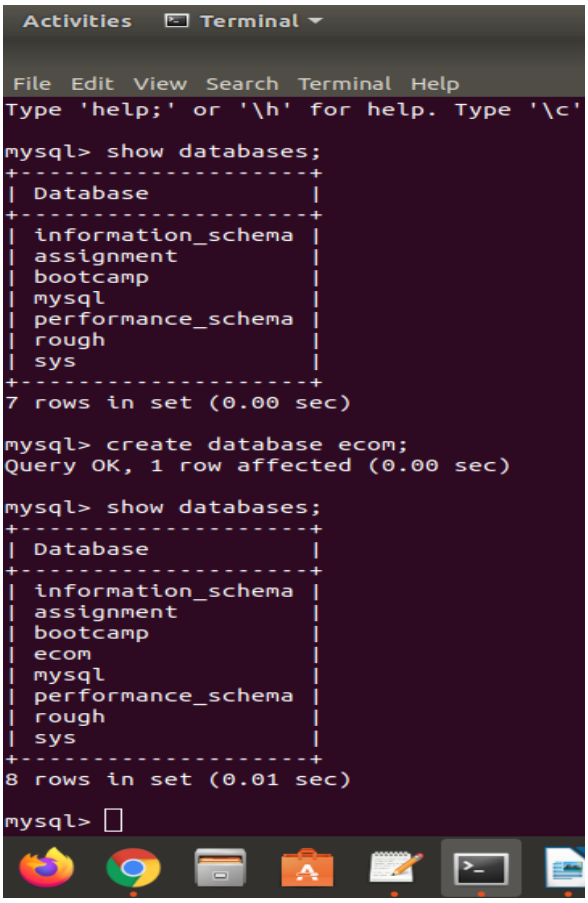
# Database Assignment

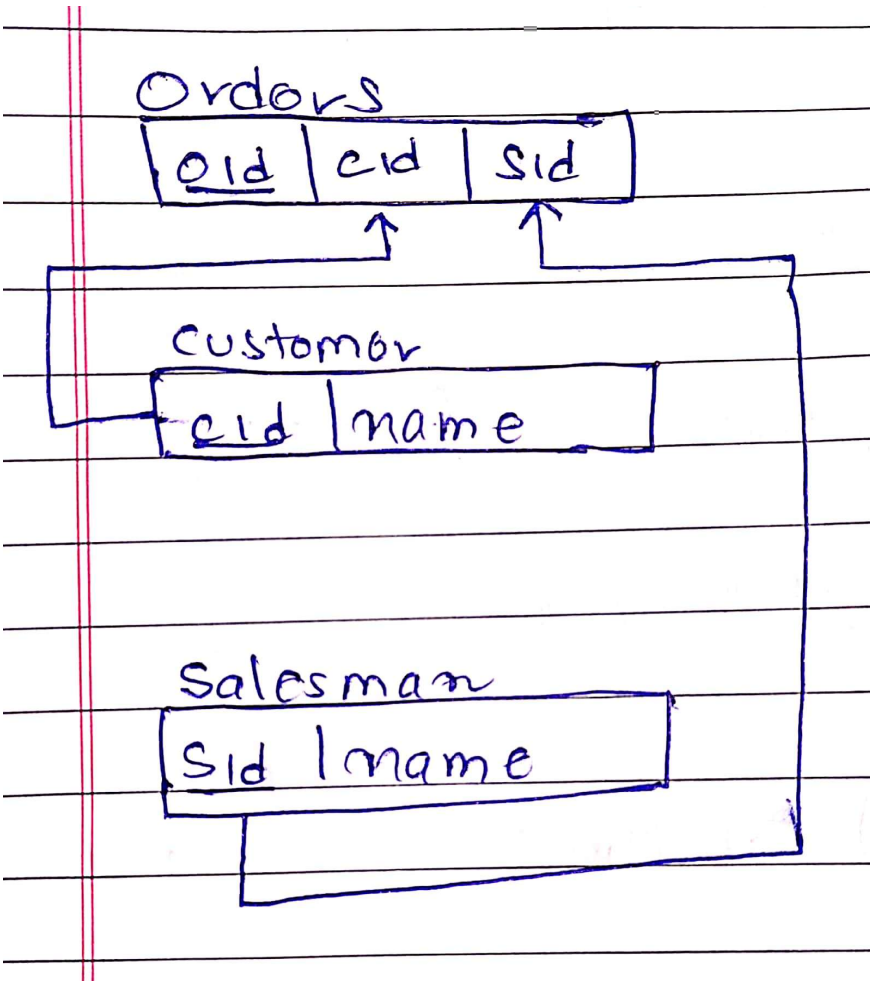
Problem Statement: There can be multiple customers, who can place multiple orders on the site. Now a sales person can handle these orders will distribute into multiple sales persons (One order will be assign to one salesperson only). So a sales person can have multiple orders of multiple customers.

