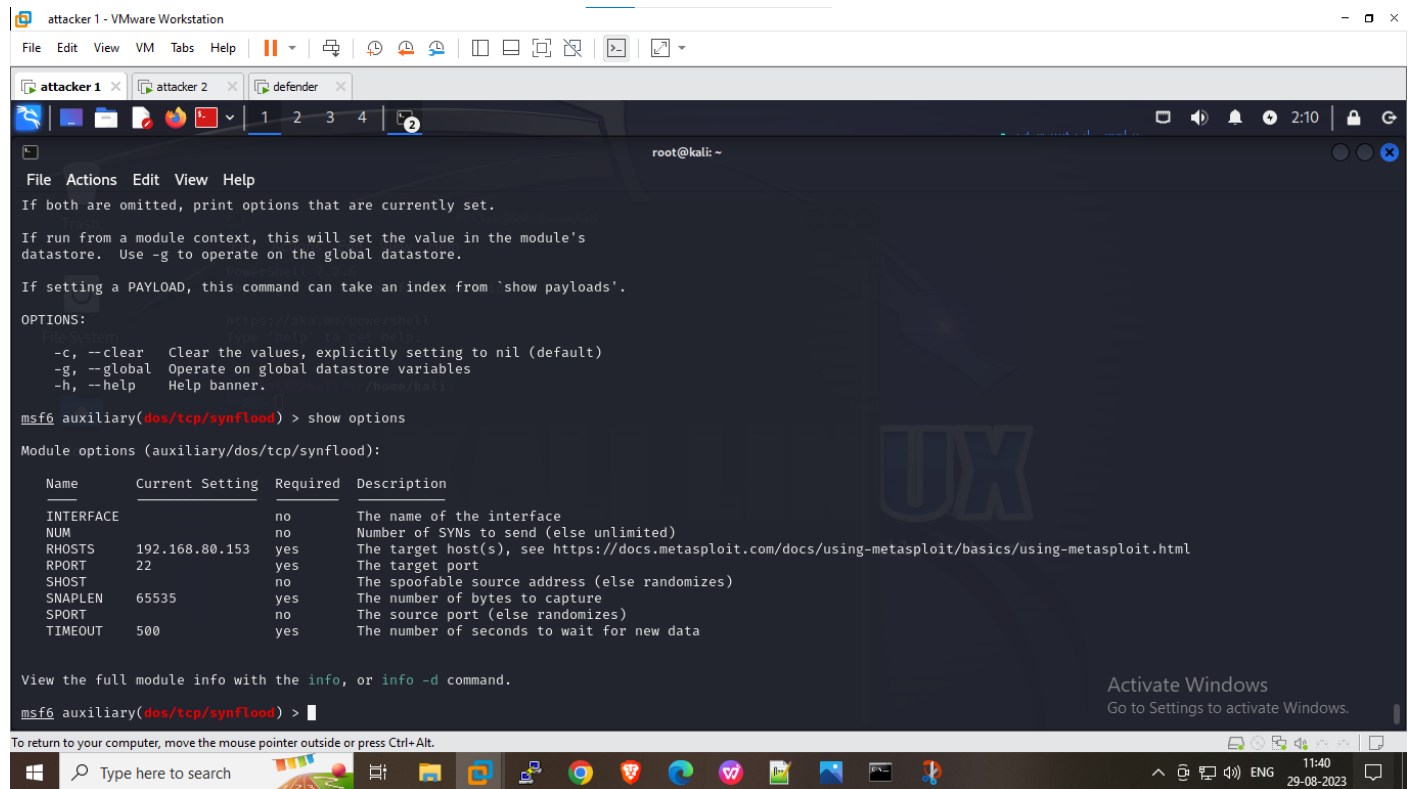
Randomize target order:

```
nmap --randomize-hosts -iL targets.txt
```

