

## Find middle element of a LinkedList :-

### Approach 1 :

```
public class FindMiddleOfLinkedList {
    public static Node findMiddle(Node head) {
        if(head == null) {
            return null;
        }
        if(head.next==null) {
            return head;
        }
        Node p = head;
        int lenght = LinkedListLength.getLinkedListLength(head);
        int middle = (lenght/2)-1;
        int count = 0;
        while(count<middle) {
            p=p.next;
            count++;
        }
        return p;
    }
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Node head = new Node(28);
        Node node27 = new Node(27);
        Node node26 = new Node(26);
        Node node25 = new Node(25);
        Node node24 = new Node(24);
        head.next = node27;
        node27.next = node26;
        node26.next = node25;
        node25.next = node24;
        Node middleNode = findMiddle(head);
        System.out.println(middleNode.data);
    }
}
```

Time Complexity ->  $O(n) + O(n/2) = O(n)$

Space Complexity ->  $O(1)$

## Approach 2:-

```
private static Node getMiddleElementOfLinkedList(Node head) {
    if (head == null) // Base condition
        return null;
    Node p = head; // slow pointer
    Node q = head; // fast pointer
    while (q != null && q.next != null) {
        p = p.next;
        q = q.next.next;
    }
    return p;
}
```

Time Complexity ->  $O(n/2) = O(n)$

Space Complexity ->  $O(1)$

## Is Circular Linked List

```
public class IsCircularLinkedList {

    public static boolean isCircular(Node head) {
        if (head == null || head.next == null || head.next.next == null) {
            return false;
        }
        Node p = head; // slow pointer
        Node q = head; // fast pointer
        while (q != null && q.next != null) {
            p = p.next;
            q = q.next.next;
            if (p == q) {
                return true;
            }
        }
        return false;
    }

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Node head = new Node(28);
        Node node28 = head;
        Node node27 = new Node(27);
        Node node26 = new Node(26);
        Node node25 = new Node(25);
        Node node24 = new Node(24);
        head.next = node27;
        node27.next = node26;
        node26.next = node25;
        node25.next = node24;
        node24.next = node28;
        boolean isCircular = isCircular(head);
        System.out.println(isCircular);
    }
}
```

### **Find if Loop exists: -**

```
static boolean hasCycle(SinglyLinkedListNode head) {  
    if (head == null || head.next == null || head.next.next == null) {  
        return false;  
    }  
    SinglyLinkedListNode p = head; // slow pointer  
    SinglyLinkedListNode q = head; // fast pointer  
    while (q != null && q.next != null) {  
        p = p.next;  
        q = q.next.next;  
        if (p == q) {  
            return true;  
        }  
    }  
    return false;  
}
```

### **Link:**

<https://www.hackerrank.com/challenges/detect-whether-a-linked-list-contains-a-cycle/problem>