

Android integration with Spil Games platform





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Purpose

- Build native application for Android.
- Integrate them on Spil Games portals to benefit from their feature set.

Audience

This manual targets developers who build native applications for Android and who want to use the features and services through the Spil Games platform.

We assume that you are familiar with the following concepts and tasks:

- Setting up an <u>Android project</u>.
- Adding <u>external.jar</u> files to Android projects
- Creating a key store for signing Android applications.

Get the package

You can obtain the Android framework and the libraries you need to set up the project from Spil Games. It contains the following components:

- **Spil.framework**: required if the application is pure Android native.
- **Spil.unitypackage**: required if the application is <u>Unity</u>-based.
- Native sample: example of a native project integration with the Android Spil framework
- Unity sample: example of integration with a Unity-based project using the Android plugin for the Spil framework.
- Framework documentation: documentation for the Android framework.



Spil Loader feature

Android Spil Framework has two libraries:

- spil_core.jar is the core of the framework. This library dynamically loads the spil_lib.jar library. The core of the framework does not change during the game lifetime (unless a major update of the framework or the game is released).
- **spil_lib.jar** is the *dynamic* component of the framework. The core loads it during runtime. Before loading it, the core checks if a newer version of this library is available, and in case it downloads it. When a newer version of the **spil_lib.jar** library is available and it is downloaded, any changes related to the new library become effective the following time you run the game.

This feature allows Spil Games to fix any possible bugs in the main library (**spil_lib.jar**), and to be totally transparent for both the user and the developer. In case of a bug in the library, there is no need to update the game in the stores.

In case of a major change in the framework or when new features are implemented, it is necessary to update the game in the stores.

The Spil Loader feature works both in <u>native Android</u> and in <u>Unity-based</u> apps.



Pure native Android applications

Settings

To set up your Android project to use Spil Games Android framework, do the following:

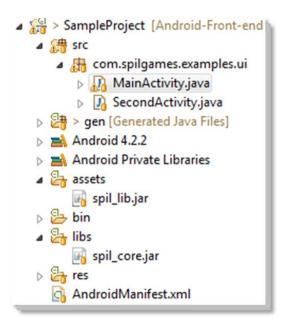
- In your Android project, add the spil_core.jar file to the libs folder.
- Add the spil_lib.jar file to your assets folder.
- In your AndroidManifest.xml file, do the following:
 - Rename the application name to: com.spilgames.framework.SpilApplication.
 - Inside the <application> tag, insert the following receiver:

Note: if you are implementing the <u>Fiksu SDK</u>, inside the <application> tag insert the *receiver* described below instead of the one shown above:



If you have not set them yet, add the following uses-permissions:

```
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.INTERNET" />
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.ACCESS_WIFI_STATE" />
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.ACCESS_NETWORK_STATE" />
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.READ_PHONE_STATE" />
```



The image on the left shows your basic Android project setup:

- The spil_lib.jar file is in the assets folder.
- The spil_core.jar file is in the libs folder.
- In the AndroidManifest.xml file, you rename the application name to com.spilgames.framework.SpilApplication and insert the appropriate <u>receiver</u>.



Parameters

After saving and setting up correctly the necessary libraries, you can initialize the framework using the following method:

```
SpilInterface spilInstance = SpilLink.spilWithAppID(context, appId, authToken, configs);
```

This method requires the following parameters:

- context: the current context of the application. We recommend setting it to getApplicationContext().
- appId and authToken: these two parameters are provided by Spil Games when you get the package.
- configs: this parameter is of a Map<String, String> type; it needs to include a number of defined keys (see <u>Allowed keys</u> further on in this document).

After initializing the Spil framework for the first time, you can subsequently call it like this:

```
SpilInterface spilInstance = SpilLink.getInstance();
```



Listeners

AdsListener

We recommend implementing the AdsListener interface to obtain information about the Ads module. Currently the Ads module tracks installs in stores.

This is the AdsListener interface:

```
public interface AdsListener {
    public void onAdsLoaded();
    public void onAdsFailedToLoad(String cause);
    public void adMoreGamesWillApper();
    public void adMoreGamesDidAppear();
    public void onMoreGamesDidFailToAppear(String error);
    public void adMoreGamesDidDismiss();
}
```

And this is a basic implementation showing how to set the ads listener:

```
public class MyActivity extends Activity implements AdsListener
...
// Spil.framework initialization
...
spilInstance.setAdsListener(this);
...
// Show More Games screen
...
spilInstance.showMoreGames();
```

For further details about the <code>AdsListener</code> interface, see the <code>Doxygen</code> documentation available on <code>GitHub</code>.



