In [2]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.model_selection import train test split
import tensorflow as tf
import keras
import pickle
import fasttext
from keras.callbacks import LearningRateScheduler
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Embedding, LSTM, Dense
from tensorflow.keras.models import Model
from tensorflow.keras.layers import
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad_sequences
from keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint, EarlyStopping, TensorBoard, ReduceLROnPlateau
from nlpaug.util.file.download import DownloadUtil
import nlpaug.augmenter.word as naw
from tqdm import tqdm
# pd.options.mode.chained assignment = None
```

In [3]:

```
data = pd.read_csv("final_data.csv")
data.drop(['Unnamed: 0'],axis=1,inplace=True)
```

In [4]:

```
data.head(5)
```

Out[4]:

	corupted_text	normal_text_input	normal_text_output
0	U wan me to "chop" seat 4 u nt?	<start> Do you want me to reserve seat for you</start>	Do you want me to reserve seat for you or not?
1	Yup. U reaching. We order some durian pastry a	<start> Yeap. You reaching? We ordered some Du</start>	Yeap. You reaching? We ordered some Durian pas
2	They become more ex oredi Mine is like 25	<start> They become more expensive already. Mi</start>	They become more expensive already. Mine is li
3	I'm thai. what do u do?	<start> I'm Thai. What do you do?</start>	I'm Thai. What do you do? <end></end>
4	Hi! How did your week go? Haven heard from you	<start> Hi! How did your week go? Haven't hear</start>	Hi! How did your week go? Haven't heard from y

In [6]:

```
train,test = train_test_split(data, test_size=0.01)
print(train.shape)
train.iloc[0]['normal_text_input']=str(train.iloc[0]['normal_text_input'])+' <end>'
train.iloc[0]['normal_text_output']=str(train.iloc[0]['normal_text_output'])+' <end>'
```

(1973, 3)

In [7]:

```
%%time
tokenizer_source = Tokenizer(filters='!"#$%&()*+,-./:;=?@[\\]^_`{|}~\t\n', oov_token='ukn',lower=False)
tokenizer_source.fit_on_texts(train['corupted_text'].values)

tokenizer_target = Tokenizer(filters='!"#$%&()*+,-./:;=?@[\\]^_`{|}~\t\n', oov_token='ukn',lower=False)
tokenizer_target.fit_on_texts(train['normal_text_input'].values)
```

Wall time: 95.4 ms

In [8]:

```
%%time
fast_text_model = fasttext.load_model('cc.en.300.bin')
```

Wall time: 15.1 s

Warning: `load_model` does not return WordVectorModel or SupervisedModel any more, but a `FastText` object which is very similar.

In [9]:

```
vocab_size_encoder=(len(tokenizer_source.word_index)+1)
vocab_size_decoder = (len(tokenizer_target.word_index)+1)
```

```
In [10]:
embedding_matrix_encoder = np.zeros((vocab_size_encoder,300))
for word, i in tokenizer_source.word_index.items():
    embedding_vector = fast_text_model.get_word_vector(word)
    if embedding_vector is not None:
    # words not found in embedding index will be all-zeros.
       embedding_matrix_encoder[i] = embedding_vector
In [11]:
embedding matrix decoder = np.zeros((vocab size decoder,300))
for word, i in tokenizer target.word index.items():
    embedding_vector = fast_text_model.get_word_vector(word)
    if embedding_vector is not None:
    # words not found in embedding index will be all-zeros.
       embedding_matrix_decoder[i] = embedding_vector
In [12]:
(4615, 300)
3599
        (3599, 300)
In [13]:
%%time
def convert_word_number(tokenizer,dataframe):
    heere we convert the each word to a digiti
    return tokenizer.texts to sequences(dataframe)
Wall time: 0 ns
In [14]:
%%time
corupted_text_seq_train = convert_word_number(tokenizer_source,train["corupted_text"])
normal text seq input train = convert word number(tokenizer target,train["normal text input"])
normal_text_seq_output_train = convert_word_number(tokenizer_target,train["normal_text_output"])
Wall time: 101 ms
In [15]:
%%time
corupted text seq test = convert word number(tokenizer source, test["corupted text"])
normal_text_seq_input_test = convert_word_number(tokenizer_target,test["normal_text_input"])
normal text seq output test = convert word number(tokenizer target,test["normal text output"])
Wall time: 997 μs
In [16]:
finding maximum length of encoder input for padding values
\max len = 0
```

for i in corupted_text_seq_train:
 if max_len < len(i):
 max_len = len(i)</pre>

max_len
Out[16]:

39

