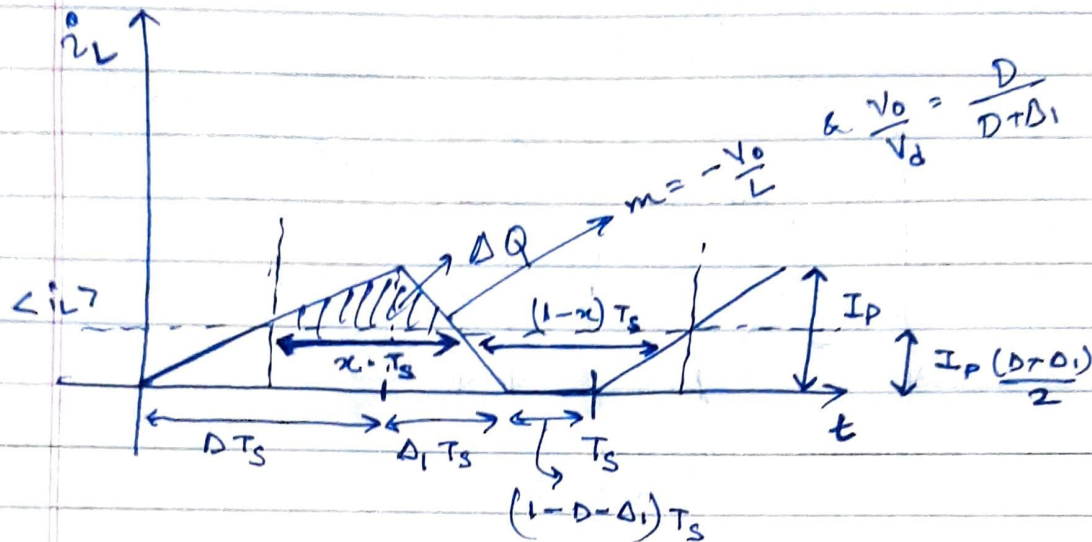


BUCK CONVERTERFor Buck in DCM we have \rightarrow 

$$\Delta Q = \frac{1}{2} x \cdot T_s \cdot I_p \left(\frac{2 - (D+\Delta_1)}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left((1-x)T_s + (1-(D+\Delta_1))T_s \right) I_p \frac{(D+\Delta_1)}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow x \cdot (2 - (D+\Delta_1)) = (D+\Delta_1) (2 - (D+\Delta_1) - x)$$

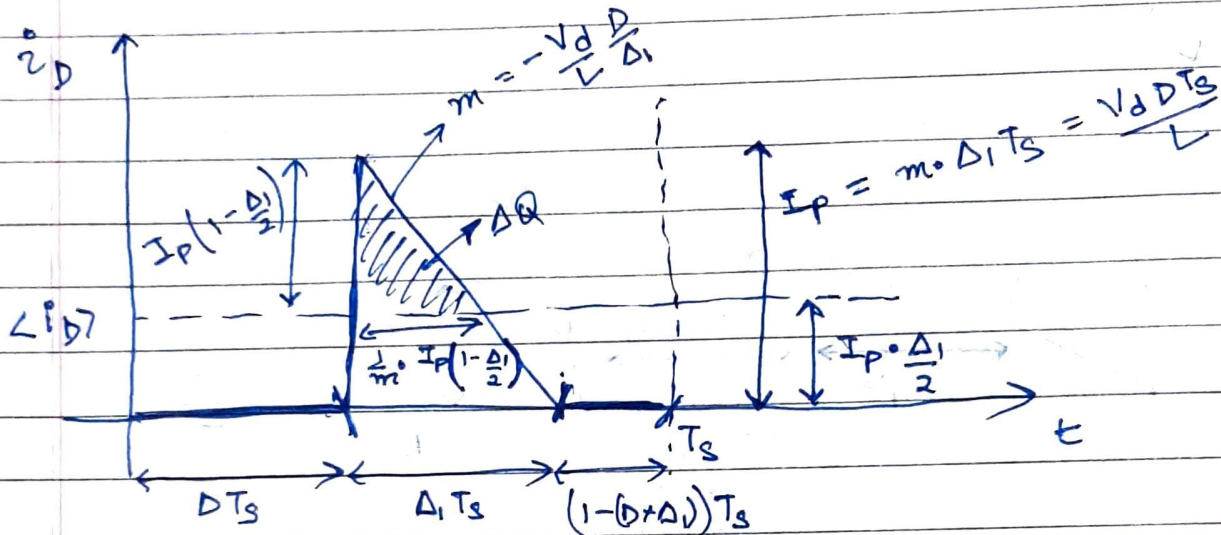
$$\Rightarrow x \left(\frac{2}{D+\Delta_1} - 1 \right) = 2 - (D+\Delta_1) - x$$

$$\Rightarrow x \cdot \frac{2}{D+\Delta_1} = 2 - (D+\Delta_1) \Rightarrow x = \frac{(2 - (D+\Delta_1)) (D+\Delta_1)}{2}$$