## 1) Create Database

sql query – **create database ecom;**



2) Design Schema



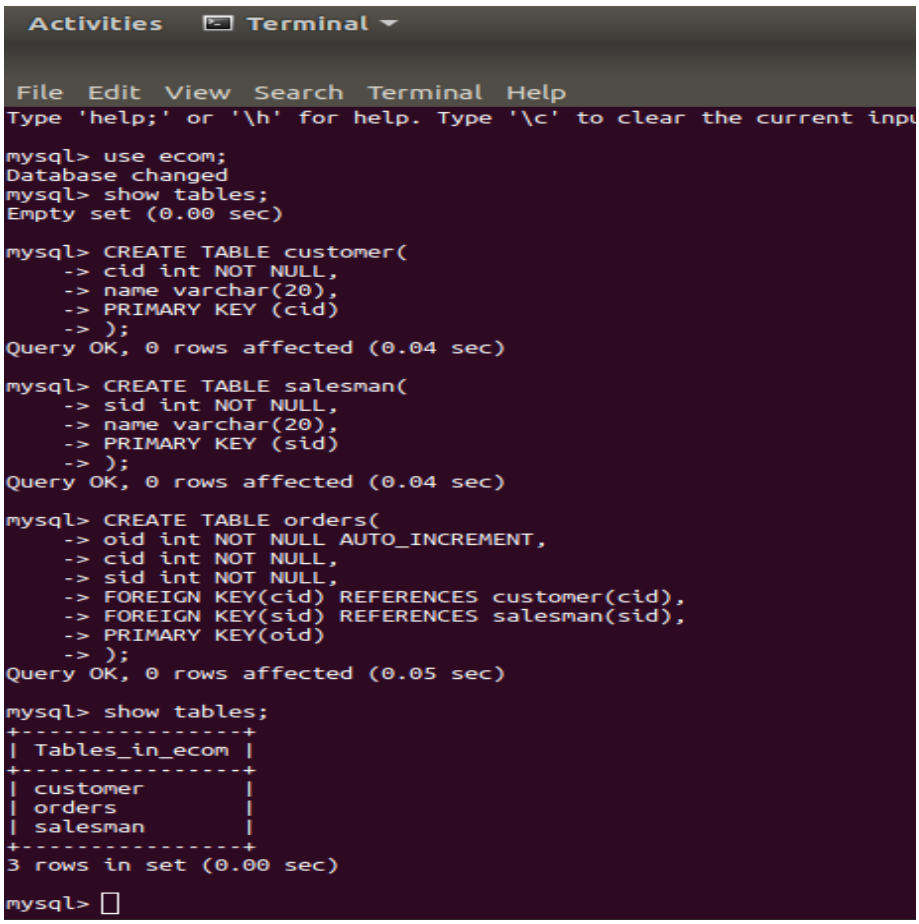
## 3) Create tables

**sql queries -**

```
CREATE TABLE customer(
cid int NOT NULL,
name varchar(20),
PRIMARY KEY (cid)
);

CREATE TABLE salesman(
sid int NOT NULL,
name varchar(20),
PRIMARY KEY (sid)
);

CREATE TABLE orders(
oid int NOT NULL AUTO_INCREMENT,
cid int NOT NULL,
sid int NOT NULL,
FOREIGN KEY(cid) REFERENCES customer(cid),
FOREIGN KEY(sid) REFERENCES salesman(sid),
PRIMARY KEY(oid)
);
```



## 4) Insert sample data

sql query used :