```
In [17]:
as we have decoder input seq and decoder ouput seq we need to find the which seq have maximumn length so that we
can pad values
\max len dec input = 0
for i in normal_text_seq_input_train:
    if max_len_dec_input < len(i):</pre>
        max len dec input = len(i)
max_len_dec_output = 0
for i in normal_text_seq_input_test:
    if max_len_dec_output < len(i):</pre>
       max_len_dec_output = len(i)
\max len dec = 0
if max_len_dec_input < max_len_dec_output:</pre>
    max_len_dec = max_len_dec_output
    max_len_dec = max_len_dec_input
max_len_dec
Out[17]:
In [18]:
def get_pad_sequence(seq,length):
```

```
In [19]:
```

```
%%time
source_seq_input_train = get_pad_sequence(corupted_text_seq_train,max_len)
target_seq_input_train = get_pad_sequence(normal_text_seq_input_train,max_len_dec)
target_seq_ouput_train = get_pad_sequence(normal_text_seq_output_train,max_len_dec)
```

Wall time: 48.9 ms

return temp

here we are doing post padding to every sequence

temp = pad_sequences(seq,maxlen=length,padding="post")

In [20]:

```
%%time
source_seq_input_test = get_pad_sequence(corupted_text_seq_test,max_len)
target_seq_input_test = get_pad_sequence(normal_text_seq_input_test,max_len_dec)
target_seq_ouput_test = get_pad_sequence(normal_text_seq_output_test,max_len_dec)
```

Wall time: 997 μs

```
In [95]:
class Encoder(tf.keras.layers.Layer):
    takes the input seq and returns the output, hidden and final state
    def __init__(self, vocab_size, embedding_dim, enc_units,input_length):
        here we initlaize the necessary attributes
        super().__init__()
        self.vocab_size = vocab_size
        self.embedding dim = embedding dim
        self.input_length = input_length
        self.enc units= enc units
        self.lstm\_output = 0
        self.lstm_state_h=0
        self.lstm state c=0
          intialize embedding
        self.embedding = Embedding(input dim=self.vocab size, output dim=self.embedding dim, input length=self.in
put_length,
                            mask_zero=True, trainable=True, weights=[embedding_matrix_encoder], name="embedding_la"
yer_encoder")
        self.lstm = Bidirectional(LSTM(self.enc_units, return_state=True, return_sequences=True, name='Encoder_LS
TM2', dropout=0.2))
    def call(self, input sentances, training=True):
        This function takes a sequence input
        Pass the input sequence input to the Embedding layer, Pass the embedding layer ouput to encoder lstm
        returns -- All encoder outputs, last time steps hidden and cell state
        input embedd= self.embedding(input sentances)
        self.lstm_output, lstm_state_h_f, lstm_state_c_f, lstm_state_h_b, lstm_state_c_b = self.lstm(input_embedd
)
        self.lstm_state_h = Concatenate()([lstm_state_h_f, lstm_state_h_b])
self.lstm_state_c = Concatenate()([lstm_state_c_f, lstm_state_c_b])
        return self.lstm_output, self.lstm_state_h,self.lstm_state_c
    def initialize states(self, batch size):
      Given a batch size it will return intial hidden state and intial cell state.
      If batch size is 32- Hidden state is zeros of size [32,lstm units], cell state zeros is of size [32,lstm un
its1
        return tf.zeros((batch_size, self.enc_units)), tf.zeros((batch_size, self.enc_units))
    def get states(self):
        return self.lstm state h,self.lstm state c
```

In [96]:

