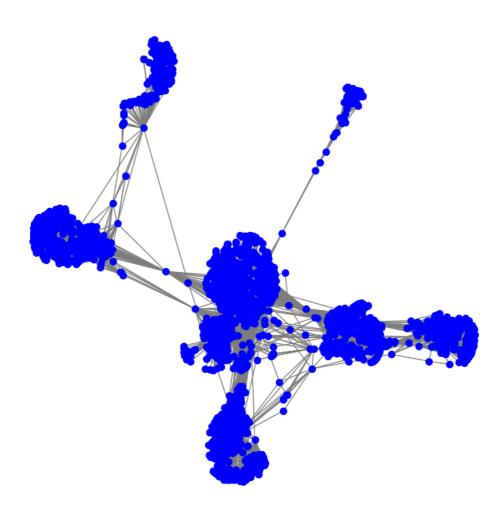
Name : Chinmay Mhatre Roll No. : 22102B2001

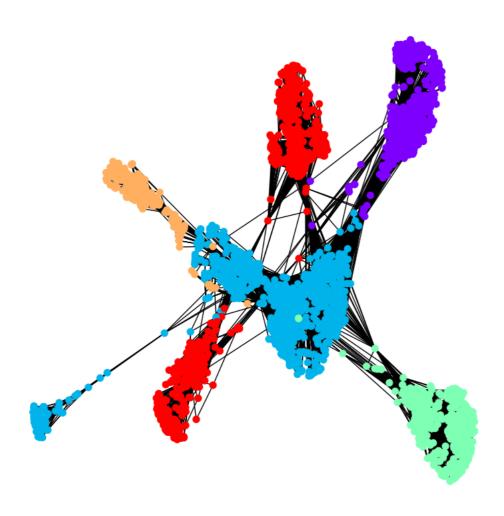
BE CMPN B-4

https://github.com/chinmay0910/ML-Lab---VIT/blob/main/EXP%207/ML_LAB_7.ipynb

```
1 # Import necessary libraries
 2 import pandas as pd
 3 import networkx as nx
 4 import numpy as np
 5 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 6 from sklearn.cluster import SpectralClustering
 7 from sklearn.metrics import silhouette_score
 8 from scipy.sparse import csr_matrix
10 # Load Facebook dataset (edges list)
11 url = 'https://snap.stanford.edu/data/facebook_combined.txt.gz'
12 df = pd.read_csv(url, sep=' ', header=None, names=['node1', 'node2'])
13
14 # Construct a graph
15 G = nx.from_pandas_edgelist(df, 'node1', 'node2')
16
17 # Visualize the graph (optional)
18 plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))
19 nx.draw(G, node_size=50, node_color='blue', edge_color='gray', with_labels=False)
20 plt.show()
21
22 # Convert graph to adjacency matrix (sparse format)
23 adj_matrix = nx.adjacency_matrix(G)
24
25 # Ensure the matrix is in sparse format for Spectral Clustering
26 adj_matrix = csr_matrix(adj_matrix)
27
28
₹
```



```
1 # Define the number of clusters
 2 n_clusters = 5 # Adjust as necessary
 4 # Apply Spectral Clustering
  \texttt{5 sc = SpectralClustering(n\_clusters=n\_clusters, affinity='precomputed', assign\_labels='kmeans')} \\
 7 # Fit the model
 8 sc.fit(adj_matrix)
10 # Predict cluster labels
11 labels = sc.labels_
12
13 # Visualize clustering (optional for Facebook dataset)
14 pos = nx.spring_layout(G)
15 plt.figure(figsize=(8, 8))
16 nx.draw(G, pos, node_color=labels, node_size=50, cmap=plt.cm.rainbow, with_labels=False)
17 plt.show()
18
\overline{2}
```



```
1 # Compute Silhouette Score
2 silhouette_avg = silhouette_score(adj_matrix, labels, metric='precomputed')
3 print(f'Silhouette Score: {silhouette_avg}')
4

$\frac{1}{2}$ Silhouette Score: -1.0
```

The characteristics of each cluster and any patterns or trends identified:

The social dynamics (for Facebook) or organizational structure and communication patterns (for Enron). Larger, tightly connected clusters often represent closer-knit groups, while smaller or less-connected clusters might indicate less frequent interactions or outliers.