$$\text{Also, } I_p = \frac{V_d}{L} \Delta_1 T_s = V_d \cdot \frac{D}{D+\Delta_1} \cdot \frac{\Delta_1 T_s}{L}$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta V_o = \frac{\Delta Q}{C} = \frac{1}{C} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{(2 - (D+\Delta_1)) (D+\Delta_1) T_s \cdot V_d \cdot \frac{D}{D+\Delta_1} \cdot \frac{\Delta_1 T_s}{L} \cdot \frac{(2 - (D+\Delta_1))}{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta V_o = \frac{(2 - (D+\Delta_1))^2 T_s^2 \cdot V_d \cdot D \cdot \Delta_1}{8LC}$$

BOOST CONVERTERFor Boost in DCM we have \rightarrow 

$$\Delta Q = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \left[I_p \cdot \left(1 - \frac{\Delta_1}{2} \right) \right]^2 \cdot \frac{1}{m} = \frac{I_p^2 (2 - \Delta_1)^2}{8} \cdot \frac{\Delta_1 L}{V_d D}$$

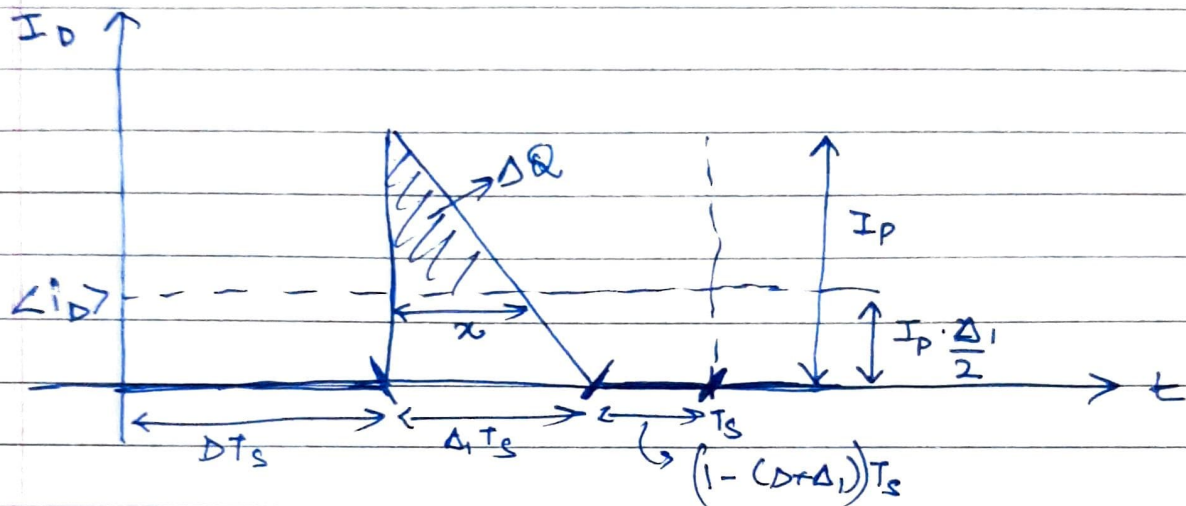
$$\Rightarrow \Delta Q = \frac{\Delta_1 L (2 - \Delta_1)^2}{V_d D 8} \cdot \left(\frac{V_d D}{L} \right)^2 T_s^2 = \frac{V_d D T_s^2}{8 L} \Delta_1 \cdot (2 - \Delta_1)^2$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta V_o = \frac{\Delta Q}{C}$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta V_o = \frac{V_d \cdot D \cdot T_s^2 \cdot \Delta_1 \cdot (2 - \Delta_1)^2}{8 L C}$$

BUCK-BOOST CONVERTER

For Buck-Boost in DCM, we have \rightarrow



We have, $I_L = I_p \cdot \frac{\Delta_1}{2} = \frac{V_d}{2L} DT_s (D + \Delta_1)$

$$\Rightarrow I_p = \frac{2}{\Delta_1} I_L$$

Also, $\frac{I_p (1 - \frac{\Delta_1}{2})}{x} = \frac{I_p}{\Delta_1 T_s} \Rightarrow x = \frac{\Delta_1 T_s (2 - \Delta_1)}{2}$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta Q = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{\Delta_1 T_s (2 - \Delta_1)}{2} \cdot I_p \left(\frac{2 - \Delta_1}{2} \right) = I_p \cdot \frac{\Delta_1 T_s (2 - \Delta_1)^2}{8}$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta V_o = \frac{\Delta Q}{C} = \frac{\Delta_1 T_s (2 - \Delta_1)^2}{8} \cdot \frac{V_d D T_s (D + \Delta_1)}{2L}$$

\Rightarrow

$$\Delta V_o = \frac{V_d T_s^2}{16L} \cdot D \cdot \Delta_1 \cdot (D + \Delta_1) \cdot (2 - \Delta_1)^2$$