```
class Attention(tf.keras.layers.Layer):
    attention layer
        init (self,scoring function, att units):
        super(Attention, self).__init__()
        self.scoring_function = scoring_function
        self.att units = att units
       if self.scoring function=='dot':
            self.dot = tf.keras.layers.Dot(axes=[2,2])
        elif scoring_function == 'general':
            self.WG = Dense(self.att units)
        elif scoring_function == 'concat':
            self.W1 = Dense(att units)
            self.W2 = Dense(att units)
            self.V = Dense(1)
   def call(self,inp):
        decoder hidden state, encoder output=inp
        decoder_hidden_state = tf.expand_dims(decoder_hidden_state, axis=1)
        if self.scoring function == 'dot':
            score = self.dot([encoder_output, decoder_hidden_state])
       elif self.scoring function == 'general':
            score = tf.keras.layers.Dot(axes=[2, 2])([self.WG(encoder output), decoder hidden state])
        elif self.scoring function == 'concat':
            score = self.V(tf.nn.tanh(self.W1(decoder hidden state) + self.W2(encoder output)))
       attention weights = Softmax(axis=1)(score)
        context_vector = attention_weights * encoder_output
        # shape = (batch size, dec lstm units)
        context_vector = tf.reduce_sum(context_vector, axis=1)
        return context_vector, attention_weights
```

In [97]:

```
class One_Step_Decoder(tf.keras.Model):
         init__(self, tar_vocab_size, embedding_dim, input_length, dec_units ,score_fun ,att_units):
    def
        super(One Step Decoder, self). init ()
        self.vocab size = tar vocab size
        self.embedding dim = embedding dim
        self.input_length = input_length
        self.dec units = dec units
        self.score_fun = score_fun
        self.att units = att units
        self.embedding = Embedding(self.vocab_size, self.embedding_dim, trainable=True, weights=[embedding_matrix
decoder], input length=self.input length, mask zero=True, name="Att Dec Embedding")
        self.lstm = LSTM(self.dec_units, return_sequences=True, return_state=True, name="Att_Dec_LSTM",dropout=0.
2)
        self.fc = Dense(self.vocab size)
        self.attention = Attention(self.score fun,self.att units)
    def call(self, inputs2):
         # One step decoder mechanisim step by step:
        # A. Pass the input to decoder to the embedding layer and then get the output(batch size,1,embedding dim)
       #B. Using the encoder_output and decoder hidden state, compute the context vector.
        # context vector = tf.expand dims(context vector,axis=1)
        # C. Concat the context vector with the step A output
                # D. Pass the Step-C output to LSTM/GRU and get the decoder output and states(hidden and cell sta
te)
#
          print("state_h", state_h.shape)
          print("state_c", state_c.shape)
#
# E. Pass the decoder output to dense layer(vocab size) and store the result into output.
   # F. Return the states from Step D, output from Step E, attention weights from Step -B
        input to decoder, encoder output, state h, state c=inputs2
       embedded input = self.embedding(input to decoder)
        context vector, attention weights = self.attention((state h, encoder output))
       decoder_input = tf.concat([tf.expand_dims(context_vector, 1), embedded_input], axis=-1)
        decoder output, dec state h, dec state c = self.lstm(decoder input, initial state=[state h, state c])
       decoder_output = tf.reshape(decoder_output, (-1, decoder_output.shape[2]))
        output = self.fc(decoder output)
        return output, dec_state_h, dec_state_c, attention_weights, context_vector
```

In [98]:

```
class Decoder(tf.keras.Model):
        __init__(self,out_vocab_size, embedding_dim, input_length, dec_units ,score_fun ,att_units):
        super(Decoder,self).__init__()
        self.vocab_size = out_vocab_size
        self.embedding_dim = embedding_dim
       self.input length = input length
        self.dec units = dec units
       self.score fun = score fun
        self.att units = att units
       self.onestepdecoder = One Step Decoder(self.vocab size, self.embedding dim, self.input length,
                                            self.dec units, self.score fun, self.att units)
   @tf.function
   def call(self, inputs):
        input_to_decoder,encoder_output,decoder_hidden_state,decoder cell state=inputs
        all outputs = tf.TensorArray(tf.float32, size=input to decoder.shape[1])
        for timestep in range(input_to_decoder.shape[1]):
            output, decoder_hidden_state, decoder_cell_state, attention_weights, context_vector = self.onestepdec
oder((
                input to decoder[:, timestep:timestep+1], encoder output, decoder hidden state, decoder cell stat
e))
            all_outputs = all_outputs.write(timestep, output)
       all outputs = tf.transpose(all_outputs.stack(), [1,0,2])
        return all_outputs
```

In [104]:

```
class Encoder decoder(Model):
         <u>_init__(self, encoder_inputs_length,decoder_inputs_length,batch_size,score_fun):</u>
                 init () # https://stackoverflow.com/a/27134600/4084039
        super().
        self.batch size=batch size
        self.encoder = Encoder(vocab_size= vocab_size_encoder, embedding_dim=300, input_length=encoder_inputs_len
gth, enc_units=128)
        self.decoder = Decoder(out_vocab_size= vocab_size_decoder, embedding_dim=300, input_length=decoder_inputs
_length, dec_units=256, score_fun=score_fun, att_units=256)
   @tf.function
   def call(self, data):
        input, output = data[0], data[1]
        enc initial states = self.encoder.initialize states(self.batch size)
        encoder_output, encoder_h, encoder_c = self.encoder(input)
        decoder output
                        = self.decoder((output, encoder output, encoder h, encoder c))
        return decoder output
```

In [105]:

model = Encoder_decoder(encoder_inputs_length=max_len,decoder_inputs_length=max_len_dec,batch_size=16,score_fun =
"concat")

In [106]:

```
reduce_lr = ReduceLROnPlateau(monitor='val_loss', factor=0.98, patience=3, mode="min", verbose=1)
early_stop = tf.keras.callbacks.EarlyStopping(
    monitor="val_loss",
    min_delta=0,
    patience=5,
    verbose=0,
    mode="auto",
    baseline=None,
    restore_best_weights=False,
)
```

In [107]:

```
def custom_lossfunction(real, pred):
    # Custom loss function that will not consider the loss for padded zeros.
#https://www.tensorflow.org/tutorials/text/nmt_with_attention#define_the_optimizer_and_the_loss_function
loss_object = tf.keras.losses.SparseCategoricalCrossentropy(from_logits=True, reduction='none')
mask = tf.math.logical_not(tf.math.equal(real, 0))
loss_ = loss_object(real, pred)
mask = tf.cast(mask, dtype=loss_.dtype)
loss_ *= mask
return tf.reduce_mean(loss_)
optimizer = tf.keras.optimizers.Adam(lr=0.001)
model.compile(optimizer=optimizer,loss=custom_lossfunction)
```

In [108]:

```
%time
history=model.fit([source_seq_input_train, target_seq_input_train], target_seq_ouput_train, epochs=100, batch_size=
16, validation_split = 0.1, callbacks=[reduce_lr,early_stop])
```

```
0010
Epoch 2/100
111/111 [==:
     0010
Epoch 3/100
111/111 [=
           :=======] - 60s 544ms/step - loss: 1.9206 - val loss: 2.0832 - lr: 0.
0010
Fnoch 4/100
111/111 [=======
        0010
Epoch 5/100
0010
Epoch 6/100
0010
Epoch 7/100
0010
Epoch 8/100
111/111 [===
           =======] - 65s 587ms/step - loss: 1.4269 - val loss: 1.8676 - lr: 0.
0010
Epoch 9/100
111/111 [=====
        0010
Epoch 10/100
0010
Epoch 11/100
0010
Epoch 12/100
111/111 [===:
        ================] - 61s 549ms/step - loss: 1.0808 - val loss: 1.7750 - lr: 0.
0010
Epoch 13/100
111/111 [=====
     0010
Epoch 14/100
0010
Epoch 15/100
0010
Epoch 16/100
0010
Epoch 17/100
0010
Epoch 18/100
111/111 [=====
     0010
Epoch 19/100
111/111 [=:
           ========] - 61s 549ms/step - loss: 0.5972 - val loss: 1.7067 - lr: 0.
0010
Epoch 20/100
0010
Epoch 21/100
0010
Epoch 22/100
111/111 [==
           =======] - 60s 538ms/step - loss: 0.4180 - val loss: 1.6848 - lr: 0.
0010
Fnoch 23/100
111/111 [==
         0010
Epoch 24/100
111/111 [=======
        ========] - 60s 537ms/step - loss: 0.3405 - val loss: 1.7014 - lr: 0.
0010
Epoch 25/100
Epoch 00025: ReduceLROnPlateau reducing learning rate to 0.0009800000465475024.
0010
Epoch 26/100
8000e-04
Epoch 27/100
111/111 [=
          ========] - 61s 546ms/step - loss: 0.2526 - val loss: 1.7423 - lr: 9.
8000e-04
```

Wall time: 30min 16s

In [109]:

```
def predict(input sentence):
  input_sequence=tokenizer_source.texts_to_sequences([input_sentence])
  inputs=pad sequences(input sequence, maxlen=max len, padding='post')
  inputs=tf.convert_to_tensor(inputs)
  result='
 units=128
 hidden=[tf.zeros((1,units))]
  encoder output,hidden state,cell state=model.encoder(inputs)
  dec hidden=hidden state
  dec input=tf.expand dims([tokenizer target.word index['<start>']],0)
  for t in range(40):
     predictions, dec_hidden, cell_state, attention_weights, context_vector=model.decoder.onestepdecoder((dec_input,
encoder_output,dec_hidden,cell_state))
      predicted id=tf.argmax(predictions[0]).numpy()
      result+=tokenizer target.index word[predicted id]+' '
      if tokenizer_target.word_index['<end>']==predicted id:
          return result
      dec input= tf.expand dims([predicted id],0)
  return result
```

In [110]:

for i in range(0,10):

input_sentence=test["corupted_text"].iloc[i]

```
print('Input:',input_sentence)
   print('Prediction:',predict(input_sentence))
   print('Actual:',test["normal text output"].iloc[i])
   print('*'*100)
Input: Rain,can u call mi nw?97482959.
Prediction: Rain you call you now <end>
Actual: Rain, can you call me now? 97482959. <end>
Input: Roy intro pls
Prediction: Mimi40 please introduce please <end>
Actual: Roy introduce please. <end>
Input: Dear.... Miss you.
Prediction: Hey how you <end>
Actual: Dear. Miss you. <end>
                           ************************************
Input: What're you doing tonight?
Prediction: Jess you are here <end>
Actual: What're you doing tonight? <end>
                           *******************************
Input: hi roy! Intro pls ..... Pls sms at 016 5419814
Prediction: Hi Roy care please introduce Please chat anyone <end>
Actual: Hi Roy! Introduce please. Please SMS at 016 5419814. <end>
Input: U having ur lunch at home or in school? I'm having lunch now.
Prediction: You are you free at home or in school or not at home now <end>
Actual: You are having your lunch at home or in school? I'm having lunch now. <end>
Input: hai sine? intro pls?
Prediction: Hi JOY introduce please <end>
Actual: Hi Sine? Introduce please? <end>
                                 *************************
Input: Okie...Sian rite? Hafta go back to e hw days...Wat u taking? N how's yr timetable? Anyway u t
ink i shld bring it to c doc? My sis say will hef disease 1...
Prediction: Ok since right Have you back to the way Because what you are born And when your other wa
y else do you want to see twice My sister say will scold me asap <end>
Actual: Ok. Sian right? I have to go back to the whole days. What are you taking? And how's your tim
etable? Anyway you think I should bring it to see doctor? My sister says it will have disease. <end>
Input: Hi jeff! Can intro pls? Phone no if any? My no is 0166305681 ok?
Prediction: Hi Everybody can I come please introduce number if if no point an number ok <end>
Actual: Hi jeff! Can introduce please? Phone number if any? My no is 0166305681 ok? <end>
Input: You have to bring your's newspaper 12 behind.
Prediction: You have to bring 3 months for quarantine <end>
Actual: You have to bring your newspaper to behind. <end>
                                          *******************
```