INSERT INTO <tablename> (<col1>,<col2>...<coln>)VALUES (<val1>,<val2>...<valn>);

```
mysql> select * from customer;
+-----+---------+
| cid | name    |
+-----+---------+
|   1 | Chirag  |
|   2 | Ajay    |
|   3 | Vikas   |
|   6 | Jatin   |
|   7 | Arshad  |
|  12 | Harshit |
|  15 | Akash   |
+-----+---------+
7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from salesman;
+-----+---------+
| sid | name    |
+-----+---------+
|   1 | Jayant  |
|   2 | Swapnil |
|   3 | Tushar  |
+-----+---------+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from orders;
+-----+-----+-----+
| oid | cid | sid |
+-----+-----+-----+
|   1 |   1 |   1 |
|   2 |   1 |   1 |
|   3 |   2 |   3 |
|   4 |  12 |   2 |
|   5 |   6 |   3 |
+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

5) Find the sales person have multiple orders.

sql query :

```
SELECT salesman.sid, salesman.name, COUNT(*) as NumberOfOrders
FROM salesman
INNER JOIN orders
ON salesman.sid = orders.sid
GROUP BY sid
HAVING COUNT(*) > 1;
```

```
Database changed
mysql> SELECT salesman.sid, salesman.name, COUNT(*) as NumberOfOrders
    -> FROM salesman
    -> INNER JOIN orders
    -> ON salesman.sid = orders.sid
    -> GROUP BY sid
    -> HAVING COUNT(*) > 1;
+-----+--------+----------------+
| sid | name   | NumberOfOrders |
+-----+--------+----------------+
|   1 | Jayant |              2 |
|   3 | Tushar |              2 |
+-----+--------+----------------+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

6) Find the all sales person details along with order details

sql query :

```
SELECT *
FROM salesman
INNER JOIN orders ON salesman.sid = orders.sid;
```

```
mysql> SELECT *
    -> FROM salesman
    -> INNER JOIN orders ON salesman.sid = orders.sid;
+-----+---------+-----+-----+-----+
| sid | name    | oid | cid | sid |
+-----+---------+-----+-----+-----+
|   1 | Jayant  |   1 |   1 |   1 |
|   1 | Jayant  |   2 |   1 |   1 |
|   3 | Tushar  |   3 |   2 |   3 |
|   2 | Swapnil |   4 |  12 |   2 |
|   3 | Tushar  |   5 |   6 |   3 |
+-----+---------+-----+-----+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

7) Create index

sql query :

**CREATE INDEX idx_orderid**
**ON orders (oid);**

```
mysql> CREATE INDEX idx_orderid
    -> ON orders (oid);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.04 sec)
Records: 0  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0

mysql>
```

8) How to show index on a table

```
mysql> SHOW INDEX
    -> FROM orders;
+--------+------------+------------+--------------+-------------+-----------+-------------+----------+--------+------+------------+---------+---------------+
| Table  | Non_unique | Key_name   | Seq_in_index | Column_name | Collation | Cardinality | Sub_part | Packed | Null | Index_type | Comment | Index_comment |
+--------+------------+------------+--------------+-------------+-----------+-------------+----------+--------+------+------------+---------+---------------+
| orders |          0 | PRIMARY    |            1 | oid         | A         |           5 |     NULL | NULL   |      | BTREE      |         |               |
| orders |          1 | cid        |            1 | cid         | A         |           4 |     NULL | NULL   |      | BTREE      |         |               |
| orders |          1 | sid        |            1 | sid         | A         |           3 |     NULL | NULL   |      | BTREE      |         |               |
| orders |          1 | idx_orderid |           1 | oid         | A         |           5 |     NULL | NULL   |      | BTREE      |         |               |
+--------+------------+------------+--------------+-------------+-----------+-------------+----------+--------+------+------------+---------+---------------+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```

9) Find the order number, sale person name, along with the customer to whom that order belongs to.

sql query :

**SELECT orders.oid as OrderNumber, salesman.name as SalesmanName, customer.name as CustomerName**
**FROM salesman**
**INNER JOIN orders ON salesman.sid = orders.sid**
**INNER JOIN customer ON orders.cid = customer.cid;**

```
mysql> SELECT orders.oid as OrderNumber, salesman.name as SalesmanName, customer.name as CustomerName
    -> FROM salesman
    -> INNER JOIN orders ON salesman.sid = orders.sid
    -> INNER JOIN customer ON orders.cid = customer.cid;
+-------------+-------------+-------------+
| OrderNumber | SalesmanName | CustomerName |
+-------------+-------------+-------------+
|           1 | Jayant      | Chirag      |
|           2 | Jayant      | Chirag      |
|           3 | Tushar      | Ajay        |
|           4 | Swapnil     | Harshit     |
|           5 | Tushar      | Jatin       |
+-------------+-------------+-------------+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql>
```