Syn flood :-

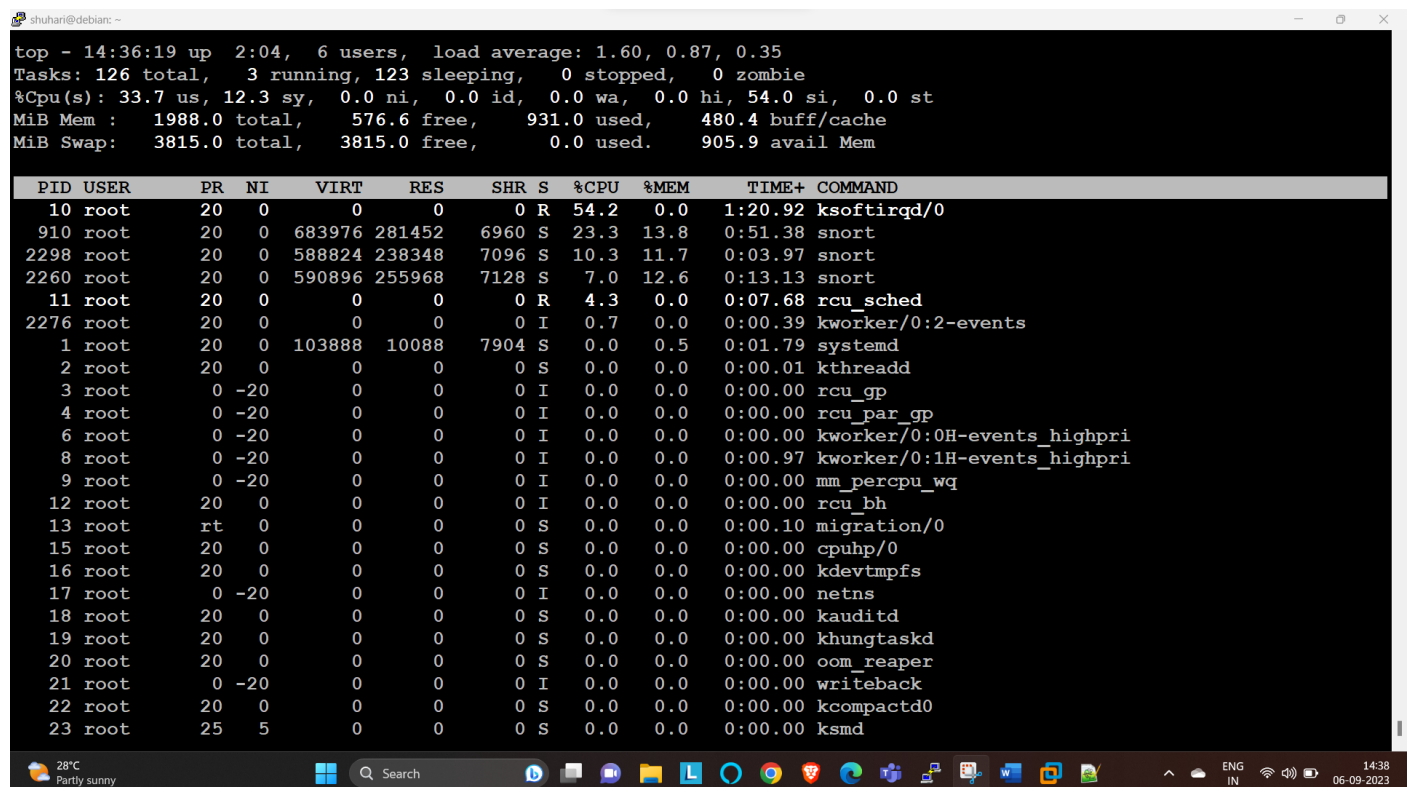
Using metasploit :-

Flooding on port 22



```
attacker 1 - VMware Workstation
File Edit View VM Tabs Help
attacker 1 x attacker 2 x defender x
1 2 3 4 5
root@kali: ~
File Actions Edit View Help
If both are omitted, print options that are currently set.
If run from a module context, this will set the value in the module's
datastore. Use -g to operate on the global datastore.
If setting a PAYLOAD, this command can take an index from 'show payloads'.
OPTIONS:
-c, --clear Clear the values, explicitly setting to nil (default)
-g, --global Operate on global datastore variables
-h, --help Help banner.
msf6 auxiliary(dos/tcp/synflood) > show options
Module options (auxiliary/dos/tcp/synflood):
Name Current Setting Required Description
INTERFACE no The name of the interface
NUM no Number of SYNs to send (else unlimited)
RHOSTS 192.168.80.153 yes The target host(s), see https://docs.metasploit.com/docs/using-metasploit/basics/using-metasploit.html
RPORT 22 yes The target port
SHOST no The spoofable source address (else randomizes)
SNAPLEN 65535 yes The number of bytes to capture
SPORT no The source port (else randomizes)
TIMEOUT 500 yes The number of seconds to wait for new data
View the full module info with the info, or info -d command.
msf6 auxiliary(dos/tcp/synflood) >
```

Top command to see cpu utilization



```
shuhari@debian: ~
top - 14:36:19 up 2:04, 6 users, load average: 1.60, 0.87, 0.35
Tasks: 126 total, 3 running, 123 sleeping, 0 stopped, 0 zombie
%Cpu(s): 33.7 us, 12.3 sy, 0.0 ni, 0.0 id, 0.0 wa, 0.0 hi, 54.0 si, 0.0 st
MiB Mem: 1988.0 total, 576.6 free, 931.0 used, 480.4 buff/cache
MiB Swap: 3815.0 total, 3815.0 free, 0.0 used, 905.9 avail Mem

  PID USER      PR  NI  VIRT  RES  SHR S %CPU  %MEM    TIME+  COMMAND
   10 root        20   0     0    0    0 R   54.2   0.0   1:20.92 ksoftirqd/0
   910 root        20   0 683976 281452 6960 S  23.3  13.8   0:51.38 snort
  2298 root        20   0 588824 238348 7096 S  10.3  11.7   0:03.97 snort
