Project: Batch DS2307 PFA Worksheet Set 1
Python.
Q1. Which of the following operators is used to calculate remainder in a division?
A) # B) & C) % D) \$
Answer is C
Modulo (%) is the remainder we get after dividing one number by another.
Q2. In python 2//3 is equal to?
A) 0.666  B) 0 C) 1 D) 0.67
Answer is B Floor division(//) rounds the result to the nearest whole number or integer, less than or equal to the normal division result.
Q3. In python, 6<<2 is equal to?
A) 36 B) 10 C) 24 D) 45
Answer is C This is a bitwise operator that shifts each bit to the left.
Q4. In python, 6&2 will give which of the following as output?
A) 2 B) True C) False D) 0
Answer is A
This bitwise operator(& Binary AND) sets each bit to 1 if both bits are 1. The result of applying the

AND operator on element "6" is 6&2 = 2.

Answer is D
This bitwise operator( $ $ Binary OR) sets each bit to 1 if one of two bits is 1. The result of applying the OR operator on element "6" is $6 2 = 6$ .
Q6. What does the finally keyword denotes in python?
<ul> <li>A) It is used to mark the end of the code</li> <li>B) It encloses the lines of code which will be executed if any error occurs while executing the lines of code in</li> <li>the try block.</li> <li>C) the finally block will be executed no matter if the try block raises an error or not.</li> <li>D) None of the above</li> </ul>
Answer is C  No matter what happens in the try- and except blocks, the finally block allows you to execute code.
Q7. What does raise keyword is used for in python?
<ul><li>A) It is used to raise an exception.</li><li>B) It is used to define lambda function</li><li>C) it's not a keyword in python.</li><li>D) None of the above</li></ul>
Answer is A When a condition is met or the code encounters an error, the raise keyword raises a specific exception.
Q8. Which of the following is a common use case of yield keyword in python?
<ul> <li>A) in defining an iterator</li> <li>B) while defining a lambda function</li> <li>C) in defining a generator</li> <li>D) in for loop.</li> </ul>
Answer is C Python's yield keyword regulates how a generator function flow.
Q9. Which of the following are the valid variable names?  A) _abc B) 1abc C) abc2

Q5. In python, 6|2 will give which of the following as output?

A) 2 B) 4 C) 0 D) 6 D) None of the above

## Answer is A and C

A variable name must begin with a letter or the underscore symbol. A variable name cannot start with a numeric character.

Q10. Which of the following are the keywords in python?

A) yield

B) raise

C) look-in

D) all of the above

Answer is A and B