## DAY -1 QUERIES

```
1.display all record from the employee table
SELECT * FROM Employees;
#output
EmpID | EmpName | DeptID | Salary | HireDate
101 | John | 1 | 50000 | 2018-02-12
102 | Alice | 2 | 60000 | 2019-07-10
103 | Bob | 1 | 55000 | 2020-05-05
104 | Carol | 3 | 45000 | 2017-09-20
2. display only emphame and salary of all employee
SELECT EmpName, Salary
FROM Employees;
#output
EmpName | Salary
John | 50000
Alice | 60000
Bob
    | 55000
Carol | 45000
3. find all employees who belong to the IT department
SELECT * FROM Employees
WHERE DeptID = 2;
#output
EmpID | EmpName | DeptID | Salary | HireDate
```

102 | Alice | 2 | 60000 | 2019-07-10

```
4. list employees whose salary is > than 50,000
SELECT EmpName, Salary
FROM Employees
WHERE Salary > 50000;
#output
EmpName | Salary
Alice | 60000
Bob
     | 55000
5. find employees hired before 2020-01-01
SELECT EmpName, HireDate
FROM Employees
WHERE HireDate < '2020-01-01';
#output
EmpName | HireDate
John | 2018-02-12
Alice | 2019-07-10
Carol | 2017-09-20
6. display employees in desending order of salary
SELECT EmpName, Salary
FROM Employees
ORDER BY Salary DESC;
#output
EmpName | Salary
Alice | 60000
Bob
     | 55000
John | 50000
```

```
Carol | 45000
7. count total number of employees
SELECT COUNT(*) AS TotalEmployees
FROM Employees;
#output
TotalEmployees
4
8. find avg salary of all employees
SELECT AVG(Salary) AS AvgSalary
FROM Employees;
#output
AvgSalary
52500
9. find the max salary in each dept
SELECT DeptID, MAX(Salary) AS MaxSalary
FROM Employees
GROUP BY DeptID;
#output
DeptID | MaxSalary
    | 55000
2
    | 60000
3
    | 45000
10. find depts having more than 1 employee
SELECT DeptID, COUNT(EmpID) AS NumEmployees
FROM Employees
GROUP BY DeptID
```

HAVING COUNT(EmpID) > 1;

#output

DeptID | NumEmployees

1 | 2