  2260 root        20   0 590896 255968 7128 S   7.0  12.6   0:13.13 snort
   11 root        20   0     0    0    0 R    4.3   0.0   0:07.68 rcu_sched
  2276 root        20   0     0    0    0 I    0.7   0.0   0:00.39 kworker/0:2-events
    1 root        20   0 103888 10088 7904 S   0.0   0.5   0:01.79 systemd
    2 root        20   0     0    0    0 S   0.0   0.0   0:00.01 kthreadd
    3 root         0 -20     0    0    0 I   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 rcu_gp
    4 root         0 -20     0    0    0 I   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 rcu_par_gp
    6 root         0 -20     0    0    0 I   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 kworker/0:0H-events_highpri
    8 root         0 -20     0    0    0 I   0.0   0.0   0:00.97 kworker/0:1H-events_highpri
    9 root         0 -20     0    0    0 I   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 mm_percpu_wq
   12 root        20   0     0    0    0 I   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 rcu_bh
   13 root        rt    0     0    0    0 S   0.0   0.0   0:00.10 migration/0
   15 root        20   0     0    0    0 S   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 cpuhp/0
   16 root        20   0     0    0    0 S   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 kdevtmpfs
   17 root         0 -20     0    0    0 I   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 netns
   18 root        20   0     0    0    0 S   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 kauditd
   19 root        20   0     0    0    0 S   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 khungtaskd
   20 root        20   0     0    0    0 S   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 oom_reaper
   21 root         0 -20     0    0    0 I   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 writeback
   22 root        20   0     0    0    0 S   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 kcompactd0
   23 root        25   5     0    0    0 S   0.0   0.0   0:00.00 ksm
```

