

## Section - 5

5 (a) Input

3	
1	2
2	2
8	7
2	
3	3
4	4

When key does not exist in data 1, the key-value pair is not added to it.

(b) if  $k$  in data 1:

$v_1 = \text{data 1}[k]$

if  $v_1 \neq v_2$ :

deep key  $[k] = [v_1, v_2]$

del data 1  $[k]$

else:

data 1  $[k] = v_2$ .



```

def unique_update (data1, data2):
    # initially empty dictionary
    dupkeys = {}

    # Examine every (k, v2) pair
    in data2
    for [k, v2] in data2:
        # Check if there's a
        Key - Value.
        # Pair with key = k in data1 /
        if k is in data1:
            v1 = data1[k]
            # (k, v1) in dict1
            # Check if v1 != v2
            if v1 != v2:
                add [(k, (v1, v2))]
                # to dictionary
                dupkeys[k] = [v1, v2]
            # Remove (k, v1)
            from data1
        else data[k]
    else:
        # Add [k, v2] to data1
        data1[k] = v2
    # After processing all (k, v1) in
    # data1, or then in the dictionary
    return dupkeys.

```