Alternatives in Error Handling

Dmitry Groshev

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What's it all about

- error handling is easy in Erlang
- case/try/catch/happy path coding/let it crash
- error handling is hard in Erlang
- dark side of Erlang

What's it all about

```
handle(Data) ->
1
        case test1(Data) of
2
            {ok, Data2} ->
                case test2(Data2) of
                     {ok, Data3} ->
5
                         case test3(Data3) of
                              {ok, Data4} ->
                                  do something(Data4);
                              {error, Err} ->
                                  {error, {test3, Err}}
10
                         end;
11
                     {error, Err} ->
12
                         {error, {test2, Err}}
13
                end;
14
            {error, Err} ->
15
                {error, {test1, Err}}
16
       end.
17
```

Not a real solution

```
handle(Data) ->
       case test1(Data) of
2
           {ok, Data2} -> handle2(Data2);
3
           {error, Err} -> {error, {test1, Err}}
       end.
5
6
   handle2(Data) ->
       case test2(Data) of
           {ok, Data2} -> handle3(Data2);
           {error, Err} -> {error, {test2, Err}}
10
       end.
11
```

- Still messy
- Nonsensical function names
- Lot of noise

Validators

- ► XML Schema
- ▶ JSON Schema
- ▶ Sheriff

Meet Sheriff!

Sheriff: https://github.com/extend/sheriff

Sheriff

```
-type colors() :: blue | red | green | yellow.
-type paintable_object() :: #paintable_object{}.

paint(Color, Object) ->
    true = sheriff:check(Color, colors),
    true = sheriff:check(Object, paintable_object),
    do_paint(Color, Object).
```

Still not good enough

```
-type colors() :: blue | red | green | yellow.
paint(Color, Object) ->
case sheriff:check(Color, colors) of
true ->
do_paint(Color, Object);
false ->
{error, badarg}
end.
```

Expressiveness problem

- ▶ IP: 183.234.123.93
- ▶ 4 numbers and dots?

Expressiveness problem

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- ► IPv6: E3D7:0000:0000:0000:51F4:9BC8:C0A8:6420
- shortcut: E3D7::51F4:9BC8:C0A8:6420
- mixed: E3D7::51F4:9BC8:192.168.100.32
- regexpable after all?

Expressiveness problem

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- regexpable after all?
- ▶ if IP=127.0.0.1, port != 1234 (reserved for internal services)
- not so regexpable

Not a real solution again

spec language \rightarrow programming language

What's exactly a problem here?

- no return
- no implicit branching
- explicit branching is verbose

Not really

Exceptions are an implicit branch

Exceptions

Try/catch

```
1 1> try list_to_integer(<<"abc">>>)
1> catch error:badarg -> not_an_integer
1> end.
4 not_an_integer
```

Not a real solution again

```
test() ->
try

A = list_to_integer(StringA),
B = list_to_integer(StringB),
(ok, {A, B}}

catch error:badarg -> {error, smth_is_wrong}
end.
```

Another attempt

Monads

Comma

```
comma_is_not_so_simple() ->
Foo = make_foo(),
make_bar(Foo).
```

Conditional comma

```
conditional_comma() ->
comma(make_foo(),
fun (Foo) -> comma(make_bar(Foo),
fun (Bar) -> Bar end)
end).
```

Monad = comma + comma's expected datatype + return (value to comma's datatype of value)

Erlando

Erlando: https://github.com/rabbitmq/erlando

Erlando's magic

```
magic() ->
do([Monad ||
A <- make_foo(),
Bar <- make_bar(A),
Bar]).</pre>
```

File example

```
write file(Path, Data, Modes) ->
1
        Modes1 = [binary, write | (Modes -- [binary, write])],
2
         case make binary(Data) of
3
             Bin when is binary(Bin) ->
                  case file:open(Path, Modes1) of
5
                      {ok, Hdl} ->
                           case file:write(Hdl, Bin) of
7
                               ok ->
                                    case file:sync(Hdl) of
9
                                        ok ->
10
                                             file:close(Hdl);
11
                                        {error, } = E ->
12
                                             file:close(Hdl),
13
14
                                    end;
15
                               {error, } = E ->
16
                                    file:close(Hdl),
17
                                    Е
18
                           end:
19
                      \{error, \} = E \rightarrow E
20
                 end;
21
             \{error, \} = E \rightarrow E
22
         end.
23
```

