

214189E - Genarathna G.G.P.C

Q1)

a) : file location.

file name.

file extension, / format / type.

file size.

date and time in file created.

b) : There are two different ways to specify the location of a file.

1. Absolute path - it specifies the exact location of a file or directory of a directory. It specifies from the root to the desired file.

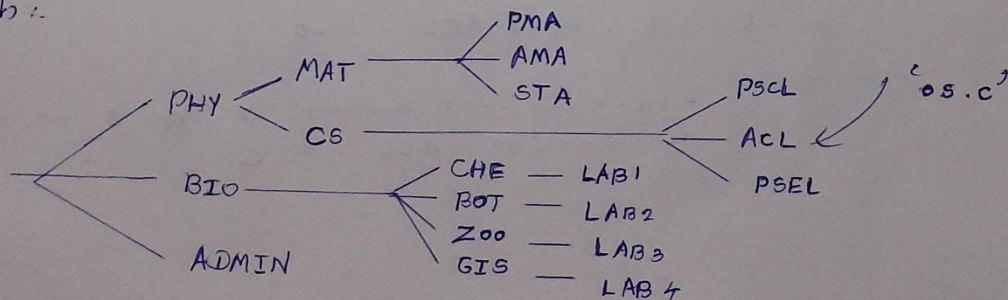
Ex:

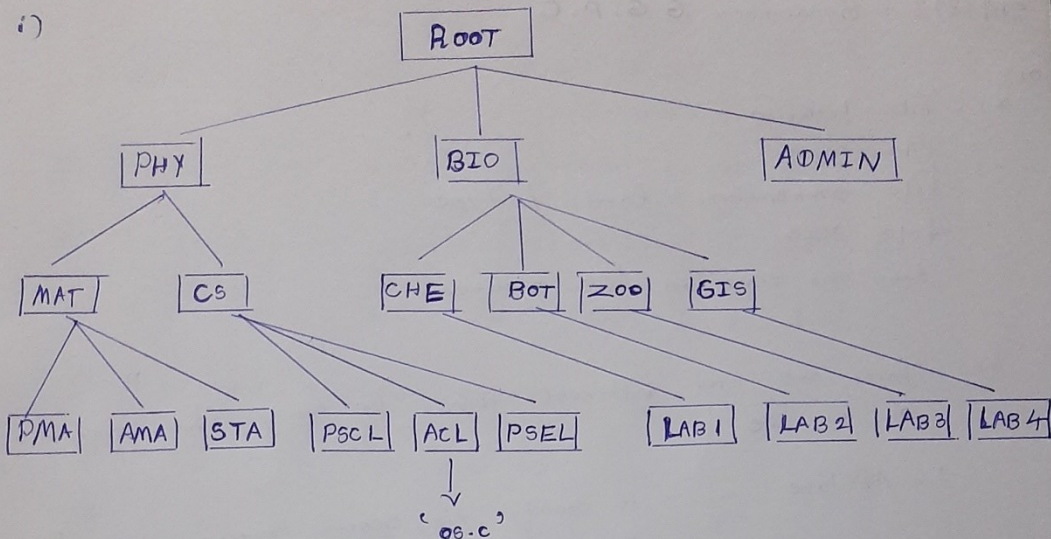
2. Relative path - it specifies the location of a file relative to the current working directory or another reference point.

Ex:

∴ Absolute path is not portable, but Relative path is a much portable, because they are based on current context or location.

Q2:





ii) a) / ROOT / PHY / MAT / AMA

b) ... / ... / CS / ACL / os.c

c) ln -s ... / ... / PHY / CS / ACL / os.c + os.c

d) mkdir ... / ... / ADMIN / LHI

or

~~... / ... / ADMIN / mkdir LHI~~

e) " ... / ... / CS / ACL / os.c " is current working directory.

ls -l ... / ... / CS / ACL / os.c

→ output

-rw-r--r-- 1 onworking 0 9pp 8 09.34  
... / ... / CS / ACL / os.c



- ① "—" → regular file.
- ② "rW-" → read and Write allowed.  
(owner's permission)
- ③ "r--" → groups permission (read only)
- ④ "r--" → others permission (read only)
- ⑤ "1" → Number of hard link to file.
- ⑥ "on WORKS" → owner of the file.
- ⑦ "0" → file size in bytes (empty files)
- ⑧ "Sep 8 9.34" → Last modifier date and time.