Snort detection syn flood

```
shuhari@debian: ~  
Using libpcap version 1.8.1  
Using PCRE version: 8.39 2016-06-14  
Using ZLIB version: 1.2.11  
  
Rules Engine: SF_SNORT_DETECTION_ENGINE Version 2.4 <Build 1>  
Preprocessor Object: SF_DCERPC2 Version 1.0 <Build 3>  
Preprocessor Object: SF_SDF Version 1.1 <Build 1>  
Preprocessor Object: SF_FTPTELNET Version 1.2 <Build 13>  
Preprocessor Object: SF_IMAP Version 1.0 <Build 1>  
Preprocessor Object: SF_MODBUS Version 1.1 <Build 1>  
Preprocessor Object: SF_POP Version 1.0 <Build 1>  
Preprocessor Object: SF_REPUTATION Version 1.1 <Build 1>  
Preprocessor Object: SF_SMTP Version 1.1 <Build 9>  
Preprocessor Object: SF_SSH Version 1.1 <Build 3>  
Preprocessor Object: SF_SIP Version 1.1 <Build 1>  
Preprocessor Object: SF_GTP Version 1.1 <Build 1>  
Preprocessor Object: SF_SSLPP Version 1.1 <Build 4>  
Preprocessor Object: SF_DNS Version 1.1 <Build 4>  
Preprocessor Object: SF_DNP3 Version 1.1 <Build 1>  
Commencing packet processing (pid=2298)  
09/06-14:36:00.483708  [**] [1:100005:0] Possible SYN Flood Detected [**] [Priority: 0] {TCP} 192.168.80.129:1446 -> 192.168.80.128:22  
09/06-14:36:02.492085  [**] [1:524:8] BAD-TRAFFIC tcp port 0 traffic [**] [Classification: Misc activity] [Priority: 3] {TCP} 192.168.80.129:0 -> 192.168.80.128:22  
09/06-14:36:02.611738  [**] [1:524:8] BAD-TRAFFIC tcp port 0 traffic [**] [Classification: Misc activity] [Priority: 3] {TCP} 192.168.80.129:0 -> 192.168.80.128:22  
09/06-14:36:03.421196  [**] [1:504:7] MISC source port 53 to <1024 [**] [Classification: Potentially Bad Traffic] [Priority: 2] {TCP} 192.168.80.129:53 -> 192.168.80.128:22  
09/06-14:36:06.982462  [**] [1:100005:0] Possible SYN Flood Detected [**] [Priority: 0] {TCP} 192.168.80.129:1990 -> 192.168.80.128:22
```

Smurf attack :-

```
kali - VMware Workstation  
File Edit View VM Tabs Help  
kali x defender x  
root@kali: ~  
File Actions Edit View Help  
(root@kali)-[~]  
$ hping3 --icmp -c 65365 --spoof 192.168.80.128 192.168.80.255  
HPING 192.168.80.255 (eth0 192.168.80.255): icmp mode set, 28 headers + 0 data bytes
```


