SCALING ERLANG WEB APPLICATIONS 100 to 100K users at one web server

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Inaka Labs

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 - I'm an Erlang developer since 2008
- I've worked in many dynamic web sites
- Most of them with high scale requirements
- I'll share my experience with you







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OUTLINE

THE CHALLENGE

What do we have to deal with?

THE PLAN

How do we face it?

THE TIPS AND TRICKS

What have we learned from it?





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What have we learned from it?



We will work on the scalability of a *web* project that has an *HTTP API* and a component that keeps clients *connected* to the server for *long periods* of time.

Examples:

- Social sites
- Chat sites
- Sports sites





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- OTP behaviours
- TCP connections
- mochiweb
- Underlaying system configurations

We will not deal with

- Multiple machines/nodes
- Database choices and/or implementations





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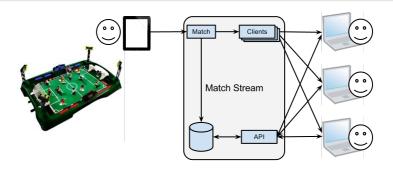
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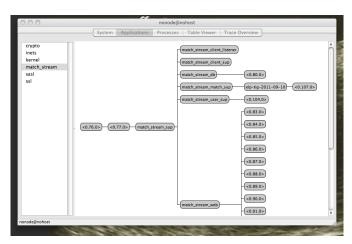
MATCH STREAM THE SAMPLE PROJECT







MATCH STREAM INITIAL ARCHITECTURE







THE PLAN







- Start with a system that works
- Automate your clients
- Keep a human watching
- Be patient





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STAGE 1

FINDING THE INITIAL BOUNDARIES

GOALS

- Test the system as it is
- Find N and C

- Create the automated testers
- Choose N and C
- Test the API and long-lived connections independently
- Test both together
- Repeat until you find the highest N and C





STAGE 1

FINDING THE INITIAL BOUNDARIES

GOALS

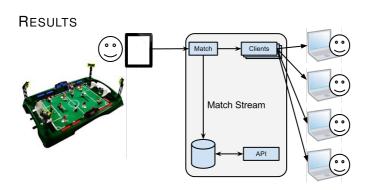
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STAGE 1 FINDING THE INITIAL BOUNDARIES



N = 1024 / C = 4



STAGE 2 BLACKBOX TESTS

GOALS

- Improve the system environment
- Find the highest N and C without altering the code

- Check kernel variables
- Check system limits
- Check Erlang VM parameters
- Repeat from Stage 1





STAGE 2 BLACKBOX TESTS

GOALS

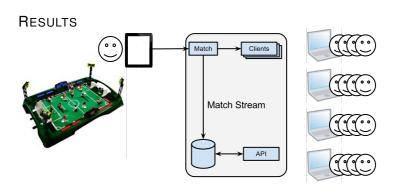
- Improve the system environment
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STAGE 2 BLACKBOX TESTS



N = 4096 / C = 4



STAGE 3 ERLANG TUNING

GOALS

- Tune up your system
- Find the highest N and C for one node

- Find a problem
- Fix it using the list of Tips and Tricks
- If not there, add it
- Repeat from Stage 1





STAGE 3 ERLANG TUNING

GOALS

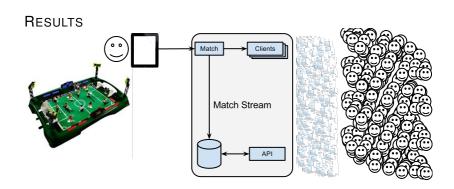
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STAGE 3 ERLANG TUNING



N = 65536 / C = 8192



STAGE 4 Adding Nodes

GOALS

- Find the best system topology
- Find N and C per node

- Add a node
 - connected: or
 - independent
- Repeat from Stage 1





STAGE 4 Adding Nodes

GOALS

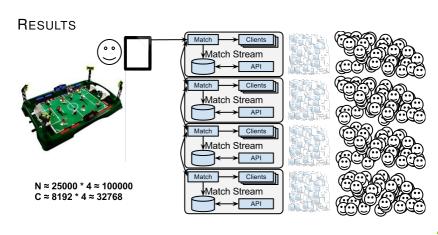
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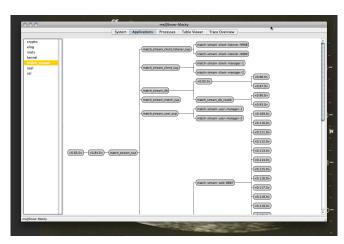
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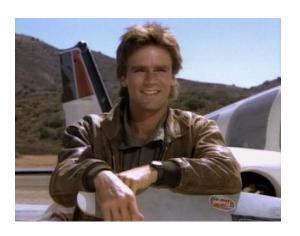
MATCH STREAM FINAL ARCHITECTURE







TIPS AND TRICKS







Kernel Variables

```
sysctl -w net.ipv4.ip_local_port_range="1024 65535"
sysctl -w net.core.rmem_max=16777216
sysctl -w net.core.wmem_max=16777216
sysctl -w net.ipv4.tcp_rmem="4096 87380 16777216"
sysctl -w net.ipv4.tcp_wmem="4096 65536 16777216"
sysctl -w net.ipv4.tcp_wmem="4096 65536 16777216"
sysctl -w net.ipv4.tcp_syncookies=1
sysctl -w net.ipv4.tcp_mem="50576 64768 98152"
sysctl -w net.core.netdev_max_backlog=2500
sysctl -w net.netfilter.nf_conntrack_max=1233000
```

Open Files Limit

```
ulimit -n 999999
```

Erlang VM tweaks

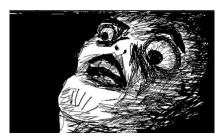
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- +K Kernell Polling
- -SMP SMP Support





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CONNECTION TWEAKS

BACKLOG

- Allow more concurrent connections
- Remember HTTP runs on TCP

Connections

- Don't use just one of them
- Check inbound and outbound connections





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SUP_HANDLER.

- Don't use it
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Long Delivery Queues

Use repeaters





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GEN_SERVER

CALL TIMEOUTS

Remember gen_server:reply/2

MEMORY FOOTPRINT

Remember hibernate

LONG INIT/1

Use 0 timeout





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SUPERVISORS

- Sometimes simple_one_for_one supervisors get overburdened because they have too many children
- Try a supervisor hierarchy with several managers below the main supervisor
- Turn supervisor:start_child/2 calls into something like





OTHER PROCESSES

Timers

- Don't use the timer module
- Use erlang:send_after

Logging

- Don't log too much
- Use a good logging system

REGISTRATION

- Sometimes it's better to register processes instead of keeping track of their pids manually
- You can always register processes both locally and globally





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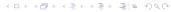
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SCALING TOPICS

THAT WEREN'T COVERED ON THIS PRESENTATION

- Adding nodes
- Choosing databases
- System specific improvements
- Measuring tools





QUESTIONS







Thanks!