File example with magic

```
write file(Path, Data, Modes) ->
1
        Modes1 = [binary, write |
2
                   (Modes -- [binary, write])],
3
        do([error m ||
            Bin <- make_binary(Data),</pre>
5
            Hdl <- file:open(Path, Modes1),
            Result <- return(do([error m ||
7
                                   file:write(Hdl, Bin),
                                   file:sync(Hdl)])),
9
            file:close(Hdl),
10
            Result1)
11
```

On the other hand

- performance overhead
- magic
- ▶ lack of supporting libraries (Erlang is not Haskell)

z_validate

z_validate: https://github.com/si14/z_validate

About this library

- started at EUC 2011 hackathon
- intended to solve exactly this problem without excessive abstraction
- provides some shortcuts like binary_to_integer and wrapper to lists:keyfind

First idea: tag values with error labels

z_value = value (probably incorrect) + error label

First idea: tag values with error labels

```
validate some input(Input) ->
       try
2
           WrappedInput = z wrap(Input, error in foo),
           Foo = z bin to int(
                    z proplist get(MaybeInput, {foo})),
5
           SmallFoo = z int in range(Foo, \{1, 10\}),
           z return(z unwrap(SmallFoo))
       catch
           ?Z OK(Result) -> {ok, Result};
9
           ?Z ERROR(Error) -> {error, Error}
10
       end.
11
12
```

Composable!

```
z_extract_small_int(List, Key) ->
z_int_in_range(
z_bin_to_int(
z_proplist_get(List, {Key}),
{1, 10})).
```

Second idea

```
-define(Z_CATCH(EXPR, ERROR),

try

EXPR

catch

:_ -> throw({z_throw, {error, ERROR}})

end).
```

Turned out to be practical

Handler example

```
try
1
        {Method, TaskName, VarSpecs} =
2
          ?Z_CATCH({_, _, _} = lists:keyfind(Method, 1, TaskSpecs),
3
                    bad method),
        TaskVarsRoute =
          ?Z CATCH([fetch var(RouteVar, RouteVarType, Bindings)
                     | {RouteVar, RouteVarType} <- RouteVars],</pre>
                    bad route).
        TaskVars = [?Z CATCH(fetch var(Var, VarType, QSVals),
9
                               {bad var, Var})
10
                     || {Var, VarType} <- VarSpecs],</pre>
1.1
        z return(rnbwdash task:create(...))
12
    catch
13
        ?Z OK(Task) -> form reply(run task(Task), Errors, Req@);
14
        ?Z ERROR(Err) -> form error(Err, Req@)
15
    end
16
```

Pattern matching works well

Plays well with lists

Push Z_CATCH inside list comprehension

Error dispatch

```
error(bad_route) ->
{404, <<"Check path variables">>};
error(bad_method) ->
{405, <<"No such method in API">>};
error({bad_var, Var}) ->
{400, [<<"Check variable ">>, Var]}.
```

Problems

- ► looks non-idiomatic
- Dialyzer isn't good at exceptions

Dialyzer fail

```
good() ->
    \mathsf{A} = 1,
   B = "string",
       A + B.
5
   bad() ->
       A = 1
       B = "string",
       C = try throw(B)
            catch :BThrowed -> BThrowed
10
            end,
11
       A + C.
12
```

Performance tests: good data

Performance tests: bad data

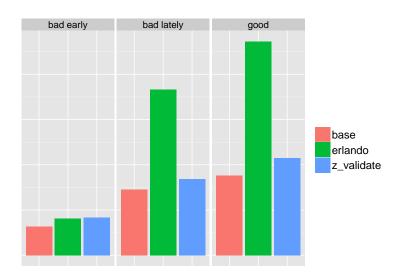
Performance tests: bad data

Performance tests: baseline handler

```
test handler base(Data) ->
        try
            Login = proplist get(Data, login),
            Password = proplist get(Data, password),
            SessionBin = proplist get(Data, session id),
5
            Session = bin to int(SessionBin),
            GoodUserBin = proplist get(Data, good user),
            GoodUser = bin to bool(GoodUserBin),
            SomeOtherIdBin = proplist get(Data, some other id),
            SomeOtherId = bin to int(SomeOtherIdBin),
10
            YetAnotherIdBin = proplist_get(Data, yet_another_id),
11
            YetAnotherId = bin to int(YetAnotherIdBin),
12
            ExtraDataBin = proplist get(Data, extra data),
13
            ExtraData = bin to term(ExtraDataBin),
14
            #request{login=Login, password=Password, ...}
15
        catch A:B -> {A, B}
16
        end.
17
```

12 statements

Performance comparison



Questions?

Libraries:

https://github.com/extend/sheriff https://github.com/rabbitmq/erlando https://github.com/si14/z_validate Slides:

https://github.com/si14/euc-2012-slides