InGameAdListener

If you want to enable in-game ads, add the InGameAdListener.

This is the InGameAdListener interface:

```
public interface InGameAdListener {
    public void onInGameAdRetrieved(InGameAdView inGameAdsView);
    public void onInGameError(String error);
}
```

And this is a basic implementation showing how to set the in-game ads listener:

```
public class MyActivity extends Activity implements InGameAdListener
...
// Spil.framework initialization
...
spilInstance.setInGameAdsListener(this);
spilInstance.requestInGameAd("PORTRAIT|LANDSCAPE");
```

For further details about the InGameAdListener interface, see the <u>Doxygen documentation</u> available on GitHub.



AppSettingsListener

If your game settings can be configured using a JSON file, add the AppSettingsListener.

This is the AppSettingsListener interface:

```
public interface AppSettingsListener {
   public void onAppSettingsDidLoad(JSONObject settings);
   public void onAppSettingsDidFailWithError(String error);
}
```

And this is a basic implementation showing how to set the app settings listener:

```
public class MyActivity extends Activity implements AppSettingsListener
...
// Spil.framework initialization
...
spilInstance.setSettingsListener(this);
```

■ Note:

- The settings are retrieved from Spil Games servers.
- The developer needs to know the JSON format for these settings.
- In case of connectivity problems, the developer should be able to retrieve the settings from a backup file.
- The backup file needs to be located in the assets folder in your Android project.
- The backup file name needs to be **spilgames_default_settings.json**.

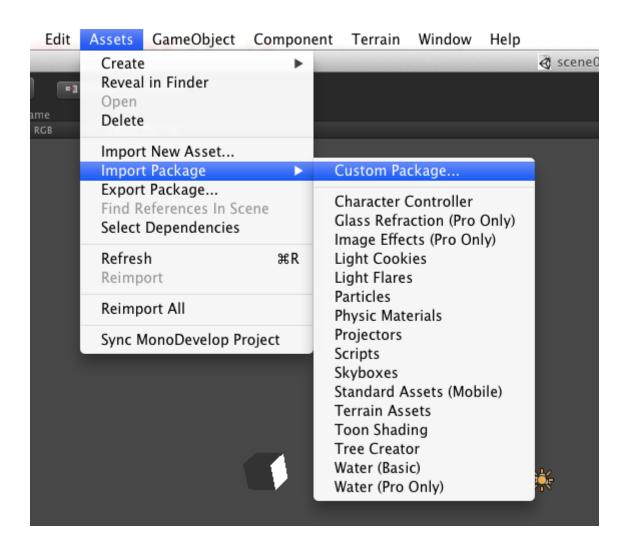
For further details about the AppSettingsListener interface, see the <u>Doxygen documentation</u> available on <u>GitHub</u>.



Unity-based applications

Settings

After setting up your Unity project, import **spil.unitypackage**, as shown below:





The **spil.unitypackage** includes a folder with the following elements:

- Unity plugin
- Post processing plugin
- Android files (spil_core.jar and spil_lib.jar).
- Note: if your Unity project already includes an AndroidManifest.xml file, don't override it with the one shipped with the package. Instead, add the following lines to your existing AndroidManifest.xml file:
- Inside the <application> tag, insert the following line:

```
android:name="com.spilgames.framework.SpilApplication"
```

- Insert the appropriate receiver: either the <u>default receiver</u>, or the <u>receiver for the Fiksu SDK</u> (for further details, see <u>Settings</u> earlier in this document).
- Insert the following activity:

```
<activity android:name="com.spilgames.framework.Spil" />
```

