CS599 (Deep Learning)

Homework – 5

1. Python Code:

```
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib
import numpy as np
matplotlib.use("agg")
from sklearn.model_selection import KFold, GridSearchCV, ParameterGrid
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegressionCV
from sklearn.pipeline import make pipeline
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
from collections import Counter
data set dict = {"zip": ("zip.test.gz", 0),
         "spam": ("spam.data", 57)}
data dict = {}
for data_name, (file_name, label_col_num) in data_set_dict.items():
  data df = pd.read csv(file name, sep=" ", header=None)
  data_label_vec = data_df.iloc[:, label_col_num]
  is 01 = data label vec.isin([0, 1])
  data_01_df = data_df.loc[is_01, :]
  is_label_col = data_df.columns == label_col_num
  data features = data 01 df.iloc[:, ~is label col]
  data_labels = data_01_df.iloc[:, is_label_col]
  data dict[data name] = (data features, data labels)
  # scaling the data
  n_data_features = data_features.shape[1]
  data mean = data features.mean().to numpy().reshape(1, n data features)
  data_std = data_features.std().to_numpy().reshape(1, n_data_features)
  data scaled = (data features - data mean) / data std
  data name scaled = data name + " scaled"
  data scaled = data scaled.dropna(axis="columns")
  data dict[data name scaled] = (data scaled, data labels)
  #print(data_scaled)
data_dict.pop("zip_scaled")
data_dict.pop("spam")
```

```
class MyLogReg:
  def __init__(self, max_iterations, step_size):
    self.max_iterations = max_iterations
    self.step_size = step_size
  def fit(self, X, y):
    self.X_train = X
    self.y train = y
    data_nrow, data_ncol = X.shape
    self.intercept = 0.0
    self.weight_vec = np.repeat(0.0, data_ncol).reshape(data_ncol,1) # Initialize weight
vector with zeros
    for i in range(self.max_iterations):
      data_mat = X
      pred_vec = np.matmul(data_mat, self.weight_vec) + self.intercept_
      label_pos_neg_vec = np.where(y == 1, 1, -1).reshape(data_nrow,1)
      grad_loss_wrt_pred = -label_pos_neg_vec / (1 + np.exp(label_pos_neg_vec *
pred_vec))
      loss_vec = np.log(1 + np.exp(-label_pos_neg_vec * pred_vec))
      grad_loss_wrt_weight = np.matmul(data_mat.T, grad_loss_wrt_pred)/data_nrow
      self.weight_vec -= self.step_size * grad_loss_wrt_weight
      self.intercept_ -= self.step_size * grad_loss_wrt_pred.mean()
    return loss_vec.mean()
  def decision_function(self, X):
    return np.matmul(X, self.weight_vec).reshape(X.shape[0], 1) + self.intercept_
  def predict(self, X):
    scores = self.decision function(X)
    return np.where(scores > 0, 1, 0)
class MyLogRegCV:
  def __init__(self, max_iterations, step_size, num_splits):
    self.max_iterations = max_iterations
    self.step size = step size
    self.num_splits = num_splits
  def fit(self, X, y):
```

```
kf = KFold(n_splits=self.num_splits, shuffle=True, random_state=3)
    self.scores_ = pd.DataFrame(columns = ["iteration", "set_name", "loss_value"])
    best_loss = float("inf")
    best Ir = None
    for i in range(1, self.max_iterations + 1):
      for validation_fold, (train_index, val_index) in enumerate(kf.split(X)):
         subtrain_data = {"X": X[train_index], "y": y[train_index]}
         val_data = {"X": X[val_index], "y": y[val_index]}
         Ir = MyLogReg(i, self.step size)
         subtrain_loss = Ir.fit(subtrain_data["X"], subtrain_data["y"])
         y pred = lr.predict(val data["X"])
         #subtrain_loss = Ir.loss_function(subtrain_data["X"], subtrain_data["y"])
         val_loss = Ir.fit(val_data["X"], val_data["y"])
         self.scores_ = pd.concat([self.scores_, pd.DataFrame({"iteration": [i], "setname":
["subtrain"], "loss_value": [subtrain_loss]})], ignore_index = True, sort = False)
         self.scores = pd.concat([self.scores , pd.DataFrame({"iteration": [i], "setname":
["validation"], "loss_value": [val_loss]})], ignore_index = True, sort = False)
         accuracy = np.mean(y pred == val data["y"])
         subtrain loss values = self.scores [self.scores ["setname"] ==
"subtrain"]["loss value"].values
         validation_loss_values = self.scores_[self.scores_["setname"] ==
"validation"]["loss value"].values
         #print("Val Loss: ", val loss)
         #print("Best Loss: ", best_loss)
         if val_loss < best_loss:
           best loss = val loss
           best_lr = lr
           self.best iterations = i
           #print(self.best iterations)
    self.Ir = MyLogReg(self.best_iterations, self.step_size)
    self.lr.fit(X,y)
    return subtrain_loss_values, validation_loss_values
  def predict(self, X):
    return self.lr.predict(X)
```

```
accuracy_data_frames = []
for data_name, (data_features, data_labels) in data_dict.items():
  kf = KFold(n_splits=3, shuffle=True, random_state=3)
  enum_obj = enumerate(kf.split(data_features))
  for fold_num, (train_index, test_index) in enum_obj:
    X_train, X_test = np.array(data_features.iloc[train_index]),
np.array(data_features.iloc[test_index])
    y_train, y_test = np.ravel(data_labels.iloc[train_index]),
np.ravel(data_labels.iloc[test_index])
    # K-nearest neighbors
    knn = KNeighborsClassifier()
    hp_parameters = {"n_neighbors": list(range(1, 21))}
    grid = GridSearchCV(knn, hp_parameters, cv=5)
    grid.fit(X_train, y_train)
    best_n_neighbors = grid.best_params_['n_neighbors']
    print("Best N-Neighbors = ", best_n_neighbors)
    knn = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=best_n_neighbors)
    knn.fit(X_train, y_train)
    knn_pred = knn.predict(X_test)
    # Logistic Regression
    pipe = make_pipeline(StandardScaler(), LogisticRegressionCV(cv=5, max_iter=2000))
    pipe.fit(X_train, y_train)
    Ir_pred = pipe.predict(X_test)
    y_train_series = pd.Series(y_train)
    #MyLogReg + MyLogRegCV
    mylogreg = MyLogRegCV(200, 0.1, 5)
    subtrain_loss, validation_loss = mylogreg.fit(X_train, y_train)
    lr_cv_pred = mylogreg.predict(X_test)
    most_frequent_class = y_train_series.value_counts().idxmax()
    print("Most Frequent Class = ", most_frequent_class)
    # create a featureless baseline
    featureless_pred = np.full_like(y_test, most_frequent_class)
    # store predict data in dict
    pred_dict = {'gridSearch + nearest neighbors': knn_pred,
           'linear_model': lr_pred,
           'MyLogRegCV': Ir_cv_pred,
           'featureless': featureless pred}
    test_accuracy = {}
```

```
for algorithm, predictions in pred dict.items():
      accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, predictions)
      test_accuracy[algorithm] = accuracy
    for algorithm, accuracy in test_accuracy.items():
      print(f"{algorithm} Test Accuracy: {accuracy * 100}")
      accuracy_df = pd.DataFrame({
        "data_set": [data_name],
        "fold id": [fold num],
        "algorithm": [algorithm],
        "accuracy": [test accuracy[algorithm]]})
      accuracy_data_frames.append(accuracy_df)
total_accuracy_df = pd.concat(accuracy_data_frames, ignore_index = True)
print(total_accuracy_df)
import plotnine as p9
gg = p9.ggplot(total_accuracy_df, p9.aes(x ='accuracy', y = 'algorithm'))+\
    p9.facet grid('.~data set') + p9.geom point()
gg.save("output.png", height = 8, width = 12)
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
# Number of iterations
iterations = range(1, len(subtrain_loss) + 1)
# Plot subtrain loss
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 6))
plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
plt.plot(iterations, subtrain_loss, label='Subtrain Loss', color='red')
plt.xlabel('Iterations')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.title('Subtrain Loss vs. Iterations')
plt.grid(True)
# Plot validation loss
plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
plt.plot(iterations, validation_loss, label='Validation Loss', color='blue')
plt.xlabel('Iterations')
plt.ylabel('Loss')
plt.title('Validation Loss vs. Iterations')
plt.grid(True)
```

```
plt.tight_layout()
plt.savefig("test.png")
```

