# **CN PROJECT REPORT(CSC611)**

# **Team-14**

(Image Description Generation Using Client-Server Connection with Different Networks)

Submitted by

Prithwish Dey (CSE/22065/919)
Amit Mandhana (CSE/22014/868)
Anindya Bhaumik (CSE/22018/872)
Aditya Paul (CSE/22004/858)
Chirag Shukla (CSE/22038/892)
Adrish Roy (CSE/22007/861)
Akash Chauhan (CSE/22009/863)

Bachelor of Technology in Computer Science and Engineering.



Indian Institute of Information Technology Kalyani, West Bengal, India, 741235, Spring 2025.

# Implementation and Analysis of Image Description Generation Using Client-Server Connection Over Email Protocols

**Demo Video Link:** □ Image Description Generation Using Client - Server Connection ... **Our Github Link:** 

#### Introduction

As remote communications and automated systems continue to advance rapidly, this project is looking to see if it is possible to generate **image descriptions through a client-server system** over standard email protocols. The main idea emphasized is transferring image data from one computer (the **server**) to another computer (the **client**) through the **SMTP** and **POP** protocols. The server receives the image sent by the client, processes the image through a **classification model**, and sends back a response containing the generated description.

## Aim of the Project

In order to create a **distributed system** that utilizes client computers to send image data to a client computer that is located in **another network**. The client will classify the image using a trained model and send the classification result back to the client making the system realistic in **simulating a real-time**, fully autonomous image understanding pipeline.

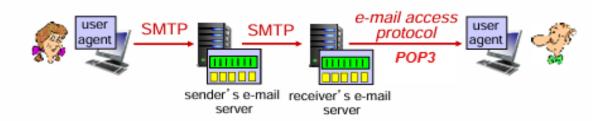
#### • Reasons for Choosing This Topic

- Real-world Application: Email protocols are universally accessible, making this system applicable in any environment with basic internet connectivity.
- 2. **Flexibility and Independence:** As the system operates over common internet protocols, it is very **flexible** and not dependent on any particular hardware.

- 3. Educational Value: It integrates machine learning (image classification), networking protocols (SMTP/POP), and designing of system (client-server model).
- 4. Scalability: The system can be extended with integration of cloud service or multi-client communication.

#### SMTP & POP Protocols

- SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol): The client uses the Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) protocol for sending an image file as an email attachment. TCP/IP is used by SMTP for reliable delivery of messages.
- POP (Post Office Protocol): The server system uses POP (Post Office Protocol) to fetch messages from the mail server. To extract the image data, Emails can be parsed.

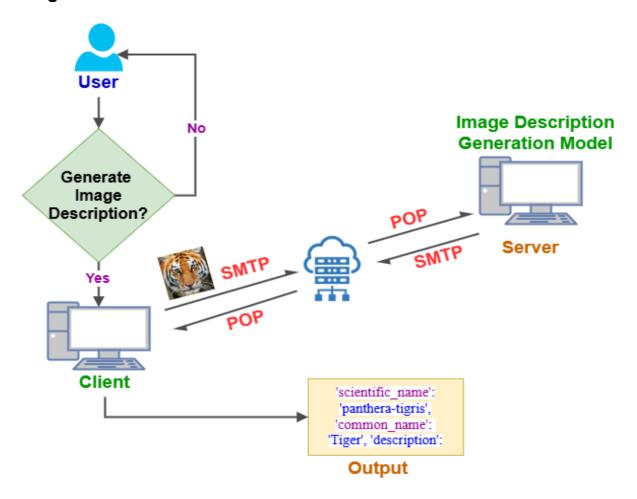


These protocols are used here as a **simple and universal transport mechanism** for sending files between **two distant systems**, without the need for special servers, rather than to **communicate via human-readable email**.

## System Architecture

- Client(PC 1): Captures or selects an image by webcam, sends it to the client using the SMTP protocol.
- **Server (PC 2)**: Receives the image using POP, classifies it with a machine learning model, and sends the classification result back to the server.

Once the programs are operating, there is **no need for manual intervention** because the entire exchange is **self-sufficient**. The **block diagram** illustrates it.



#### Result

The server processes and classifies the images after the system successfully sends them via email from the client. For example, the server reponses with the following when a **Tiger** image is sent:

"{'scientific\_name': 'panthera-tigris', 'common\_name': 'Tiger', 'description': 'The largest of the big cats, recognized by its orange coat with black stripes.', 'habitat': 'Forests, grasslands, and wetlands across Asia', 'endangered': 'endangered', 'dangerous': 'True', 'poisonous': 'False', 'venomous': 'False', 'probability': 97.7931797504425}

This shows the accuracy and dependability of the model in real-time real classification.

### Conclusion

This project highlights a simple but powerful way of performing remote photo classification using standard network protocols. It demonstrates how email can be utilized as transportation for basic inter-device communication functions, establishing a foundation for use in remote regions or low-resource settings. The server-client pipeline was effective to cinematize the flow of an image, while leaving an excess amount of image classification possible for accuracy and responsiveness.

#### Future Work

- Include encryption and layers of security in the data transfer.
- **Implement more complex models** like object detection or scene understanding.
- Permit multi-client support for collaborative classification systems.
- **Develop a user interface (UI)** to track communication logs and outputs in real-time.