Snort detection smurf attack

```
shuhari@debian: ~  
8.80.2 -> 192.168.80.128  
09/06-15:23:51.005544  [**] [1:1000012:0] Possible Smurf Attack Detected [**] [Priority: 0] {ICMP} 192.168.80.128 -> 1  
92.168.80.255  
09/06-15:23:51.005544  [**] [1:469:3] ICMP PING NMAP [**] [Classification: Attempted Information Leak] [Priority: 2] {  
ICMP} 192.168.80.128 -> 192.168.80.255  
09/06-15:23:51.005544  [**] [1:384:5] ICMP PING [**] [Classification: Misc activity] [Priority: 3] {ICMP} 192.168.80.1  
28 -> 192.168.80.255  
09/06-15:23:51.005601  [**] [1:408:5] ICMP Echo Reply [**] [Classification: Misc activity] [Priority: 3] {ICMP} 192.16  
8.80.2 -> 192.168.80.128  
09/06-15:23:52.006813  [**] [1:1000012:0] Possible Smurf Attack Detected [**] [Priority: 0] {ICMP} 192.168.80.128 -> 1  
92.168.80.255  
09/06-15:23:52.006813  [**] [1:469:3] ICMP PING NMAP [**] [Classification: Attempted Information Leak] [Priority: 2] {  
ICMP} 192.168.80.128 -> 192.168.80.255  
09/06-15:23:52.006813  [**] [1:384:5] ICMP PING [**] [Classification: Misc activity] [Priority: 3] {ICMP} 192.168.80.1  
28 -> 192.168.80.255  
09/06-15:23:52.006863  [**] [1:408:5] ICMP Echo Reply [**] [Classification: Misc activity] [Priority: 3] {ICMP} 192.16  
8.80.2 -> 192.168.80.128  
09/06-15:23:53.008093  [**] [1:1000012:0] Possible Smurf Attack Detected [**] [Priority: 0] {ICMP} 192.168.80.128 -> 1  
92.168.80.255  
09/06-15:23:53.008093  [**] [1:469:3] ICMP PING NMAP [**] [Classification: Attempted Information Leak] [Priority: 2] {  
ICMP} 192.168.80.128 -> 192.168.80.255  
09/06-15:23:53.008093  [**] [1:384:5] ICMP PING [**] [Classification: Misc activity] [Priority: 3] {ICMP} 192.168.80.1  
28 -> 192.168.80.255  
09/06-15:23:53.008150  [**] [1:408:5] ICMP Echo Reply [**] [Classification: Misc activity] [Priority: 3] {ICMP} 192.16  
8.80.2 -> 192.168.80.128  
^C*** Caught Int-Signal  
=====  
Run time for packet processing was 40.34667 seconds  
Snort processed 372 packets.  
Snort ran for 0 days 0 hours 0 minutes 40 seconds  
Pkts/sec:          9
```

Snort port scanning detection

Port 80

```
09/06-14:51:28.664652  [**] [1:469:3] ICMP PING NMAP [**] [Classification: Attempted Information Leak] [Priority: 2] {  
ICMP} 192.168.80.129 -> 0.0.0.80  
09/06-14:51:28.664652  [**] [1:384:5] ICMP PING [**] [Classification: Misc activity] [Priority: 3] {ICMP} 192.168.80.1  
29 -> 0.0.0.80  
09/06-14:51:28.664678  [**] [1:401:6] ICMP Destination Unreachable Network Unreachable [**] [Classification: Misc acti  
vity] [Priority: 3] {ICMP} 192.168.80.2 -> 192.168.80.129  
09/06-14:51:28.665090  [**] [1:453:5] ICMP Timestamp Request [**] [Classification: Misc activity] [Priority: 3] {ICMP}  
192.168.80.129 -> 0.0.0.80  
09/06-14:51:29.629309  [**] [1:1917:6] SCAN UPnP service discover attempt [**] [Classification: Detection of a Network  
Scan] [Priority: 3] {UDP} 192.168.80.1:49606 -> 239.255.255.250:1900  
09/06-14:51:29.660842  [**] [1:1917:6] SCAN UPnP service discover attempt [**] [Classification: Detection of a Network  
Scan] [Priority: 3] {UDP} 192.168.80.1:49608 -> 239.255.255.250:1900  
09/06-14:51:30.668744  [**] [1:453:5] ICMP Timestamp Request [**] [Classification: Misc activity] [Priority: 3] {ICMP}  
192.168.80.129 -> 0.0.0.80  
09/06-14:51:30.669074  [**] [1:1000012:0] Possible Smurf Attack Detected [**] [Priority: 0] {ICMP} 192.168.80.129 -> 0  
.0.0.80  
09/06-14:51:30.669074  [**] [1:469:3] ICMP PING NMAP [**] [Classification: Attempted Information Leak] [Priority: 2] {  
ICMP} 192.168.80.129 -> 0.0.0.80  
09/06-14:51:30.669074  [**] [1:384:5] ICMP PING [**] [Classification: Misc activity] [Priority: 3] {ICMP} 192.168.80.1
```

All attacks prevented by firewall iptables .