2. Output:

```
>>> for data name, (data features, data labels) in data dict.items():
   kf = KFold(n_splits=3, shuffle=True, random_state=3)
   enum_obj = enumerate(kf.split(data_features))
   for fold_num, (train_index, test_index) in enum_obj:
        "accuracy": [test_accuracy[algorithm]]})
      accuracy_data_frames.append(accuracy_df)
     print(f"**********************************End of
Best N-Neighbors = 1
Most Frequent Class = 0
gridSearch + nearest neighbors Test Accuracy: 100.0
linear model Test Accuracy: 99.51923076923077
MyLogRegCV Test Accuracy: 99.03846153846155
featureless Test Accuracy: 58.65384615384615
Best N-Neighbors = 1
Most Frequent Class = 0
gridSearch + nearest neighbors Test Accuracy: 99.51923076923077
linear model Test Accuracy: 99.03846153846155
MyLogRegCV Test Accuracy: 98.5576923076923
featureless Test Accuracy: 57.21153846153846
Best N-Neighbors = 3
Most Frequent Class = 0
gridSearch + nearest neighbors Test Accuracy: 99.03381642512076
linear_model Test Accuracy: 99.03381642512076
MyLogRegCV Test Accuracy: 99.03381642512076
featureless Test Accuracy: 57.00483091787439
Best N-Neighbors = 5
Most Frequent Class = 0
gridSearch + nearest neighbors Test Accuracy: 90.28683181225554
linear model Test Accuracy: 91.39504563233378
MyLogRegCV Test Accuracy: 90.74315514993481
featureless Test Accuracy: 60.88657105606258
Best N-Neighbors = 6
Most Frequent Class = 0
```

gridSearch + nearest neighbors Test Accuracy: 89.4393741851369

linear_model Test Accuracy: 92.63363754889178 MyLogRegCV Test Accuracy: 90.80834419817471 featureless Test Accuracy: 60.104302477183836

