

QUIZ - 4

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Graded Quiz • 30 min

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1. Answer [0, X]

1 point

Quantum computation can be realized by concatenating CNOT gates and single-qubit gates.

- ☒ a
☐ x

2. Let U_f denote a function evaluation $U_f|x\rangle|y\rangle = |x\rangle|y + f(x)\rangle$ for $x, y \in \{0, 1\}$. Compute $U_f|x\rangle|-\rangle$.

1 point

- ☐ (a) $|x\rangle|-\rangle$
☒ (b) $(-1)^{f(x)}|x\rangle|-\rangle$
☐ (c) $|x\rangle|+\rangle$

3. Let U_f with a constant function $f : \{0, 1\} \rightarrow \{0, 1\}$ denote a function evaluation $U_f|x\rangle|y\rangle = |x\rangle|y + f(x)\rangle$ for $x, y \in \{0, 1\}$. Which of the followings can be U_f ?

1 point

- ☒ (a) $I \otimes I$
☐ (b) $I \otimes Z$
☐ (c) $X \otimes Z$

4. Consider two unitary transformations $I \otimes I$ and U_{CNOT} . What is the highest success probability of discriminating between the transformations?

1 point

- ☐ (a) 0
☐ (b) $1/2$
☒ (c) 1

5. Compute the following for $\alpha, \beta \in \{0, \dots, N-1\}$ and $\alpha \neq \beta$,

1 point

$$\frac{1}{N} \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \exp\left(\frac{2\pi i k}{N} k(\alpha - \beta)\right).$$

- ☒ (a) 0
☐ (b) $1/2$
☐ (c) 1

**** Extra question: ****

The Deutsch algorithm is more efficient than its classical counterpart.

Ans: O