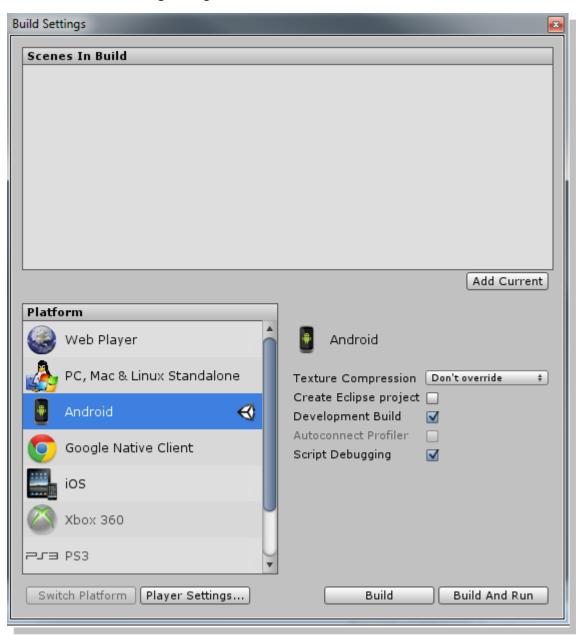
• Insert the following permissions:

```
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.INTERNET" />
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.ACCESS_WIFI_STATE" />
<uses-permission android:name="android.permission.ACCESS_NETWORK_STATE" />
```



Generate, build and run the Android project

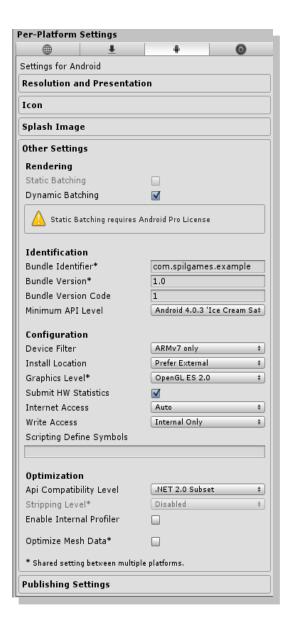
- From the menu, select the **Build settings...** command.
- In the Build Settings dialog window under Platform, select Android, as shown below.





Application configuration

- Add your package name to the **Bundle Identifier**. This package name needs to *unique* because it identifies your application in the stores.
- Change Bundle version. This version corresponds to the application version as shown in the stores.
- Change the Bundle Version Code. If you are updating your application, the version number value needs to be increased. Otherwise, the stores will not consider your application as having received an update.
- The minimum API Level needs to be 4.0.3: the framework does not work with previous versions.





Application signatures

If you are not using a development build, you need to <u>sign your application</u> before uploading it to the stores:

- In your file system, browse to your key store.
- Add the key store password.
- Select the key you want to sign the application with, and the corresponding password.





Parameters

Initialize the environment with the Initialize method. The method requires the following parameters:

- appId and authToken: these two parameters are provided by Spil Games when you get the package.
- configs: this parameter is a struct and it needs to include a number of defined keys (see Allowed keys further on in this document).

The following example shows the configuration settings to initialize the environment:

```
using Spil;
using LitJson;
public class Cube : MonoBehaviour, SpilAdsListener, SpilInGameAdsListener,
SpilAppSettingsListener {
        SpilUnity instance;
        void Start () {
               instance = (SpilUnity)GetComponent<SpilUnity>();
               SpilSettings configs;
               configs.SG ENVIRONMENT KEY = environment.SG ENVIRONMENT LIVE VALUE;
               configs.SG_TRACKING_ID_KEY="<tracking-app-ids>";
               configs.SG_STOREI_ID = store.SG_STORE_ANDROID;
       instance.Initialize("<spil-app-id>","<spil-auth-token>",configs);
       instance.setAdsListener(this);
       instance.setInGameAdListener(this);
       instance.setAppSettingsListener(this);
}
```

- You need to implement SpilAdsListener, SpilInGameAdsListener, and SpilAppSettingsListener. You can implement them wherever it is appropriate.
- You need to pass references to the Spil object using setXListener(listenerImplementation); you need to replace "X" with the appropriate listener.



Allowed keys

Key: SG_ENVIRONMENT_KEY

Description: sets the environment you want to work in: either development or production.

Values: SG_ENVIRONMENT_DEV_VALUE, SG_ENVIRONMENT_LIVE_VALUE

Mandatory: <u>YES</u>

Key: SG STORE KEY

Description: sets the store the application is deployed to.

Values: SG STORE IOS, SG STORE AMAZON, SG STORE GOOGLE PLAY

Mandatory: <u>YES</u>