Best N-Neighbors = 5 Most Frequent Class = 0

gridSearch + nearest neighbors Test Accuracy: 90.01956947162427

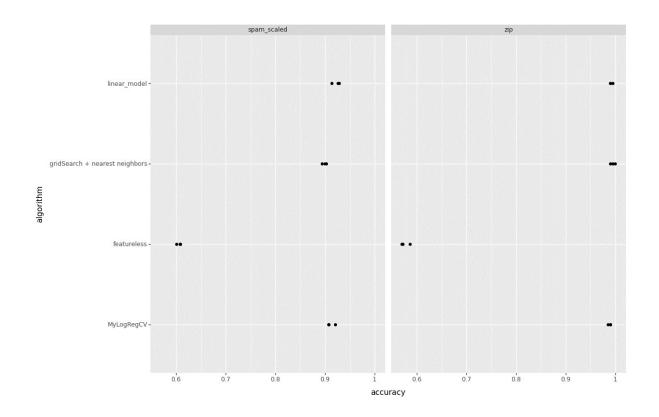
linear_model Test Accuracy: 92.8897586431833 MyLogRegCV Test Accuracy: 92.10697977821265 featureless Test Accuracy: 60.79582517938682

>>> total_accuracy_df = pd.concat(accuracy_data_frames, ignore_index = True) >>> print(total_accuracy_df)

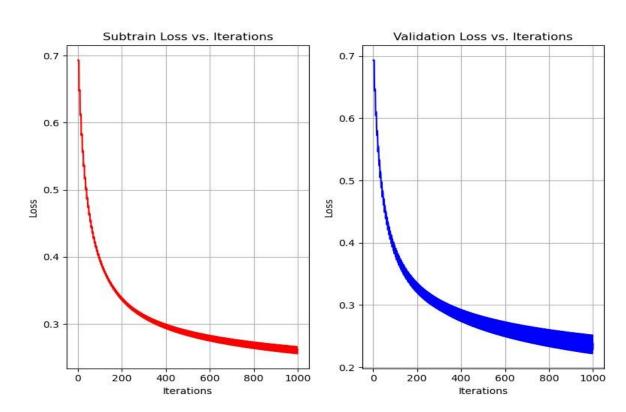
	data_set	fold_id	algorithm	accuracy
0	zip	0	gridSearch + nearest neighbors	1.000000
1	zip	0	linear_model	0.995192
2	zip	0	MyLogRegCV	0.990385
3	zip	0	featureless	0.586538
4	zip	1	gridSearch + nearest neighbors	0.995192
5	zip	1	linear_model	0.990385
6	zip	1	MyLogRegCV	0.985577
7	zip	1	featureless	0.572115
8	zip	2	gridSearch + nearest neighbors	0.990338
9	zip	2	linear_model	0.990338
10	zip	2	MyLogRegCV	0.990338
11	zip	2	featureless	0.570048
12	spam_scaled	0	<pre>gridSearch + nearest neighbors</pre>	0.902868
13	spam_scaled	0	linear_model	0.913950
14	spam_scaled	0	MyLogRegCV	0.907432
15	spam_scaled	0	featureless	0.608866
16	spam_scaled	1	<pre>gridSearch + nearest neighbors</pre>	0.894394
17	spam_scaled	1	linear_model	0.926336
18	spam_scaled	1	MyLogRegCV	0.908083
19	spam_scaled	1	featureless	0.601043
20	spam_scaled	2	gridSearch + nearest neighbors	0.900196
21	spam_scaled	2	linear_model	0.928898
22	spam_scaled	2	MyLogRegCV	0.921070
23	spam_scaled	2	featureless	0.607958

>>> gg = p9.ggplot(total_accuracy_df, p9.aes(x ='accuracy', y = 'algorithm'))+\
... p9.facet_grid('.~data_set') + p9.geom_point()

>>> gg.save("output.png", height = 8, width = 12)



>>> plt.savefig("test.png")



3. Summary:

- Create the MyLogReg and MyLogRegCV functions with the given requirements.
- Scale the spam dataset since zip dataset is already scaled.
- Need to plot the graph comparing KNeighbors, Linear Model, Featureless and created MyLogRegCV.
- Plot the subtrain loss & validation loss with respect to iterations